

# Paths of analysis\*

Analysis 6

Synthia

March 3, 2022

## 1 Analysis parameters

**Analysis type:** Automatic Retrosynthesis

**Rules:** none selected

**Filters:** FGI, FGI with protections

**Max. paths returned:** 5

**Max. iterations:** 300

**Commercial:**

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol
2. Max. price - 1000 \$/g

**Published:**

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol
2. Popularity - 10

**My Stockroom:**

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

**Reaction scoring formula:**  $\text{TUNNEL\_COEF} * \text{FGI\_COEF} * \text{STEP} * 20 + 1000000 * (\text{CONFLICT} + \text{NON\_SELECTIVITY} + \text{FILTERS} + \text{PROTECT})$

**Chemical scoring formula:**  $\text{SMALLER}^3, \text{SMALLER}^{1.5}$

**Min. search width:** 400

**Max. reactions per product:** 60

**Strategies:** none selected

---

\*The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

## 2 Paths

1 path found. *Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.*

### 2.1 Path 1

Score: 360.09

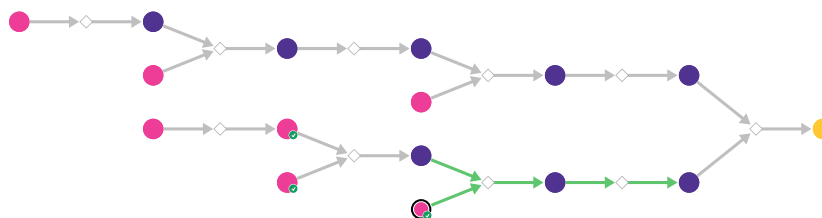
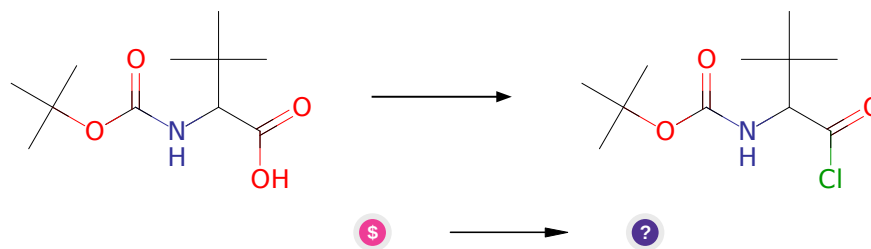


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

#### 2.1.1 Synthesis of acid chlorides from carboxylic acids



**Substrates:**

- 2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonyl]amino-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid - *Enamine*

**Products:**

- CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

**Typical conditions:** oxalyl.chloride.or.SOCl<sub>2</sub>

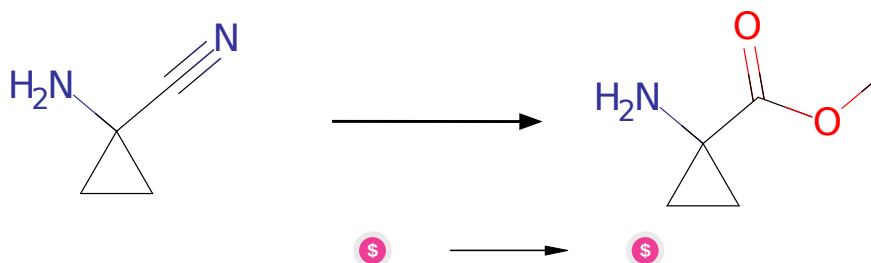
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** good

**Reference:** [10.1002/adsc.200303011](#) and [10.3390/50500714](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 24405

### 2.1.2 Alcoholysis of nitriles to esters



**Substrates:**

- 1-Amino-cyclopropanecarbonitrile - [Combi-Blocks](#)

**Products:**

- Methyl 1-aminocyclopropanecarboxylate hydrochloride - [available at Sigma-Aldrich](#)

