Assignment – 2

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- 1. Find the factorial of a given number
- 2. Reverse a integer number
- 3. Print elements from a given list present at odd index positions
- 4. Calculate the cube of all numbers from 1 to a given number
- 5. Find the sum of the series up to n terms
- 6. Get Smallest Number in List
- 7. Remove Duplicates from List
- 8. Remove Even Numbers from List
- 9. Find the Second Largest Number in List
- 10. Check If All Numbers Are Prime
- 11. Count Frequency of List Elements
- 12. Find the Longest Consecutive Sequence in a List
- 13. Rotate a List by K Positions

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while n > 0:

rem = n % 10

rev = rev * 10 + rem

- 14. Find the Intersection of Two Lists
- 15. Find All Pairs with a Given Sum in a List
- 16. Merge Two Sorted Lists Without Duplicates

```
def fact(n):
    if n == 0 | n == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * fact(n - 1)

n = int(input("Enter the number to find its factorial:"))
print(fact(n))
# 2
def reverse_num(n):
    rev = 0
```

```
n = n // 10
  return rev
n = int(input("Enter the number to find its reverse:"))
print(reverse_num(n))
#3
def print_odd(a : list):
  i = 1
  while i < len(a):
    print(a[i])
    i += 2
a = [5, 9, 2, 8, 0, 7]
print("Odd indexed elements in the list ", a)
print_odd(a)
#4
def cube_nums(n):
  for i in range(1, n+1):
    print(i**3)
n = int(input("Enter the number to find cubes upto:"))
cube_nums(n)
#5
def series_sum(n):
  s = 0
  for i in range(1, n+1):
    s += 1/i
  return s
n = int(input("Enter the number upto which series sum req:"))
print(series_sum(n))
#6
def smallest(Ist):
  small = Ist[0]
  for num in Ist:
    if num < small:
```

```
small = num
  return small
a = [4, 8, 9, 3, 7, 1]
print("Smallest in the list ", a)
print(smallest(a))
#7
def remove_dupes(lst):
  res = []
  for num in Ist:
    if num not in res:
       res.append(num)
  return res
a = [8, 3, 4, 2, 3, 2, 9, 7, 9]
print("After removing duplicates from the list ",a)
print(remove_dupes(a))
#8
def remove even(Ist):
  return [x for x in lst if x % 2]
a = [4, 7, 9, 2, 3, 6]
print("List after removing even numbers:", remove even(a))
#9
def second_largest(/st):
  Ist = sorted(Ist)
  return Ist[-2] if len(Ist) > 1 else None
a = [5, 1, 8, 3, 9, 2]
print("Second largest element in the list:", second_largest(a))
# 10
def all prime(Ist):
  for n in lst:
    if n < 2:
       return False
    for i in range(2, int(n^**0.5) + 1):
       if n % i == 0:
```

```
return False
  return True
a = [3, 5, 7, 11]
print("All numbers are prime:", all_prime(a))
# 11
def freq_count(lst):
  freq = \{\}
  for num in Ist:
    freq[num] = freq.get(num, 0) + 1
  return freq
a = [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4]
print("Frequency of elements:", freq_count(a))
# 12
def longest_seq(lst):
  s, mx = set(Ist), 0
  for num in lst:
     if num - 1 not in s:
       y = num
       while y in s:
         y += 1
       mx = max(mx, y - num)
  return mx
a = [100, 4, 200, 1, 3, 2]
print("Longest consecutive sequence length:", longest_seq(a))
# 13
def rotate(lst, k):
  k \% = \text{len}(Ist)
  return lst[-k:] + lst[:-k]
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
k = 2
print("List after rotating by", k, "positions:", rotate(a, k))
# 14
def intersection(Ist1, Ist2):
```

```
res = []
  for num in Ist1:
     if num in Ist2 and num not in res:
       res.append(num)
  return res
a = [1, 2, 3, 4]
b = [3, 4, 5, 6]
print("Intersection of two lists:", intersection(a, b))
# 15
def pairs with sum(lst, target):
  seen, res = set(), []
  for num in lst:
     if target - num in seen:
       res.append((target - num, num))
    seen.add(num)
  return res
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
target = 6
print("Pairs with sum", target, ":", pairs_with_sum(a, target))
# 16
def merge_sorted(lst1, lst2):
  res = []
  i, j = 0, 0
  while i < len(Ist1) and j < len(Ist2):
     if lst1[i] < lst2[j]:
       res.append(lst1[i])
       i += 1
     elif lst1[i] > lst2[j]:
       res.append(lst2[j])
       i += 1
     else:
       res.append(lst1[i])
       i += 1
       j += 1
  while i < len(lst1):
     res.append(lst1[i])
    i += 1
```

```
while j < len(lst2):
    res.append(lst2[j])
    j += 1
    return res

a = [1, 3, 5, 7]
b = [2, 3, 6, 8]
print("Merged sorted list without duplicates:", merge_sorted(a, b))</pre>
```

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CODES:
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```
def fact(n):
       return 1
    else:
        return n * fact(n - 1)
n = int(input("Enter the number to find its factorial:"))
print(fact(n))
def reverse_num(n):
    rev = 0
    while n > 0:
        rem = n \% 10
        rev = rev * 10 + rem
        n = n // 10
    return rev
n = int(input("Enter the number to find its reverse:"))
print(reverse_num(n))
def print_odd(a : list):
    i = 1
    while i < len(a):
        print(a[i])
        i += 2
a = [5, 9, 2, 8, 0, 7]
print("Odd indexed elements in the list ", a)
print_odd(a)
```

