atSNP: affinity tests for regulatory SNP detection

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1 Introduction

This document provides an introduction to the affinity test for large sets of SNP-motif interactions using the *atSNP* package(affinity test for regulatory **SNP** detection) [5]. *atSNP* implements in-silico methods for identifying SNPs that potentially may affect binding affinity of transcription factors. Given a set of SNPs and a library of motif position weight matrices (PWMs), *atSNP* provides three main functions for analyzing SNP effects:

- 1. Computing the binding affinity score for each allele and each PWM.
- 2. Computing the p-values for allele-specific binding affinity scores.
- 3. Computing the p-values for affinity score changes between the two alleles for each SNP.

atSNP implements the importance sampling algorithm in [1] to compute the p-values. Compared to other bioinformatics tools, such as FIMO [2] and is-rSNP [4] that provide similar functionalities, atSNP avoids computing the p-values analytically. In one of our research projects, we have used atSNP to evaluate interactions between 26K SNPs and 2K motifs within 5 hours. We found no other existing tool can finish the analysis of such a scale.

2 Installation

We are working to make the package available through bioconductor. The developing version can be installed from the Github repository:

library(devtools)
install_github("chandlerzuo/atSNP")

atSNP depends on the following R packages:

- data.table is used for formatting results that are easy for users to query.
- motifStack is relied upon to draw sequence logo plots.
- doMC is used for parallel computation.
- *Rcpp* interfaces the C++ codes that implements the importance sampling algorithm.

In addition, users also need to install the annotation package from www.bioconductor.org/packages/3.0/data/annotation/ that corresponds to the species type and genome version. Our example SNP data set in the subsequent sections corresponds to the hg19 version of human genome. To repeat the sample codes in this vignette, the BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19 package is required. To install it from the Bioconductor repository,

```
source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
biocLite("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19")
```

Notice that the annotation package is usually large and this installation step may take a substantial amout of time.

3 Example

3.1 Load motif and SNP data

atSNP provides a default motif library downloaded from compbio.mit.edu/encode-motifs/motifs.txt. This library contains 2065 known and discovered motifs from ENCODE TF ChIP-seq data sets. The following commands allows to load this motif library:

```
library(atSNP)
## Loading required package:
                              Rcpp
## Loading required package:
                              data.table
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package: Genomic Ranges':
##
##
      last
##
## Loading required package: doMC
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loading required package: iterators
## Loading required package: testthat
## Loading required package: motifStack
## Loading required package: grImport
## Loading required package: grid
## Loading required package: XML
## Loading required package:
                             MotIV
##
## Attaching package: 'MotIV'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      filter
##
## Loading required package: ade4
##
## Attaching package: 'ade4'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:BSgenome':
##
##
      score
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:Biostrings':
##
##
      score
##
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:GenomicRanges':
##

## score
##

## The following object is masked from 'package:IRanges':
##

## score
```

```
data(encode_motif)
length(motif_encode)
## [1] 2065
motif_encode[seq(3)]
## $SIX5_disc1
##
                [,1]
                           [,2]
                                    [,3]
                                                 [,4]
    [1,] 8.51100e-03 4.2550e-03 0.987234 1.00000e-10
    [2,] 9.02127e-01 1.2766e-02 0.038298 4.68090e-02
##
    [3,] 4.55319e-01 7.2340e-02 0.344681 1.27660e-01
##
    [4,] 2.51064e-01 8.5106e-02 0.085106 5.78724e-01
    [5,] 1.00000e-10 4.6809e-02 0.012766 9.40425e-01
## [6,] 1.00000e-10 1.0000e-10 1.000000 1.00000e-10
## [7,] 3.82980e-02 2.1277e-02 0.029787 9.10638e-01
## [8,] 9.44681e-01 4.2550e-03 0.051064 1.00000e-10
## [9,] 1.00000e-10 1.0000e-10 1.000000 1.00000e-10
## [10,] 1.00000e-10 1.0000e-10 0.012766 9.87234e-01
##
## $MYC_disc1
##
                [,1]
                            [,2]
                                        [,3]
                                                     [,4]
##
    [1,] 1.73516e-01 1.05023e-01 7.21461e-01 1.00000e-10
##
    [2,] 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e+00
    [3,] 1.00000e-10 1.00000e+00 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10
    [4,] 1.00000e+00 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10
    [5,] 1.00000e-10 9.58904e-01 1.00000e-10 4.10960e-02
    [6,] 5.93610e-02 1.00000e-10 9.40639e-01 1.00000e-10
    [7,] 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e+00
   [8,] 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e+00 1.00000e-10
## [9,] 1.00000e+00 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10 1.00000e-10
## [10,] 1.00000e-10 7.26028e-01 1.14155e-01 1.59817e-01
##
## $SRF_disc1
                           [,3]
##
                [,1]
                      [,2]
##
    [1,] 1.00000e-10 1e+00 1e-10 1.00000e-10
    [2,] 1.00000e-10 1e+00 1e-10 1.00000e-10
##
    [3,] 4.95495e-01 1e-10 1e-10 5.04505e-01
##
## [4,] 2.61261e-01 1e-10 1e-10 7.38739e-01
    [5,] 1.00000e+00 1e-10 1e-10 1.00000e-10
    [6,] 1.00000e-10 1e-10 1e-10 1.00000e+00
## [7,] 7.29730e-01 1e-10 1e-10 2.70270e-01
## [8,] 5.04505e-01 1e-10 1e-10 4.95495e-01
   [9,] 1.00000e-10 1e-10 1e+00 1.00000e-10
## [10,] 1.00000e-10 1e-10 1e+00 1.00000e-10
```

Here, the motif library is represented by motif_encode, which is a list of position weight matrices. The codes below shows the content of one matrix as well as its IUPAC letters:

```
motif_encode[[1]]
                [,1]
                           [,2]
                                    [,3]
##
   [1,] 8.51100e-03 4.2550e-03 0.987234 1.00000e-10
##
   [2,] 9.02127e-01 1.2766e-02 0.038298 4.68090e-02
   [3,] 4.55319e-01 7.2340e-02 0.344681 1.27660e-01
    [4,] 2.51064e-01 8.5106e-02 0.085106 5.78724e-01
##
    [5,] 1.00000e-10 4.6809e-02 0.012766 9.40425e-01
##
    [6,] 1.00000e-10 1.0000e-10 1.000000 1.00000e-10
    [7,] 3.82980e-02 2.1277e-02 0.029787 9.10638e-01
## [8,] 9.44681e-01 4.2550e-03 0.051064 1.00000e-10
## [9,] 1.00000e-10 1.0000e-10 1.000000 1.00000e-10
## [10,] 1.00000e-10 1.0000e-10 0.012766 9.87234e-01
GetIUPACSequence(motif_encode[[1]])
## [1] "GARWTGTAGT"
```

The data object encode_motif also contains a character vector motif_info that contains detailed information for each motif.

```
length(motif_info)
## [1] 2065
head(motif_info)
##
                                                     SIX5_disc1
##
     "SIX5_GM12878_encode-Myers_seq_hsa_r1:MEME#1#Intergenic"
##
                                                      MYC_disc1
##
     "USF2_K562_encode-Snyder_seq_hsa_r1:MDscan#1#Intergenic"
##
                                                      SRF_disc1
##
    "SRF_H1-hESC_encode-Myers_seq_hsa_r1:MDscan#2#Intergenic"
##
                                                      AP1_disc1
       "JUND_K562_encode-Snyder_seq_hsa_r1:MEME#1#Intergenic"
##
##
                                                     SIX5_disc2
## "SIX5_H1-hESC_encode-Myers_seq_hsa_r1:MDscan#1#Intergenic"
##
                                                      NFY_disc1
##
       "NFYA_K562_encode-Snyder_seq_hsa_r1:MEME#2#Intergenic"
```

Here, the entry names of this vector are the same as the names of the motif library. motif_info allows easy looking up the motif information for a specific PWM. For example, to look up the motif information for the first PWM in motif_encode:

```
motif_info[names(motif_encode[1])]

##

SIX5_disc1

## "SIX5_GM12878_encode-Myers_seq_hsa_r1:MEME#1#Intergenic"
```

Users can also provide a list of PWMs as the motif library via the LoadMotifLibrary function. In this function, 'tag' specifies the string that marks the start of each block of PWM; 'skiprows' is the number of description lines before the PWM; 'skipcols' is the number of columns to be skipped in the PWM matrix; 'transpose' is TRUE if the PWM has 4 rows representing A, C, G, T or FALSE if otherwise; 'field' is the position of the motif name within the description line; 'sep' is a vector of separators in the PWM; 'pseudocount' is the number added to the raw matrices, recommended to be 1 if the matrices are in fact position frequency matrices. These arguments provide the flexibility of loading a number of varying formatted files. The PWMs are returned as a list object. This function flexibly adapts to a variety of different formats. Some examples using online accessible files from other research groups are shown below.

```
pwms <- LoadMotifLibrary(</pre>
 "http://meme.nbcr.net/meme/examples/sample-dna-motif.meme-io")
pwms <- LoadMotifLibrary(</pre>
 "http://compbio.mit.edu/encode-motifs/motifs.txt",
 tag = ">", transpose = FALSE, field = 1,
 sep = c("\t", " ", ">"), skipcols = 1,
 skiprows = 1, pseudocount = 0)
pwms <- LoadMotifLibrary(</pre>
 "http://johnsonlab.ucsf.edu/mochi_files/JASPAR_motifs_H_sapiens.txt",
 tag = "/NAME", skiprows = 1, skipcols = 0, transpose = FALSE,
 field = 2)
pwms <- LoadMotifLibrary(</pre>
 "http://jaspar.genereg.net/html/DOWNLOAD/ARCHIVE/JASPAR2010/all_data/matrix_only/matrix.txt",
 tag = ">", skiprows = 1, skipcols = 1, transpose = TRUE,
 field = 1, sep = c("\t", " ", "\t", "\t", "\t", "\t")
 pseudocount = 1)
pwms <- LoadMotifLibrary(</pre>
 "http://jaspar.genereg.net/html/DOWNLOAD/JASPAR_CORE/pfm/nonredundant/pfm_vertebrates.txt",
 tag = ">", skiprows = 1, skipcols = 0, transpose = TRUE, field = 1,
 sep = c(">", " \ t", " "), pseudocount = 1)
## pwms <- LoadMotifLibrary(</pre>
## "http://gibbs.biomed.ucf.edu/PreDREM/download/nonredundantmotif.transfac",
## tag = "DE", skiprows = 1, skipcols = 1,
## transpose = FALSE, field = 2, sep = "\t"
```