**Typical conditions:** HCl.alcohol.70C or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.alcohol.reflux

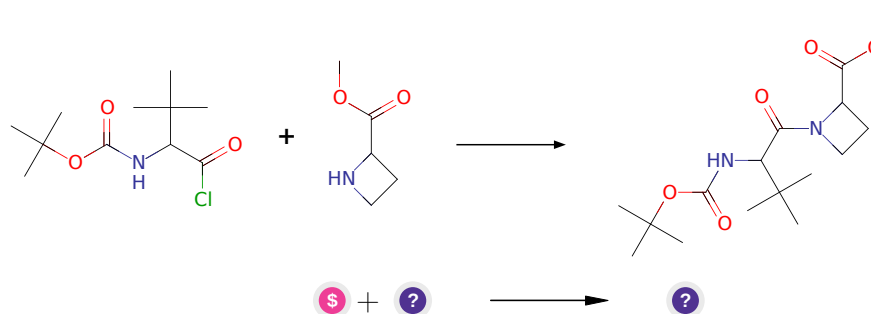
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** moderate

**Reference:** CN104151345 p.79 and [10.1021/jo00391a009](#) and WO2005058301 p.190 and WO2003084918 and CN105924353 p.37 and [10.1021/acs.jmedchem.6b01261](#) and [10.1080/00397919508011832](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 31009685

### 2.1.3 Synthesis of tertiary amides from acid chlorides



**Substrates:**

1. azetidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester - *JWPharmlab*

2. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

**Products:**

1. COC(=O)C1CCN1C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

**Typical conditions:** TEA.DCM.rt

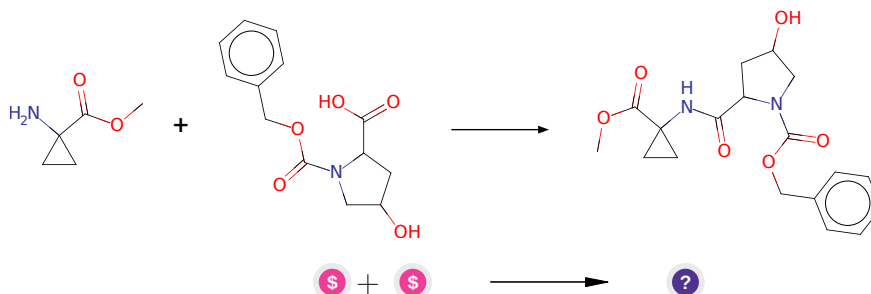
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** good

**Reference:** DOI: [10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.08.004](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.08.004) and [10.1016/j.tetlet.2008.05.010](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2008.05.010)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 9146

**2.1.4 Amide coupling**



**Substrates:**

1. Z-Hyp-OH - *available at Sigma-Aldrich*

2. Methyl 1-aminocyclopropanecarboxylate hydrochloride - *available at Sigma-Aldrich*

**Products:**

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2C(=O)OCc2ccccc2)CC1

**Typical conditions:** DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl<sub>2</sub>.DCM

**Protections:** none

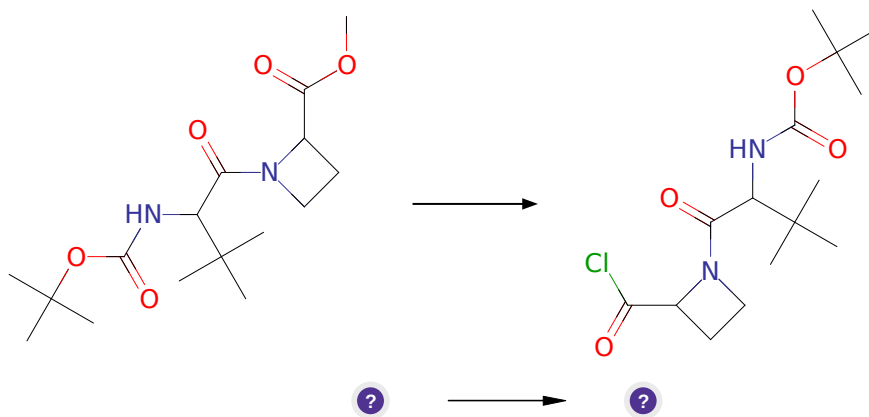
**Yield:** good

**Reference:** [10.1021/cr100048w](https://doi.org/10.1021/cr100048w) and [10.1039/B701677H](https://doi.org/10.1039/B701677H) and [10.1039/C5RA24527C](https://doi.org/10.1039/C5RA24527C) and [10.3727/000000006783981206](https://doi.org/10.3727/000000006783981206) and [10.1021/np060007f](https://doi.org/10.1021/np060007f) and [10.1021/jo00012a058](https://doi.org/10.1021/jo00012a058) and [10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037)

and [10.1039/C0OB00355G](#) and [10.1021/jm500031w](#) (p.3056) and [10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 10087

