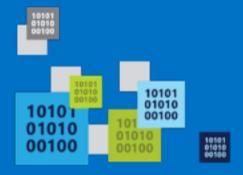
Azure Data Overview





SQL Database

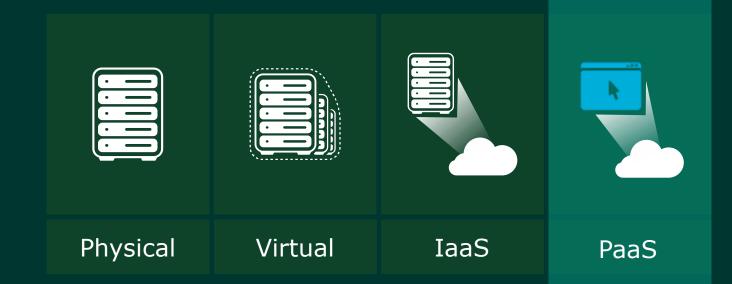




Microsoft Relational Storage Options



A Continuous offering

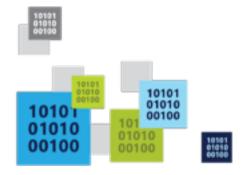


From private to public Cloud



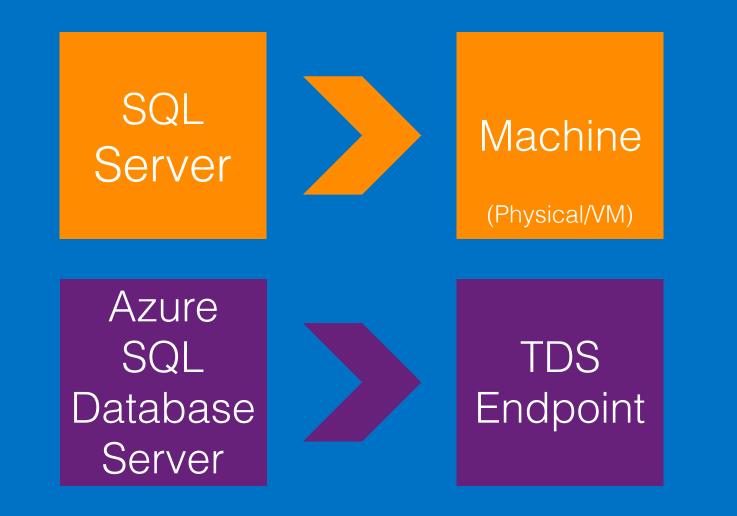
Architecture

Starting with the basics





A Server is not a machine

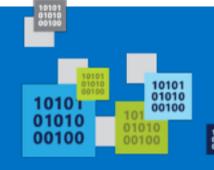




 SQL Server database technology "as a Service"

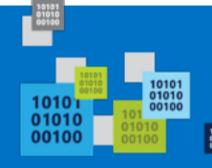
SQL Database The Basics

- Fully Managed
- Enterprise-ready with automatic support for HA, DR, Backups, replication and more



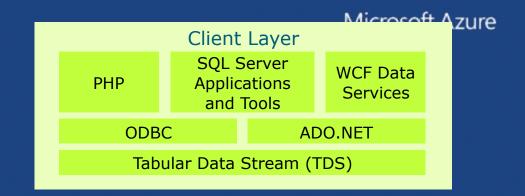
SQL Database
The Basics

- Scale out with ElasticScale
- Built-in regional database replicas for additional protection
- Uptime SLA of 99.99%



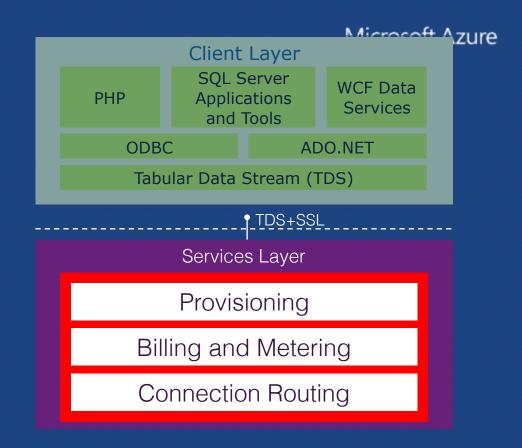


Applications communicate directly with SQL Database using TDS.



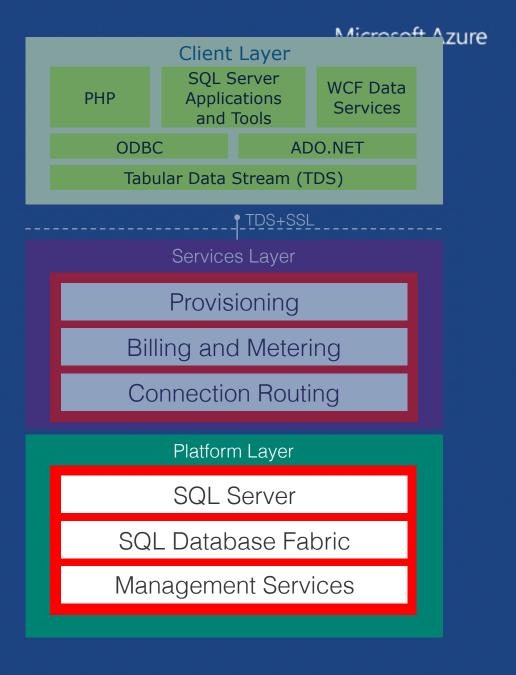


Gateway between Client layer and Platform layer.





Includes physical servicers and services that support the Services layer.

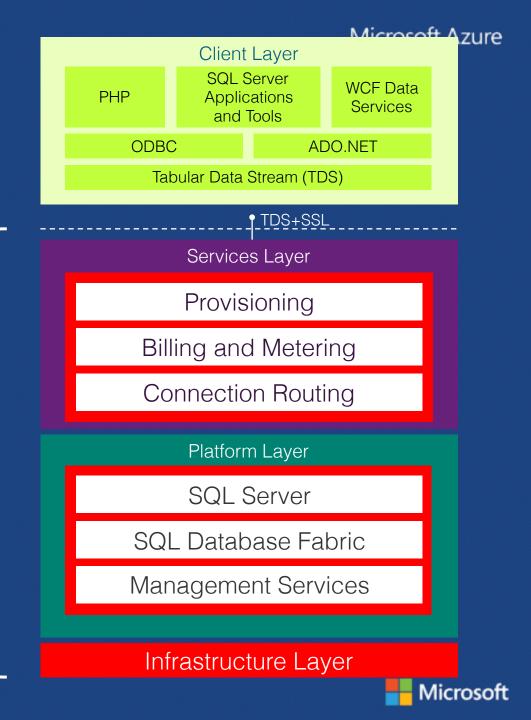




Microcoft Azure Client Layer **SQL** Server **WCF** Data **PHP Applications** Services and Tools **ODBC** ADO.NET Tabular Data Stream (TDS) TDS+SSL Services Layer Provisioning Billing and Metering Connection Routing SQL Server SQL Database Fabric Management Services Infrastructure Layer

Administration of the physical HW and OS.

