Bacharelado em Turismo

LÍNGUA ESTRANGEIRA II - INGLÊS

Profa. Dra. Luciana de Mesquita Silva

Ensino remoto – Atividades acadêmicas não-presenciais

Language Study. Describing places

Consider the text "Welcome to Brazil": https://www.lonelyplanet.com/brazil

Read the sentence below:

"One of the world's most <u>captivating</u> places, Brazil is a country of <u>powdery</u> white-sand beaches, <u>verdant</u> rainforests and <u>wild</u>, <u>rhythm-filled</u> metropolises."

- * The underlined words are <u>adjectives</u>. We use adjectives to describe nouns. Most adjectives can be used in front of a noun.
- * In general, adjectives are the most common words used in the descriptions of a place.

Find more adjectives to describe places in the chart below:

beautiful	famous	devastating
boring	fantastic	elegant
bustling	huge	extensive
charming	lively	fascinating
contemporary	popular	haunted
compact	picturesque	heritage
cosmopolitan	polluted	magnificent
crowded	touristy	safe
exciting	breathtaking	scenic
thrilling	amazing	unbelievable
ancient	expensive	dangerous

Study these adjectives and example sentences:

https://www.esolcourses.com/content/exercises/grammar/adjective s/places/words-for-describing-places.html Check the pronunciation of these adjectives:

https://www.allthingstopics.com/uploads/2/3/2/9/2329022 0/15-usa-adj-places.mp3

2) Do the exercise and check the answer key on the next page.

NAME:	DATE:

ADJECTIVES THAT DESCRIBE PLACES

Questions: Where are you now? What words can you use to describe the place where you are?

Complete the 15 sentences with the words on the left.



- **B** beautiful adj. bright adj.
- C crowded adj.
- D dirty aay.
- E empty adj. expensive adj.
- T, large adj.
- M messy adj. modern adj.
- **N** neat adj. new adj. noisy adj.
- S spacious aoy.
- T tall ady. traditional ady.

1.	That restaurant must serve really good food. It's really There are so many people there.
2.	There are lots of clothes and books and toys all over my son's bedroom. It's very
3.	I really like my apartment. It isn't dark. It has large windows, so it's very
4.	After my son cleaned his room it was
5.	No one is in the classroom. It's
6.	That house costs a lot of money. It's
7.	It's not an ugly building. In fact, it's really quite
8.	Sixty thousand people can sit in that football stadium. It's not small, it's
9.	We didn't eat at that restaurant because it wasn't clean. It was!
10.	There is a office building near my home. It wasn't there last year.
11.	Our home is too small. We want to move to a more apartment.
12.	There is a small market in our town. It's the same as markets a hundred years ago.
13.	I need a quiet place to study. This place is too
14.	It's a building. It has 35 floors.
	That supported isn't a traditional market. It's year

WORD BANK

Adjectives That Describe Places

Aim Supplementary vocabulary building

Level Intermediate to Advanced

Time Approximately 15 - 20 minutes

ANSWER KEY

My Notes

1. crowded

- 2. messy
- bright
- 4. neat
- empty
- 6. expensive
- 7. beautiful
- 8. large
- dirty
- 10. new
- spacious
- 12. traditional
- noisy
- 14. tall
- 15. modern

Permission granted to reproduce for classroom use. 0 www.allthingstopics.com

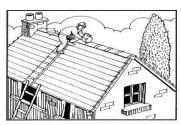
https://www.allthingstopics.com/uploads/2/3/2/9/23290220 /wordbank_places-adj15.pdf

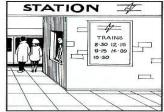
Consider the text "Welcome to Brazil": https://www.lonelyplanet.com/brazil

Read the sentences below:

- a) "There are countless places in Brazil where you can spot its iconic species, which Include toucans, scarlet macaws, howler monkeys, capybaras, pink dolphins, sea turtles and many more."
- b) "There's horseback riding and wildlife-watching in the Pantanal [...]."
 - When do we use the expressions "there is" and "there are"? Check the next pages.

there is there are







There's a man on the roof.

There's a train at 10.30.

There are seven days in a week.

singular

there is ... (there's) is there ...? there is not ...

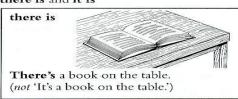
(there isn't or there's not)

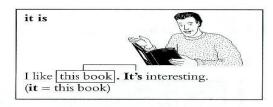
plural

there are ... are there ...? there are not ... (there aren't)

- There's a big tree in the garden.
- There's a good film on TV tonight.
- A: Have you got any money?
- B: Yes, there's some in my bag.
- A: Excuse me, is there a hotel near here? B: Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
- We can't go skiing. There isn't any snow.
- There are some big trees in the garden.
- There are a lot of accidents on this road.
- A: **Are there** any letters for me today? B: Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.
- This restaurant is very quiet. There aren't many people here.
- How many players are there in a football team?
- There are 11 players in a football team.

B there is and it is





Compare:

- 'What's that noise?' 'It's a train.' (it = that noise)
 - **There's** a train at 10.30. **It's** a fast train. (it = the 10.30 train)
- There's a lot of salt in this soup. I don't like this soup. It's too salty. (it = this soup)

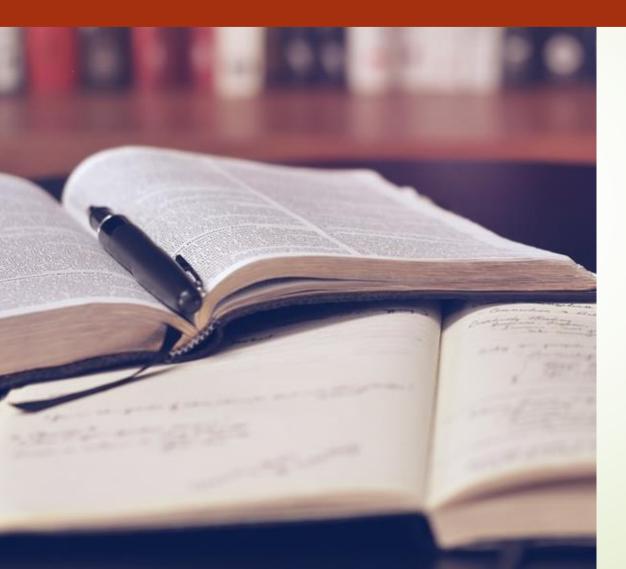
[80]

there was / were / has been etc. => UNIT 37

it and there ⇒ UNIT 38

some and any => UNIT 75

Exercise



https://www.myen glishpages.com/sit e_php_files/gramm ar-exercise-there-isthere-are.php