

Almuthanna Aljajan

Oblig 1

Almuthanna Jamal Aljajan

oppgave 2-12:

$$R_{z,\alpha} \cdot R_{x,\phi} \cdot R_{z,\theta} \cdot R_{x,\psi}$$

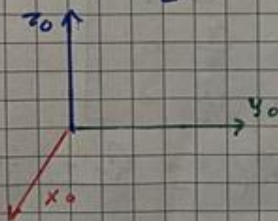
oppgave 2-13:

$$R_{z,\alpha} \cdot R_{z,\theta} \cdot R_{x,\phi} \cdot R_{x,\psi}$$

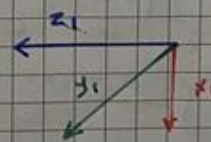
oppgave 2-12:

$$R_{y,\frac{\pi}{2}} \cdot R_{x,\frac{\pi}{2}} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 90 & 0 & \sin 90 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin 90 & 0 & \cos 90 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos 90 & -\sin 90 \\ 0 & \sin 90 & \cos 90 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 0 & 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 1 & 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot (-1) + 1 \cdot 0 \\ 0 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 & 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 & 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot (-1) + 0 \cdot 0 \\ -1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 & -1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 & -1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



①



oppgave 2-15:

$$R_3^2 = (R_2^1)^T \cdot R_1^1 = R_1^2 \cdot R_3^1$$

$$R_1^2 = (R_1^1)^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3^2 = R_1^2 \cdot R_3^1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot (-1) & 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 & 1 \cdot (-1) + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 \\ 0 \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 1 & 0 \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 0 & 0 \cdot (-1) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 0 \\ 0 \cdot 0 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 & 0 \cdot 0 + (-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 & 0 \cdot (-1) + (-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

oppgave 2-23

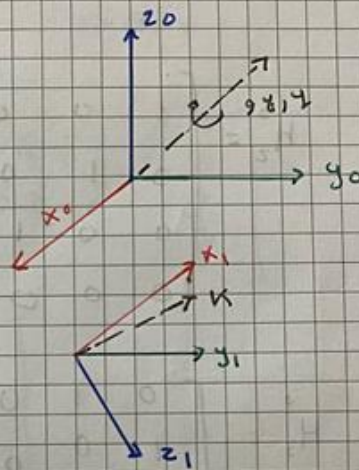
$$R = R_{y, \frac{\pi}{2}} \cdot R_{z, \frac{\pi}{4}} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{\pi}{2} & 0 & \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \frac{\pi}{2} & 0 & \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} & -\sin \frac{\pi}{4} & 0 \\ \sin \frac{\pi}{4} & \cos \frac{\pi}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{r_{11} + r_{22} + r_{33} - 1}{2} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{0 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 0 - 1}{2} \right) = \underline{\underline{98.421}}$$

$$K = \frac{1}{2\sin\theta} \begin{bmatrix} r_{32} - r_{23} \\ r_{13} - r_{31} \\ r_{21} - r_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2\sin 20} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - 0 \\ 1 - (-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0,3572 \\ 0,8628 \\ 0,3572 \end{bmatrix}$$



③

oppgave 2-23

ZYZ

$$R_{ZYZ} = R_{Z,\varphi} R_{Y,\theta} R_{Z,\psi} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos\varphi \cos\theta \cos\psi - \sin\varphi \sin\psi & -\cos\varphi \cos\theta \sin\psi - \sin\varphi \cos\psi & \cos\varphi \sin\theta \\ \sin\varphi \cos\theta \cos\psi + \cos\varphi \sin\psi & -\sin\varphi \cos\theta \sin\psi + \cos\varphi \cos\psi & \sin\varphi \sin\theta \\ -\sin\theta \cos\psi & \sin\theta \sin\psi & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 - \sin\frac{\pi}{2} \sin\frac{\pi}{2} \sin\frac{\pi}{2} & 0 - \sin\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\frac{\pi}{2} & 0 \\ \sin\frac{\pi}{2} \cos 0 \cos\frac{\pi}{2} + 0 & -\sin\frac{\pi}{2} \cos 0 \sin\frac{\pi}{2} + 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

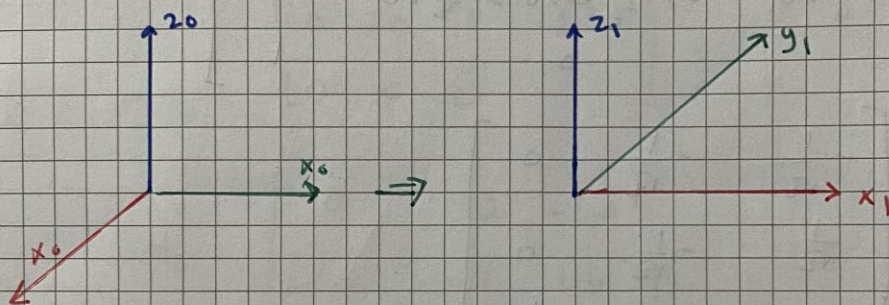
Retning til x i forhold til baseplan er $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ i retning x_0 og $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ i retning y_0 .

4

oppgave. 2-36

$$\text{Trans}_{y,1} \text{ Trans}_{x,3} \text{ Rot}_z, \frac{\pi}{2} = \begin{bmatrix} c_y & -s_y & 0 & 3 \\ s_y & c_y & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



5

oppgave 2-38

$$H_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -0,5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1,5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1,1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_3^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -0,5 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1,5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_2^3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1,9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

6