The data set for the SNP information must be a table including five columns:

- chr: the chromosome ID;
- snp: the genome coordinate of the SNP;
- snpid: the string for the SNP name;
- a1, a2: nucleotides for the two alleles at the SNP position.

This data set can be loaded using the LoadSNPData function. The 'genome.lib' argument specifies the annotation package name corresponding to the SNP data set, with the default as 'BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19'. Each side of the SNP is extended by a number of base pairs specified by the 'half.window.size' argument. LoadSNPData extracts the genome sequence within such windows around each SNP using the 'genome.lib' package. An example is the following:

The following codes generate a synthetic SNP data and loads it back in R:

The 'mutation' argument specifies whether the data set is related to SNP or general single nucleotide mutation. By default, 'mutation=FALSE'. In this case, LoadSNPData get the nucleotides on the reference genome based on the genome coordinates specified by 'chr' and 'snp' and match them to 'a1' and 'a2' alleles. 'a1' and 'a2' nucleotides are assigned to the reference or the SNP allele based on which one matches to the reference nucleotide. If neither allele matches to the reference nucleotide, the corresponding row in the SNP information file is discarded. Alternatively, if 'mutation=TRUE', no row is discarded. LoadSNPData takes the reference sequences around the SNP locations, replaces the reference nucleotides at the SNP locations by 'a1' nucleotides to construct the 'reference' sequences, and by 'a2' nucleotides to construct the 'SNP' sequences. Notice that in this case, in the subsequent analysis, whenever we refer to the "reference" or the "SNP" allele, it actually means the "a1" or the "a2" allele.

If 'default.par = FALSE', LoadSNPData simultaneously estimates the parameters for the first order Markov model in the reference genome using the nucleotides within the SNP windows. Otherwise, it loads a set of parameter values pre-fitted from sequences around all the SNPs in the NHGRI GWAS catalog ([3]). We recommend setting 'default.par = TRUE' when we have fewer than 1000 SNPs. LoadSNPData returns a list object with five fields:

- \$sequence_matrix: a matrix with (2×'half.window.size' + 1), with each column corresponding to one SNP. The entries 1-4 represent the A, C, G, T nucleotides.
- \$ref_base: a vector coding the reference allele nucleotides for all SNPs.
- \$snp_base: a vector coding the SNP allele nucleotides for all SNPs.
- \$prior: the stationary distribution parameters for the Markov model.
- \$transition: the transition matrix for the first order Markov model.

A toy sample data set including a preloaded motif library and a SNP set is included in the package:

```
data(example)
names(motif_library)
## [1] "SIX5_disc1" "MYC_disc1"
str(snpInfo)
## List of 5
## $ sequence_matrix: int [1:61, 1:17] 4 3 1 4 3 2 2 1 3 3 ...
## ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
   ....$ : NULL
   ....$ : chr [1:17] "rs10910078" "rs4486391" "rs3748816" "rs2843401" ...
## $ ref_base : int [1:17] 4 1 1 4 4 4 4 1 2 2 ...
                    : int [1:17] 2 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 ...
## $ snp_base
## $ transition
                   : num [1:4, 1:4] 0.275 0.289 0.268 0.125 0.262 ...
##
   ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
   .. ..$ : chr [1:4] "A" "C" "G" "T"
## ....$ : chr [1:4] "A" "C" "G" "T"
## $ prior
                    : Named num [1:4] 0.248 0.302 0.249 0.2
    ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:4] "A" "C" "G" "T"
## to look at the motif information
data(encode_motif)
motif_info[names(motif_library)]
##
                                                SIX5_disc1
## "SIX5_GM12878_encode-Myers_seq_hsa_r1:MEME#1#Intergenic"
##
                                                 MYC_disc1
## "USF2_K562_encode-Snyder_seq_hsa_r1:MDscan#1#Intergenic"
```

