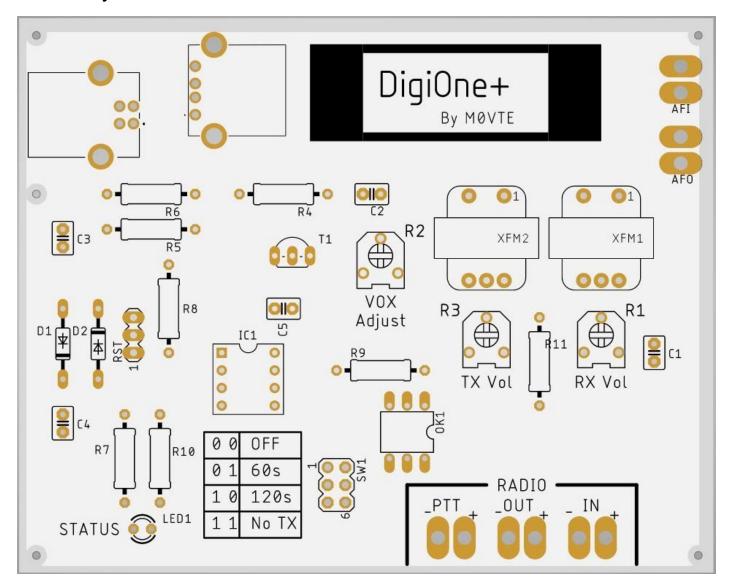
DigiONE+

Assembly & Operation Manual

The DigiOne+ is a complete digital modes adapter offering onboard VOX, complete isolation and a watchdog protection for your transceiver

Construction

Board Layout



Label	Usage	Comment
AFO	Source Audio Output	Max: 2vpp 100-600Ω
AFI	Source Audio Input	Max: 2vpp 100-600Ω
IN	Sink Audio Input	Max: 2vpp 100-600Ω
OUT	Sink Audio Output	Max: 2vpp 100-600Ω
PTT+	PTT	Radio PTT output
PTT-	PTT	Radio Ground

Parts

Label	Value Comment		
C1, C2, C3, C4	100nF	Ceramic Capacitor	
D1, D2	IN4148		
IC1	ATtiny-13A	Pre-flashed Microcontroller	
IC1	8 pin DIL Socket	IC1 Socket	
LED1	3-5mm LED		
OK1	4N35	Optocoupler	
R1, R2, R3	10KΩ Trimmer		
R4	47ΚΩ	1/4W Metal Film	
R5	300ΚΩ-330ΚΩ	1/4W Metal Film	
R6,R11	4Κ7Ω	1/4W Metal Film	
R7	100ΚΩ	1/4W Metal Film	
R8, R10	1ΚΩ	1/4W Metal Film	
R9	10ΚΩ	1/4W Metal Film	
SW1	2x3 2.54mm Header	Mode Select	
RST	1x3 2.54mm Header	Reset	
T1	BC547	NPN	
X1		USB-B Socket	
X2		USB-A Socket	
XFM1, XFM2	LT44 300Ω - 300Ω	Audio Transformer	
N/A	CM108	USB Sound Card Module	
N/A	Asst. Wire		

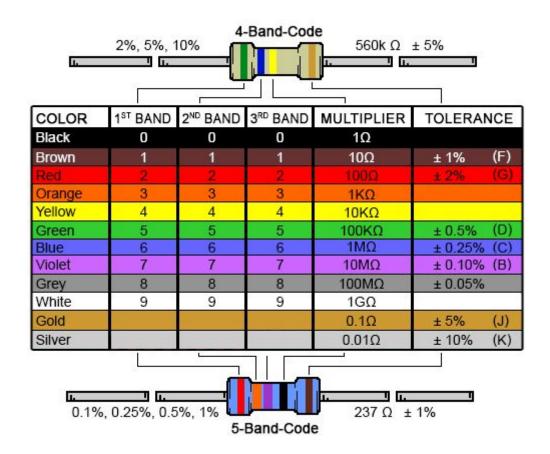
Assembly Instructions

1. Preparation

Layout and assort parts on a flat work surface, pre-heat and tin soldering iron as necessary

2. Resistors

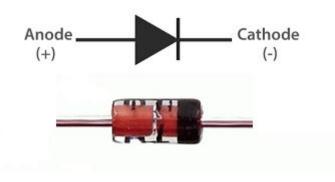
Carefully bend the resistor leads to 90' angles and insert into holes, once located in the board hold the component in place and rotate the board so the backside is facing you then carefully bend leads outwards to hold component in place for soldering. Trim leads flush once soldered. Do not attempt to install more than one component at a time.



