# Face Recognition Vendor Test Ongoing

## Still Face 1:1 Verification

Application Programming Interface (API)

VERSION 4.0

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## FRVT Ongoing 1:1

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#### 26 **1. FRVT 1:1**

#### 27 **1.1.** Scope

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- 28 This document establishes a concept of operations and an application programming interface (API) for evaluation of face
- 29 recognition (FR) implementations submitted to NIST's ongoing Face Recognition Vendor Test. This API is for the 1:1
- 30 identity verification track. Separate API documents will be published for future additional tracks to FRVT. All images
- 31 include exactly one face.

## 1.2. General FRVT Evaluation Specifications

- 33 General and common information shared between all Ongoing FRVT tracks are documented in the FRVT General
- 34 Evaluation Specifications document https://www.nist.gov/system/files/documents/2019/03/20/frvt\_common\_1.0.pdf.
- 35 This includes rules for participation, hardware and operating system environment, software requirements, reporting, and
- 36 common data structures that support the APIs.

#### 1.3. Time limits

- 38 The elemental functions of the implementations shall execute under the time constraints of Table 1. These time limits
- 39 apply to the function call invocations defined in section 3. Assuming the times are random variables, NIST cannot regulate
- 40 the maximum value, so the time limits are median values. This means that the median of all operations should take less
- 41 than the identified duration.
- 42 The time limits apply per image. When K images of a person are present, the time limits shall be increased by a factor K.

#### Table 1 – Processing time limits in milliseconds, per 640 x 480 image

Function	1:1 verification
Feature extraction enrollment	1000 (1 core)
	640x480 pixels
Feature extraction for verification	1000 (1 core)
	640x480 pixels
Matching	5 (1 core)

## 2. Data structures supporting the API

- 45 The data structures supporting this API are documented in the FRVT General Evaluation Specifications document
- 46 available at https://www.nist.gov/system/files/documents/2019/03/20/frvt\_common\_1.0.pdf, with corresponding
- 47 header file named frvt\_structs.h published at https://github.com/usnistgov/frvt.

## 3. Implementation Library Filename

- The core library shall be named as libfrvt\_11\_provider>\_<sequence>.so, with
  - provider: single word, non-infringing name of the main provider. Example: acme
  - sequence: a three digit decimal identifier to start at 000 and incremented by 1 every time a library is sent to NIST. Example: 007

54 Example core library names: libfrvt 11 acme 000.so, libfrvt 11 mycompany 006.so.

Important: Public results will be attributed with the provider name and the 3-digit sequence number in the submitted

56 library name.

## 4. API Specification

58 FRVT 1:1 participants shall implement the relevant C++ prototyped interfaces in Section 4.4. C++ was chosen in order to

make use of some object-oriented features.

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#### 4.1. Header File

The prototypes from this document will be written to a file named **frvt11.h** and will be available to implementers at <a href="https://github.com/usnistgov/frvt">https://github.com/usnistgov/frvt</a>.

#### 4.2. Namespace

All supporting data structures will be declared in the FRVT namespace. All API interfaces/function calls for this track will be declared in the FRVT\_11 namespace.

#### 4.3. Overview

1:1 VERIFICATION Native or updated configuration Enrollment initialization Verification initialization Match initialization Key Multiface Multiface Comparison **Enrollment** Verification Algorithm engine template template component SDK behind FRVT API Data passed by NIST to Similarity score algorithm

Figure 1 - Schematic of 1:1 verification

The 1:1 testing will proceed in the following phases: optional offline training; preparation of enrollment templates; preparation of verification templates; and matching. Note that training, template creation, and matching may all be performed as separate processes. These are detailed in Table 2.

#### Table 2 – Functional summary of the 1:1 application

Phase	Description	Performance Metrics to be reported by NIST
Initialization	Function to read configuration data, if any.	None
Enrollment	Given $K \ge 1$ input images of an individual, the implementation will create a proprietary enrollment template. That is, createTemplate(role=FRVT::TemplateRole::Enrollment_11) will be called. NIST will manage storage of these templates.	Statistics of the time needed to produce a template. Statistics of template size. Rate of failure to produce a template
Verification	Given $K \ge 1$ input images of an individual, the implementation will create a proprietary verification template. That is, createTemplate(role=FRVT::TemplateRole::Verification_11) will be called. NIST will manage storage of these templates.	Statistics of the time needed to produce a template. Statistics of template size. Rate of failure to produce a template.
Matching (i.e. Given a proprietary enrollment and a proprietary verification comparison) template, compare them to produce a similarity score.		Statistics of the time taken to compare two templates. Accuracy measures, primarily reported as DETs, including for partitions of the input datasets.

NIST requires that these operations may be executed in a loop in a single process invocation, or as a sequence of independent process invocations, or a mixture of both.

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#### 78 **4.4. API**

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#### 4.4.1. Interface

The software under test must implement the interface Interface by subclassing this class and implementing each method specified therein.

