WCDMA UGxx FILE

AT Commands Manual

UMTS/HSPA Module Series

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About the Document

History

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1.1	2015-03-02	Bonnie ZHAO	Changed the document name from “UG95” to “UGxx”.
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Contents

About the Document **2**
Contents **3**

1 Introduction **5**
1.1. The Process of Using File AT Commands 5

2 Description of AT Command **6**
2.1. AT+QFLDS Get the Space Information of the Storage 6
2.2. AT+QFLST List Files 7
2.3. AT+QFDEL Delete the File in the Storage 8
2.4. AT+QFUPL Upload File to the Storage 8
2.5. AT+QFDWL Download the File from the Storage 10
2.6. AT+QFOPEN Open the File 11
2.7. AT+QFREAD Read the File 12
2.8. AT+QFWRITE Write the File 12
2.9. AT+QFSEEK Seek the File 13
2.10. AT+QFPOSITION Get the Offset of the File Pointer 14
2.11. AT+QFTUCAT Truncate the File from the File Pointer 14
2.12. AT+QFCLOSE Close the File 15

3 Example **16**
3.1. Upload and Download Files 16
3.1.1. Upload the File 16
3.1.1.1. Non ACK Mode 16
3.1.1.2. ACK Mode 16
3.1.2. Download the File 17
3.2. Write and Read the File 17
3.2.1. Write and Read RAM File 17

4 Appendix A Summary of <err> Code **18**

Table Index

TABLE 1: SUMMARY OF ERROR CODE 18

1 Introduction

Quectel module provides AT commands to operate files on RAM (Random Access Memory). This document is a reference guide to these commands. The files in the RAM will be lost when rebooting the module. The file name must begin with “RAM:”

This document is applicable to Quectel UGxx modules.

1.1. The Process of Using File AT Commands

There are two modes to create, read and write the file in the storage:

1. The file is created and all the content of the file could be uploaded to the storage by command “AT+QFUPL”. And the content can be outputted/downloaded through the serial interface by command “AT+QFDWL”.
2. Open the file by “AT+QFOPEN”, then the file can be written or read at any time and any location until the file is closed by “AT+QFCLOSE”.
   - When the file is opened by command “AT+QFOPEN”, you can set the file as overwrite mode or read-only mode or others by the parameter <mode>. (For more information about <mode>, see Section 2.6). After the file is opened, a <file_handle> is assigned to this file. Then you can operate this file via this <file_handle>.
   - After the file is opened, write the file by command “AT+QFWRITE” and read the file by “AT+QFREAD” from the current file position.
   - You can set the file position by “AT+QFSEEK” and get the current position by “AT+QFPOSITION".
   - “AT+QFTUCAT” will truncate the file from the current position to the end of the file.
   - Close the file by “AT+QFCLOSE”. Then the <file_handle> becomes meaningless to this file.

There are several commands to manage files in the storage:

1. “AT+QFLDS” gets the storage size.
2. “AT+QFLST” lists files information in the storage.
3. “AT+QFDEL” deletes the file(s).

2 Description of AT Command

2.1. AT+QFLDS Get the Space Information of the Storage

AT+QFLDS responds the space information of the specified storage.

AT+QFLDS Get the Space Information of the Storage	
Test Command **AT+QFLDS=?**	Response **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFLDS=<name_pattern>**	Response **+QFLDS: <free_size>,<total_size>** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**
Execution Command **AT+QFLDS**	Response **+QFLDS: <free_size>,<total_size>** **OK**

Parameter

<name_pattern>	Pattern "RAM" RAM files in the random storage
<free_size>	The size of the free space in <name_pattern>
<total_size>	The total size of the storage <name_pattern>
<errc>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

Example

```
AT+QFLDS="RAM"
+QFLDS: 524288,524288

OK
```

2.2. AT+QFLST List Files

AT+QFLST lists the information of a single file or all files in the required storage medium.

