Lab Exercise 10- Creating an AWS RDS Instance in Terraform

Objective:

Learn how to use Terraform to create an AWS RDS instance.

Prerequisites:

- •Terraform installed on your machine.
- •AWS CLI configured with the necessary credentials.

Steps:

1. Create a Terraform Directory:

`mkdir terraform-rds`

'cd terraform-rds'

```
+
rohin@victus:~/UPES/Sem_6/SPCM/Experiment 10$ mkdir terraform-rds
rd terraform-rds
rohin@victus:~/UPES/Sem_6/SPCM/Experiment 10/terraform-rds$
```

2. Create Terraform Configuration Files:

Create a file named main.tf:

main.tf

```
main.tf - to
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
         EXPLORER
                                main.tf

√ TERRAFORM-RDS

                                 🦖 main.tf > 😭 provider "aws" > 🖭 secret_key
                                    provider <u>"aws"</u> {
  region = "us-east-1"
           main.tf
 Q
                                        access_key = "AKIAWMVRZHDWFWGTVYN6"
secret_key = "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"
 وي
                                        resource "aws db instance" "My-RDS" {
₽
                                       allocated storage = 10
                                   8 db name = "upesdb"
EP 
                                   9 engine = "mysql"
                                   10 engine_version = "5.7"
                                   instance_class = "db.t2.micro"
12  username = "admin"
13  password = "Rohin123"
14  parameter_group_name = "default.mysql5.7"
skip_final_snapshot = true
```

• In this configuration, we define an AWS RDS instance with specific settings, such as engine type, instance class, and security group.

3. Initialize and Apply:

• Run the following Terraform commands to initialize and apply the configuration:

'terraform init'

'terraform apply'

```
erraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
Terraform will perform the following actions:
  # aws_db_instance.My-RDS will be created
     resource "aws_db_instance" "My-RDS" {
    + address
                                                               = (known after apply)
       + allocated_storage
+ apply_immediately
        + auto_minor_version_upgrade
          availability_zone
backup_retention_period
backup_target
                                                                 (known after apply)
                                                                 (known after apply)
(known after apply)
        + backup_window
+ ca_cert_identifier
                                                                 (known after apply)
(known after apply)
       + character_set_name
+ copy_tags_to_snapshot
+ db_name
+ db_subnet_group_name
                                                                 (known after apply) false
                                                              = "upesdb"
= (known after apply)
        + delete_automated_backups
+ domain fqdn
                                                              = (known after apply)
                                                                 (known after apply)
"mysql"
"5.7"
          engine
engine_version
           engine version actual
                                                                 (known after apply)
```

• Terraform will prompt you to confirm the creation of the RDS instance. Type yesand press Enter.

4. Verify RDS Instance in AWS Console:

- •Log in to the AWS Management Console and navigate to the RDS service.
- •Verify that the specified RDS instance with the specified settings has been created.

```
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating...
                                                  [2m50s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [3m0s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [3m10s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [3m20s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [3m30s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [3m40s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [3m50s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [4m0s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [4m10s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [4m20s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [4m30s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [4m40s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [4m50s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [5m0s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [5m10s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Still creating... [5m20s elapsed]
aws_db_instance.My-RDS: Creation complete after 5m27s [id=db-3R4KGIQYHTZTQA2AGE2JJCQT6U]
Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
 ohin@victus:~/UPES/Sem_6/SPCM/Experiment 10/terraform-rds$
```



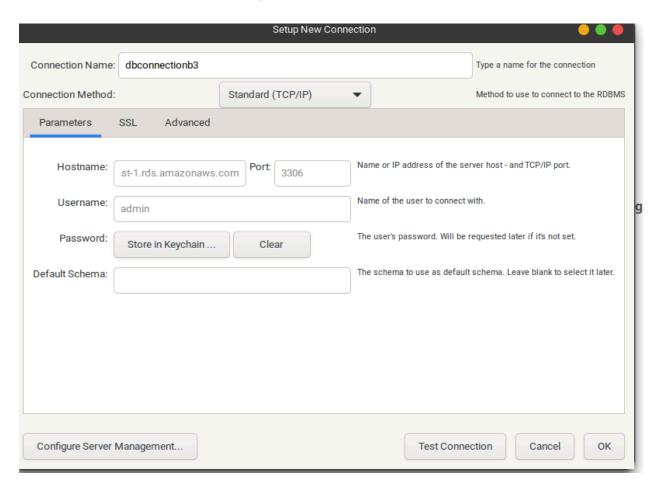
5. Update RDS Configuration:

- •If you want to modify the RDS instance configuration, update the main.tf file with the desired changes.
- •Rerun the terraform apply command to apply the changes:

Or manually change the public

Database authentication
Database authentication options Info
 Password authentication Authenticates using database passwords.
 Password and IAM database authentication Authenticates using the database password and user credentials through AWS IAM users and roles.
 Password and Kerberos authentication Choose a directory in which you want to allow authorized users to authenticate with this DB instance using Kerberos Authentication.

Edit this to make is available publically to connect.



6. Clean Up:

After testing, you can clean up the RDS instance: `terraform destroy`

Confirm the destruction by typing yes.

7. Conclusion:

This lab exercise demonstrates how to use Terraform to create an AWS RDS instance. You learned how to define RDS settings, initialize and apply the Terraform configuration, and verify the creation of the RDS instance in the AWS Management Console. Experiment with different RDS settings in the main.tf file to observe how