

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Role (circle one) programmer/computer/project manager

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Name \_\_\_\_\_ Role (circle one) programmer/computer/project manager

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Role (circle one) quality control

## Card Dealer

### Your Tasks (Mark these off as you go)

- ☐ Create the Card, DeckOfCards, and CardDealer classes
- ☐ Write the Card class
- ☐ Write the DeckOfCards class
- ☐ Write the main method in the CardDealer class
- ☐ Declare the dealSize and dealt variables in the CardDealer class
- ☐ Write the dealCards method in the CardDealer class
- ☐ Call the dealCards method in the CardDealer class
- ☐ Have Ms. Pluska check off your Card, DeckOfCards, and CardDealer classes
- ☐ Complete challenges 1 thru 5
- ☐ Have Ms. Pluska check off your challenges 1 thru 3 before you continue
- ☐ Receive credit for the group portion of this lab
- ☐ Receive credit for the individual portion of this lab

### ☐ Create the Card, DeckOfCards, and CardDealer classes

Locate the three large sheets of paper at your assigned location

On the first sheet of paper,

- Write "Card class" at the top of the page
- Declare the Card class using the appropriate signature

On the second sheet of paper,

- Write "DeckOfCards class" at the top of the page
- Declare the "DeckOfCards" class using the appropriate signature.

On the third sheet of paper,

- Write "CardDealer class" at the top of the page
- Declare the "CardDealer" class using the appropriate signature.

Your papers should like the example below,

Sheet 1	Sheet 2	Sheet 3
<u>Card class</u> public class Card{  //Leave lots of space here     }	<u>DeckOfCards class</u> public class DeckOfCards{  //Leave lots of space here     }	<u>CardDealer</u> public class CardDealer{  //Leave lots of space here     }

## □ Write the Card class

The purpose of the Card class is to create Card objects. To create our cards we will need the following information:

- The suite of the card
- The face value of the card (e.g., 2, ace, king)
- The numeric value of the card (1-13)

Once the card is created, we will need to be able to print out the card (e.g., eight of diamonds ♦). Additionally, we will need to be able to access the numerical value of the card (1-13).

The completed required Card class is given below.

### Card Class

```
public class Card {

private String faceValue, suite;
private int value;

/**
 * Card Constructor
 * @param fv face value of the card, (e.g., king, one, two)
 * @param s suite of the card
 * @param v value of the card (1-13)
 */
public Card(String fv, String s, int v){
    suite = s;
    faceValue = fv;
    value = v;
}

/**
 * Gets the value of the card
 * @return value of card (1-13)
 */
public int getValue(){
    return value;
}

public String toString(){
    return faceValue+suite;
}

}
```

## □ Write the DeckOfCards class

The DeckOfCards class creates a deck of 52 card objects. When you play cards, you typically only need one deck of cards. Because it is not necessary to make multiple decks and we want to ensure that any changes made to the current playing deck are inacted, we will declare the methods in this class as *static*. Recall, that static methods do not require an object declaration to be instantiated (implemented).

Before we write the methods of the DeckOfCards class, we need to declare some variables. Notice all the required variables are preceded with the “static” designation. This is because we will be using them in static methods.

Declare the following variables in your DeckOfCards class

DeckOfCards class variables	Key terms defined
<pre>private static Card cards[]; private static final int DECKSIZE = 52; public static int nextCardIndex = 0; private static String[] suiteNames = {     " of spades " + '\u2660',     " of diamonds " + '\u2666',     " of clubs " + '\u2663',     " of hearts " + '\u2764' }; private static String[] values = {     "ace", //0     "two", //1     "three", //2     "four", //3     "five", //4     "six", //5     "seven", //6     "eight", //7     "nine", //8     "ten", //9     "jack", //10     "queen", //11     "king"//12 };</pre>	<p><b>Static</b> – static methods and variables do not need an object declaration to be implemented. Because we only have 1 deck of cards, and do not want this deck to be confused with other decks, we will declare the methods and variables of this class as static.</p> <p><b>Final</b> – recall, that this variable type is “constant”, that is, it cannot be changed anywhere in the program.</p>

Now that we have declared the needed variables, we can write the methods required to create and access the needed information for our program.