	C++ code fragment	Remarks
1.	class Interface	
2.	<pre>{ public:</pre>	
3.	<pre>virtual ReturnStatus initialize(   const std::string &amp;configDir ) = 0;</pre>	
4.	<pre>virtual ReturnStatus createTemplate(    const Multiface &amp;faces,    TemplateRole role,    std::vector<uint8_t> &amp;templ,    std::vector<eyepair> &amp;eyeCoordinates) = 0;</eyepair></uint8_t></pre>	
5.	<pre>virtual ReturnStatus matchTemplates(    const std::vector<uint8_t> &amp;verifTemplate,    const std::vector<uint8_t> &amp;enrollTemplate,    double &amp;similarity) = 0;</uint8_t></uint8_t></pre>	
6.	<pre>static std::shared_ptr<interface> getImplementation();</interface></pre>	Factory method to return a managed pointer to the Interface object. This function is implemented by the submitted library and must return a managed pointer to the Interface object.
8.	};	

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89 90 There is one class (static) method declared in Interface. getImplementation () which must also be implemented by the implementation. This method returns a shared pointer to the object of the interface type, an instantiation of the implementation class. A typical implementation of this method is also shown below as an example.

```
C++ code fragment
#include "frvt11.h"

using namespace FRVT_11;

NullImpl:: NullImpl () { }

NullImpl::~ NullImpl () { }

std::shared_ptr<Interface>
Interface::getImplementation() {
    return std::make_shared<NullImpl>();
}

// Other implemented functions
```

#### 4.4.2. Initialization

The NIST test harness will call the initialization function in Table 3 before calling template generation or matching. This function will be called BEFORE any calls to fork() are made.

Table 3 – Initialization

Prototype	ReturnStatus initialize(		
	const string &configDir);	Input	
Description	This function initializes the implementation under test. It will be called by the NIST application before any call to		
	createTemplate() or matchTemplates(). The implementation under test should set all parameters. This		
	function will be called N=1 times by the NIST application, prior to parallelizing M >= 1 calls to createTemplate()		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man2/fork.2.html

	via fork().		
Input Parameters	configDir	A read-only directory containing any developer-supplied configuration parameters or runtime data files. The name of this directory is assigned by NIST, not hardwired by the provider. The names of the files in this directory are hardwired in the implementation and are unrestricted.	
Output	none		
Parameters			
Return Value	See <u>General Evaluation Specifications</u> document for all valid return code values.		

## 4.4.3. Template generation

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The function of Table 4 supports role-specific generation of a template data. Template format is entirely proprietary.

## Table 4 – Template generation

Prototypes	ReturnStatus createTemplate(		
	const Multiface &faces,		Input
	TemplateRole role,		Input
	std::vector <uint8_t> &amp;templ,</uint8_t>		Output
	std::vector <eyepair> &amp;eyeCoordinates);</eyepair>		Output
Description	Takes a Multiface and outputs a proprietary template and associated eye coordinates. The vectors to store the template and eye coordinates will be initially empty, and it is up to the implementation to populate them with the appropriate data. In all cases, even when unable to extract features, the output shall be a template that may be passed to the matchTemplates() function without error. That is, this routine must internally encode "template creation failed" and the matcher must transparently handle this.  Note: In the rare event that more than one face is detected in an image, features should be extracted from the foreground face, that is, the largest face in the image.		p to the implementation to populate them with the stures, the output shall be a template that may be is, this routine must internally encode "template is.
Input Parameters	faces	Implementations must alter their behavior according to the number of images contained in the structure and the TemplateRole type.	
	role	Label describing the type/role of the template to be generated. Valid values are FRVT::TemplateRole::Enrollment_11 or FRVT::TemplateRole::Verification_11.	
Output Parameters	templ	The output template. The format is entirely unregulated. This will be an empty vector when passed into the function, and the implementation can resize and populate it with the appropriate data.	
	eyeCoordinates	This will be an empty vector when pas	, the function shall return the estimated eye centers. ssed into the function, and the implementation shall ber of entries. Values in eyeCoordinates[i] shall
Return Value	See <u>General Evaluation Specifications</u> document for all valid return code values.		

## 4.4.4. Matching

Matching of one enrollment against one verification template shall be implemented by the function of Table 5.

## Table 5 - Template matching

Prototype	ReturnStatus matchTemplates(		
	const std::vector <uint8_t> &amp;verifTemplate,</uint8_t>		Input
	const std::vector <uint8_t> &amp;enrollTemplate,</uint8_t>		Input
	double &similarity);		Output
Description	Compare two proprietary templates and output a similarity score, which need not satisfy the metric properties. When either or both of the input templates are the result of a failed template generation (see Table 4), the similarity score shall be -1 and the function return value shall be VerifTemplateError.		
Input Parameters	verifTemplate	A verification template from createTemplate(role=Verification_11). The underlying data can be accessed via verifTemplate.data(). The size, in bytes, of the template could be retrieved as verifTemplate.size().	

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	enrollTemplate	An enrollment template from createTemplate(role=Enrollment_11). The underlying data can be accessed via enrollTemplate.data(). The size, in bytes, of the template could be retrieved as enrollTemplate.size().	
Output	similarity	A similarity score resulting from comparison of the templates, on the range	
Parameters		[0,DBL_MAX].	
Return Value	See <u>General Evaluation Specifications</u> document for all valid return code values.		