3.2 Affinity score tests

The binding affinity scores for all pairs of SNP and PWM can be computed by the ComputeMotifScore function. It returns a list of two fields: 'snp.tbl' is a *data.table* containing the nucleotide sequences for each SNP; 'motif.scores' is a *data.table* containing the binding affinity scores for each SNP-motif pair.

```
motif_score <- ComputeMotifScore(motif_library, snpInfo, ncores = 2)</pre>
 motif_score$snp.tbl
##
           snpid
                                                                       ref_seq
   1: rs10910078 TGATGCCAGGTGGTCAGTGGGTTTTTGCCATCCGCCAGGAGCTTCACTGGGCCTCCCGTTG
      rs4486391 ATGGAGAATTCCACAGCTGATTGGAACCTAAACGAGAGAACCAAATGGACATCCCAGGGCT
       rs3748816 TTGGAGTACTCCTCGTCCAGGCGCCTGTTCATCTCCTCCAGGATGTAGTCAGGGTGCCCGA
      rs2843401 TCCTCCACCATTGTGCCAAACAGCGCCTGGTGGGGCCCCCGATCATCCCACGGGCCCCCA
   5: rs2843402 CACCTTCTGGGCTGCAGGACTTCCTGCCCTTTAGGAAAGGGAGGCAGCCCTTTCTCCTCC
   6: rs2843403 CCCCCTAGGGCCTCCCTGCGGTTCCTTGTCTCCACCCTCACCCCAGCCCTGGAGCAGCCAC
##
   7: rs2843404 AAATGGAATATTTAATTTGAAACTTTCCAATAAAGAAATTTCCAGACCCATTTGGCTTCAC
##
##
       rs2985855 ACCTGATAAAGGAAATGTATGAAGCAGCAGAAGCAACAAAAACCACCCCATAGCAAACATA
       rs2296442 CCGCTTCCTCGTCTGGGACCACGATCCCATCGGGCGTGACTTCATTGGCCAGAGGACGCTG
## 10: rs10797432 GACTCACAGGTGGGAGACAGGAGTTCCGACCGCCAGGGGGAGAGTCCTGGAGGATCCTGGG
## 11: rs6667605 TCCCACAAATGCAGAAAGCTCAACAGACCCCAAGAGGGGTAAATAGAGAGGCATGCACTGC
## 12: rs4648648 CAGGTCCTGCGATCTCCCCACGCCCTGACAGTGACCTATCTTTGTGCACACACGTGTGTTT
## 13:
       rs734999 CCACTGAAATACCCGTGGGAAAGAAAAGCACAGAGAGACAGGAGACTTATGTGACTCCG
## 14: rs2764845 CACCATGGCCAAGCCTGTCACCTCACCTGGGTGACCACATCGGCCTCCATGCTGACCCCGC
       rs2764841 CTGTTTCTGCTCCCGGGAAATCACCCCGCCGCCTCTTCAGGCCTTTAAGGTCTCAAATGTC
## 15:
       rs2985857 CACTCTTGAAGAACAAAGTTGAAATATATACTCTATTGACTATCAAGACATTATAAAGCTG
##
  17:
       rs6424092 ATCTCACTGTCCATTAAAAAAATCAACTCACAGTAGATTGTAGACCTAAGCAAACCTGAGG
##
##
   1: TGATGCCAGGTGGTCAGTGGGTTTTTGCCACCCGCCAGGAGCTTCACTGGGCCTCCCGTTG
   2: ATGGAGAATTCCACAGCTGATTGGAACCTATACGAGAGAACCAAATGGACATCCCAGGGCT
   3: TTGGAGTACTCCTCGTCCAGGCGCCTGTTCGTCTCCTCCAGGATGTAGTCAGGGTGCCCGA
##
   4: TCCTCCACCATTGTGCCAAACAGCGCCTGGCGGGCCACCCGATCATCCCACGGGCCCCCA
   5: CACCTTCTGGGCTGCAGGACTTCCTGCCCTCTAGGAAAGGGAGGCAGCCCTTTCTTCCTCC
   6: CCCCCTAGGGCCTCCCTGCGGTTCCTTGTCCCCACCCTCACCCCAGCCCTGGAGCAGCCAC
   7: AAATGGAATATTTAATTTGAAACTTTCCAACAAGAAATTTCCAGACCCATTTGGCTTCAC
## 8: ACCTGATAAAGGAAATGTATGAAGCAGCAGCAGCAACAAAAACAACTCCATAGCAAACATA
## 9: CCGCTTCCTCGTCTGGGACCACGATCCCATTGGGCGTGACTTCATTGGCCAGAGGACGCTG
## 10: GACTCACAGGTGGGAGACAGGAGTTCCGACTGCCAGGGGGAGAGTCCTGGAGGATCCTGGG
## 11: TCCCACAAATGCAGAAAGCTCAACAGACCCTAAGAGGGGTAAATAGAGAGGCATGCACTGC
## 12: CAGGTCCTGCGATCTCCCCACGCCCTGACAATGACCTATCTTTGTGCACACACGTGTGTTT
## 13: CCACTGAAATACCCGTGGGAAAGAAAGCATAACAGAGAACAGGAGACTTATGTGACTCCG
## 14: CACCATGGCCAAGCCTGTCACCTCGCTTGACCACATCGGCCTCCATGCTGACCCCGC
## 15: CTGTTTCTGCTCCCGGGAAATCACCCCGCCACCTCTTCAGGCCTTTAAGGTCTCAAATGTC
  16: CACTCTTGAAGAACAAAGTTGAAATATATATTCTATTGACTATCAAGACATTATAAAGCTG
  17: ATCTCACTGTCCATTAAAAAAATCAACTCAAAGTAGATTGTAGACCTAAGCAAACCTGAGG