## DeckOfCards class methods

```
/**
 * Creates a sorted deck of 52 cards
 */
public static void buildDeck(){
    cards = new Card[DECKSIZE];
    int cardValueIndex = 0;

    for(int s = 0; s < suiteNames.length; s++){
        for(int v = 0; v < values.length; v++){
            cards[cardValueIndex] = new Card(values[v], suiteNames[s],
v);
            cardValueIndex++;
        }
    }
}

/**
 * gets the numeric value of the card
 * @param Card - the Card object we want the value to retrieve
 * @return
 */
public static int getValue(Card c){
    return c.getValue();
}

/**
 * Returns the Card at a specified index in the deck
 * @param index - location of card
 * @return
 */
public static Card getCard(int index){
    return cards[index];
}

/**
 * Sets the card at a given index to a different Card
 * @param index1 - the location of the card to be set
 * @param c - the Card we want to place at the location
 */
public static void setCard(int index1, Card c){
    cards[index1] = c;
}

/**
 * Returns the next Card in the deck
 * @return
 */
public static Card nextCard(){
    nextCardIndex++;
    return cards[nextCardIndex-1];
}
```

```

/**
 * Shows the card at a specified location
 * @param index - the location of the card in the deck
 * @return
 */
public static String showCard(int index){
    return cards[index].toString();
}

```

## □ Write the main method in the CardDealer class

Now that our Card and DeckOfCard classes are built, we can start dealing cards! Locate your CardDealer class and write a main method like shown below,

```

public static void main(String args[]){

}

```

Recall that we only want one deck of cards and that each deck contains 52 card objects. The static methods in the DeckOfCards class prevent us from confusing our current deck of cards, with a different deck of cards. To create a new deck of cards, we simply call the method in the main method of our CardDealer class,

```

DeckOfCards.buildDeck();

```

To see a particular card in our deck, we simply call the appropriate method. For example, the following code would show the value of the card at index 24.

```

System.out.println(DeckOfCards.showCard(24));

```

## □ Declare the dealSize and dealt variables in the CardDealer class

To play cards we need to know how many cards each play gets (dealSize), we also need to know the identities of the cards that have been dealt. To keep track of this information, declare the following variables at the top of the CardDealer class,

```

private static final int DEALSIZE = 5;
private static Card[] dealt = new Card[DEALSIZE];

```

## □ Write a the dealCards method in the CardDealer class

Below the main method we will now write a new method. But, because this method will be used in the main method (which is static), it must also be designated as static. To get started, write the following,

<b>dealCards method</b>	<b>Key terms defined</b>
<pre>public static Card[] dealCards(){ //leave some space here     return dealt; }</pre>	<p>Static - required because it will be accessed in a static method</p> <p>Card[] - this method will return an array of dealt cards</p> <p>dealt - the array of cards that will be returned</p>

To deal our cards will require that we populate the dealt array with the next card in the deck until it is full. This can be done with the code below. Add this code to the dealCards method you just wrote.

```
for(int i = 0; i < DEALSIZE; i++){
    dealt[i] = DeckOfCards.nextCard();
}
```

Your final dealCards method should look as follows,

<b>Completed dealCards method</b>
<pre>public static Card[] dealCards(){     for(int i = 0; i &lt; DEALSIZE; i++){         dealt[i] = DeckOfCards.nextCard();     }     return dealt; }</pre>

### □ **Call the dealCards method in the CardDealer class**

To deal your cards, simply return to your main method in the CardDealer class and write the following. This will deal a hand of cards.

```
dealCards();
```

### □ **Have Ms. Pluska check off your Card, DeckOfCards, and CardDealer classes before you continue**



Before you continue have Ms. Pluska check off your Card, DeckOfCards, and CardDealer classes

Do not continue until you have Ms. Pluska's (or her designated TA's) signature \_\_\_\_\_

## ❑ Complete Challenges 1 thru 3

### Challenge 1

Write a method called swapCards that swaps the values of two cards in the deck. The swapCards method should have the following signature,

```
public static void swapCards(Card a, Card b, int cardAIndex, int cardBIndex)
```

### Challenge 2

The buildDeck method builds a sorted deck. The dealCards method deals the required cards. But, card dealers do not deal sorted cards. Your challenge is to write a method that shuffles the cards.

In the CardDealer class write the shuffleCards method, this method will have the following signature,

```
public static void shuffleCards()
```

Use the swapCards method you wrote in challenge 1 in this method. When you are done, call this method in the main method.

### Challenge 3

Write a method in the CardDealer that finds the highest card in a shuffled hand and returns the card

## ❑ Have Ms. Pluska check off challenges 1 thru 3



Before you continue have Ms. Pluska check off challenges 1 thru 3.

Do not continue until you have Ms. Pluska's (or her designated TA's) signature \_\_\_\_\_

## ❑ Receive Credit for the group portion of this lab

Make sure indicate the names of all group members, then submit this lab to the needs to be graded folder to receive credit for the group portion of this lab.

## ❑ Receive Credit for the individual portion of this lab

Implement challenges 1 thru 3 on your computer. Show Ms. Pluska the completed challenges to receive credit for the individual portion of this lab.