Microsoft Azure SQL Database PaaS



SQL Database Server

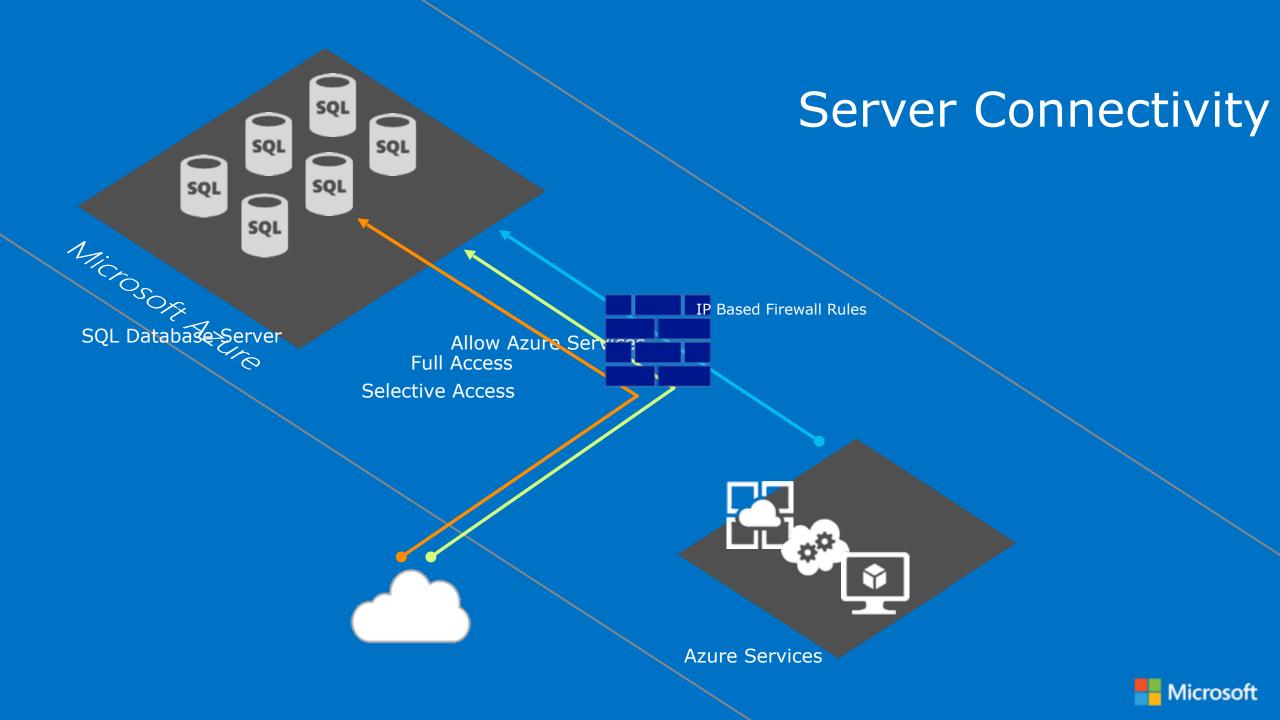
The Service head contains databases

Connect via automatically generated FQDN:

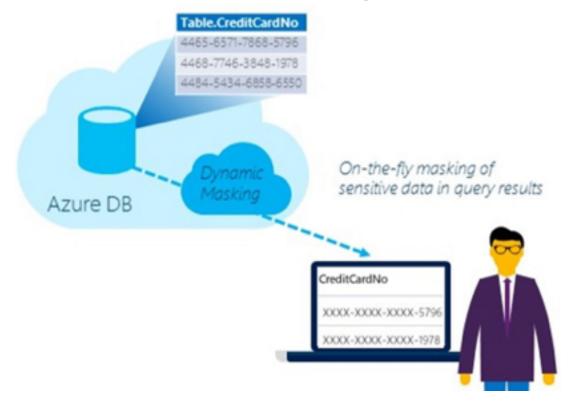
{name}.database.windows.net

Initially contains only a master database



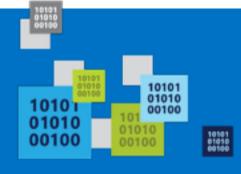


Dynamic Data Masking



- Limits sensitive data exposure
- Prevents unauthorized access to data
- Policy-based security no changes to data or application
- Meet regulatory compliance
- Dev/Test production data without compromising data

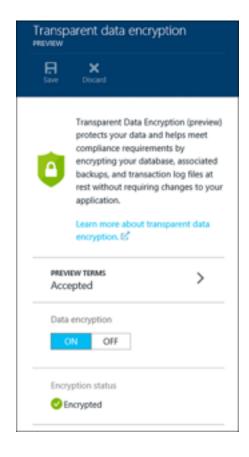
Protect Sensitive Data



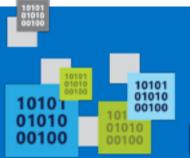
Limit Exposure of Sensitive Data



Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)



- Encrypted database, backups, and transaction log at rest
- 2-click provisioning
- Reduced attack surface area
- No code changes to existing applications
- Database encryption key AES-256
- Meet regulatory compliance
- Accelerated hardware encryption



Encrypt and Protect Database

Row-Level Security (RLS)

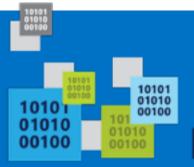
- Fine-grained access over rows
- Access restrictions logic contained in database
- Simplified design and coding of security
- Meet regulatory compliance
- Reduced surface area of your security system



Fine-grained Access Over Rows

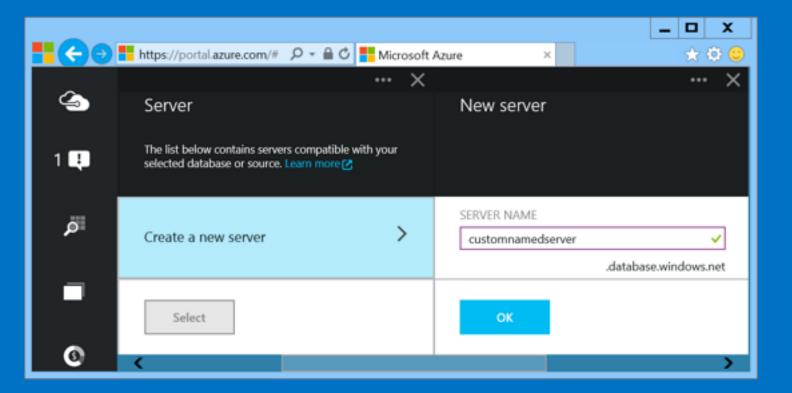
Other notable features

- Contained Database Users
- Parallel Queries
- Common Language Runtime (CLR) assemblies



