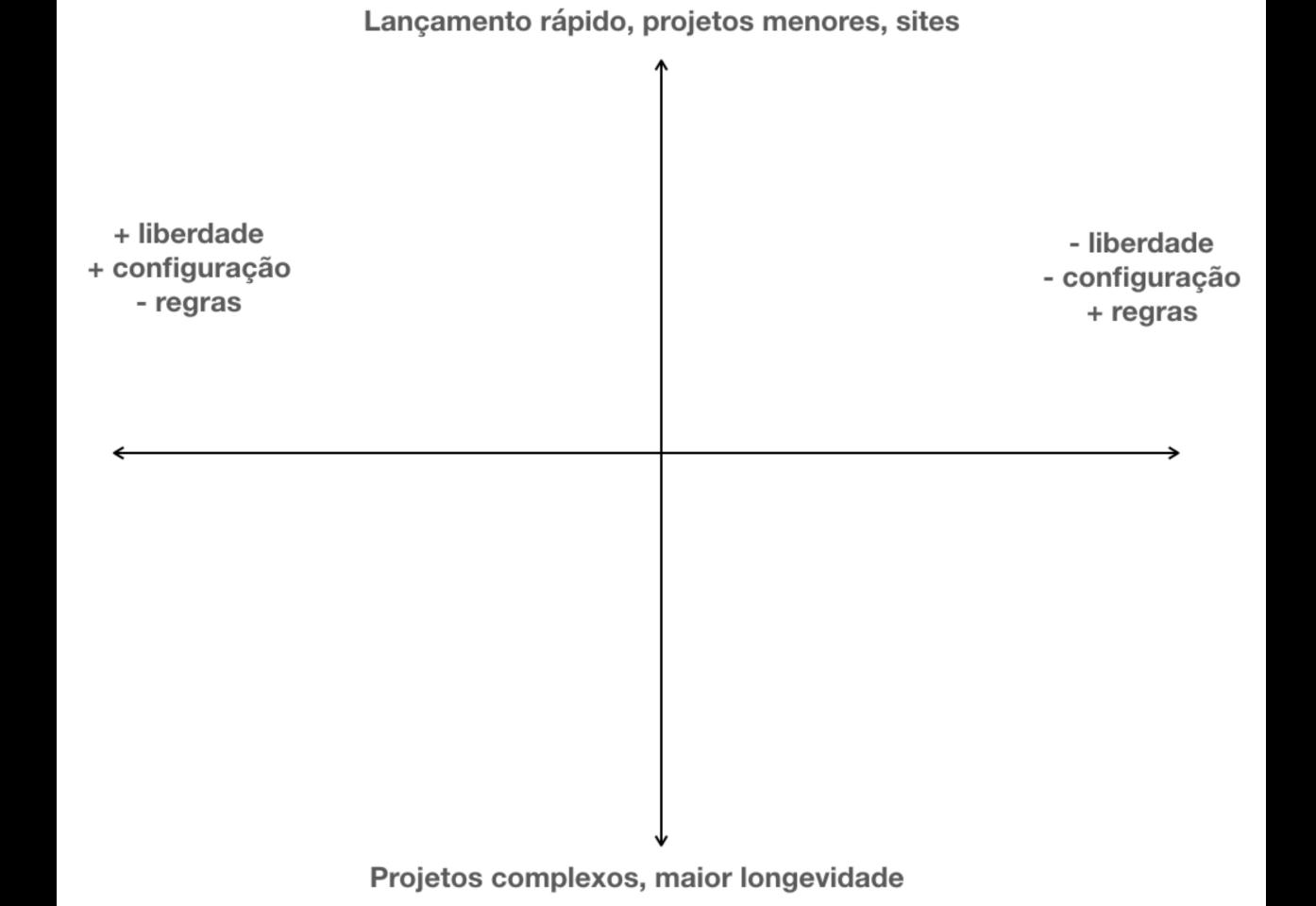
#### Frameworks em PHP

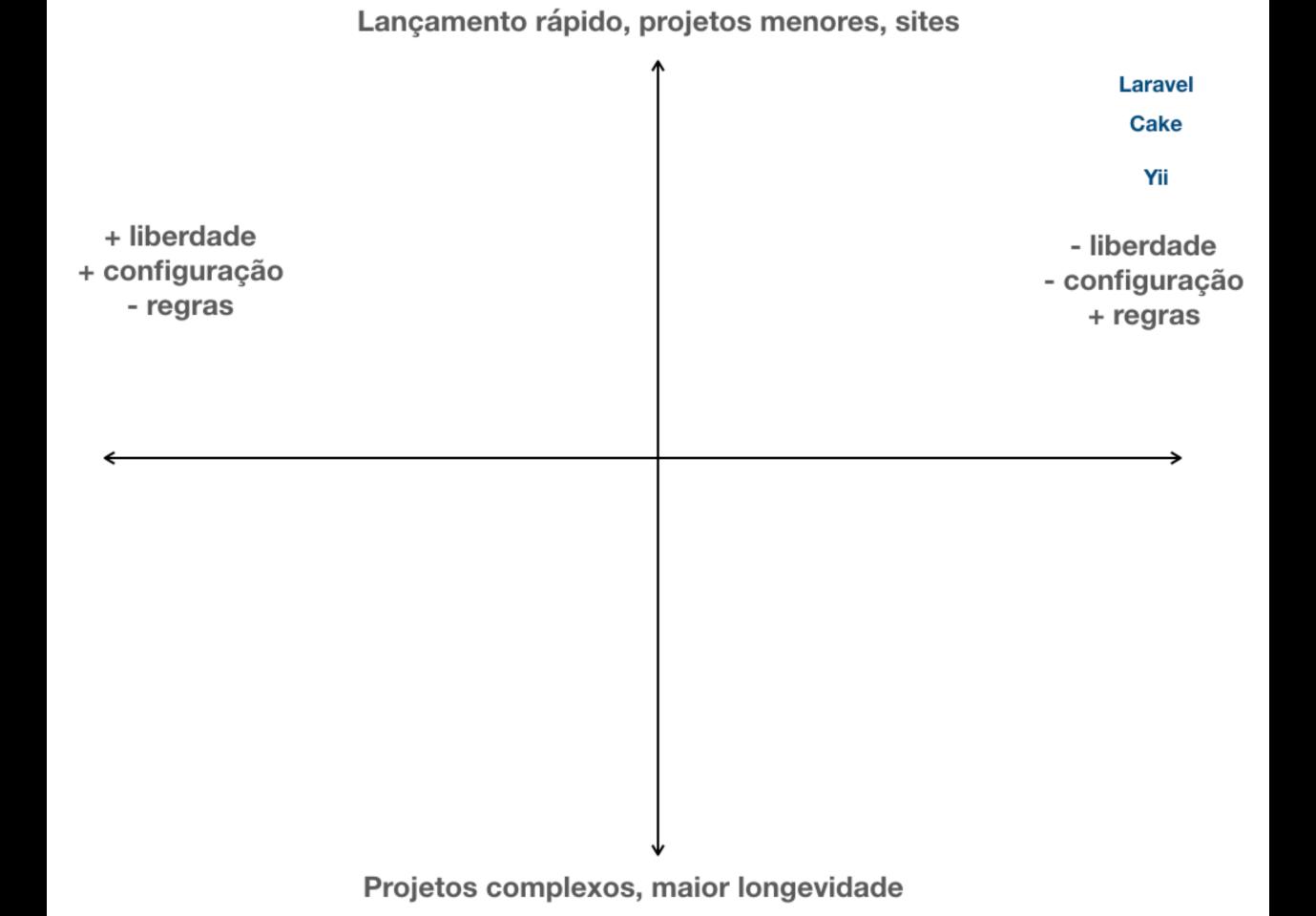
