# Paths of analysis\*

# Synthia

March 3, 2022

#### Analysis parameters 1

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 5

Max. iterations: 300

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1000 \$/g

#### **Published:**

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 10

#### My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL COEF\*FGI COEF\*STEP\*20+1000 000\*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

<sup>\*</sup>The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

# FGI Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

# 2 Paths

 $1\ \mathrm{path}$  found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

# 2.1 Path 1

Score: 169.06

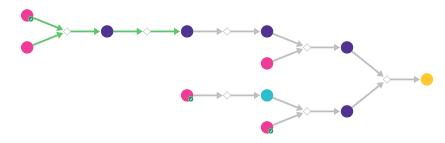


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

# 2.1.1 Amide coupling

# Substrates:

- 1. Z-Hyp-OH available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ 1{\text -}Amino-cyclopropanecarbonitrile } \ \ {\textit{Combi-Blocks}}$

## Products:

# 1. N#CC1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2C(=O)OCc2cccc2)CC1

Typical conditions: DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOC12.DCM

Protections: none

Yield: good

**Reference:** 10.1021/cr100048w and 10.1039/B701677H and 10.1039/C5RA24527C and 10.3727/0000000006783981206 and 10.1021/np060007f and 10.1021/jo00012a058 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037 and 10.1039/C0OB00355G and 10.1021/jm500031w (p.3056) and 10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046

Retrosynthesis ID: 10087

### 2.1.2 Hydrolysis of nitriles to amides

#### Substrates:

1. N#CC1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2C(=O)OCc2cccc2)CC1

#### **Products:**

1. NC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2C(=O)OCc2cccc2)CC1

Typical conditions: H2SO4.DCM.rt

Protections: none
Yield: moderate

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo00040a061 and 10.1016/0223-5234(90)90132-M and

10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.09.012

Retrosynthesis ID: 11358

# 2.1.3 Hydrolysis of nitriles to amides

#### Substrates:

1. 4-Fluoro-3-methoxybenzonitrile - available at Sigma-Aldrich

# Products:

1. 4-fluoro-3-methoxybenzamide

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ H2SO4.DCM.rt$ 

Protections: none
Yield: moderate

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo00040a061 and 10.1016/0223-5234(90)90132-M and

10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.09.012

Retrosynthesis ID: 11358

# 2.1.4 Cleavage of benzyloxycarbamates

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2N$ 
 $H_2N$ 

# Substrates:

 $1. \ \mathrm{NC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1}(\mathrm{NC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C2CC}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CN2C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OCc2cccc2})\mathrm{CC1}$ 

#### **Products:**

1. NC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2)CC1

Typical conditions: H2.Pd/C

Protections: none

Yield: good

1340215 and 10.1016/S0040-4039(03)01181-X

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990024

## 2.1.5 Sulfonylation of amides

#### Substrates:

1. 4-fluoro-3-methoxybenzamide

2. 2-Propanesulfonyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

### **Products:**

1. COc1cc(C(=O)NS(=O)(=O)C(C)C)ccc1F

Typical conditions: Py.RSO2Cl

Protections: none

Yield: good

10.1016/j. tetasy. 2012. 08.013

Retrosynthesis ID: 14787

# 2.1.6 Amide coupling

#### Substrates:

- 1. NC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(O)CN2)CC1
- 2. 2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonyl]amino-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid Enamine

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ \mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{C})(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{OC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{N1CC}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC1C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{NC1}(\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{N})=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC1})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{C}$ 

Typical conditions: DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl2.DCM

Protections: none

Yield: good

**Reference:** 10.1021/o1400686f and 10.1021/jo00200a057 and 10.1021/cr100048w and 10.1039/B701677H and 10.1039/C5RA24527C and 10.3727/000000006783981206 and 10.1021/np060007f and 10.1021/jo00012a058 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037 and 10.1039/C0OB00355G and 10.1021/jm500031w (p.3056) and 10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046

Retrosynthesis ID: 9147

## 2.1.7 Nucleophilic aromatic substitution

Substrates:

- 1. COc1cc(C(=O)NS(=O)(=O)C(C)C)ccc1F
- $2. \ \mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{C})(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{OC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{N1CC}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC1C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{NC1}(\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{N})=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC1})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{C}$

#### **Products:**

Typical conditions: NaH.THF.0-80 C or K2CO3.DMF.110 C

Protections: none

Yield: good

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tetlet.2015.10.008 p. 6479, 6483 and

10.1016/j.ejmech.2016.06.056 p. 82, 85

Retrosynthesis ID: 49475