Locator	Value	Band 1	Band 2	Band 3	Band 4	Band 5
R4	47ΚΩ	Yellow	Violet	Black	Red	Brown
R5	300ΚΩ	Orange	Black	Black	Orange	Brown
R6, R11	4.7ΚΩ	Yellow	Violet	Black	Brown	Brown
R7	100ΚΩ	Brown	Black	Black	Orange	Brown
R8, R10	1ΚΩ	Brown	Black	Black	Brown	Brown
R9	10ΚΩ	Brown	Black	Black	Red	Brown

3. Diodes

Much like the resistors the diodes are an axial package and are installed in the same way however unlike the resistors they are a polarised component so please pay careful attention to the orientation of the component when installing.



Locator	Value
D1, D2	1N4148 Signal Diode

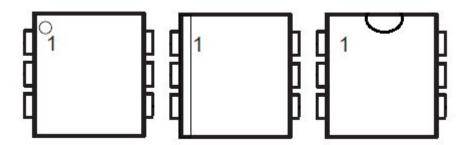
4. IC Socket

The IC socket is an 8-pin polarised component. Locate the component onto the board making sure to match orientation as shown on the solder mask.

Do not install IC1 into the socket until step X

5. Optocoupler

The optocoupler is a 6-pin polarised component, Locate the component onto the board making sure to match orientation as shown on the solder mask.



6. Trimmers

The trimmer resistors are a 3 pin polarised component with a rotatable slotted head (coloured blue). Locate the component onto the board and solder whilst being careful not to melt the plastics of the component with excessive heat.

Locator	Value
R1, R2, R3	10ΚΩ (103)

7. Capacitors

Much like the resistors, the capacitors are two pin components with no polarisation and are installed similarly. Take care not crack or break the ceramic body of the component when installing

Locator	Value
C1, C2, C3 ,C4	100nF (104)

8. USB Sockets

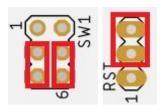
Install the USB sockets as illustrated on the board. Be careful to not bridge the pads together, in such cases desoldering wick will remove the bridge. Once the pins are soldered, carefully add additional solder to the tabs to properly secure each socket to the board.

9. Transistor

The transistor is a small 3 pin polarised component. Please make sure the component is orientated correctly on the board.

10. Jumpers / Headers

Install the 2.54mm 3 way headers and install the jumpers as pictured



11. LED

The Light Emitting Diode is a 2 pin polarised component, Please make sure the component is orientated correctly on the board.



12: Transformers

Install the transformers as indicated on the board solder mask. Depending on the manufacturer the center pin may not be used and can be left unpopulated.

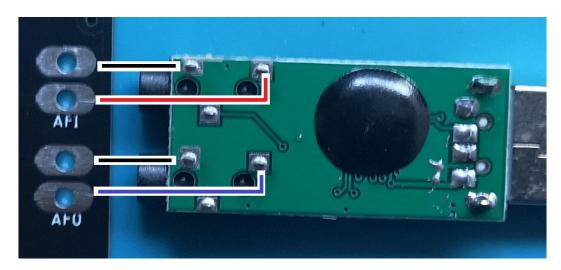
13: Microprocessor

Install IC1 into the socket, taking note of correct orientation

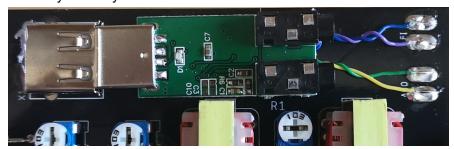
Sound Card Installation

Option 1: Direct installation (default)

- 1. Measure and cut the supplied wires to ~ 30mm in length (Colour not important)
- 2. Twist two wires together to form two pairs of twisted wire
- 3. Trim ~1mm of insulation from each end of each wire
- 4. Solder wires to each pad on the underside of the sound card as pictured

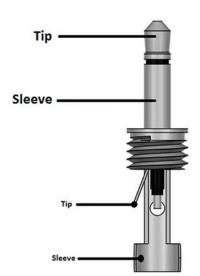


- 5. Solder opposing ends of each wire to the corresponding pads on the board <u>observing polarity</u> (pictured above)
- 6. Install sound card into the USB socket
- 7. Carefully fold any excess wire under the sound card module