```
def cube nums(n):
   for i in range(1, n+1):
        print(i**3)
n = int(input("Enter the number to find cubes upto:"))
cube_nums(n)
def series_sum(n):
    s = 0
   for i in range(1, n+1):
        s += 1 / i
    return s
n = int(input("Enter the number upto which series sum req:"))
print(series_sum(n))
def smallest(lst):
    small = lst[0]
    for num in lst:
        if num < small:</pre>
            small = num
    return small
a = [4, 8, 9, 3, 7, 1]
print("Smallest in the list ", a)
print(smallest(a))
```

```
def remove_dupes(lst):
    res = []
    for num in lst:
        if num not in res:
            res.append(num)
    return res
a = [8, 3, 4, 2, 3, 2, 9, 7, 9]
print("After removing duplicates from the list ",a)
print(remove_dupes(a))
def remove_even(lst):
    return [x for x in lst if x % 2]
a = [4, 7, 9, 2, 3, 6]
print("List after removing even numbers:", remove even(a))
def second largest(Lst):
    lst = sorted(lst)
    return lst[-2] if len(lst) > 1 else None
a = [5, 1, 8, 3, 9, 2]
print("Second largest element in the list:", second_largest(a))
def all_prime(lst):
    for n in lst:
        if n < 2:
           return False
        for i in range(2, int(n**0.5) + 1):
            if n % i == 0:
                return False
    return True
```

```
a = [3, 5, 7, 11]
93
    print("All numbers are prime:", all prime(a))
94
ð5
    def freq_count(lst):
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ð7
         freq = \{\}
86
         for num in lst:
             freq[num] = freq.get(num, 0) + 1
10
         return freq
11
12
     a = [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4]
    print("Frequency of elements:", freq_count(a))
17
    def longest_seq(lst):
18
         s, mx = set(lst), 0
19
         for num in lst:
20
             if num - 1 not in s:
                 y = num
                 while y in s:
                     y += 1
                 mx = max(mx, y - num)
         return mx
26
     a = [100, 4, 200, 1, 3, 2]
     print("Longest consecutive sequence length:", longest_seq(a))
29
30
31
    def rotate(lst, k):
         k \% = len(lst)
32
33
         return lst[-k:] + lst[:-k]
35
    a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
36
    k = 2
    print("List after rotating by", k, "positions:", rotate(a, k))
```

```
def intersection(lst1, lst2):
    res = []
    for num in lst1:
        if num in lst2 and num not in res:
            res.append(num)
    return res
a = [1, 2, 3, 4]
b = [3, 4, 5, 6]
print("Intersection of two lists:", intersection(a, b))
def pairs_with_sum(lst, target):
    seen, res = set(), []
    for num in lst:
        if target - num in seen:
            res.append((target - num, num))
        seen.add(num)
    return res
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
target = 6
print("Pairs with sum", target, ":", pairs_with_sum(a, target))
```

```
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def merge_sorted(lst1, lst2):
    res = []
    i, j = 0, 0
    while i < len(lst1) and j < len(lst2):
        if lst1[i] < lst2[j]:</pre>
            res.append(lst1[i])
            i += 1
        elif lst1[i] > lst2[j]:
            res.append(lst2[j])
            j += 1
        else:
            res.append(lst1[i])
            j += 1
    while i < len(lst1):
        res.append(lst1[i])
        i += 1
    while j < len(lst2):
        res.append(lst2[j])
        j += 1
    return res
a = [1, 3, 5, 7]
b = [2, 3, 6, 8]
print("Merged sorted list without duplicates:", merge_sorted(a, b))
```

OUTPUTS:

```
Enter the number to find its factorial:3
Enter the number to find its reverse:3
Odd indexed elements in the list [5, 9, 2, 8, 0, 7]
8
7
Enter the number to find cubes upto:4
8
27
64
Enter the number upto which series sum req:3
1.8333333333333333
Smallest in the list [4, 8, 9, 3, 7, 1]
After removing duplicates from the list [8, 3, 4, 2, 3, 2, 9, 7, 9]
[8, 3, 4, 2, 9, 7]
List after removing even numbers: [7, 9, 3]
Second largest element in the list: 8
All numbers are prime: True
Frequency of elements: {1: 1, 2: 2, 3: 3, 4: 1}
Longest consecutive sequence length: 4
List after rotating by 2 positions: [4, 5, 1, 2, 3]
Intersection of two lists: [3, 4]
Pairs with sum 6: [(2, 4), (1, 5)]
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```
List after removing even numbers: [7, 9, 3]

Second largest element in the list: 8

All numbers are prime: True

Frequency of elements: {1: 1, 2: 2, 3: 3, 4: 1}

Longest consecutive sequence length: 4

List after rotating by 2 positions: [4, 5, 1, 2, 3]

Intersection of two lists: [3, 4]

Pairs with sum 6: [(2, 4), (1, 5)]

Longest consecutive sequence length: 4

List after rotating by 2 positions: [4, 5, 1, 2, 3]

Intersection of two lists: [3, 4]

Pairs with sum 6: [(2, 4), (1, 5)]

Merged sorted list without duplicates: [1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8]

PS C:\python>
```