Elton Minetto

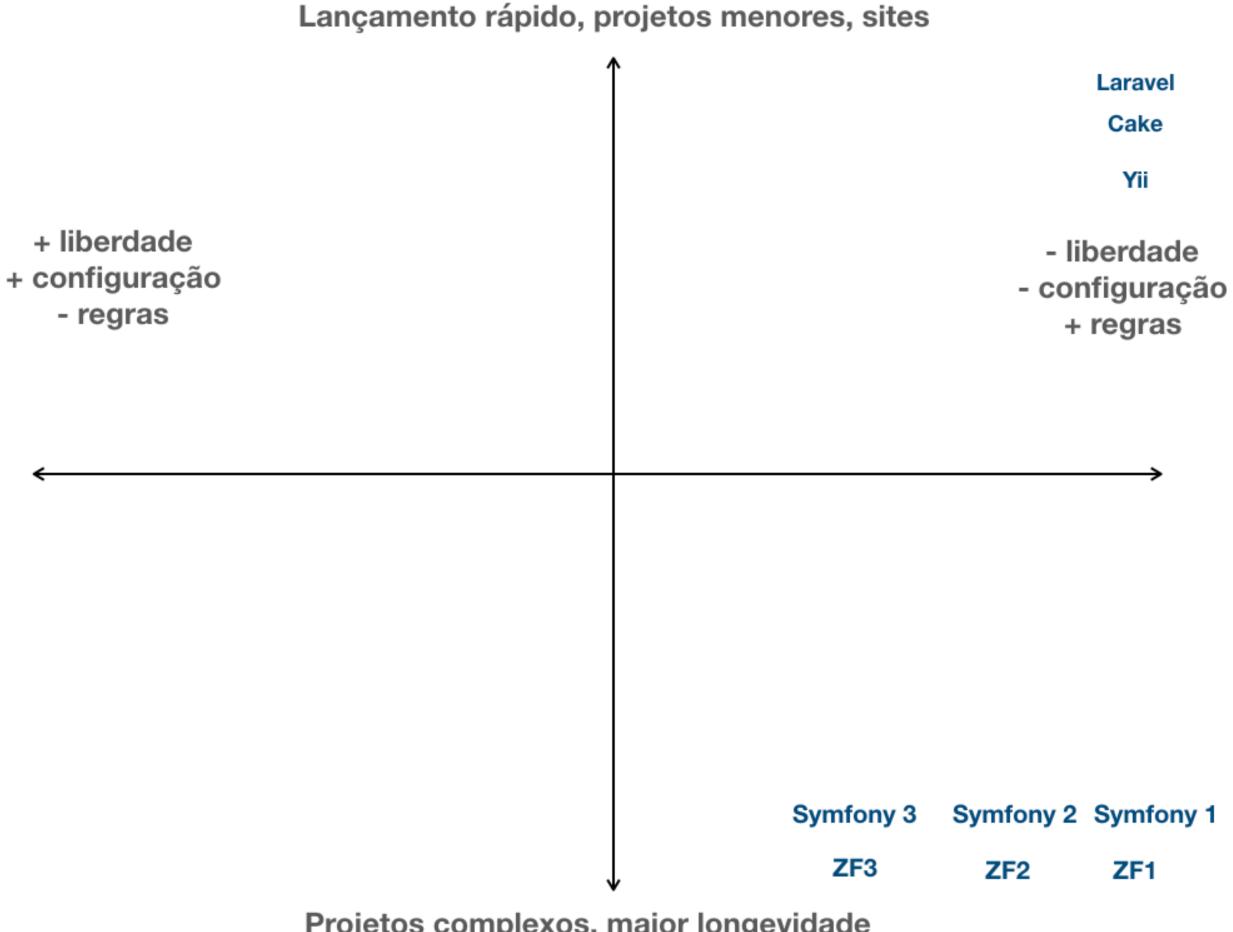
```
http://twitter.com/eminetto
http://eltonminetto.net
http://asemanaphp.com.br
http://asemanago.com.br
eminetto@gmail.com
```

