



# **TypeScript**

## Tahaluf Training Center 2021



شركــة تحالــف الإمــــارات للحـــلـــول الـتـقـنيــة ذ.م.م. TAHALUF AL EMARAT TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS L.L.C.







## **Day 01**

- 1 Overview about Typescript
- 2 Why Typescript
- 3 Top frameworks and libraries that use TS
- 4 Installation and environment setup
- 5 VSCode terminal
- 6 Different between Js and Ts
- 7 Type Annotations



### **Overview about Typescript**



TypeScript is an open-source which builds on JavaScript.

❖ Types provide a way to describe the shape of an object, providing better documentation, and allowing TypeScript to validate that your code is working correctly.







Writing types can be optional in Typescript, because type inference allows you to get a lot of power without writing additional code.







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#### Why Typescript



❖ Types Typescript are not fully loosely type language like what we were doing in JS or Python, in Typescript we can assign a type for each variable, parameter, or even functions. The types are the usual types in other programming languages, and we will get more deeply on them soon enough.



#### Why Typescript



- ❖ OOP support (Object Oriented Programming) Typescript allows us to write Classes, Interfaces, Enums, Inheritances, Compositions etc.
- **❖** Better code modularization

Typescript allows us to create more organized modules and use them anywhere in our code.



## **Why Typescript**



### **❖** Meta programming features like decorators

Decorators in Typescript are very much helpful, decorators mainly describe the piece of code bellow it and also can be used to manipulate specific data inside the code.







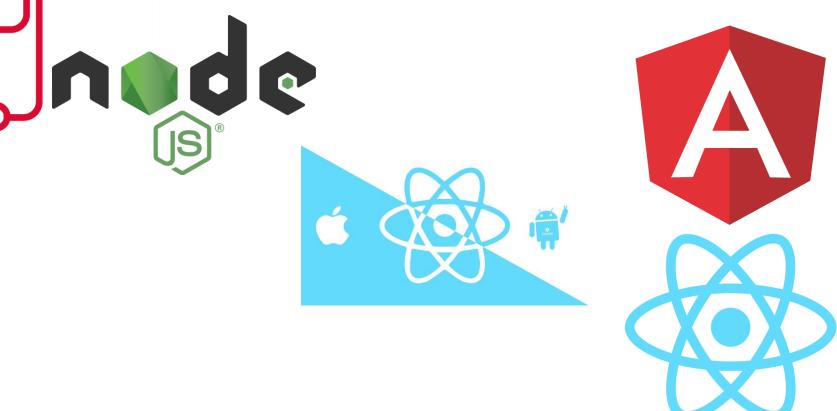
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- ❖ To start working with Typescript we need to do the following steps:
  - 1. Install Node.js + NPM (Node Package Manager).
  - Install Typescript .
  - 3. Install text-editor or IDE (integrated development environment)
- we will use VSCode in this course.



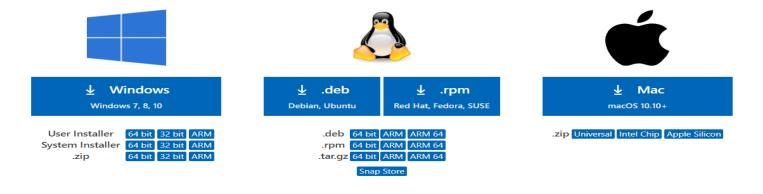




- ❖ First We need to Install Visual Studio Code (VSCode)
- 1. Go to <a href="https://code.visualstudio.com/download">https://code.visualstudio.com/download</a> and choose the right one for your device.

#### Download Visual Studio Code

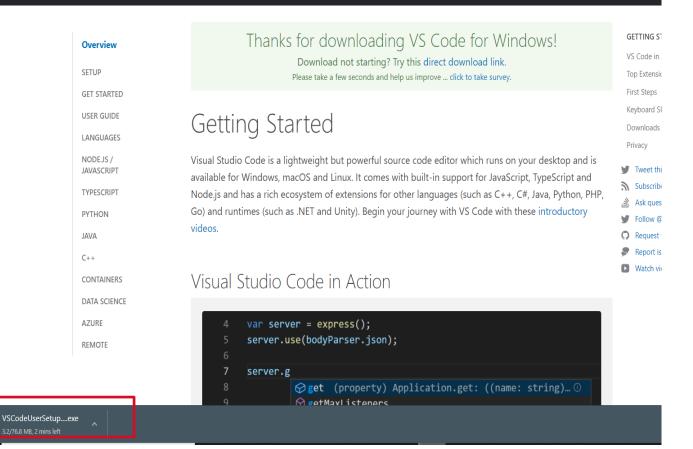
Free and built on open source. Integrated Git, debugging and extensions.





