Paths of analysis* Analysis 5

Synthia

March 3, 2022

Analysis parameters 1

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 5

Max. iterations: 300

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1000 \$/g

Published:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Popularity - 10

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL COEF*FGI COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

 $1~\mathrm{path}$ found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 122.50

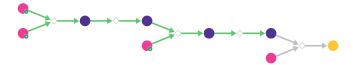


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Synthesis of isoxazoles from aldehydes and hydrazines

Substrates:

- 1. 2-Ethylbutanal available at Sigma-Aldrich
- 2. 4-Ethynylpiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(C(=O)OC(C)(C)C)CC2)on1 \\$

Typical conditions: 1. nBuLi 2. I2.K2CO3

Protections: none
Yield: moderate

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/jo4027116

Retrosynthesis ID: 49545

2.1.2 Boc removal

Substrates:

 $1. \ CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(C(=O)OC(C)(C)C)CC2) on 1 \\$

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCNCC2)on1$

Typical conditions: TFA.DCM or HCl.EtOH

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/jm070794t and 10.1021/jm020598g and

10.1021/acs.oprd.5b00144 and 10.1016/j.bmc.2003.08.022

Retrosynthesis ID: 10025810

2.1.3 Synthesis of sulfonamides from sulfonyl chlorides

Substrates:

1. 2-Nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCNCC2)on1

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(S(=O)(=O)c3ccccc3[N+](=O)[O-])CC2) on 1$

Typical conditions: Et3N

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/jm00395a010 and 10.1002/047084289X.rn00099 and

10.1016/j.j fluchem. 2013.01.009

Retrosynthesis ID: 247

2.1.4 Reduction of nitro group

$$N_{1}$$
 N_{2}
 N_{2}
 N_{2}
 N_{3}
 N_{4}
 N_{2}
 N_{2}

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(S(=O)(=O)c3ccccc3[N+](=O)[O-])CC2) on 1$

Products:

1. CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(S(=O)(=O)c3ccccc3N)CC2)on1

Typical conditions: Zn. aq NH4. EtOH //Zn.Hcl

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/anie.201512005 and 10.1002/anie.201104681 and 10.3390/molecules17055497 and 10.3390/molecules19022655 and 10.1021/ol5033464 (SI,page 3) and 10.5012/bkcs.2013.34.4.1275

Retrosynthesis ID: 6145

2.1.5 Amination of aryl bromides

Substrates:

1. 4-Bromo-2-chloro-1-isopropoxybenzene - AOBChem

2. CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(S(=O)(=O)c3ccccc3N)CC2)on1

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCC(CC)c1cc(C2CCN(S(=O)(=O)c3ccccc3Nc3ccc(OC(C)C)c(C1)c3)CC2) on 1 \\$

Typical conditions: Pd.ligand.base or CuI.ligand.base

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/ja903049z and 10.1021/jo060945k and 10.1021/jo060190h

and 10.1039/B923255A and 10.1021/jm8003625 and 10.1021/jo9006738

Retrosynthesis ID: 28544