#### Perguntas

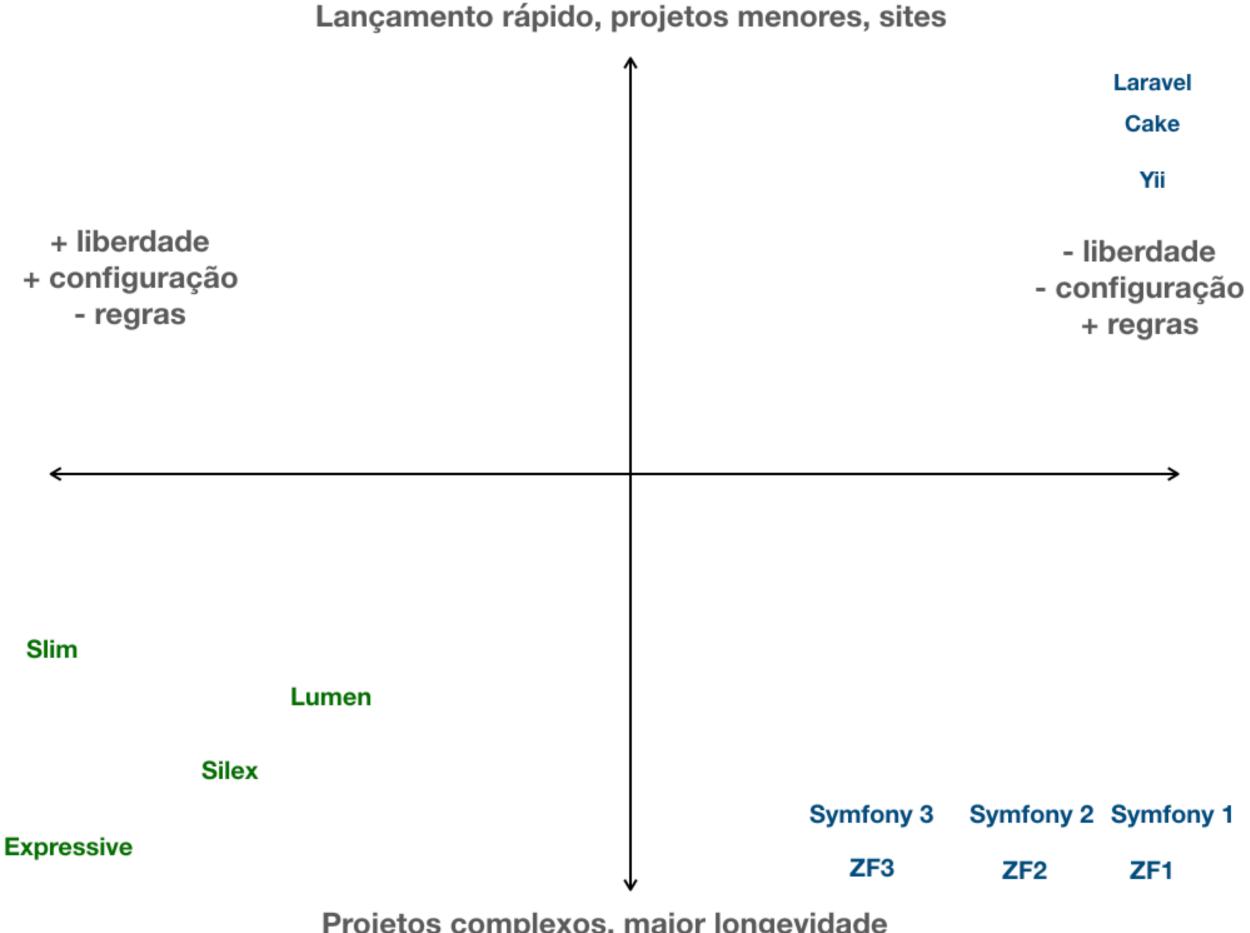
- → O que é um framework?
  - → Por que usar?
- → Quais são as vantagens e desvantagens?
- → Quais são as diferenças entre os frameworks?
  - → Quais são os principais frameworks?
    - → Como escolher um framework?







Projetos complexos, maior longevidade



Projetos complexos, maior longevidade

### 

### Http Is The Foundation Of The Web

#### Um cliente manda uma request

```
$method = $request->getMethod();
$accept = $request->getHeader('Accept');
$path = $request->getUri()->getPath();
$controller = $request->getAttribute('controller');
```

#### O servidor retorna uma response

```
$response->getBody()->write('Hello world!');
$response = $response
    ->withStatus(200, 'OK')
    ->withHeader('Content-Type', 'text/plain');
```