#### Installation and environment setup



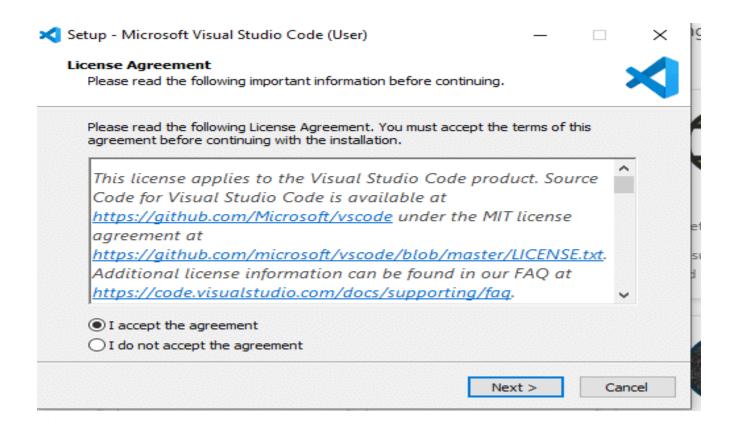








## 2. Choose I accept the agreement and then click next.









3. Choose where you want to install the software. You can change the installation folder location, or keep the default settings. Click Next to continue.

Setup - Microsoft Visual Studio Code (User)	)	_	- >
Select Destination Location			
Where should Visual Studio Code be installed	d?		×
Setup will install Visual Studio Code	into the following fo	older.	
To continue, click Next. If you would like to	select a different fo	lder, click Br	owse.
C:\Users\Helpdesk\AppData\Local\Program	s\Microsoft VS Code	В	cowse
At least 251,3 MB of free disk space is requi	red.		







4. Choose if you want to change the shortcut folder name in your Start menu, or don't want to install shortcuts at all. Click Next.

Setup - Microsoft Visual Studio Code (User)				>
Select Start Menu Folder				
Where should Setup place the program's shortcuts?			3	~
Setup will create the program's shortcuts in the fo	ollowing Start	Menu	folder.	
To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a differe	nt folder, did	k Brow	se.	
Visual Studio Code		Bro	wse	
☐ Don't create a Start Menu folder				
□ Don't create a Start Menu folder	Next >		Cano	







5. Select the additional tasks, e.g. creating a desktop icon or adding options to the Windows Explorer right-click menu. Click Next.

✓ Setup - Visual Studio Code	
Select Additional Tasks	
Which additional tasks should be performed?	
Select the additional tasks you would like Setup to perform while installing Visual Studio Code, then click Next.	
Additional icons:	
Create a desktop icon	
Other:	
Add "Open with Code" action to Windows Explorer file context menu	
Add "Open with Code" action to Windows Explorer directory context menu	
Register Code as an editor for supported file types	
Add to PATH (available after restart)	
	,
< Back Next > Cancel	







6. Click Install to start the software installation.

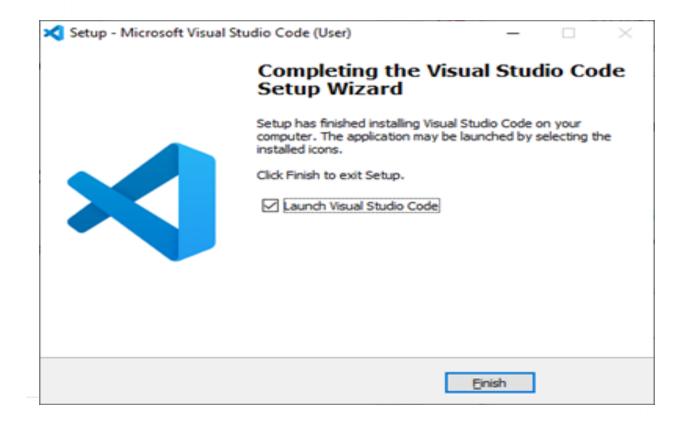
✓ Setup - Microsoft Visual Studio Code (User) —		×
Ready to Install Setup is now ready to begin installing Visual Studio Code on your compute	r.	×
Click Install to continue with the installation, or click Back if you want to re change any settings.	view or	
Destination location:     C:\Users\Vennart.degeyter\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Co Start Menu folder:     Visual Studio Code  Additional tasks:     Other:		^
Add to PATH (requires shell restart)	>	~
< <u>B</u> ack <u>Install</u>	Ca	ancel



