Paths of analysis*

Synthia

March 3, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 5

Max. iterations: 300

Commercial:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Max. price 1000 \$/g

Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 10

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

 $2~{\rm paths}$ found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 120.84

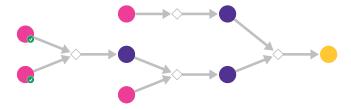


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 N-Sulfonylation

Substrates:

- 1. 5-Amino-2-chlorobenzoic acid available at Sigma-Aldrich
- 2. 1-Propanesulfonyl chloride available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CCCS}(=\mathrm{O})(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{Nc}1\mathrm{ccc}(\mathrm{Cl})\mathrm{c}(\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{O})\mathrm{c}1$

Typical conditions: THF.rt

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1055/s-0029-1217565 and 10.1002/(SICI)1099-0690(199806)1998:6<945::AID-EJOC945>3.0.CO;2-3 and <math>10.1055/s-2001-14567 and 10.1016/j.bmc.2014.07.022

Retrosynthesis ID: 14717

2.1.2 Synthesis of O-substituted N-substituted hydroxamic acids

Substrates:

1. n-methoxymethylamine - ChemImpexInternational

2. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(C(=O)O)c1

Products:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(C(=O)N(C)OC)c1

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \, \textbf{DCC.DMAP} \ \, \textbf{or} \ \, \textbf{CDI.TEA.DCM}$

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: Patent: WO2007/67333A2, 2007 & 10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.09.100

2.1.3 Iodination of aromatic compounds

Substrates:

1. 5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine - Combi-Blocks

Products:

 $1. \ \, Clc1ccc(-c2cnc3[nH]cc(I)c3c2)cc1$

Typical conditions: I2 or other iodinating agent e.g. NIS

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: DOI: 10.1039/C5SC00964B and 10.1016/j.tetlet.2005.05.117 and

10.1007/s11178-005-0256-1

Retrosynthesis ID: 10697

2.1.4 Synthesis of ketones from Weinreb amides

Substrates:

1. Clc1ccc(-c2cnc3[nH]cc(I)c3c2)cc1

2. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(C(=O)N(C)OC)c1

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(C(=O)c2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(Cl)cc4)cc23)c1$

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:}\ 1.RmgBr.THF\ 2.TFA.DCM$

Protections: none

 $\bf Yield: \ good$

Reference: 10.1021/jm051185t and 10.1021/ol101021v (supporting info)

Retrosynthesis ID: 5060

2.2 Path 2

Score: 172.06

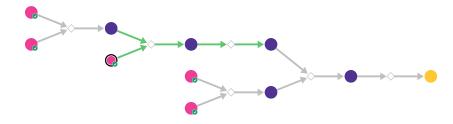


Figure 2: Outline of path 2

2.2.1 N-Sulfonylation

Substrates:

2. 3-Bromo-4-chloroaniline - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(Br)c1

Typical conditions: THF.rt

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1055/s-0029-1217565 and 10.1002/(SICI)1099-0690(199806)1998:6<945::AID-EJOC945>3.0.CO;2-3 and 10.1055/s-2001-14567 and 10.1016/j.bmc.2014.07.022

Retrosynthesis ID: 14717

2.2.2 Heck Reaction

Substrates:

1. Acrylamide - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(Br)c1

Products:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(/C=C/C(N)=O)c1

Typical conditions: Pd (cat). Ligand e.g. TXPTS. Base. Temp

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: DOI: 10.1039/C3GC40493E DOI: 10.1021/ol0360288 or DOI: 10.1021/ol702755g or DOI: 10.1055/s-0033-1340319 or DOI: 10.1016/j.tet.2004.10.049

2.2.3 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic acids with aryl bromides

Substrates:

1. 5-Bromo-2,3-dichloropyridine - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. 4-Chlorophenylboronic acid - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. Clc1ccc(-c2cnc(Cl)c(Cl)c2)cc1

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

 $\mathbf{Yield:}\ \mathrm{good}$

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H and 10.1016/j.ejmech.2018.08.092 and 10.1038/s41929-020-00564-z (metal-free coupling)

2.2.4 Reduction of Amides to Amines

Substrates:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(/C=C/C(N)=O)c1

Products:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(/C=C/CN)c1

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \, \text{LAH.ether.H+.H20}$

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/jo0349633 and 10.1021/op990019q and 10.1021/op200181f

and 10.1021/op2003826

Retrosynthesis ID: 10259

2.2.5 Heck-type synthesis of indoles

${\bf Substrates:}$

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(/C=C/CN)c1

 $2. \ Clc1ccc(-c2cnc(Cl)c(Cl)c2)cc1$

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(Cc2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(Cl)cc4)cc23)c1$

Typical conditions: Pd2dba3.dppf.NaOtBu.PhMe.140C

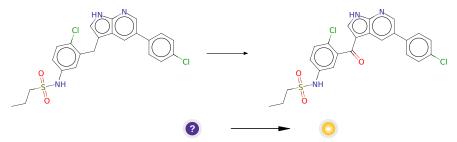
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1002/anie.200703763

Retrosynthesis ID: 28942

2.2.6 Benzylic oxidation to ketone



Substrates:

 $1. \ \ CCCS(=O)(=O) \\ Nc1ccc(Cl)c(Cc2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(Cl)cc4)cc23)c1$

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Cl)c(C(=O)c2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(Cl)cc4)cc23)c1$

Typical conditions: oxidant eg. Oxone or O2 or K2S2O8

Protections: none

Yield: moderate

1610678 and 10.1021/acs.orglett.6b02914