level12

Inside the level12 home directory, we found a Perl script named "level12.pl".

This script seemed simple but proved to be a real brain-teaser, listening on localhost port 4646 and employing the CGI module to process web inputs.

```
#!/usr/bin/env perl
# localhost:4646
use CGI qw{param};
print «Content-type: text/html\n\n»;
sub t {
 nn = [1];
 xx = f[0];
 xx = tr/a-z/A-Z/;
  xx = x/\s.*//;
 @output = `egrep "^$xx" /tmp/xd 2>&1`;
  foreach $line (@output) {
      ($f, $s) = split(/:/, $line);
      if($s =~ $nn) {
          return 1;
  return 0;
sub n {
  if($_[0] == 1) {
      print("..");
  } else {
      print(«.»);
n(t(param(«x»), param(«y»)));
```

level12²

The crux of the script is the following command:

```
@output = `egrep "^$xx" /tmp/xd 2>&1`;
```

Here, the "\$xx" variable is sanitized from HTML query parameter "x". The challenge was that "\$xx" gets converted to uppercase and truncated at spaces, making conventional shell injection difficult.

The script's primary function is to:

- Convert \$_[0] to uppercase.
- Trim spaces and any subsequent characters from \$_[0].
- Use egrep to search the /tmp/xd file for lines beginning with the altered \$ [0].

Our breakthrough came when we realized we could exploit the egrep command to execute an all-uppercase file. Thus, we devised an executable script that invokes the getflag command and writes the output to another file:

