

Paths of analysis*

Analysis 7

Synthia

March 3, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 5

Max. iterations: 300

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol
2. Max. price - 1000 \$/g

Published:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol
2. Popularity - 10

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: $\text{TUNNEL_COEF} * \text{FGI_COEF} * \text{STEP} * 20 + 1000000 * (\text{CONFLICT} + \text{NON_SELECTIVITY} + \text{FILTERS} + \text{PROTECT})$

Chemical scoring formula: $\text{SMALLER}^3, \text{SMALLER}^{1.5}$

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

*The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

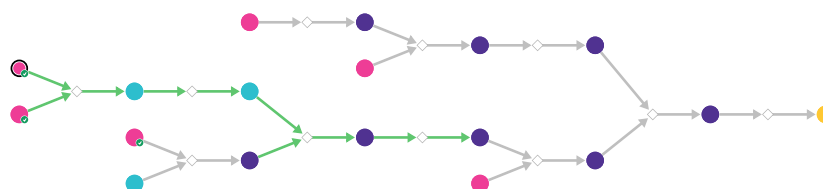
JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

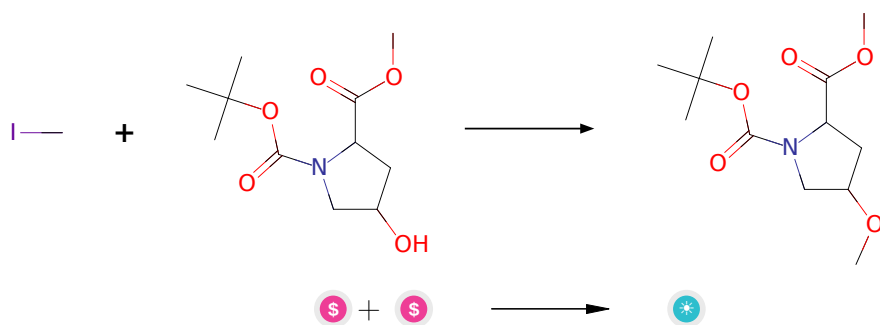
1 path found. *Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.*

2.1 Path 1

Score: 459.93



2.1.1 Methylation of secondary unhindered alcohols



Substrates:

1. Iodomethane - *available at Sigma-Aldrich*
2. 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylate - *available at Sigma-Aldrich*

Products:

1. C₁₂H₂₁NO₅

Typical conditions: NaH.MeI.THF

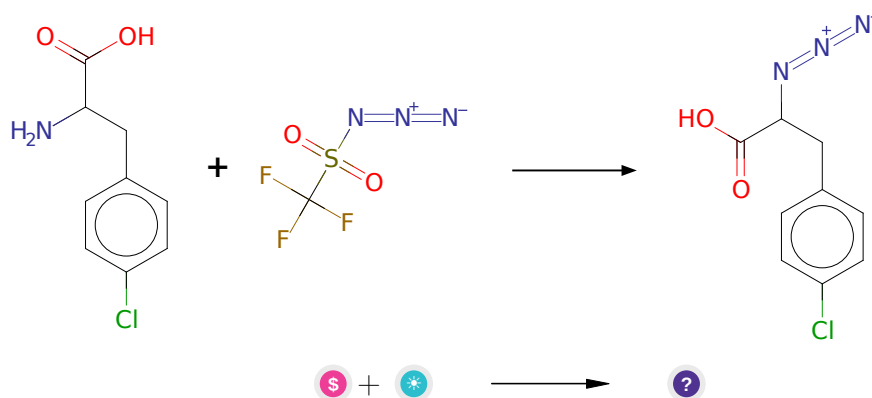
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: [10.1016/j.bmc.2010.02.061](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bmc.2010.02.061) and [10.1016/j.tetasy.2010.01.014](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tetasy.2010.01.014) and [10.1007/BF02977665](https://doi.org/10.1007/BF02977665) and [10.1002/ejoc.201101635](https://doi.org/10.1002/ejoc.201101635) and [10.1021/ol0064664](https://doi.org/10.1021/ol0064664) and [10.1021/ol035227o](https://doi.org/10.1021/ol035227o)

Retrosynthesis ID: 31014843

2.1.2 Synthesis of alkyl azides from alkyl amines and TfN₃



Substrates:

1. 4-Chloro-DL-phenylalanine - *available at Sigma-Aldrich*
2. trifluoromethanesulfonyl azide

Products:

1. [N-]=[N+]=NC(Cc1ccc(Cl)cc1)C(=O)O

Typical conditions: H₂O.K₂CO₃.CH₂Cl₂.CuSO₄.MeOH

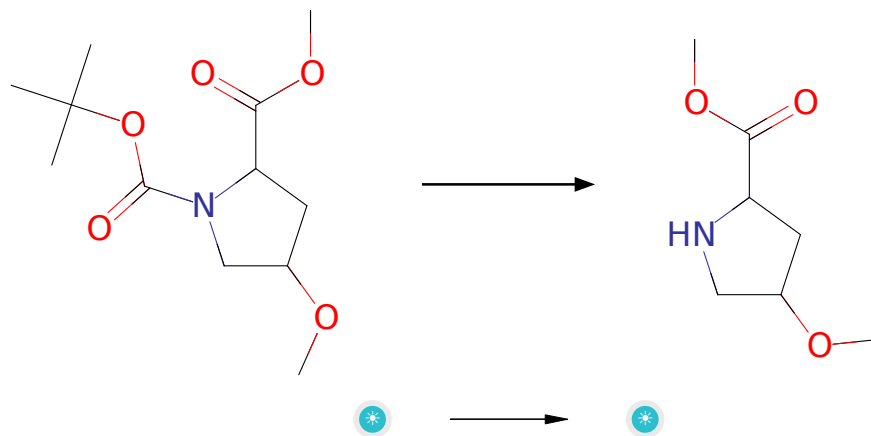
Protections: none

Yield: moderate

Reference: DOI: [10.1016/0040-4039\(96\)01307-X](https://doi.org/10.1016/0040-4039(96)01307-X)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9920002

2.1.3 Boc removal



Substrates:

1. C₁₂H₂₁NO₅

Products:

1. methyl 4-methoxy-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylate hydrochloride

Typical conditions: TFA.DCM or HCl.EtOH

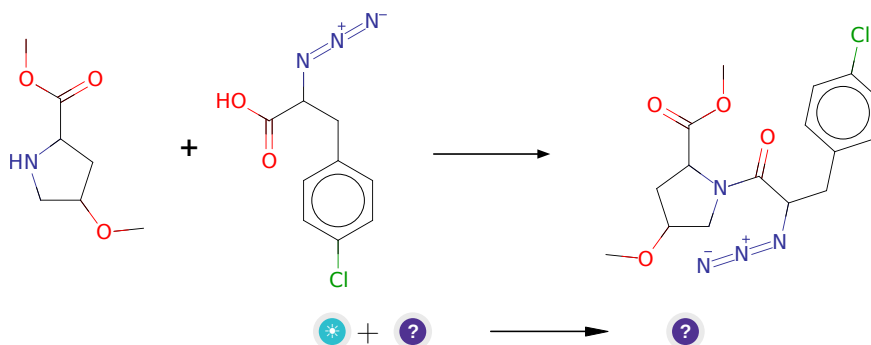
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: [10.1021/jm070794t](#) and [10.1021/jm020598g](#) and [10.1021/acs.oprd.5b00144](#) and [10.1016/j.bmc.2003.08.022](#)

Retrosynthesis ID: 10025810

2.1.4 Amide coupling



Substrates:

1. methyl 4-methoxy-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylate hydrochloride

2. $[N-]=[N+]=NC(Cc1ccc(Cl)cc1)C(=O)O$

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1CC(OC)CN1C(=O)C(Cc1ccc(Cl)cc1)N=[N+]=[N-]