AT+QFLST List Files	
Test Command **AT+QFLST=?**	Response **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFLST=<name_pattern>**	Response **+QFLST: <file_name>,<file_size>** **[+QFLST: <file_name>,<file_size>** **[…]]** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**
Execution Command **AT+QFLST**	Response Return the information of the RAM files: **+QFLST: <file_name>,<file_size>** **[+QFLST: <file_name>,<file_size>** **[…]]** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<name_pattern>	The file to be listed	
	"RAM:*"	All the files in RAM
	"RAM:<file_name>"	The specified file <file_name> in RAM
<file_name>	Name of the file	
<file_size>	Size in bytes of the file	
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)	

Example

```
AT+QFLST="RAM:*"
+QFLST: "RAM:F_UGxx-1.bmp",56554
+QFLST: "RAM:F_UGxx-10.bmp",56554
+QFLST: "RAM:F_UGxx-11.bmp",56554

OK
```

2.3. AT+QFDEL Delete the File in the Storage

AT+QFDEL deletes a single file or all the files in the specified storage.

AT+QFDEL Delete the File in the Storage	
Test Command **AT+QFDEL=?**	Response **+QFDEL: <file_name>** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFDEL=<file_name>**	Response **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_name> The file to be deleted. The max length of <file_name> is 80 bytes
- "RAM:*" Delete all the files in RAM
- "RAM:<file_name>" Delete the specified file <file_name> in RAM

<err> The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

2.4. AT+QFUPL Upload File to the Storage

1. AT+QFUPL uploads the file to storage directly. If there is a file in the storage which has the same name with the file to be uploaded, it will report the error.
2. There are three ways to exit from the transparent transmission mode:
   - The data uploaded reaches the <file_size>.
   - The time without any data inputted reaches <timeout>.
   - When the data is transmitted, the DTR PIN (AT&D1 should be set.) is pulled high or the valid "+++" is inputted.
3. To prevent the "+++" from being misinterpreted as data, it should comply to the following sequence:
   - Do not input any character within T1 time (1 second) before inputting "+++".
   - Input "+++" during 1s, and no other characters can be inputted during the time.
   - Do not input any character within T1 time (1 second) after "+++" has been inputted.
   - The current result "+QFUPL: <upload_size>,<checksum>" is outputted, and the module exits from the transparent access mode, return OK.

AT+QFUPL Upload File to the Storage	
Test Command **AT+QFUPL=?**	Response **+QFUPL: <file_name>[,(1-<free_size>)[,(1-65535)[,(0,1)]]]**

	OK
Write Command **AT+QFUPL=<file_name>[,<file_size>[,<timeout>[,<ackmode>]]]**	Response **CONNECT** TA switches to the transparent access mode, and the binary data of file can be inputted. When the total size of the inputted data reaches <file_size> (unit: byte), TA will return to command mode and reply the following codes: **+QFUPL: <upload_size>,<checksum>** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<free_size>	The size of the free space in <name_pattern>. Please refer to the "+QFLDS"
<file_name>	The name of file to be stored. The max length is 80 bytes "RAM:<file_name>" The name of file uploaded to RAM
<file_size>	The file size expected to be uploaded Default is 10240. Unit is byte
<upload_size>	The actual size of the uploaded data. Unit: byte
<timeout>	The delay time in seconds of waiting data to be inputted to USB/UART. Default is 5s
<ackmode>	Whether to use ACK mode 0 Turn off the ACK mode by default 1 Turn on the ACK mode
<checksum>	The checksum of the uploaded data
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

NOTES

1. It is strongly recommended to use DOS 8.3 file name format for <file_name>.
2. <checksum> is a 16 bit checksum based on bitwise XOR.
   If the number of the characters is odd, set the last character as the high 8 bit, and the low 8 bit as 0, and then use an XOR operator to calculate the checksum. "+++" sequence will cause TA to end the command and switch to command mode; however, the data previously uploaded will be preserved into the file.
3. When executing the command, the data must be entered after CONNECT appears.
4. The ACK mode is provided to avoid the loss of data when uploading large files, in case hardware flow control doesn't work. The ACK mode works as follows:
   1) Run AT+QFUPL=<file_name>,<file_size>,<timeout>,1 command to enable the ACK mode.
   2) The module outputs CONNECT.
   3) MCU sends 1K bytes data, and then the module will respond with an 'A'.

4) MCU receives this 'A' and then sends the next 1K bytes data;
5) Repeat step 3) and 4) until the transfer is completed.

2.5. AT+QFDWL Download the File from the Storage

AT+QFDWL downloads the file from the module storage.

