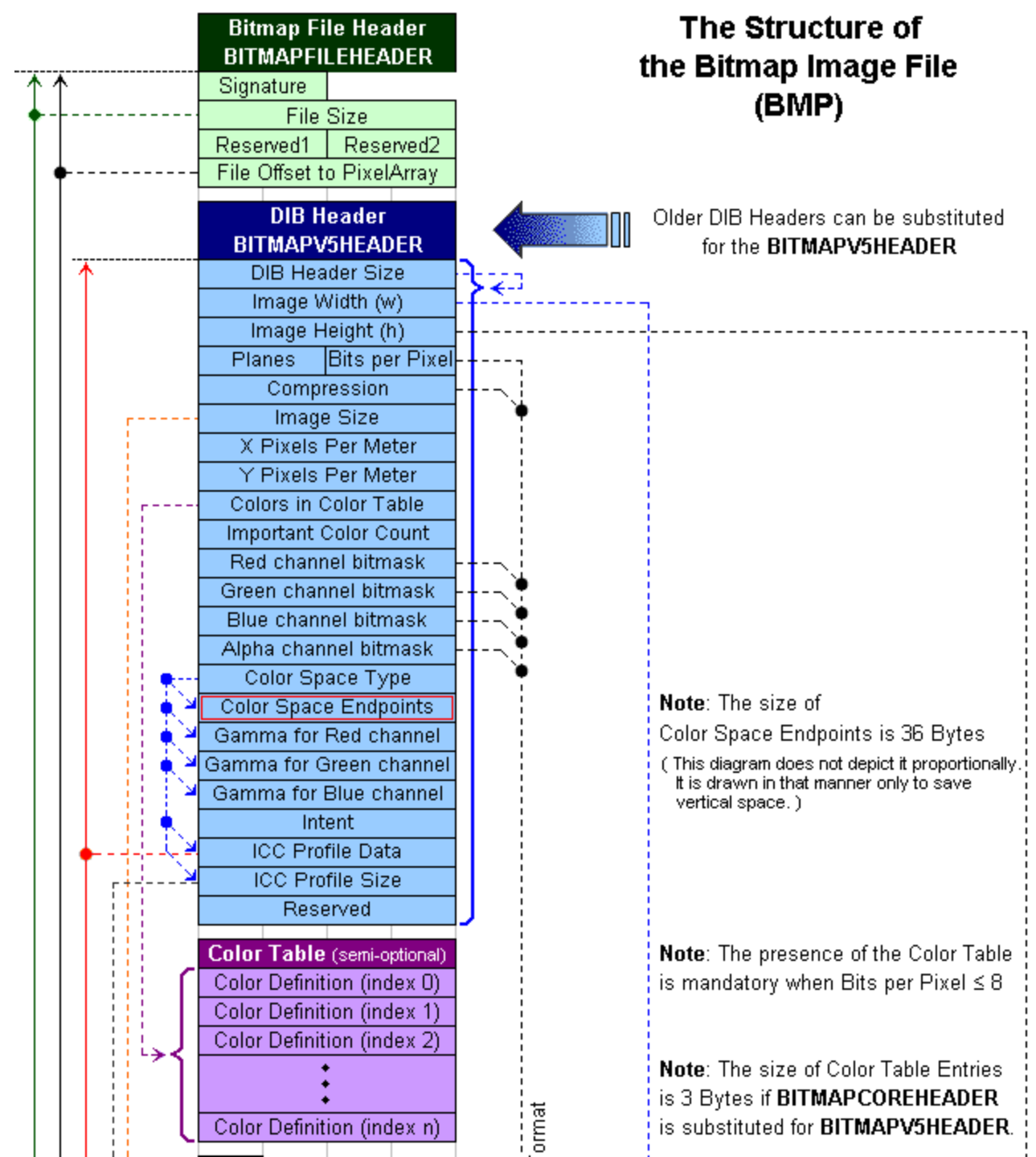


COMP 206 – Introduction to Software Systems

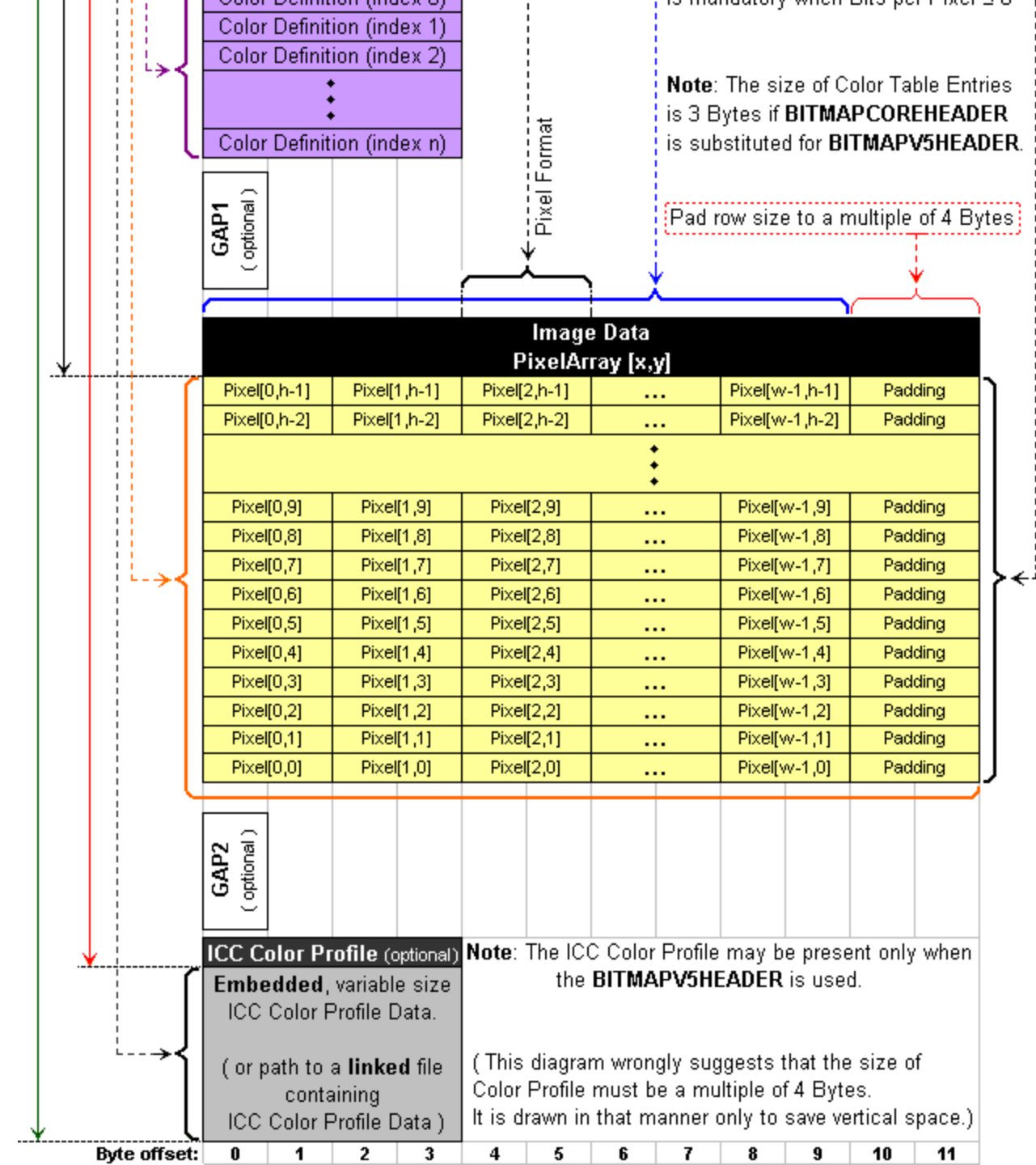
Lecture 13 – Working with BMP Images

October 12, 2018

Bitmap File (BMP) Example first half



Bitmap File (BMP) Example second half

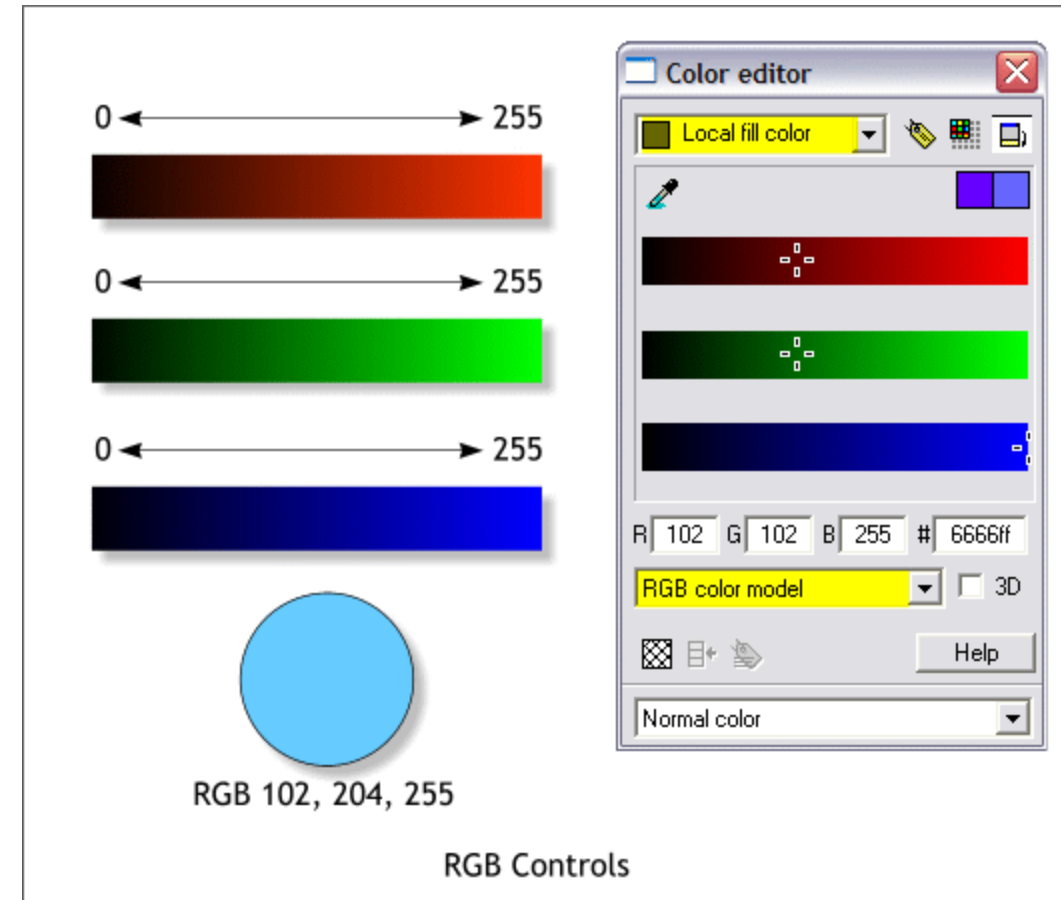


How can we read a BMP file using C?

- What works well:
 - Check the magic number:
 - If it matches very likely it follows the rules
 - File size field: makes it easy to access all of the data
 - Width and height, allows finding a specific pixel
 - Opening with code like “rb”
- What we must avoid:
 - Checking for ASCII code values: space, newline, etc
 - Attempting to use “atoi” “atof”, these are “ascii to ...”
 - If we open with “r”, C will do some of this automatically
 - fgets, fscanf also typically bad choices

Now that we have the data...