In the Preview Management Portal create a SQL Database

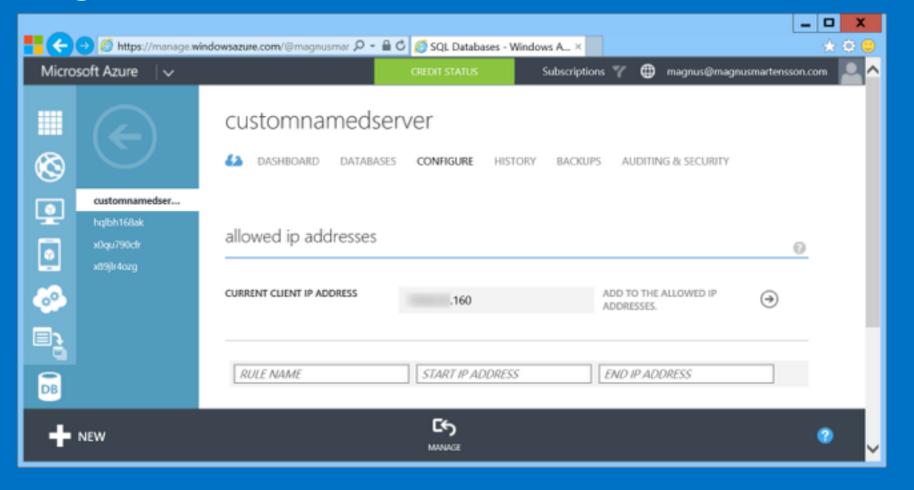
server





Provision Servers Interactively

In the Management Portal add firewall rules





Automate Server Provisioning

Microsoft Azure Platform PowerShell cmdlets

http://bit.ly/azurepowershell



Automate Server Provisioning

Azure Cross-Platform Command-Line Interface

```
(XDIat-CI) gnus> azure help sql
nfo: Executing command help
commands to manage your
                                                                         Windows PowerShell
                          Commands to manage your SQL Server accounts
                            sql server create [options] <administratorLogin> <administratorPassword> <location>
                            sql server show [options] <serverName>
                            sql server list [options]
                            sql server delete [options] <serverName>
                            sql firewallrule create [options] <serverName> <ruleName> <startIPAddress> <endIPAddress>
                            sql firewallrule show [options] <serverName> <ruleName>
sql firewallrule list [options] <serverName>
                            sql firewallrule delete [options] <serverName> <ruleName>
                            sql db create [options] <serverName> <databaseName> <administratorLogin> <administratorPassword> [collationNa
                 me] [edition] [maxSizeInGB]
                            sql db list [options] <serverName> <administratorLogin> <administratorPassword>
                            sql db show [options] <serverName> <databaseName> <administratorLogin> <administratorPassword>
                            sql db delete [options] <serverName> <databaseName> <administratorPassword>
                            -h. --help output usage information
                 PS C:\Users\Magnus>
```



Selecting the right SQL Database edition

Service Tier	Performanc e Level	Common App Pattern	Performance			Business Continuity	
			Max DB Size	Transaction Perf. Objective	DTU	PITR	DR / GEO-Rep
Basic	Basic	Small DB, SQL opp	2 GB	Reliability / Hr.	5	7 Days	DB Copy + Manual Export
Standard	S0 S1 S2	Wrkgp/cloud app, multiple concurrent operations	250 GB	Reliability / Min.	10 20 50	14 Days	DB Copy + Manual Export
Premium	P1 P2 P3	Mission Critical, High volume, Many concurrent Users	500 GB	Reliability / sec.	100 200 800	35 Days	Active Geo- replication



- Auto backups, transactional logs every 5 min
- Backups in Azure Storage and geo-replicated
- Creates a side-by-side copy, non-disruptive
- Backups retention policy: 7, 14 or 35 days
- Automated export of logical backups for long-term backup protection



- Available in all tiers: Basic, Standard and Premium
- Built on geo-redundant Azure Storage
- Recover to any Azure region



- Opt-in for Standard & Premium databases
- Creates a stand-by secondary
- Replicate to pre-paired Azure region
- Automatic data replication, asynchronous
- Opt-in via REST API, PowerShell or Azure Portal
- Microsoft-managed, RTO<24h, RPO<1 hr



- Self-service activation in Premium
- Create up to 4 readable secondaries
- Replicate to any Azure region
- Automatic data replication, asynchronous
- REST API, PowerShell or Azure Portal
- RTO<1h, RPO<5m, you choose when to failover



Auditing



- Configurable to track & log database activity
- Dashboard views in the portal for at-a-glance insights
- Pre-defined Power View reports for deep visual analysis on Audit log data
- Audit logs reside in your Azure Storage account
- Available in Basic, Standard, and Premium



- Fast and flexible indexing of textual data
- Data types: char, varchar, nchar, nvarchar, text, ntext, image, xml, varbinary(max), or FILESTREAM
- Handles high query volume
- Common use cases:
 - Searching websites, product catalogs, news items and more
 - Document management systems
 - Any applications that need to provide search capabilities over SQL Database

data stored in a



- XML Indexes improves XQuery-based query performance
- Primary XML Index speed up access to elements and attributes
 - CREATE PRIMARY XML INDEX XML_Order_Items
 - ON Sales.Order (Items);
- Secondary XML Index help resolve specific XQuery expressions rapidly

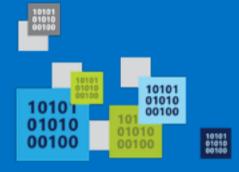


- Monitor common database, execution and transaction related events in near-real time
- Diagnose blocked or long-running queries, resource bottlenecks, poor query plans, and more
- Help improve capacity planning
- Use familiar T-SQL language



Use Familiar Technologies

Transact-SQL





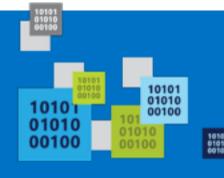
Use Familiar Technologies - Languages

.NET Framework (C#, Visual Basic, F#): ADO.NET

C / C++: ODBC

Java: Microsoft JDBC provider

PHP: Microsoft PHP provider





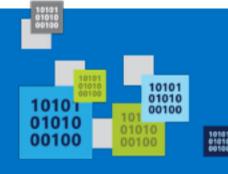
Use Familiar Technologies - Frameworks

OData

Entity Framework

WCF Data Services

NHibernate (etc.)