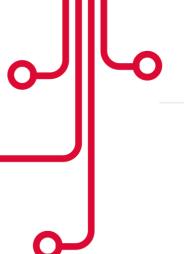




7. The software is installed and ready to use. Click Finish to finalize the installation and start the program









## What is NPM





## **Install Typescript using NPM**



NPM (Node Package Manager) is used to install the typescript package on your local machine or a project. Make sure you have Node.js install on your local machine.







- ❖ Next to Install Node.js and NPM (Node Package Manager).
- 1. Go to <a href="https://nodejs.org/en/">https://nodejs.org/en/</a>









2. Click the "Next" button to continue with the installation









## 3. Accept the terms and conditions

Mode.js Setup —	. 🗆	×
End-User License Agreement  Please read the following license agreement carefully		le
Node.js is licensed for use as follows:		^
Copyright Node.js contributors. All rights reserved.		
Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person of a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, include without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, public distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, so	e ling ish, to	>
☑ I accept the terms in the License Agreement		
Print Back Next	] c	ancel







4. Choose the location where Node.js needs to be installed and then click on the Next button.

Node.js Setup	
Destination Folder  Choose a custom location or click Next to instal	n•de®
Install Node.js to:	
C:\Program Files\nodejs\ Change	
	Back Next Cancel







5. Select the default components to be installed Accept the default components and click on the Next button.

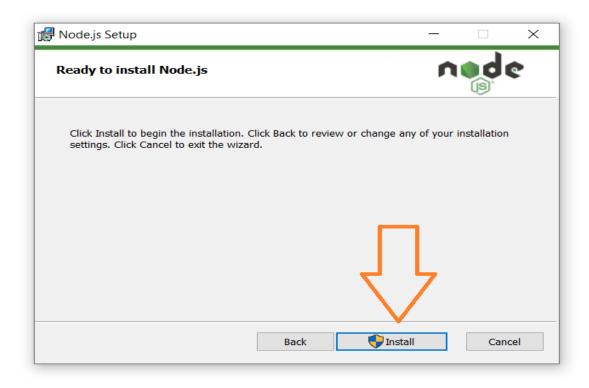
₩ Node.js Setup	- 🗆 X
Custom Setup  Select the way you want features to be installed.	nøde
Click the icons in the tree below to change the way	features will be installed.
Node.js runtime npm package manager Online documentation shortcuts Add to PATH	Install the core Node.js runtime (node.exe).
	This feature requires 24MB on your hard drive. It has 2 of 2 subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 20KB on your hard drive.
	Browse
Reset Disk Usage	Back Next Cancel







#### 6. Start the installation









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❖ To get the better advantages of this course we will use the **terminal** to create our files, install packages and also to run and build our code.

❖ To open the terminal on VSCode you can do Ctl +J on Windows or Cmd+J on OSX.





- The main commands:
- cd (to navigate through files)
- touch <file name> (to create files) MAC and dir > for WINDOWS
- mkdir <folder name> (to create folders)
- Other commands will be discussed through the course.





- We will start building our TS code to JS code then run it on the browser.
- And we will do all that using the tsc command which comes with the typescript itself,
- so basically when you install Typescript you become able to use the tsc on any ts project.





- To initialize the typescript project, we will use:
  - 1- npm init
  - 2-tsc-init
- Using these commands we will have two new files the package.json file and tsconfig file, These files will help us manage our ts configurations like linting and compilation options, package.json will help us tracking and using our packages.





