

Name _____ Period _____

1. Refer to the code below,

```
public class Phone {
    private int areaCode;
    private int prefix;
    private int lineNumber;
    public Phone(int ac, int p, int ln) {
        areaCode = ((ac > 0 && ac < 1000) ? ac : 555);
        prefix = ((p > 0 && p < 1000) ? p : 555);
        lineNumber = ((ln > 0 && ln < 10000) ? ln : 5555);
    }
    public String makeCall(Phone p) {
        return "Dialing " + p.toString();
    }
    public String toString() {
        return "" + areaCode + "-" + prefix + "-" + lineNumber;
    }
}

public class CellPhone extends Phone {
    private double longitude;
    private double latitude;
    public CellPhone(int ac, int p, int ln, double lat, double lng) {
        super(ac, p, ln);
        latitude = lat;
        longitude = lng;
    }
    public void updateLocation() {
        // uses GPS to get the updated values for longitude and latitude
    }
    public double getLongitude() {
        return longitude;
    }
    public double getLatitude() {
        return latitude;
    }
    public String toString() {
        String s = super.toString();
        return s + "; (" + longitude + ", " + latitude + ")";
    }
}

public class PayPhone extends Phone {
    private double cost;
    protected double moneyInserted;
    public PayPhone(int ac, int p, int ln, double c) {
        super(ac, p, ln);
        cost = ((c >= 0) ? c : 0);
    }
    public void insertMoney(double money) {
        moneyInserted += money;
    }
    public String makeCall(Phone p) {
        if (moneyInserted >= cost) {
            moneyInserted -= cost;
            return super.makeCall(p);
        }
        return "Please insert more money to place a call";
    }
}
```

(a) What is/are the parent class(es) associated with the PayPhone class?

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(b) For each of the following (i) Indicate whether the statement is valid (V) or invalid (I) (ii) If the statement is not valid, indicate why.

Statement	V/I	If "I", indicate why.
Object o = new Phone(317, 555, 1000);		
CellPhone cp = new Phone(459, 555, 1022);		
PayPhone pph = new CellPhone(333, 555, 4242, 23.423, 54.343);		
Phone ph = new CellPhone(888, 555, 6642, 78.44, 66.3);		
Object o = new PayPhone(954, 555, 4242, .25);		
PayPhone pph = new PayPhone(123, 555, 5555, 28.44, 45.6);		

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(c) What is the value of s after the code block below? Do not include quotes in your answer.

```
Phone ph = new CellPhone(444, 555, 6666, 1.2, 2.4);
String s = ph.toString();
```

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(d) What is the value of s after the code block below? Do not include quotes in your answer. If an error occurs write "ERROR" AND indicate why the error occurs.

```
PayPhone pph = new PayPhone(311, 555, 6464, .25);
Phone ph = pph;
ph.insertMoney(.50);
System.out.print(pph.moneyInserted)
```

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(e) Refer to the code block below to indicate what is printed for each of the following statements. If an error occurs write "ERROR" AND indicate why the error occurs.

```
Phone p = new Phone(765,999,1234);
CellPhone cp = new CellPhone(858,346,6430, 40.427437, -86.916979);
PayPhone pp = new PayPhone(212,840,9623,0.5);
```

(i) System.out.println(p);

- (ii) `Sysem.out.println(cp);`
- (iii) `System.out.println(pp);`
- (iv) `System.out.println(p.makeCall(cp));`
- (v) `System.out.println(cp.makeCall(p));`
- (vi) `System.out.println(pp.makeCall(p));`
- (vii) `pp.insertMoney(0.5);`
`System.out.println(pp.makeCall(p));`
- (viii) `System.out.println(cp.latitude);`
- (ix) `System.out.println(cp.getLatitude());`
- (x) `p = cp;`
`System.out.println(p);`

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2. Refer to the code below,

```
class A {  
    public A() {  
        System.out.println("Inside A's constructor");  
    }  
}  
class B extends A {  
    public B() {
```

```
        System.out.println("Inside B's constructor");
    }
}
class C extends B {
    public C() {
        System.out.println("Inside C's constructor");
    }
}
public class Inheritance {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        /** Statements for questions go here **/
    }
}
```

(a) After executing the statement `B b = new B();`, what is output by the program?

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(b) After executing the statement `A a = new C();`, what is output by the program?

/1

(c) What is the output of the following statement? `System.out.println((new B()) instanceof A);`

/1

(d) What is the output of the following statement? `System.out.println((new C() instanceof A);`

/1

3. The `Parrot` class represents a parrot with an age in years and the ability to learn sounds which it can repeat back when asked to speak. The declaration of the `Parrot` class is shown below.

```
public class Parrot
{
    /** Constructs a new Parrot object */
    public Parrot(String name)
    { /* implementation not shown */ }

    /** @return the age of the parrot in years */
    public int getAge()
    { /* implementation not shown */ }

    /** Adds sound to the list of sounds the parrot can make
     * @param sound the sound to add */
    public void train(String sound)
    { /* implementation not shown */ }
```

```
/** @return a random sound that the parrot can make */  
public String speak()  
{ /* implementation not shown */ }
```

```
// There may be instance variables, constructors, and methods that are  
not shown.  
}
```

A pirate parrot is a type of parrot. A pirate parrot knows how to make the sound “Polly want a cracker” immediately upon birth. A pirate parrot can also steal souls whose age becomes part of the pirate parrot’s age. A pirate parrot is represented by the `PirateParrot` class, which you will write.

Assume that the following code segment appears in a class other than `PirateParrot`. The code segment shows an example of using the `PirateParrot` class.

```
PirateParrot polly = new PirateParrot("Polly");  
  
System.out.println(polly.getAge()); // prints 0  
/* code to increase Polly's age by 5 years */  
System.out.println(polly.getAge()); // prints 5  
  
polly.stealSoul(5);  
polly.stealSoul(10);  
System.out.println(polly.getAge()); // prints 20  
  
polly.train("Walk the plank");  
polly.train("Off with his head");
```

```
// Polly retires from his life as a pirate to a cushy life as a pet
```

```
Parrot myPetPolly = polly;  
System.out.println(myPetPolly.getAge()); // prints 20  
myPetPolly.train("Time for bed");  
System.out.println(myPetPolly.speak());
```

```
/* prints one of the following, chosen at random:  
* Polly want a cracker  
* Walk the plank  
* Off with his head  
* Time for bed  
*/
```

- (a) Write the `PirateParrot` class. Your code must produce the indicated results when invoked by the code given above.

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