### 2.1.5 Synthesis of acid chlorides from esters



**Substrates:**

1. COC(=O)C1CCN1C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

**Products:**

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

**Typical conditions:** 1. LiOH.H<sub>2</sub>O.THF.2. evapo-  
rate.3.SOCl<sub>2</sub>.or.oxalyl.chloride

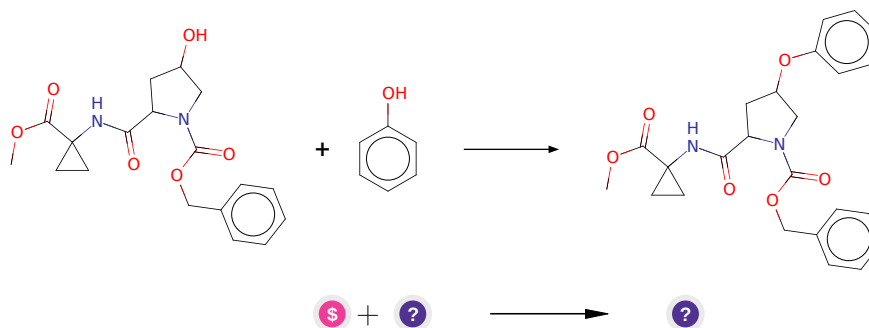
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** moderate

**Reference:** [10.1021/ja073476s](#) and [10.1016/j.tet.2007.04.043](#) and [10.1002/adsc.200303011](#) and [10.3390/50500714](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 24406

### 2.1.6 Mitsunobu reaction



#### Substrates:

1. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O - *available at Sigma-Aldrich*
2. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2C(=O)OCc2ccccc2)CC1

#### Products:

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(OC3ccccc3)CN2C(=O)OCc2ccccc2)CC1

**Typical conditions:** DEAD.or.DCAD.or.DIAD.PPh<sub>3</sub>

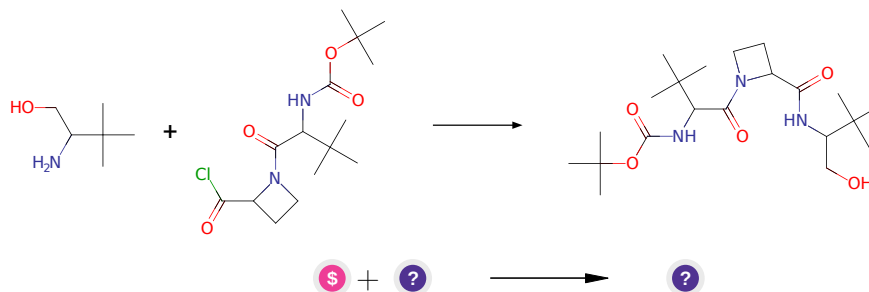
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** good

**Reference:** DOI: [10.1021/jo0345751](https://doi.org/10.1021/jo0345751) AND [10.1021/ol0618757](https://doi.org/10.1021/ol0618757)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 7562

### 2.1.7 Reaction of acyl chlorides with amines



#### Substrates:

1. 2-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-butan-1-ol - *Enamine*
2. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

**Products:**

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)NC(CO)C(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

**Typical conditions:** Net3 or pyridine.DCM

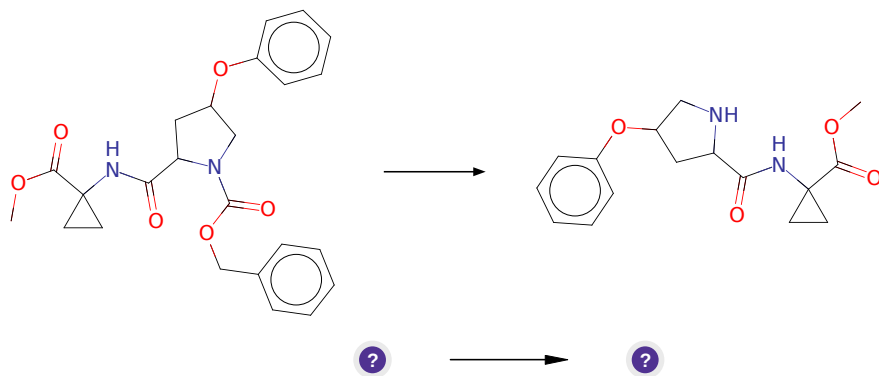
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** good