- ❖ To Install TypeScript in your local machine :
- 1. Open the terminal.
- Write this command : npm install -g typescript
- ❖ -g means global .







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Check the installed version of TypeScript using the following command:

```
PS C:\Users\User> npm version
  npm: '6.14.12',
  ares: '1.16.1',
  brotli: '1.0.9',
  cldr: '37.0',
  icu: '67.1',
  llhttp: '2.1.3',
  modules: '83',
  napi: '7',
  nghttp2: '1.41.0',
  node: '14.16.1',
  openssl: '1.1.1k',
  tz: '2020a',
  unicode: '13.0',
  uv: '1.40.0',
  v8: '8.4.371.19-node.18',
  zlib: '1.2.11'
PS C:\Users\User>
```







❖ To add tsconfig.json file by using tsc –init command

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE
Windows PowerShell Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\Demo> tscinit message TS6071: Successfully created a tsconfig.json file. PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\Demo>







```
♦ Index.html X
■ Untitled-1
               JS testjs.js
♦ Index.html > ♦ html > ♦ head > ♦ meta
      <!DOCTYPE html>
  2 ∨ <html lang="en">
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
          <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
          meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"
  6
          <title>Testing code</title>
      </head>
          <input type="number" id="num1" placeholder="number 1" >
          <input type="number" id="num2" placeholder="number 2" >
          <button id="button">ADD</button>
      </body>
      <script src="testjs.js"></script>
```







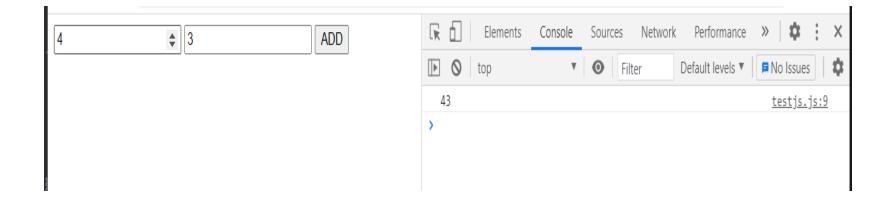
```
■ Untitled-1
                JS testjs.js
                                Index.html
JS testjs.js > ...
      const btn= document.querySelector("button");
       const input1=document.getElementById("num1");
       const input2=document.getElementById("num2");
       function add(num1, num2)
           return num1+num2;
       btn.addEventListener("click",function(){
           console.log(add(input1.value,input2.value));
       });
 11
 12
```







This function, which was written in JavaScript he must add two numbers, but the result is concatenate them.









This is the same code as the previous one, but it was written in a TypeScript method.

```
■ Untitled-1
               Index.html
                                           ×
                                TS Test.ts
TS Test.ts > 😭 add
      const btn= document.querySelector("button");
      const input1=document.getElementById("num1")!as HTMLInputElement;
      const input2=document.getElementById("num2")! as HTMLInputElement;
      function add(num1 :number,num2:number)
          return num1+num2;
  7
      btn.addEventListener("click",function(){
          console.log(add(+input1.value,+input2.value));
      });
 11
 12
```





Using this command to compile the typescript file and check if any error is occurred.

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\Test> tsc .\Test.ts

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\Test> |
```







❖ The result after this code is :









❖ How to transform the typescript file to JavaScript file after using tsc command .

#### **Typescript**

#### JavaScript after transformation

```
class Greeter {
                                                        var Greeter = (function () {
                                                            function Greeter(message) {
       greeting: string;
       constructor(message: string) {
                                                                this.greeting = message;
           this.greeting = message;
                                                            Greeter.prototype.greet = function () {
       greet() {
                                                                return "Hello, " + this.greeting;
           return "Hello, " + this.greeting;
                                                            };
                                                            return Greeter;
9 }
                                                     9 1)();
                                                     10 var greeter = new Greeter("world");
11 var greeter = new Greeter("world");
                                                     11
```



## **Type Annotations**



❖ In typescript We can specify the type using :**Type** after the name of the variable, parameter or property. There can be a space after the colon. TypeScript includes all the primitive types of JavaScript- number, string and Boolean.







#### **Example:**

```
var age: number = 32; // number variable
var name: string = "Dana";// string variable
var isUpdated: boolean = true;// Boolean variable
```

