Paths of analysis*

Synthia

March 3, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 5

Max. iterations: 300

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1000 \$/g

Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 10

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

1 path found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 347.27

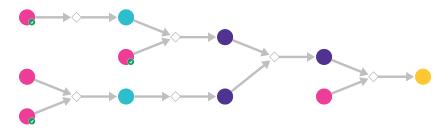


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Amide coupling

Substrates:

- 1. 2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonyl]amino-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid Enamine
- 2. Methyl 4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylate available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1.\ \ 1-(2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-3,3-dimethyl-butyryl)-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester$

Typical conditions: DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl2.DCM

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/o1400686f and 10.1021/jo00200a057 and 10.1021/cr100048w and 10.1039/B701677H and 10.1039/C5RA24527C and 10.3727/000000006783981206 and 10.1021/np060007f and 10.1021/jo00012a058 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037 and 10.1039/C0OB00355G and 10.1021/jm500031w (p.3056) and 10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046

Retrosynthesis ID: 9147

2.1.2 Hydrolysis of nitriles to amides

Substrates:

1. 4-Fluoro-3-methoxybenzonitrile - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. 4-fluoro-3-methoxybenzamide

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ H2SO4.DCM.rt$

Protections: none
Yield: moderate

Reference: 10.1021/j000040a061 and 10.1016/0223-5234(90)90132-M and

10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.09.012

Retrosynthesis ID: 11358

2.1.3 Synthesis of Carboxylic Acids via Ester Hydrolysis

Substrates:

 $1.\ \ 1-(2-tert-but oxy carbonylamino-3, 3-dimethyl-but yryl)-4-hydroxy-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester$

Products:

1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CC(O)CC1C(=O)O)C(C)(C)C

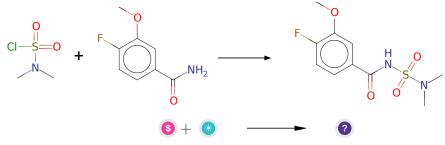
Typical conditions: water.base

Protections: none
Yield: moderate

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/j.phytochem.2012.08.001 and 10.1021/jm900803q and 10.1002/anie.201303108 (SI page S14) and 10.1016/j.ejmech.2010.09.003

Retrosynthesis ID: 9224

2.1.4 Sulfonylation of amides



Substrates:

1. N,N-Dimethylsulfamoyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. 4-fluoro-3-methoxybenzamide

Products:

1. COc1cc(C(=O)NS(=O)(=O)N(C)C)ccc1F

Typical conditions: Py.RSO2Cl

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/ja9945313 AND 10.1016/j.ejmech.2013.04.028 AND 10.1039/c5ra14001c AND 10.1016/j.bmcl.2013.12.043 AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2012.08.013

Retrosynthesis ID: 14787

2.1.5 Nucleophilic aromatic substitution

Substrates:

- 1. CC(C)(C)OC(=O)NC(C(=O)N1CC(O)CC1C(=O)O)C(C)(C)C
- 2. COc1cc(C(=O)NS(=O)(=O)N(C)C)ccc1F

Products:

Typical conditions: NaH.THF.0-80 C or K2CO3.DMF.110 C

Protections: none

 $\mathbf{Yield}: \mathbf{good}$

Reference: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2015.10.008 p. 6479, 6483 and

10.1016/j.ejmech.2016.06.056 p. 82, 85

Retrosynthesis ID: 49475

2.1.6 Amide coupling

Substrates:

- $1. \ 1-amino-N-methylcyclopropanecarboxamide \\ \qquad \qquad \underline{A1BioChemLabs}$

Products:

Typical conditions: DCC.DCM or EDC.DCM or SOCl2.DCM

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/cr100048w and 10.1039/B701677H and 10.1039/C5RA24527C and 10.3727/0000000006783981206 and 10.1021/np060007f and 10.1021/jo00012a058 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.08.037 and 10.1039/C0OB00355G and 10.1021/jm500031w (p.3056) and 10.1016/j.tet.2011.03.046

Retrosynthesis ID: 10087