### Middlewares

#### Between the request and response

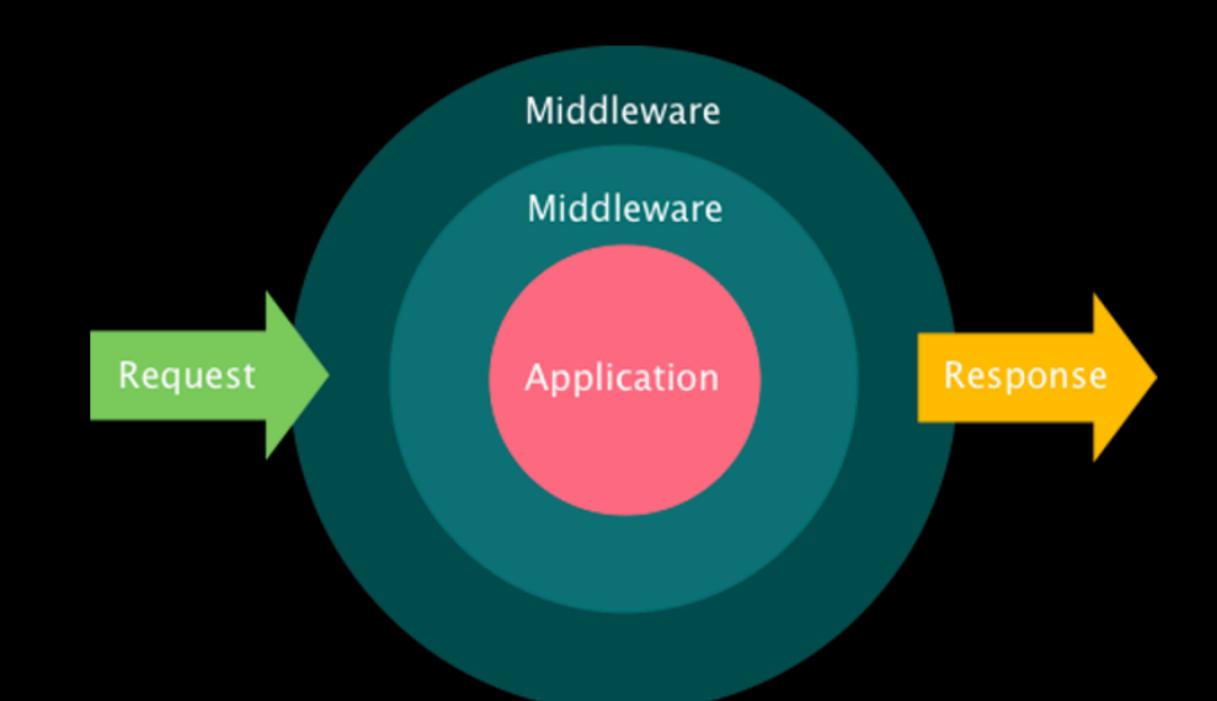
Enrico Zimuel

### HTTP middleware is not for your Domain work. The middleware is a path in to, and out of, the core Domain.

Paul M. Jones

In other words, we'll no longer write Zend Framework or Symfony or Laravel or frameworkflavor-of-the-day applications or modules/ bundles/packages/what-have-you. We'll write middleware that solves a discrete problem, potentially using other third-party libraries, and then compose them into our applications — whether those are integrated into a framework or otherwise.

Matthew O'phinney



```
class Auth implements MiddlewareInterface
    public function __invoke(Request $request, Response $response, callable $out = null)
        if(! $request->hasHeader('authorization')){
            return $response->withStatus(401);
        if (!$this->isValid($request)) {
            return $response->withStatus(403);
        return $out($request, $response);
```

```
$api = AppFactory::create();
$api->get('/', function ($request, $response, $next) {
    $response->getBody()->write('Hello, beers of world!');
    return $response;
});
$api->get('/doc', function ($request, $response, $next) {
    $response->getBody()->write('Hello, beers of world!');
    return $response;
});
$app = AppFactory::create();
$app->pipe(new Auth());
$app->pipe($api);
$app->pipe(new Format());
$app->run();
```

#### **PSR-15**

## PSR-15 HTTP Middleware describes a common standard for HTTP middleware components using HTTP Messages defined by PSR-7.

Currently, PSR-15 is a PHP Standards Recommendation Proposal of the Framework Interoperability Group (FIG).

```
use Interop\Http\ServerMiddleware\DelegateInterface;
use Interop\Http\ServerMiddleware\MiddlewareInterface;
use Psr\Http\Message\ServerRequestInterface;

class Authentication implements MiddlewareInterface
{
    public function process(ServerRequestInterface $request, DelegateInterface $delegate)
    {
        //do some logic
        return $delegate->process($request, $delegate);
    }
}
```

# 

Expressive allows you to write PSR-7 middleware applications for the web. It is a simple microframework built on top of Stratigility, providing: Dynamic routing Dependency injection via container-interop Templating **Error Handling** 

http://devzone.zend.com/6615/announcingexpressive/

# Arguitetura

#### Router

- → FastRoute
- → Zend Route
- → Aura.Router

### Container

- → Aura.DI
- → Pimple
- → Zend Service Manager

### Template Engine

- → Twig
- → Plates
- → Zend View

## 

### RestBeer

#### API about 🕬

Multiple response formats (JSON, HTML)

```
http://restbeer.com/brands
```

http://restbeer.com/styles

http://restbeer.com/beer/1

### 

- → https://zendframework.github.io/zendexpressive/
- → https://danizord.github.io/explorando-o-poderdos-middlewares/#/
  - → http://eltonminetto.net/post/2017-04-06iniciando-novo-projeto-decisoes-arquitetura/