Typical conditions: DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl₂.DCM

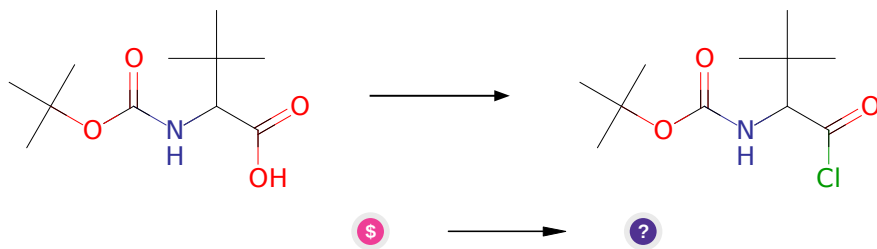
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: [10.1021/cr100048w](#) and [10.1039/B701677H](#) and [10.1039/C5RA24527C](#) and [10.3727/00000006783981206](#) and [10.1021/np060007f](#) and [10.1021/jo00012a058](#) and [10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037](#) and [10.1039/C0OB00355G](#) and [10.1021/jm500031w](#) (p.3056) and [10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046](#)

Retrosynthesis ID: 10091

2.1.5 Synthesis of acid chlorides from carboxylic acids



Substrates:

1. 2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonyl]amino-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid - *Enamine*

Products:

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

Typical conditions: oxalyl.chloride.or.SOCl₂

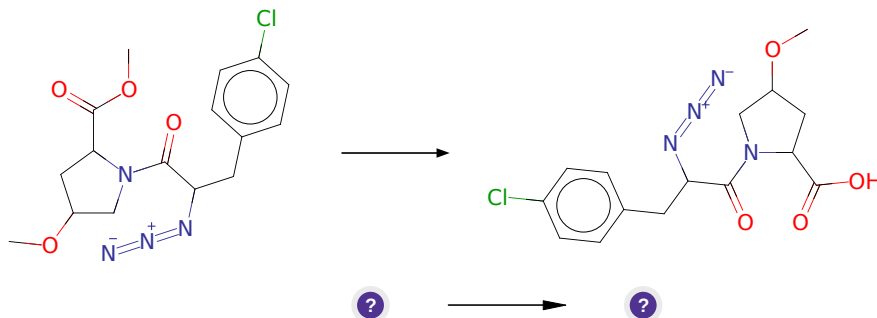
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: [10.1002/adsc.200303011](#) and [10.3390/50500714](#)

Retrosynthesis ID: 24405

2.1.6 Synthesis of Carboxylic Acids via Ester Hydrolysis



Substrates:

1. COC(=O)C1CC(OC)CN1C(=O)C(Cc1ccc(Cl)cc1)N=[N+]=[N-]

Products:

1. COC1CC(C(=O)O)N(C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)N=[N+]=[N-])C1

Typical conditions: water.base

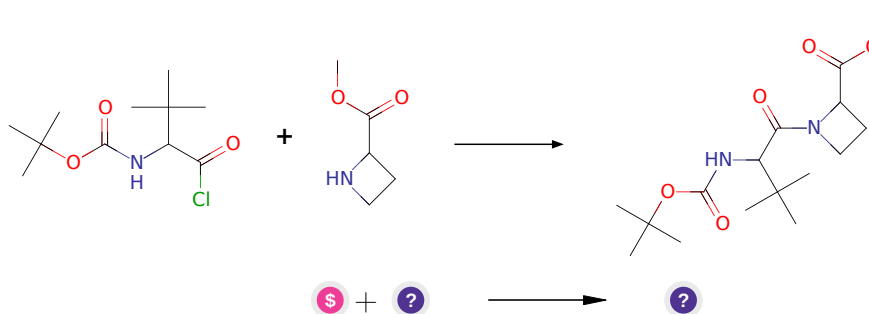
Protections: none

Yield: moderate

Reference: DOI: [10.1016/j.phytochem.2012.08.001](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.phytochem.2012.08.001) and [10.1021/jm900803q](https://doi.org/10.1021/jm900803q) and [10.1002/anie.201303108](https://doi.org/10.1002/anie.201303108) (SI page S14) and [10.1016/j.ejmech.2010.09.003](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmech.2010.09.003)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9224