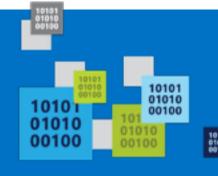




Use Familiar Technologies - Tools

SQL Server Management Studio (>=2008 R2) SQL Server command-line utilities (SQLCMD, BCP)

Visual Studio IDE for database development





Unsupported SQL Server Features

- Use command, distributed transactions, distributed views
- Service Broker
- SQL Agent
- SQL Profiler
- Native Encryption

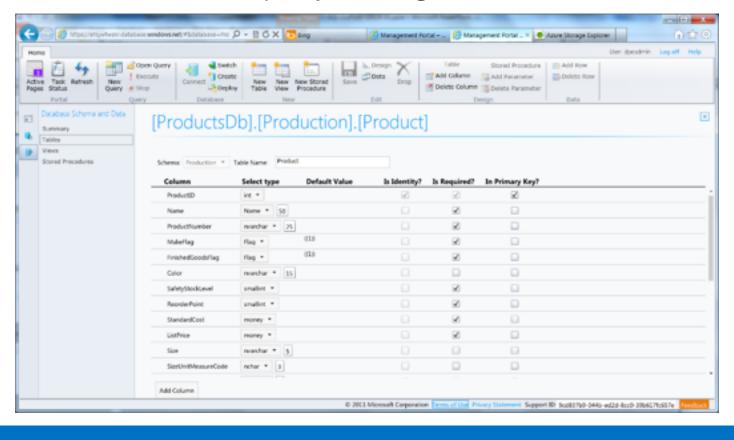


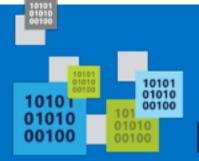


Web designers for tables, views, stored procs

Interactive query editing and execution





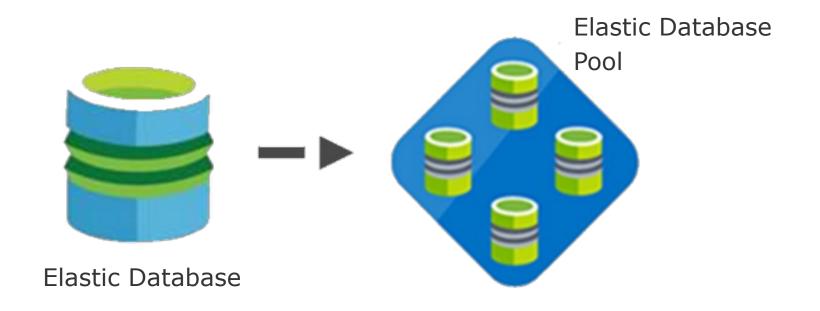




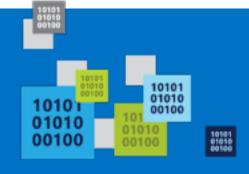
Elastic Database





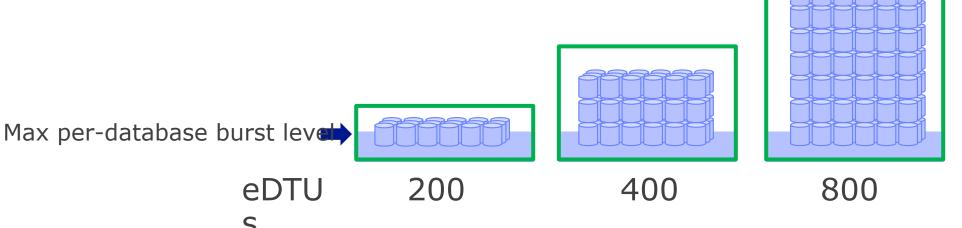


Predictable model for deploying large numbers of databases

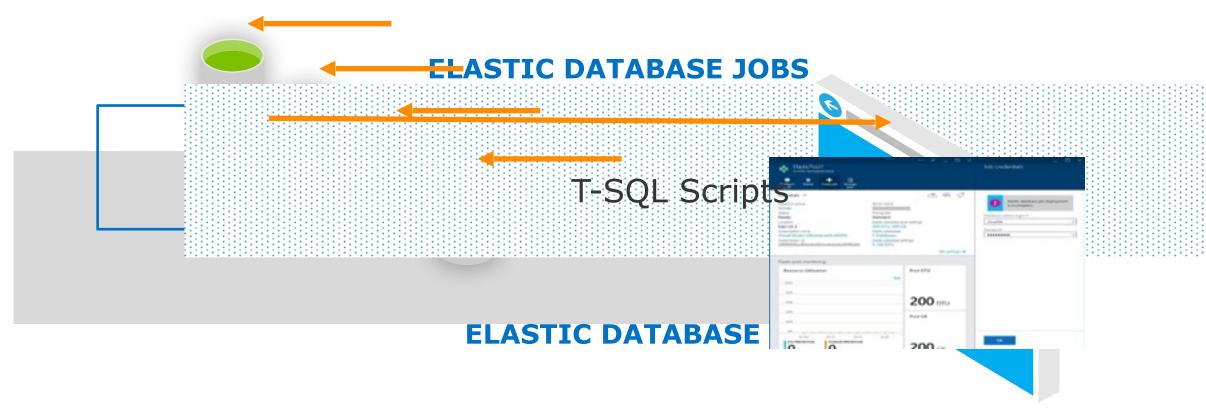


Elastic Database Moder Moder Elastic Database Moder Mo

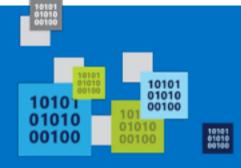
- Elastic databases, Elastic database pools
- Pooled resources leveraged by many databases
- Standard elastic pool provides 200-1200* eDTUs for up to 100* databases
- Elastic Standard databases can burst up to 100 eDTUs (S3 level)
- Create/configure pool via portal, PowerShell, REST APIs
- Move databases in/out using portal, PowerShell, REST APIs, T-SQL
- Databases remain online throughout
- Monitoring and alerting is available on both pool and databases



^{*}Additional pricing tiers may be introduced, and the ranges and limits may be increased during the preview



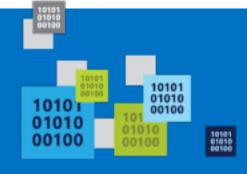
Execute administrative tasks across each database







