## Agile Poundations

A agile mindset is more important than agile practices

1 mangers are now supportive instead of directive

Cone of uncertainty

cost of change

cost of change

rooject

cost of change

cost of change

A Agile values of indivisuals & interactions overking software customer collaboration responding to change

A agile team -> cross functional & self-organized

A avoid multi-tasking -s lower context-switch

the most productive way to work as an Agile feam is by moving around small batches of work and eliminating hand-offs

A sprint - a time-boxed iteration of work intended to deliver a shippable portion of a product in a short time scale

A agile mind set = long-term planning

(1) User-story format: As a [User], I want
[SOME FEATURE] SO that I can [GET SOME VALU
A Pareto principle: 80-20 Ratio/Rule L, 80% of effects come from 20% of causes
I only show the customer the working software
A SCRUM -> empirical product delivery framework
A Water Fall:
Plan   Analyze   -> Dosign -> Code
Daploy (Test )
Serum events Desprint planning meetings  Desprint review
Agile - mindset, scrum - framework
extreme programming $(xp) \rightarrow Frame work$
kanban -> Frame work

A extreme programming  (XP)  Continous integration  Software re-factoring  Test-driven development
1. Lean thinking = what's valuable to the customer
A Leanborn board columns: 1) user stories
P To Do P Doing E Done  A scrum muster Esaches and encourages
A product owner _ sowns the product Ly responsible for direction and Prioritization
Prioritization  A product manager > such = 1
A product manager, works on long-term strategy  orestes the budget  books at competing products
A Product backlog - ranked list of features

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			4	Administr	ative a	norker	
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<u></u>	Agile	. challen	jes	- comPo	rt with	unce	rtanity
				L> elimîr	nating	hand	offs
			ı	s working	softwa	ne as	status updates