2.1.7 Synthesis of tertiary amides from acid chlorides



Substrates:

1. azetidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester - [JWPharmLab](#)
2. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1CCN1C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

Typical conditions: TEA.DCM.rt

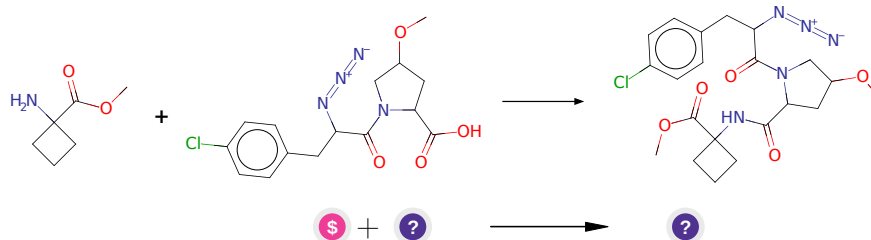
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: DOI: [10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.08.004](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bmcl.2008.08.004) and [10.1016/j.tetlet.2008.05.010](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tetlet.2008.05.010)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9146

2.1.8 Amide coupling



Substrates:

1. methyl 1-aminocyclobutane-1-carboxylate - *Combi-Blocks*
2. COC1CC(C(=O)O)N(C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)N=[N+]=[N-])C1

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(OC)CN2C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)N=[N+]=[N-])CCC1

Typical conditions: DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl₂.DCM

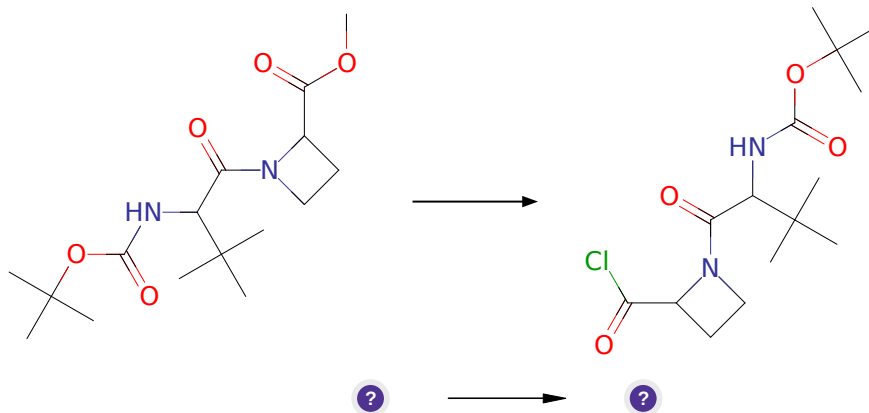
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: [10.1021/cr100048w](https://doi.org/10.1021/cr100048w) and [10.1039/B701677H](https://doi.org/10.1039/B701677H) and [10.1039/C5RA24527C](https://doi.org/10.1039/C5RA24527C) and [10.3727/000000006783981206](https://doi.org/10.3727/000000006783981206) and [10.1021/np060007f](https://doi.org/10.1021/np060007f) and [10.1021/jo00012a058](https://doi.org/10.1021/jo00012a058) and [10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037) and [10.1039/C0OB00355G](https://doi.org/10.1039/C0OB00355G) and [10.1021/jm500031w](https://doi.org/10.1021/jm500031w) (p.3056) and [10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046)

Retrosynthesis ID: 10087

2.1.9 Synthesis of acid chlorides from esters



Substrates:

1. COC(=O)C1CCN1C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C(C)(C)C

Products:

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C

Typical conditions: 1. LiOH.H₂O.THF. 2. evapo-
rate. 3. SOCl₂. or. oxalyl chloride