- Apply changes or administrative operations to many databases
- Use familiar T-SQL scripts to define jobs
- Built-in automatic retries in case of transient failures
- Tightly integrated with elastic pools in the new Azure Portal
- Designed for batch processing



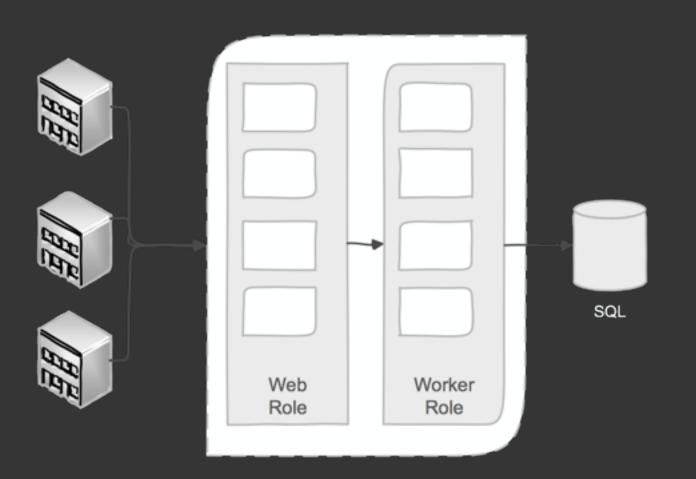


Elastic Scale





Canonical cloud app architecture



- Classic 3-tier enterprise architecture:
- Scale out the front ends to multiple instances is easy
- Scale the data-tier is more challenging

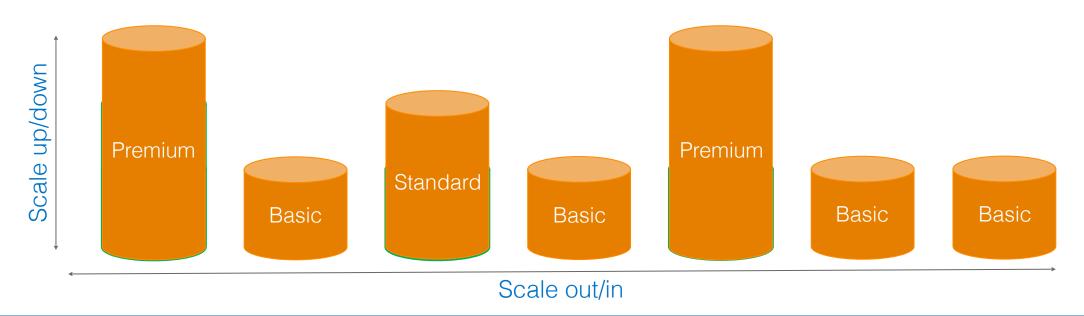


SQL Database Considerations and Best Practices

- Elastic Scale across thousands of databases via custom sharding
- Scale out via .NET Client libraries consumed by customer applications to support sharded database pattern
- Enables developer and manageability functions
- Supports split, merge, and move operations on data



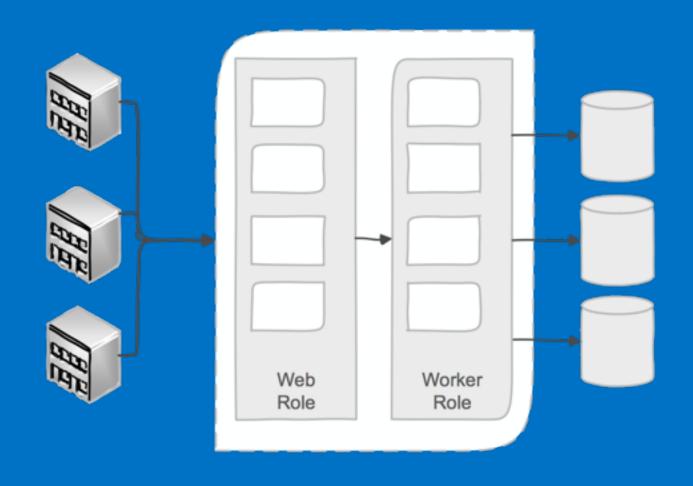
Vertical: Scale-up or scale-down Horizontal: Scale-out or scale-in







Elastic Scale architecture





SQL Server VM





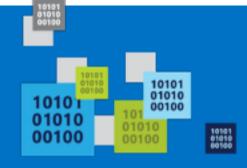
Run SQL on VM

- Run any SQL product on cloud VM
- Support for SQL Server, Oracle, MySql
- Ready to go VM images available in Gallery
- Persistent storage using attached disk in blob storage
- Has all the benefits and powers of VMs combined with the full features of a SQL Engine



SQL IaaS

SQL Database





SQL Database

SQL laaS

When you want reduced overhead and possibly need elastic scale.

Customer does not want to add additional IT resources for support and maintenance.

Avoiding CAPEX and OPEX.

Existing applications which requires full box product functionality.

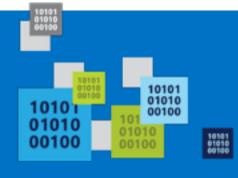
Customer has ecosystem of IT resources for support and maintenance.

Removing CAPEX.



Other features SQL laaS supports that SQL Database doesn't (yet)

- Full SQL Server functionality (e.g. Reporting Services)
- Windows authentication available (requires VM to be joined to on-premises domain)
- Larger database sizes possible (16TB)