##
                                                        ref_seq_rev
   1: CAACGGGAGGCCCAGTGAAGCTCCTGGCGGATGGCAAAAACCCACTGACCACCTGGCATCA
##
##
   2: AGCCCTGGGATGTCCATTTGGTTCTCGTTTAGGTTCCAATCAGCTGTGGAATTCTCCAT
   3: TCGGGCACCCTGACTACATCCTGGAGGAGATGAACAGGCGCCTGGACGAGGAGTACTCCAA
   4: TGGGGGCCCGTGGGATGATCGGGTGGCCCCACCAGGCGCTGTTTGGCACAATGGTGGAGGA
   5: GGAGGAAGAAGGGCTGCCTCCCTTTCCTAAAGGGCAGGAAGTCCTGCAGCCCAGAAGGTG
   6: GTGGCTGCTCCAGGGCTGGGGTGAGGGTGGAGACAAGGAACCGCAGGGAGGCCCTAGGGGG
  7: GTGAAGCCAAATGGGTCTGGAAATTTCTTTATTGGAAAGTTTCAAATTAAATATTCCATTT
   8: TATGTTTGCTATGGAGTTGTTTTTGTTGCTTCTGCTGCTTCATACATTTCCTTTATCAGGT
## 9: CAGCGTCCTCTGGCCAATGAAGTCACGCCCGATGGGATCGTGGTCCCAGACGAGGAAGCGG
## 10: CCCAGGATCCTCCAGGACTCTCCCCCTGGCGGTCGGAACTCCTGTCTCCCACCTGTGAGTC
## 11: GCAGTGCATGCCTCTATTTACCCCTCTTGGGGTCTGTTGAGCTTTCTGCATTTGTGGGA
## 12: AAACACACGTGTGTGCACAAAGATAGGTCACTGTCAGGGCGTGGGGAGATCGCAGGACCTG
## 14: GCGGGGTCAGCATGGAGGCCGATGTGGTCACCCAGGTGAGGTGACAGGCTTGGCCATGGTG
## 15: GACATTTGAGACCTTAAAGGCCTGAAGAGGCGGCGGGGTGATTTCCCGGGAGCAGAACAG
  16: CAGCTTTATAATGTCTTGATAGTCAATAGAGTATATATTTCAACTTTGTTCTTCAAGAGTG
  17: CCTCAGGTTTGCTTAGGTCTACAATCTACTGTGAGTTGATTTTTTTAATGGACAGTGAGAT
##
##
                                                        snp_seq_rev
```

```
## 1: CAACGGAGGCCCAGTGAAGCTCCTGGCGGGTGGCAAAAACCCACTGACCACCTGGCATCA
   2: AGCCCTGGGATGTCCATTTGGTTCTCTCGTATAGGTTCCAATCAGCTGTGGAATTCTCCAT
   3: TCGGGCACCCTGACTACATCCTGGAGGAGACGACAGGCGCCTGGACGAGGAGTACTCCAA
   4: TGGGGGCCCGTGGGATGATCGGGTGGCCCCGCCAGGCGCTGTTTGGCACAATGGTGGAGGA
   5: GGAGGAAGAAGGGCTGCCTCCCTTTCCTAGAGGGCAGGAAGTCCTGCAGCCCAGAAGGTG
   6: GTGGCTGCTCCAGGGCTGGGGTGAGGGTGGGGACAAGGAACCGCAGGGAGGCCCTAGGGGG
##
   7: GTGAAGCCAAATGGGTCTGGAAATTTCTTTGTTGGAAAGTTTCAAATTAAATATTCCATTT
## 8: TATGTTTGCTATGGAGTTGTTTTTTTTTGCTGCTGCTGCTTCATACATTTCCTTTATCAGGT
## 9: CAGCGTCCTCTGGCCAATGAAGTCACGCCCAATGGGATCGTGGTCCCAGACGAGGAAGCGG
## 10: CCCAGGATCCTCCAGGACTCTCCCCCTGGCAGTCGGAACTCCTGTCTCCCACCTGTGAGTC
## 11: GCAGTGCATGCCTCTTATTTACCCCTCTTAGGGTCTGTTGAGCTTTCTGCATTTGTGGGA
## 12: AAACACACGTGTGTGCACAAAGATAGGTCATTGTCAGGGCGTGGGGAGATCGCAGGACCTG
## 14: GCGGGGTCAGCATGGAGGCCGATGTGGTCAACCAGGTGAGGTGACAGGCTTGGCCATGGTG
## 15: GACATTTGAGACCTTAAAGGCCTGAAGAGGTGGCGGGGTGATTTCCCGGGAGCAGAAACAG
## 16: CAGCTTTATAATGTCTTGATAGTCAATAGAATATATTTTCAACTTTGTTCTTCAAGAGTG
## 17: CCTCAGGTTTGCTTAGGTCTACAATCTACTTTGAGTTGATTTTTTTAATGGACAGTGAGAT
 motif_score$motif.scores[, list(snpid, motif, log_lik_ref,
                             log_lik_snp, log_lik_ratio)]
##
                    motif log_lik_ref log_lik_snp log_lik_ratio
           snpid
## 1: rs10910078 MYC_disc1 -95.57417 -92.79201 -2.7821535
## 2: rs4486391 MYC_disc1 -94.37676 -79.51729 -14.8594729
## 3: rs3748816 MYC_disc1 -96.67901 -99.39326
                                                   2.7142529
                                      -94.21702
## 4: rs2843401 MYC_disc1
                          -94.66127
                                                   -0.4442544
## 5: rs2843402 MYC_disc1 -117.34142 -117.34142 0.0000000
## 6: rs2843403 MYC_disc1 -115.81786 -115.81786
                                                   0.0000000