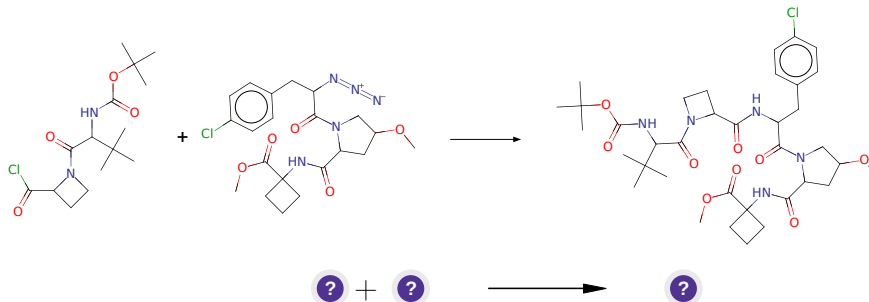
Protections: none

Yield: moderate

Reference: [10.1021/ja073476s](https://doi.org/10.1021/ja073476s) and [10.1016/j.tet.2007.04.043](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tet.2007.04.043) and
[10.1002/adsc.200303011](https://doi.org/10.1002/adsc.200303011) and [10.3390/50500714](https://doi.org/10.1039/50500714)

Retrosynthesis ID: 24406

2.1.10 Synthesis of amides from azides



Substrates:

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CCC1C(=O)Cl)C(C)(C)C
2. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(OC)CN2C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)N=[N+]=[N-])CCC1

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(OC)CN2C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)NC(=O)C2CCN2C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)CCC1

Typical conditions: PPh₃.DCM

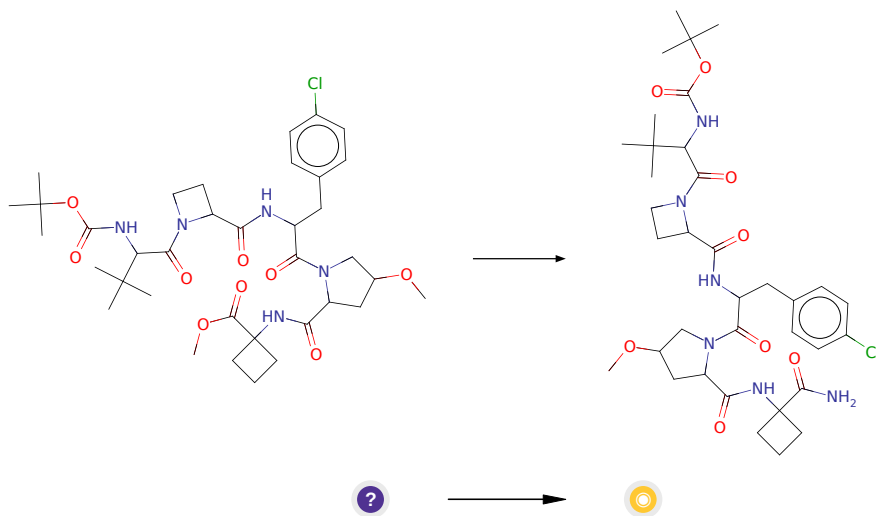
Protections: none

Yield: moderate

Reference: [10.1021/jo026687i](#) AND [10.1002/cbic.200900617](#) AND [10.1016/j.carres.2013.03.028](#)

Retrosynthesis ID: 15318

2.1.11 Aminolysis of esters to primary amides



Substrates:

1. COC(=O)C1(NC(=O)C2CC(OC)CN2C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)NC(=O)C2CCN2C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)CCC1

Products:

1. COC1CC(C(=O)NC2(C(N)=O)CCC2)N(C(=O)C(Cc2ccc(Cl)cc2)NC(=O)C2CCN2C(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)CCC1

Typical conditions: NH₃.MeOH.50C or NH₃.H₂O or NH₃.THF.H₂O

Protections: none

Yield: moderate

Reference: [10.1021/jacs.6b02276](#) and WO2016114668 p.36 and
[10.1016/j.bmc.2008.10.057](#) and [10.1016/j.bmc.2014.01.030](#)

Retrosynthesis ID: 31015629