DocumentDB

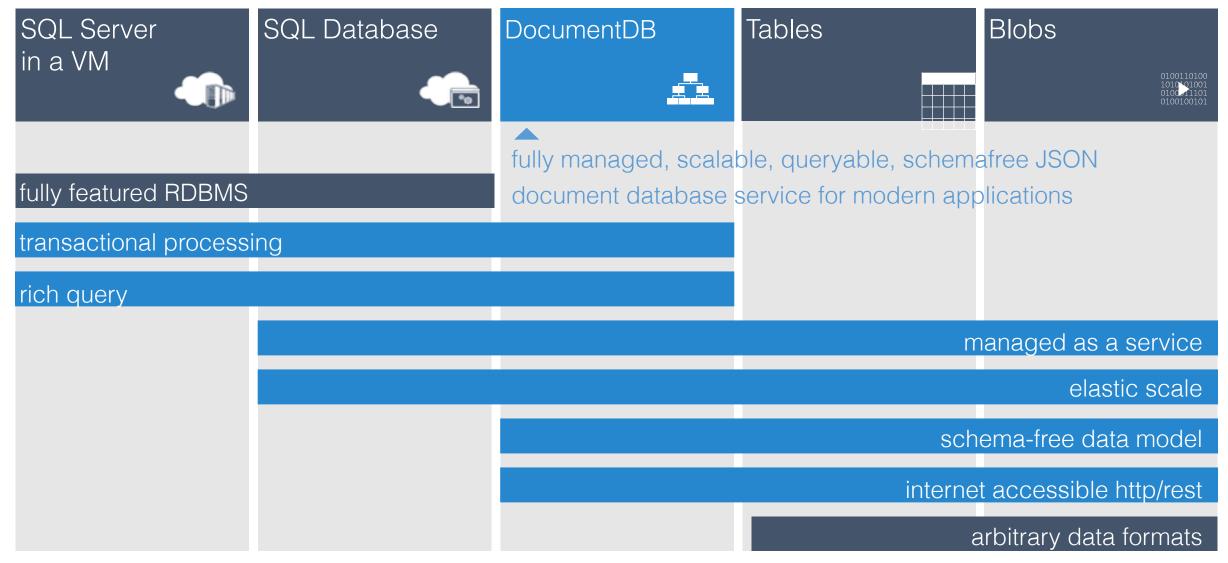




Fully managed, scalable JSON document database service



Microsoft Azure Data Services





MongoDB

DocumentDB

Existing applications which require extra capacity for scale out and can not be migrated

Customer has ecosystem of IT resources for support and maintenance

Removing CAPEX

Mongo MMS compatibility

Applications that need managed elastic scale, query over schema free data, native JSON/JavaScript support

Customer does not want to add

additional IT resources for support

and maintenance

Avoiding CAPEX and OPEX

Built-for-the-cloud database technology

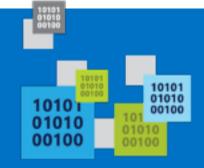
Tunable Consistency – four distinct levels

Strong Bounded Stateless Session Eventual



Tunable Consistency **Strong**

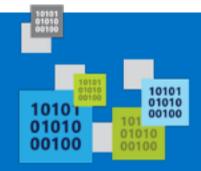
All writes are visible to all readers. Writes synchronously committed by a majority quorum of replicas and reads are acknowledged by the majority read quorum.





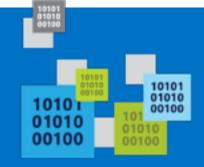
Tunable Consistency **Bounded Stateless**

Guaranteed ordering of writes, reads adhere to minimum freshness. Writes are propagated asynchronously, reads are acknowledged by majority quorum lagging by at most K prefixes.



Tunable Consistency **Session**

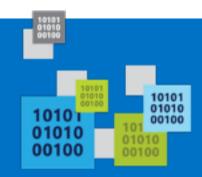
Read your own writes. Writes are propagated asynchronously while reads for a session are issued against the replica that can serve the requested version.





Tunable Consistency **Eventual**

Reads eventually converge with writes. Writes are propagated asynchronously while reads can be acknowledged by any replica. Readers may view older data then previously observed.





	Writes	Reads
Strong	sync quorum writes	quorum reads
Bounded	async replication	quorum reads
Session	async replication	session bound
*		replica

any replica

Eventual async replication

^{*} Ideal consistency and performance tradeoff for many application scenarios. High performance writes and reads with predictable consistency.

Partitioning Data

Hash Range Lookup



Partitioning **Hash**

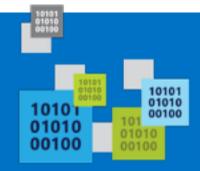
Partitions are assigned based on the value of a hash function, allowing you to evenly distribute requests and data across a number of partitions





Partitioning **Range**

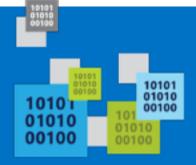
Partitions are assigned based on whether the partition key is within a certain range.





Partitioning **Lookup**

Partitions are assigned based on a lookup map that assigns discrete partition values to specific partitions a.k.a. a partition or shard map.





Search

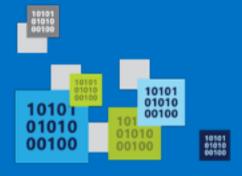






Azure Search

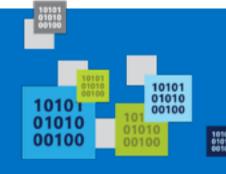
Embed a sophisticated search experience into web and mobile applications without having to worry about the complexities of full-text search and without having to deploy, maintain or manage any infrastructure.





Azure Search

Perfect for enterprise cloud developers, cloud software vendors, cloud architects who need a fullymanaged search solution.





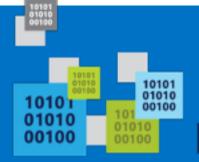
Simple HTTP/JSON API for creating indexes, pushing documents, searching

Search Functionality

- Keyword search with user-friendly operators (+, -, *, "", etc.)
- Hit highlighting
- Faceting (histograms over ranges, typically used in catalog browsing)

Search Functionality

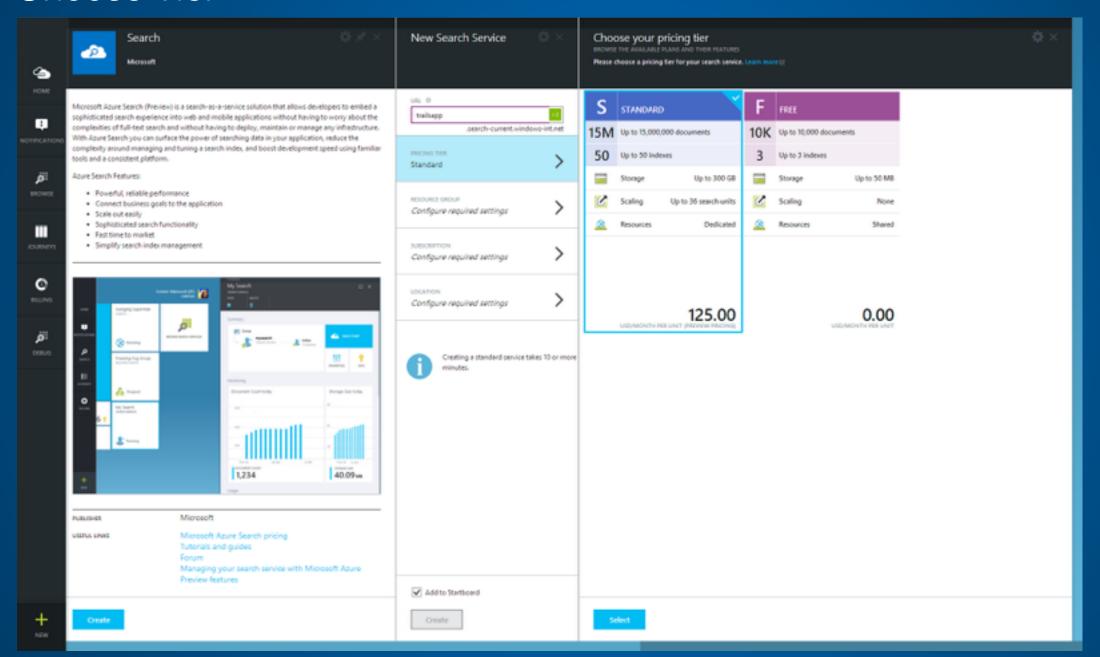
- Suggestions (auto-complete)
- Rich structured queries (filter, select, sort) that combines with search
- Scoring profiles to model search result relevance
- Geo-spatial support integrated in filtering, sorting and ranking





