

CECS 451
Assignment 9
Total: 44 Points

General Instruction

- Submit uncompressed file(s) in the Dropbox folder via BeachBoard (Not email).
 - Use Python 3, any other programming language is not acceptable.
 - You can import modules in the Python Standard Library (please check the full list [here](#)). If you want to use any other library, please consult with the instructor or TA.
 - Your submission may be evaluated automatically using a script file, so if you would not follow the output format, you may receive zero point even though your program outputs correct answers.
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1. Consider Figure 1 (notice that some of the probabilities are different with the figure in the textbook), and implement a program to answer the query $\vec{P}(C|\neg s, w)$ by using MCMC sampling. The program should generate 1,000,000 samples to estimate the probability. To answer (a) and (b), you can prepare the answers with scratch paper and print-out them (hard coding is fine). However, you are asked to implement a simulation program to answer (c). Please use the filename `mcmc.py`. You may want to verify your estimated probability with the one computed by using `bayes.jar`.

(a) (8 points) Show $\vec{P}(C|\neg s, r), \vec{P}(C|\neg s, \neg r), \vec{P}(R|c, \neg s, w), \vec{P}(R|\neg c, \neg s, w)$.

(b) (16 points) Show the transition probability matrix $Q \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}$ where q_{ij} = transition probability from S_i to S_j in Figure 2.

(c) (20 points) Show the probability of the query $\vec{P}(C|\neg s, w)$

(d) Please follow the output format. (Fix precisions using "{:.4f}".format)

Part A. The sampling probabilities

$P(C|\neg s, r) = \langle \dots, \dots \rangle$

$P(C|\neg s, \neg r) = \langle \dots, \dots \rangle$

$P(R|c, \neg s, w) = \langle \dots, \dots \rangle$

$P(R|\neg c, \neg s, w) = \langle \dots, \dots \rangle$

Part B. The transition probability matrix

	S1	S2	S3	S4
S1
S2
S3
S4

Part C. The probability for the query

$P(C|\neg s, w) = \langle \dots, \dots \rangle$

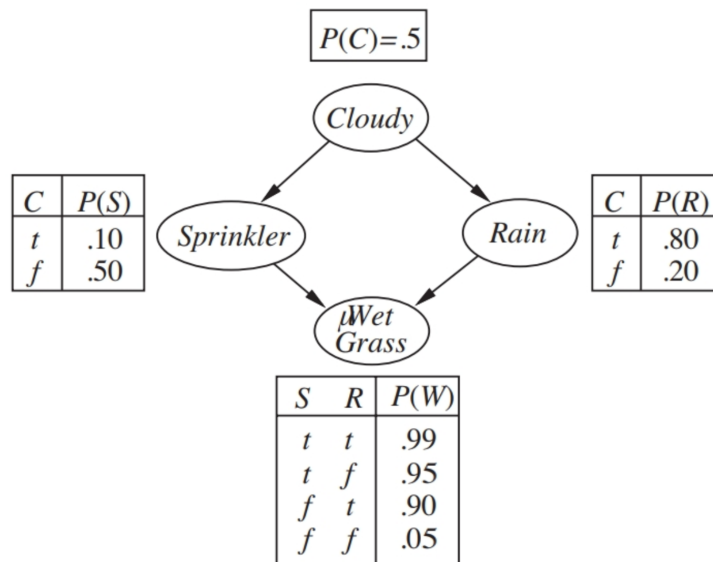


Figure 1: A multiply connected network with conditional probability tables. Note that the probabilities are slightly different than the lecture notes and the text book example.

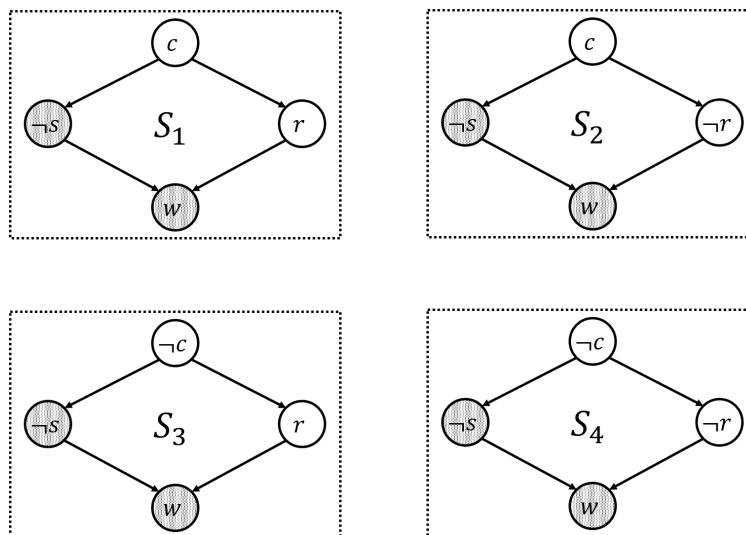


Figure 2: Possible states diagram