- Each color of each pixel is stored as an integer between 0 and 255 (one byte)
- Easy to read these one at a time in C and store in unsigned char
- We want to use the least significant bit of this value to encode a bit of our secret message



ExampleCode: reader

```
1 /* FILE: bmp_file_reader.c
2 *
3 * Uses the binary file reading toolkit such as fopen with "rb"
4 * and fread rather than the string-based operations like fgets.
5 * This is so that we dont have to worry about special characters
6 * in the file and ensure we get all the header bytes.
7 *
8 * It should be a helpful start for Assignment 3 Question 1.
9 */
10
11 #include <stdio.h>
12
13 int main(){
14     // Open a binary bmp file
15     FILE *bmpfile = fopen( "utah.bmp", "rb" );
16
17     // Read the B and M characters into chars
18     char b, m;
19     fread (&b,1,1,bmpfile);
20     fread (&m,1,1,bmpfile);
21
22     // Print the B and M to terminal
23     printf( "The first byte was: %c.\n", b );
24     printf( "The second byte was: %c.\n", m );
25
26     // Read the overall file size
27     unsigned int overallFileSize;
28     fread( &overallFileSize, 1, sizeof(unsigned int), bmpfile );
29     printf( "The size was: %d.\n", overallFileSize );
30
31     // Close the file, re-open it to be at the beginning, and read the entire contents
32     fclose(bmpfile);
33     bmpfile = fopen("utah.bmp", "rb" );
34
35     char imageData[overallFileSize];
36     fread( imageData, 1, overallFileSize, bmpfile );
37
38     // Read the width size into unsigned int (hope = 500 since this is the width of utah.bmp)
39     unsigned int* wp = (unsigned int*)(imageData+18);
40     unsigned int width = *wp;
41
42     // Print the width size to terminal
43     printf( "The width is: %d.\n", width );
44
45     return 0;
46 }
47 }
```