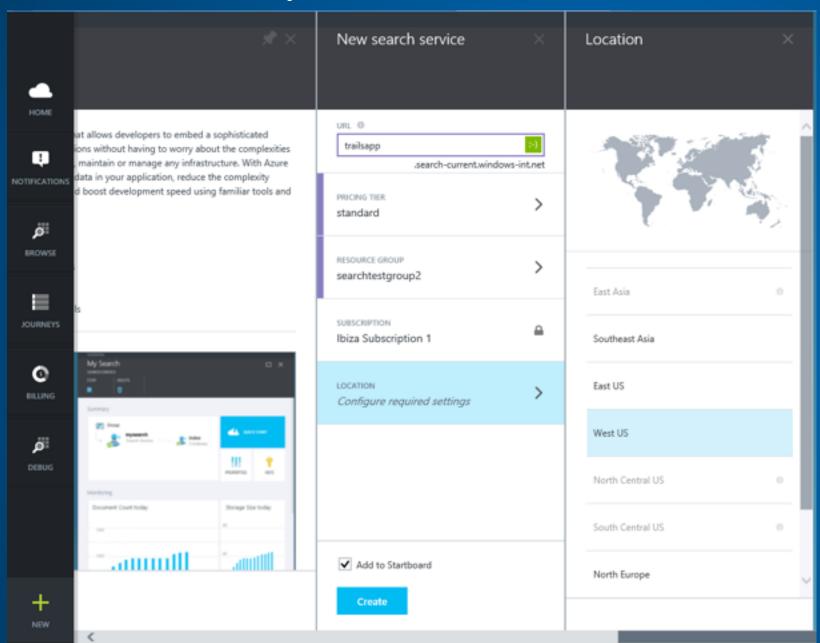
Microsoft Azure

Choose Tier



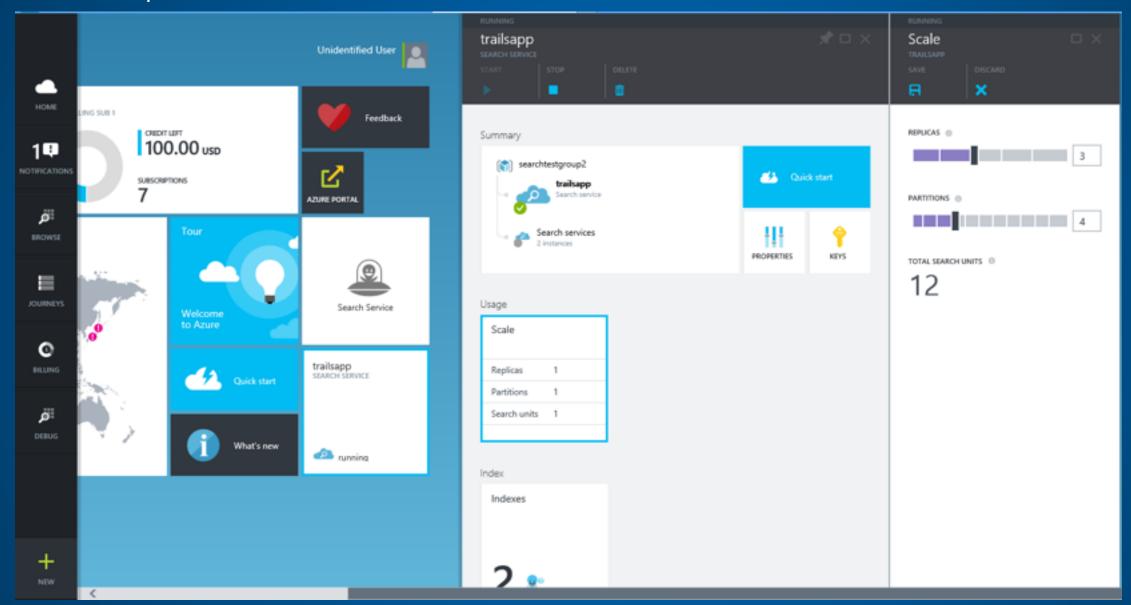


Global Availability



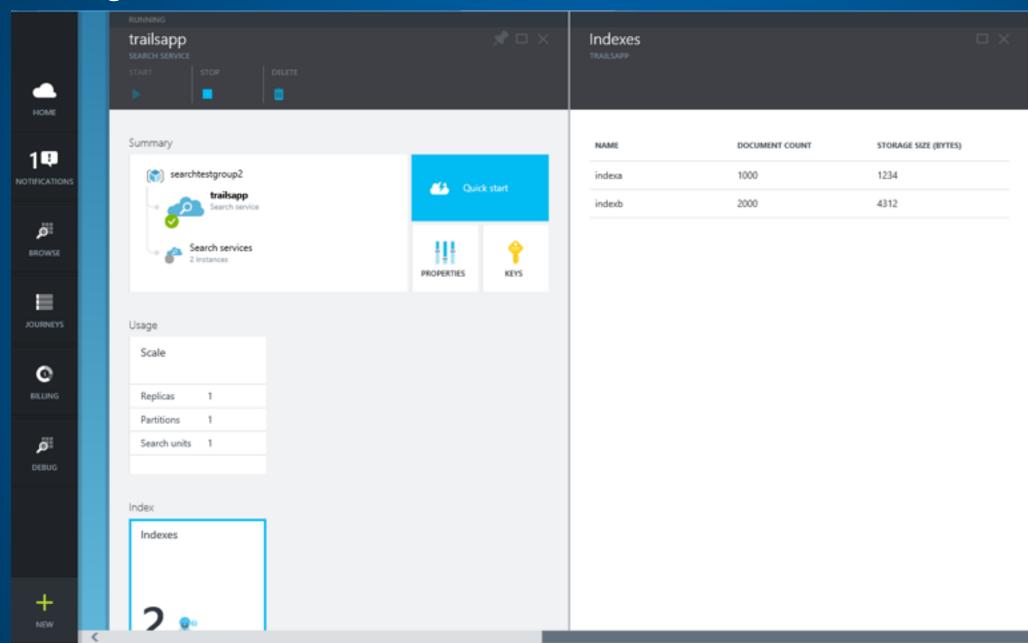


Scale Up



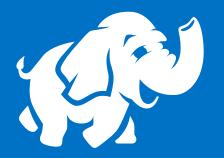


Manage Indexes





HDInsight









Data size	Gigabytes (Terabytes)	Petabytes (Hexabytes)
Access	Interactive and Batch	Batch
Updates	Read / Write many times i	Write once, Read many times
Structure	Static Schema	Dynamic Schema
Integrity	High (ACID)	Low
Scaling	Nonlinear	Linear