## 7: rs2843404 MYC_disc1 -95.73058 -118.75643 23.0258509
## 8: rs2985855 MYC_disc1 -116.88074 -120.49201
                                                  3.6112717
## 9: rs10910078 SIX5_disc1 -46.06943 -38.82055
                                                 -7.2488780
## 10: rs4486391 SIX5_disc1 -41.21034 -41.21034
                                                   0.0000000
## 11: rs3748816 SIX5_disc1 -51.99542 -40.50007
                                                 -11.4953572
## 12: rs2843401 SIX5_disc1 -19.33735 -23.09387
                                                   3.7565188
## 13: rs2843402 SIX5_disc1 -20.74899 -23.90834
                                                   3.1593576
## 14: rs2843403 SIX5_disc1 -38.21561 -41.13338
                                                   2.9177676
## 15: rs2843404 SIX5_disc1 -43.06925 -38.31571 -4.7535476
## 16: rs2985855 SIX5_disc1 -58.35713 -58.35713 0.0000000
## 17: rs2296442 MYC_disc1 -71.67739 -75.86532
                                                   4.1879305
## 18: rs10797432 MYC_disc1 -117.72909 -99.39326
                                                 -18.3358300
## 19: rs6667605 MYC_disc1 -75.86532
                                      -79.01520
                                                   3.1498802
## 20: rs4648648 MYC_disc1
                            -92.79201
                                       -94.21702
                                                   1.4250085
## 21:
      rs734999 MYC_disc1 -75.86532 -79.01520
                                                   3.1498802
## 22: rs2764845 MYC_disc1 -50.51744 -50.03458
                                                   -0.4828589
## 23: rs2764841 MYC_disc1 -94.64204 -94.23625
                                                  -0.4057914
## 24: rs2985857 MYC_disc1 -71.57423 -92.42357
                                                  20.8493426
## 25: rs6424092 MYC_disc1 -53.34156 -76.32544
                                                   22.9838866
## 26: rs2296442 SIX5_disc1 -23.43206 -21.51514
                                                   -1.9169281
## 27: rs10797432 SIX5_disc1 -24.19256
                                       -21.27479
                                                   -2.9177676
## 28: rs6667605 SIX5_disc1 -18.25728 -41.28313
                                                  23.0258509
## 29: rs4648648 SIX5_disc1 -44.20012 -36.50922
                                                   -7.6909014
## 30:
      rs734999 SIX5_disc1 -36.30181 -56.49106 20.1892485
## 31: rs2764845 SIX5_disc1 -41.43849 -41.69843
                                                  0.2599394
                                                   -1.2992901
## 32: rs2764841 SIX5_disc1 -17.46570 -16.16641
## 33: rs2985857 SIX5_disc1 -54.58632 -54.58632
                                                   0.0000000
## 34: rs6424092 SIX5_disc1
                            -38.05012 -37.46235
                                                   -0.5877710
           snpid motif log_lik_ref log_lik_snp log_lik_ratio
```

