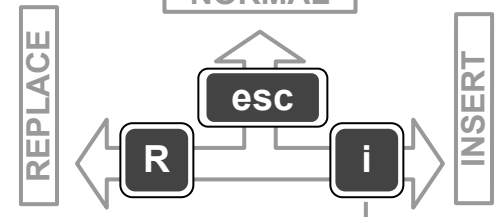


Modes



NORMAL



- (at start of line) **I**
- (at end of line) **A**
- (substituting line) **S**
- (new line above) **O**
- (new line below) **o**
- (replacing till eol) **C**

Command (on next selection)

- y** [move] yank (copy) — Precede with "[char] to use named register (clipboard) [char].
 - d** [move] delete (cut)
 - >** [move] indent (and outdent **<**)
- Repeating the above command (e.g. yy) instead of [move] will use current line as selection

Command (on cursor)

- x** delete char (or **X** previous)
- p** paste before (or **P** after) — (can precede with named register)
- m** [char] set mark
- J** join with line after

Command (absolute)

- u** undo (through buffer)
- .** repeat last cmd

Tips

Normal vim use is [move cursor] [command] [move selection] to operate on that selection (e.g. 'f(lt)').

When learning, as an alternative to [move] [command] [move], you can use visual mode which means you can do [move] **v** [move] (visual confirm) [command]... just try it!

Preceding a command with a digit (e.g. **3**) will repeat it x times.

:h will open up vim help in a new (split) vim window (navigate it using 'Move' commands and 'q' to exit)

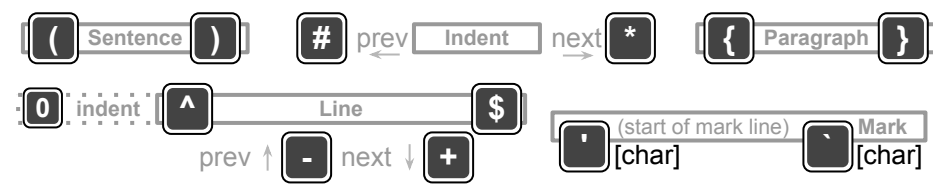
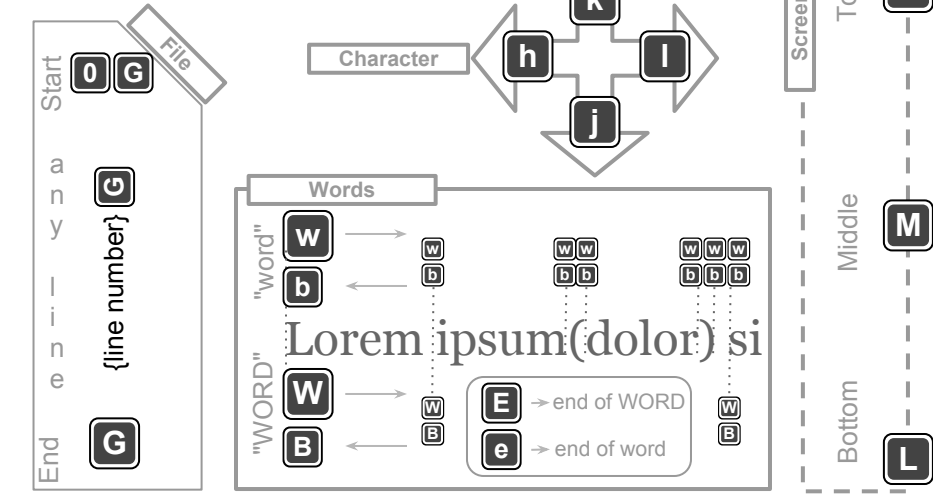
g opens up a whole toolkit of extra commands. Google for more info!

Easter egg: ':h 42'

Files

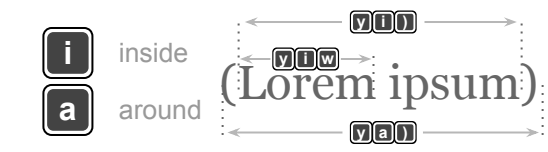
- :w** save
- :w {file}** save as new
- :wq** save & quit
- :q!** no-save quit
- :e {file}** open
- Non-existing file will create new
- :r {file}** insert contents
- gf** open file under cursor

Move (cursor & selection)

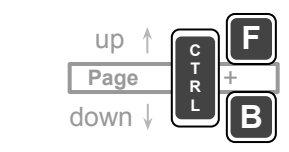


- till (excl) char **t** [char] — (backwards **T**)
- find (incl) char **f** [char] — (backwards **F**)
- find term **/** {search term} — (backwards **?**)
- prev **,** next **;**
- prev **n** next **N**

Move (selection)



Move (cursor)



Replace

- :%s {search regex} / {replace with} /g**
- :g / {search regex} d** delete lines containing
- :v / {search regex} d** delete lines NOT containing