**Reference:** [10.1016/j.ejmech.2016.03.047](#) AND [10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.08.004](#)  
AND [10.1016/j.bmc.2011.03.002](#) AND [10.1021/ja077463q](#) (SI) AND  
[10.1016/j.tetlet.2014.10.006](#) (SI) AND [10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.04.018](#) AND  
[10.1021/jm980712o](#) AND [10.1021/jo9906173](#) AND [10.1021/jf9607371](#) AND

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 28547

**2.1.8 Cleavage of benzyloxycarbamates**



**Substrates:**

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(Oc3ccccc3)CN2C(=O)OCc2ccccc2)CC1

**Products:**

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(Oc3ccccc3)CN2)CC1

**Typical conditions:** H2.Pd/C

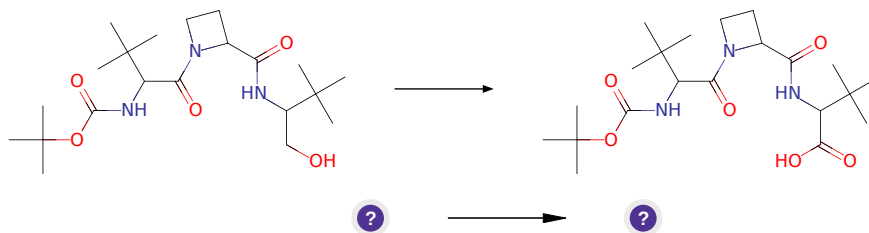
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** good

**Reference:** [10.1021/jm070755h](#) and [10.1021/jm2016057](#) and [10.1055/s-0033-1340215](#) and [10.1016/S0040-4039\(03\)01181-X](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 9990024

### 2.1.9 Jones Oxidation



**Substrates:**

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)NC(CO)C(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

**Products:**

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)NC(C(=O)O)C(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

**Typical conditions:** cromate.sulfate.H2O.acetone

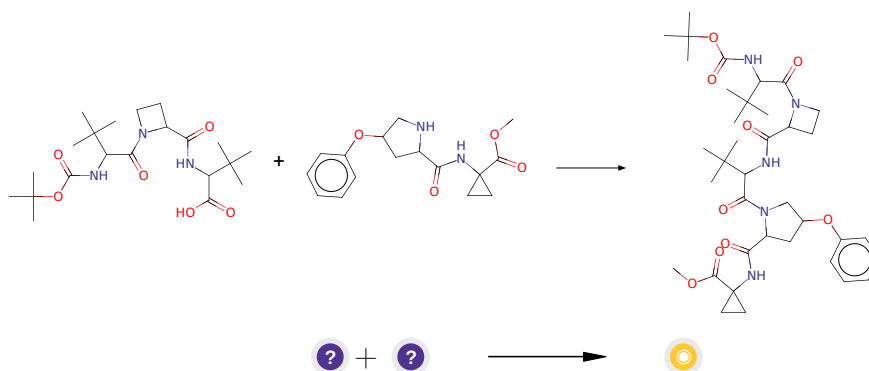
**Protections:** none

**Yield:** moderate

**Reference:** [10.1002/9780470638859.conrr349](#) and [10.1021/jm00270a004](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 11160

### 2.1.10 Amide coupling



**Substrates:**

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(Oc3ccccc3)CN2)CC1
2. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)NC(C(=O)O)C(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

**Products:**



1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(Oc3ccccc3)CN2C(=O)C(NC(=O)C2CCN2C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C(=O)C2)C(=O)C

**Typical conditions:** DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl<sub>2</sub>.DCM

**Protections:** none

**Yield:** good

**Reference:**        [10.1021/ol400686f](#)        and        [10.1021/jo00200a057](#)        and  
[10.1021/cr100048w](#)    and    [10.1039/B701677H](#)    and    [10.1039/C5RA24527C](#)    and  
[10.3727/000000006783981206](#)    and    [10.1021/np060007f](#)    and    [10.1021/jo00012a058](#)  
and        [10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037](#)        and        [10.1039/C0OB00355G](#)        and  
[10.1021/jm500031w](#) (p.3056) and [10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046](#)

**Retrosynthesis ID:** 9147