The affinity scores for the reference and the SNP alleles are represented by the 'log_lik_ref' and 'log_lik_snp'

columns in '\$motif.scores'. The affinity score change is included in the 'log_lik_ratio' column. These three affinity scores are tested in the subsequent steps. '\$motif.scores' also include other columns for the position of the best matching subsequence on each allele. For a complete description on all these columns, users can look up the help documentation.

After we have computed the binding affinity scores, they can be tested using the ComputePValues function. The result is a *data.table* extending the affinity score table by six columns:

- 'pval_ref': p-value for the reference allele affinity score.
- 'pval_snp': p-value for the SNP allele affinity score.
- 'pval_cond_ref' and 'pval_cond_snp': conditional p-values for the affinity scores of the reference and SNP alleles.
- 'pval_diff': p-value for the affinity score change between the two alleles.
- 'pval_rank': p-value for the rank test between the two alleles.

We recommend using 'pval_ref'and 'pval_snp' for assessing the significance of allele specific affinity; and using 'pval_rank' for assessing the significance of the SNP effect on the affinity change.

```
motif.scores <- ComputePValues(motif.lib = motif_library, snp.info = snpInfo,</pre>
                                motif.scores = motif_scores$motif.scores,
                                ncores = 2)
 motif.scores[, list(snpid, motif, pval_ref, pval_snp, pval_rank, pval_diff)]
##
           snpid
                      motif
                             pval_ref
                                         pval_snp pval_rank
                                                              pval_diff
## 1: rs10910078 MYC_disc1 0.55250823 0.34976728 0.49731358 0.599057634
## 2: rs4486391 MYC_disc1 0.42467126 0.32482700 0.61817128 0.531919133
## 3: rs3748816 MYC_disc1 0.62428125 0.78352831 0.63538138 0.613347967
## 4: rs2843401 MYC_disc1 0.47098190 0.39017206 0.66297624 0.809006055
## 5: rs2843402 MYC_disc1 0.92392287 0.92392287 1.00000000 1.000000000
## 6: rs2843403 MYC_disc1 0.84071552 0.84071552 1.00000000 1.000000000
##
   7:
       rs2843404 MYC_disc1 0.56662380 0.97929975 0.33680154 0.150135756
       rs2985855 MYC_disc1 0.85727211 0.99400000 0.69437460 0.572437051
## 9: rs10910078 SIX5_disc1 0.87876479 0.62172720 0.45687986 0.280402306
## 10: rs4486391 SIX5_disc1 0.77460249 0.77460249 1.000000000 1.000000000
## 11: rs3748816 SIX5_disc1 0.90275130 0.74334730 0.62512531 0.206882124
## 12: rs2843401 SIX5_disc1 0.08081194 0.23011782 0.01654064 0.434515202
## 13: rs2843402 SIX5_disc1 0.13659677 0.32832950 0.14789201 0.490855902
## 14: rs2843403 SIX5_disc1 0.60110887 0.77253940 0.57145169 0.618352633
       rs2843404 SIX5_disc1 0.84323561 0.61067088 0.48140291 0.354767558
       rs2985855 SIX5_disc1 0.97623554 0.97623554 1.00000000 1.000000000
## 17: rs2296442 MYC_disc1 0.11261743 0.26841651 0.29890362 0.553813438
## 18: rs10797432 MYC_disc1 0.95726548 0.78177027 0.64089998 0.457487238
## 19: rs6667605 MYC_disc1 0.27303296 0.29517812 0.74665067 0.592775953
## 20: rs4648648 MYC_disc1 0.33416921 0.37746258 0.71484150 0.716330202
## 21:
       rs734999 MYC_disc1 0.26841651 0.29517812 0.73348109 0.591312146
## 22: rs2764845 MYC_disc1 0.02476245 0.02225671 0.72498353 0.803576225
       rs2764841 MYC_disc1 0.44985448 0.40610585 0.73131633 0.816179825
## 23:
## 24: rs2985857 MYC_disc1 0.09264310 0.32482700 0.14064803 0.367260674
## 25: rs6424092 MYC_disc1 0.05381326 0.28884471 0.02528970 0.171276172
## 26: rs2296442 SIX5_disc1 0.30747596 0.17194308 0.30722405 0.688903343
## 27: rs10797432 SIX5_disc1 0.33296184 0.14606464 0.17415016 0.621522278
## 28: rs6667605 SIX5_disc1 0.06436599 0.77764949 0.01572935 0.002994372
      rs4648648 SIX5_disc1 0.87216144 0.48674767 0.26849187 0.268226489
## 29:
## 30:
        rs734999 SIX5_disc1 0.44673064 0.95825787 0.21057043 0.102711064
       rs2764845 SIX5_disc1 0.80012831 0.80656654 0.93486937 0.915061559
## 31:
## 32: rs2764841 SIX5_disc1 0.05984278 0.04457300 0.53680487 0.751367323
## 33: rs2985857 SIX5_disc1 0.92853988 0.92853988 1.000000000 1.000000000
## 34: rs6424092 SIX5_disc1 0.59650110 0.54347923 0.73416105 0.866256977
##
                      motif pval_ref pval_snp pval_rank pval_diff
```