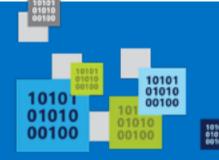
Reference: Tom White's Hadoop: The Definitive Guide



Programming HDInsight
– Existing ecosystem

Hive Pig Mahout Cascading Scalding Scoobi Pegasus

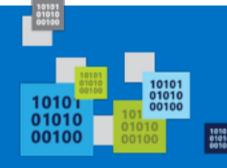
. . .





Programming HDInsight – Microsoft .NET

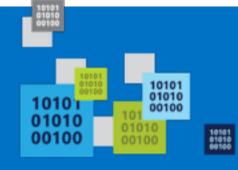
C#
F#
Map/Reduce
Microsoft .NET management clients





Programming HDInsight – DevOps / IT Pros

PowerShell Cross-Platform CLI tools (xplat-cli)

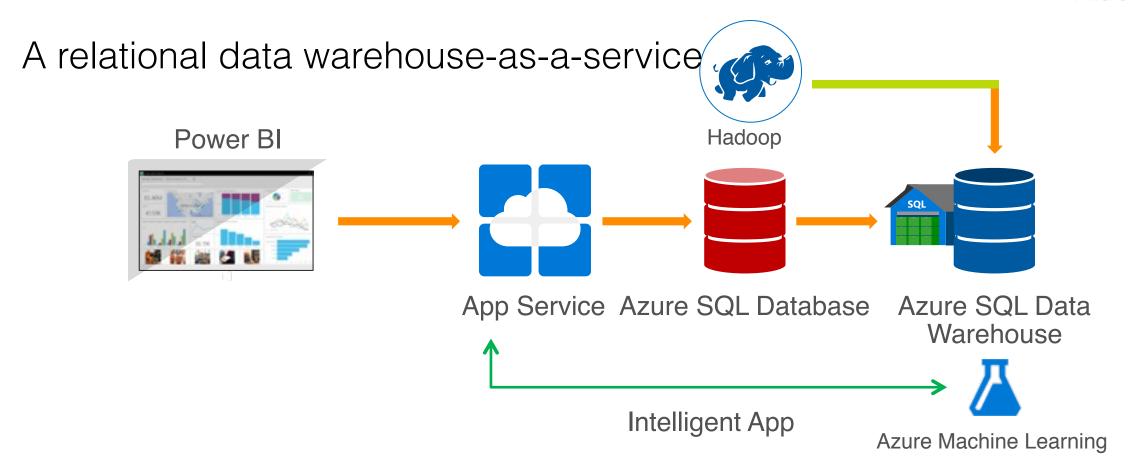


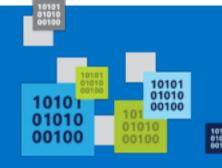


Data Warehousing











Elastic scale & performance

Scales to petabytes of data

Massively Parallel Processing

Instant-on compute scales in seconds

Query Relational / Non-Relational

Powered by the Cloud

Get started in minutes

Integrated with Azure ML, PowerBI & ADF

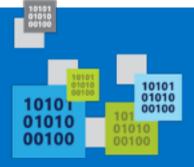
Enterprise Ready

Market Leading Price & Performance

Simple billing compute & storage

Pay for what you need, when you need it with dynamic pause

Bring DW to the Cloud without rewriting



Data Lake

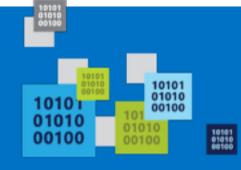




Azure Data Lake service



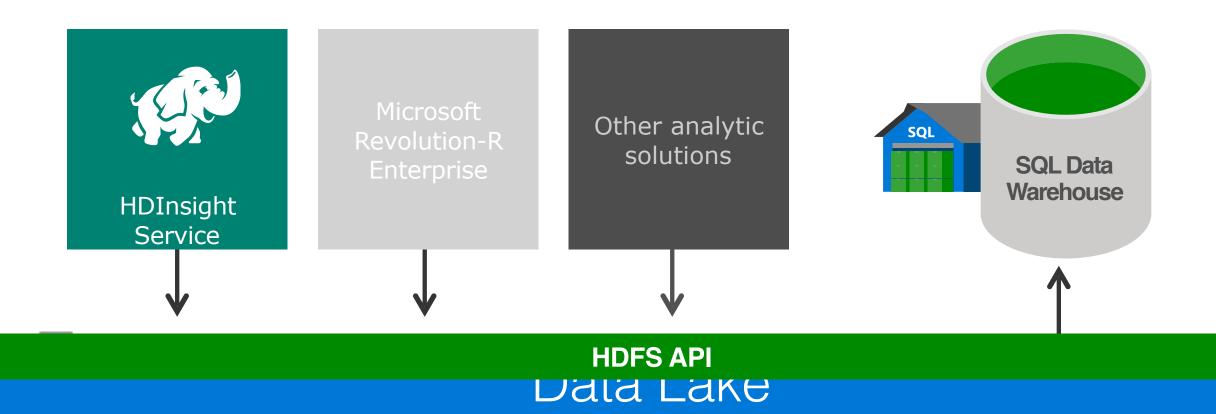
- Store and manage infinite data
- Keep data in its original form
- High through put, low latency analytic jobs
- Enterprise-grade security + access control





Data Lake service

Transformative way to store and process infinite data



MongoDB, MySQL, Oracle, Cassandra, Neo4j and more



Additional Database options in Azure

- Azure Table Service is a "Big Table" entity store.
- MongoDB is a document (JSON) store.
- Cassandra is a columnar store with excellent replication.
- HBase is a Big Data (Hadoop) store available in HDInsight.
- Oracle VMs are supported in Azure.
- MySQL is offered from the partner ClearDB.



Microsoft Azure Data Platform

SQL Database

SQL on laaS

DocumentDB

MongoDB, MySQL, Oracle, Cassandra, Neo4j and more

HDInsight

Search