AT+QFDWL Download the File from the Storage	
Test Command **AT+QFDWL=?**	Response **+QFDWL: <file_name>** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFDWL=<file_name>**	Response **CONNECT** TA switches to data mode, and the bin data of the file will be outputted. When the file is read over, TA will return to command mode and reply the following codes: **+QFDWL: <download_size>,<checksum>** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_name>	The name of the file to be downloaded. The max length is 80 letters "RAM: <file_name>" The downloaded file in RAM
<download_size>	The size of the downloaded data
<checksum>	The checksum of the downloaded data
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A)***

NOTES

1. "+++" sequence will cause TA to end the command and switch to command mode.
2. <checksum> is a 16 bit checksum based on bitwise XOR.

2.6. AT+QFOPEN Open the File

Get the file handle by the “AT+QFOPEN” which is used in other commands, such as “AT+QFWRITE”, “AT+QFREAD”, “AT+QFSEEK”, “AT+QCLOSE”, “AT+QFPOSITION” and “AT+QFTUCAT”.

AT+QFOPEN Open the File	
Test Command **AT+QFOPEN=?**	Response **+QFOPEN: <file_name>[,(0-2)]** **OK**
Read Command **AT+QFOPEN?**	Response **+QFOPEN: <file_name>,<file_handle>,<mode>** **[+QFOPEN: <file_name>,<file_handle>,<mode>** **[…]]** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFOPEN=<file_name>[,<mode>]**	Response **+QFOPEN: <file_handle>** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_name>	The file to be operated. The max length is 80 bytes “RAM: <file_name>” The operated file in the RAM
<file_handle>	The handle of the file. The data type is 4 bytes
<mode>	The open mode of the file. Default is 0 0 If the file does not exist, it will be created; if the file exists, it will be directly opened. And both of them can be read and written. 1 If the file does not exist, it will be created; If the file exists, the file will be overwritten and cleared. And both of them can be read and written. 2 If the file exists, open it and it can be read only. When the file does not exist, it will respond the error.
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A)***

2.7. AT+QFREAD Read the File

AT+QFREAD reads the data of the file related to the handle. The data starts from the current position of the file pointer which belongs to the file handle.

AT+QFREAD Read the File	
Test Command **AT+QFREAD=?**	Response **+QFREAD: <file_handle>[,<length>]** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFREAD=<file_handle>[,<length>]**	Response **CONNECT <read_length>** TA switches to data mode. When the total size of the data reaches <length> (unit: byte), TA will return to command mode, display the result and then reply the following codes: **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_handle>	The handle of the file to be operated
<length>	The length of the file to be read out and the default is the file length
<read_length>	The actual read length
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

2.8. AT+QFWRITE Write the File

AT+QFWRITE writes the data to the file in storage. The data starts from the current position of the file pointer which belongs to the file handle.

AT+QFWRITE Write the File	
Test Command **AT+QFWRITE=?**	Response **+QFWRITE: <file_handle>[,<length>[,<timeout>]]** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFWRITE=<file_handle>[,<length>[,<timeout>]]**	Response **CONNECT** TA switches to data mode. When the total size of the written data reaches <length> (unit: byte) or the time, TA will return to

	command mode and reply the following codes: **+QFWRITE: <written_length>,<total_length>** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_handle>	The handle of the file to be operated
<length>	The length of the file to be written, the default length is 10K. The range of this parameter is same with the <free_size> of the "AT+QFUPL"
<timeout>	The time of waiting data to be inputted to USB/UART . Default is 5s
<written_length>	The actual written length
<total_length>	The total length of the file
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

2.9. AT+QFSEEK Seek the File

Set the current position of the file pointer which belongs to the file handle. This will decide the starting position of the "AT+QFREAD", "AT+QFWRITE", "AT+QFPOSITION" and "AT+QFTUCAT".

AT+QFSEEK Seek the File	
Test Command **AT+QFSEEK=?**	Response **+QFSEEK: <file_handle>,<offset>[,<position>]** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFSEEK=<file_handle>,<offset>[,<position>]**	Response **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_handle>	The handle of the file to be operated	
<offset>	The number of bytes of the file pointer movement	
<position>	Pointer movement mode. Default is 0	
	0	The beginning of the file
	1	The current position of the pointer
	2	The end of the file

<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

NOTES

1. If <position> is 0, and the <offset> exceeds the file size, the command will return ERROR.
2. If <position> is 1, and the total size of the <offset> with the current position of the pointer exceeds the file size the command will return ERROR.
3. If <position> is 2, the handle will move forth.