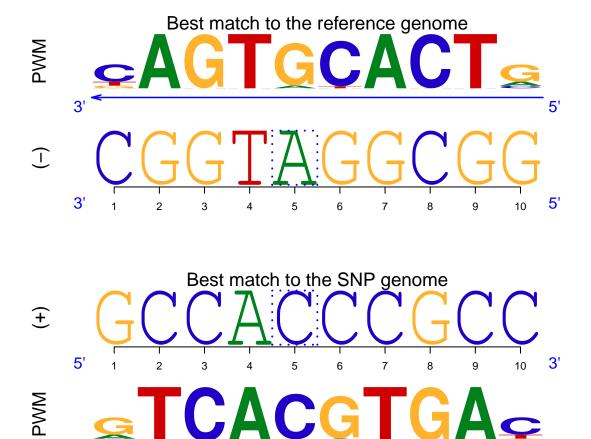
3.3 Additional analysis

atSNP provides additional functions to extract the matched nucleotide subsequences that match to the motifs. Function MatchSubsequence adds the subsequence matches to the affinity score table by using the motif library and the SNP set. The subsequences matching to the motif in the two alleles are returned in the 'ref_match_seq' and 'snp_match_seq' columns. The 'IUPAC' column returns the IUPAC letters of the motifs. Notice that if you have a large number of SNPs and motifs, the returned table can be very large.

```
match_result <- MatchSubsequence(snp.tbl = motif_scores$snp.tbl,</pre>
                                motif.scores = motif.scores,
                                motif.lib = motif_library,
                                snpids = c("rs10910078", "rs4486391"),
                                motifs = names(motif_library)[1:2],
                                ncores = 2)
 match_result[, list(snpid, motif, IUPAC, ref_match_seq, snp_match_seq)]
          snpid
                     motif
                                IUPAC ref_match_seq snp_match_seq
## 1: rs10910078 MYC_disc1 GTCACGTGAC
                                         GGCGGATGGC
                                                     GCCACCCGCC
## 2: rs10910078 SIX5_disc1 GARWTGTAGT
                                         CTGGCGGATG
                                                       GGCGGGTGGC
## 3: rs4486391 MYC_disc1 GTCACGTGAC
                                         TAAACGAGAG
                                                       CTCGTATAGG
## 4: rs4486391 SIX5_disc1 GARWTGTAGT CTCGTTTAGG CTCGTATAGG
```

To visualize how each motif is matched to each allele using the plotMotifMatch function:

MYC_disc1 Motif Scan for rs10910078



4 Session Information

5'

```
## R version 3.1.1 (2014-07-10)
## Platform: x86_64-redhat-linux-gnu (64-bit)
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_CTYPE=zh_TW.UTF-8
                                  LC_NUMERIC=C
                                                            LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8
   [4] LC_COLLATE=en_US.UTF-8
                                 LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8
                                                            LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
## [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8
                                 LC_NAME=C
                                                            LC_ADDRESS=C
## [10] LC_TELEPHONE=C
                                 LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
## attached base packages:
                parallel stats graphics grDevices utils
                                                                 datasets methods
## [1] grid
## [9] base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] atSNP_1.0
                                          motifStack_1.6.5
## [3] ade4_1.6-2
                                          MotIV_1.18.0
## [5] grImport_0.9-0
                                          XML_3.98-1.1
```

```
[7] testthat_0.9.1
                                                doMC_1.3.3
## [9] iterators_1.0.7
                                                foreach_1.4.2
## [11] data.table_1.9.4
                                                Rcpp_0.11.4
## [13] BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19_1.3.19 BSgenome_1.30.0
## [15] Biostrings_2.30.1
                                               GenomicRanges_1.14.4
## [17] XVector_0.2.0
                                                IRanges_1.20.7
## [19] BiocGenerics_0.8.0
                                               BiocInstaller_1.12.1
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] BiocStyle_1.0.0 chron_2.3-45 codetools_0.2-8 compiler_3.1.1 evaluate_0.5.5 
## [6] formatR_1.0 highr_0.4 knitr_1.9 lattice_0.20-29 plyr_1.8.1
## [11] reshape2_1.4.1 rGADEM_2.10.0 seqLogo_1.28.0 stats4_3.1.1
                                                                                stringr_0.6.2
## [16] tools_3.1.1
```

References

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- [3] L.A. Hindorff, J. MacArthur J, J. Morales, H.A. Junkins, P.N. Hall, A.K. Klemm, and T.A. Manolio. A catalog of published genome-wide association studies.
- [4] Geoff Macintyre, James Bailey, Izhak Haviv, and Adam Kowalczyk. is-rSNP: a novel technique for in silico regulatory SNP detection. *Bioinformatics*, 26(18):524–530, 2010.
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