Option 2: Jack Installation

- 1. Remove outer sleeve from each 3.5mm connector [Not Included]
- 2. Carefully tin all pins of each 3.5mm connector
- 3. Trim ~10mm of the outer insulator from the coaxial audio cable [Not Included]
- 4. Separate and twist together the copper stands of the sleeve conductor
- 5. Trim ~2mm of the inner insulator
- 6. Tin both inner conductor and outer sleeve
- 7. Solder conductors to pins of jack connector
- 8. Thread outer sleeve of 3.5mm connector onto coaxial cable and secure to jack
- 9. Repeat steps 3-6 at the opposite end of coaxial cable
- 10. Solder conductors to pad on the board
- 11. Install the soundcard into the USB socket
- 12. Install each 3.5mm jack into the sound card module



Operation

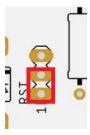
Operating Modes

The DigiONE has 3 modes of operation denoted by the position of the SW1. The Watchdog timer helps prevent damage to your radio equipment by limiting how long PTT transmit is permitted, if enabled and once timeout limit is reached the DigiONE will enter fault mode (denoted by the status LED flashing) in which it must be repowered or reset

SW1-0	SW1-1		Mode
0	0	1 6 0 0 0 0	Watchdog Disabled
0	1	1 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Watchdog enabled (15 second timeout)
1	0	6 SW1	Watchdog enabled (30 second timeout)
1	1	6 SW1	Watchdog disabled, Transmit Disabled

Reset

To reset DigiOne, move the jumper labelled RST from the 'off' position to 'on' and then return to 'off' after at least 1 second.



'ON' position

Calibration

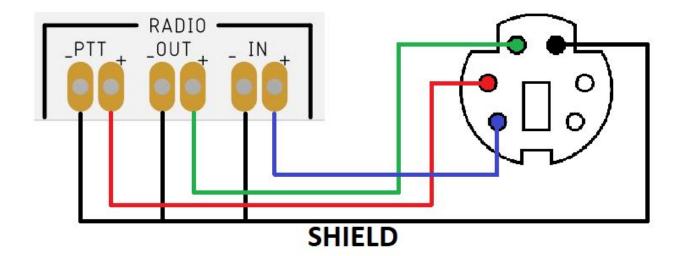
- 1. Connect USB cable to computer
- 2. Leave radio off or disconnected
- 3. Wait for sound module driver to install (if used)
- 4. In OS set both playback and Recording to use USB device (if used)
- 5. Set both Volume and Recording levels if ~50%
- 6. Open Radio software of choice (ie HRD, FIDigi, WSPR...)
- 7. Setup to transmit (leaving radio disconnected or Off)
- 8. Adjust R2 so that the status LED remains Lit during transmit
- 9. Connect Radio
- 10. Adjust R3 until desired input audio level is achieved, if level remains too high reduce recording volume within operating system
- 11. Setup to transmit and use LOW power setting on the radio
- 12. Whilst transmitting adjust R2 so that it remains steadily Lit
- 13. Whist transmitting adjust R1 so S-meter deflection is achieved, if level if unachievable adjust playback volume within operating system

For normal operating (depending on mode and software used) the operating system sound settings may not need to be set to the USB sound module.

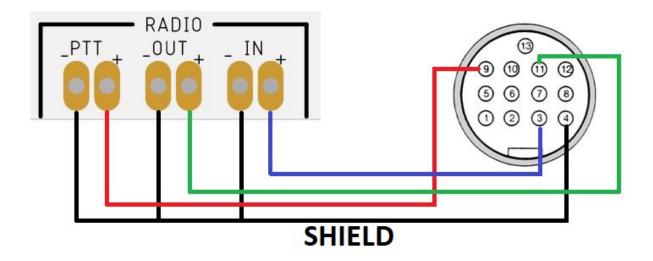
Common Issues

Issue	Cause	Resolution
Radio will not enter TX	 Vox Detection Level PTT Wiring DigiONE is not powered* 	 Check LED is lit continuously, if not adjust R2 and operating system playback audio level Check wiring of PTT is correct (LSP1 - PTT, LSP2 - GND) Make sure USB cable is connected
Radio flickering between TX/RX during transmit	 Vox Detection Level Audio playback level too low 	Adjust R2 and operating system playback level until LED is lit continuously during TX
TX Audio overmodulated	Audio playback level too high	Adjust R1 and software audio levels until desired level is achieved. A good level should lightly wobble the S-Meter needle around the specified output power level and should NOT tigger ALC (if present)
Status LED Flashing	Watchdog timer triggered	 Disconnect / Reconnect power Reset DigiOne Board Adjust operating mode if trigger is reached too often

Yeasu



Kenwood



Baofeng