2.10. AT+QFPOSITION Get the Offset of the File Pointer

AT+QFPOSITION gets the current position of the file pointer which is relevant to the file handle.

AT+QFPOSITION Get the Offset of the File Pointer	
Test Command **AT+QFPOSITION=?**	Response **+QFPOSITION: <file_handle>** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFPOSITION=<file_handle>**	Response **+QFPOSITION: <offset>** **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_handle>	The handle of the operated file
<offset>	The offset from the beginning of the file
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

2.11. AT+QFTUCAT Truncate the File from the File Pointer

AT+QFTUCAT will truncate all the data behind the position that the file pointer indicates.

AT+QFTUCAT Truncate the File from the File Pointer	
Test Command **AT+QFTUCAT=?**	Response **+QFTUCAT: <file_handle>**

	OK
Write Command **AT+QFTUCAT=<file_handle>**	Response **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_handle>	The handle of the operated file
<err>	The error code from the module (see the ***Appendix A***)

2.12. AT+QFCLOSE Close the File

AT+QFCLOSE closes the file and ends the operation to the file. The file handle is released and should not be used again, unless open the file again with "AT+QFOPEN".

AT+QFCLOSE Close the File	
Test Command **AT+QFCLOSE=?**	Response **+QFCLOSE: <file_handle>** **OK**
Write Command **AT+QFCLOSE=<file_handle>**	Response **OK** or **+CME ERROR: <err>**

Parameter

<file_handle>	The handle of the operated file
<err>	The error code from the module (see ***Appendix A***)

3 Example

3.1. Upload and Download Files

3.1.1. Upload the File

3.1.1.1. Non ACK Mode

```
AT+QFUPL="RAM:test1.txt",10          //Upload the text file “RAM:test1.txt” to RAM.
CONNECT
<input file bin data>
+QFUPL: 10,613e                      //Get the bytes of the uploaded data and the checksum.

OK
```

3.1.1.2. ACK Mode

The ACK mode can make the data transmission more reliable. When transmitting the large file without hardware flow control, the ACK mode is used to prevent the data from being lost. About the ACK mode, please refer to the details of “AT+QFUPL”.

```
AT+QFUPL="RAM:test.txt",3000,5,1     //Upload the text file “RAM:test.txt” to RAM.
CONNECT
<input file bin data of 1024bytes>
A                                    //After receiving 1024bytes data, the module will respond
                                       an “A”, then next 1024 bytes data can be inputted.
<input file bin data of 1024bytes>
A
<input the rest file bin data>
+QFUPL: 3000,B34A

OK
```

3.1.2. Download the File

```
AT+QFDWL="RAM:test.txt"                 //Download the text file “RAM:test.txt” from RAM.
CONNECT
<Output Data>
+QFDWL: 10,613e                         //Get the bytes of the downloaded data and the checksum.

OK
```

3.2. Write and Read the File

3.2.1. Write and Read RAM File

```
AT+QFLDS="RAM"                          //Query the space information of RAM.
+QFLDS: 524288,524288

OK
AT+QFOPEN="RAM:1",0                     //Open the file in the RAM.
+QFOPEN: 3000

OK
AT+QFWRITE=3000,10                      //Write 10 bytes to the file.
CONNECT
<Write Data>
+QFWRITE: 10,10                         //The actual written bytes and the size of the file are returned.

OK
AT+QFSEEK=3000,0,0                      //Set the file pointer to the beginning of the file.
OK
AT+QFREAD=3000,10                       //Read the data.
CONNECT
<Read Data>

OK
AT+QFCLOSE=3000                         //Close the file.
OK
```

4 Appendix A Summary of <err> Code

The result of the final error code is “+CME ERROR: <err>”. <err> indicates an error relating to the ME or Network. The operation is similar to Error result code. It will be returned when some definition error happens. The <err> codes listed here are just related to UGxx module of the File.

Table 1: Summary of Error Code

<err>	Meaning
400	invalid input value
401	larger than the size of the file
402	read zero bytes
403	drive full
405	file not found
406	invalid file name
407	file already exists
409	fail to write the file
410	fail to open the file
411	fail to read the file
413	reach the max number of file allowed to be opened
414	the file read-only
416	invalid file descriptor
417	fail to list the file
418	fail to delete the file
419	fail to get disk info

420	no space
421	time out
423	file too large
425	invalid parameter
426	file already opened