Paths of analysis*

Synthia

March 3, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 5

Max. iterations: 300

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1000 \$/g

Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 10

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

 $1\ \mathrm{path}$ found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 325.43

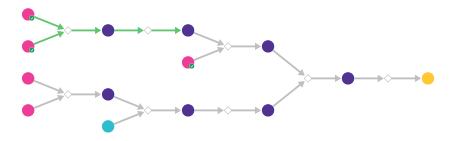
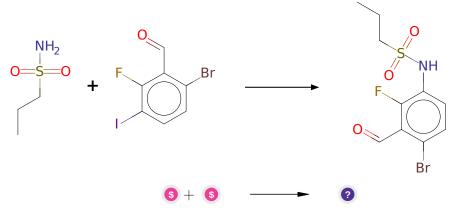


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Arylation of sulfonamides with aryl iodides



Substrates:

- 1. 6-Bromo-2-fluoro-3-iodobenzaldehyde AOBChem
- 2. Propane-1-sulfonamide Combi-Blocks

Products:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Br)c(C=O)c1F

Typical conditions: Cu.salt.diamine.base.DMF.heat

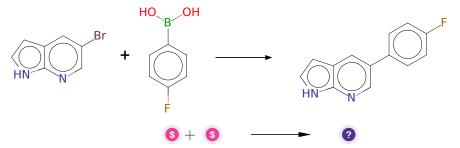
Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2006.04.041 and 10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.10.113 and 10.1016/j.tetlet.2005.08.149 and 10.1021/ol035942y and 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.6b00685

Retrosynthesis ID: 10012567

2.1.2 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic acids with aryl bromides



Substrates:

1. 5-Bromo-7-azaindole - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. (p-Fluorophenyl)boric acid - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. Fc1ccc(-c2cnc3[nH]ccc3c2)cc1

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H and 10.1016/j.ejmech.2018.08.092 and 10.1038/s41929-020-00564-z (metal-free coupling)

Retrosynthesis ID: 25150

2.1.3 Homologation of aldehydes to ketones with diazoalkanes

Substrates:

- $1. \ \mathrm{CCCS}(=\mathrm{O})(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{Nc}1\mathrm{ccc}(\mathrm{Br})\mathrm{c}(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{c}1\mathrm{F}$
- 2. diazoethane

Products:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Br)c(C(=O)CC)c1F

Typical conditions: Lewis.acid

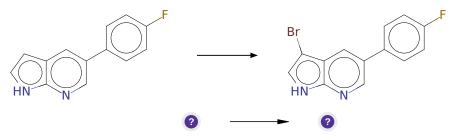
Protections: none
Yield: moderate

Reference: 10.1021/jo00275a006 AND 10.1016/j.tet.2014.05.107 AND

10.1016/j.tet.2014.11.059 AND 10.1021/ol9010932

Retrosynthesis ID: 15017

2.1.4 Bromination of aromatic compounds



Substrates:

1. Fc1ccc(-c2cnc3[nH]ccc3c2)cc1

Products:

 $1. \ \, Fc1ccc(-c2cnc3[nH]cc(Br)c3c2)cc1$

Typical conditions: Br2.Fe

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/acs.accounts.6b00120

Retrosynthesis ID: 7777000

2.1.5 Shapiro reaction followed by halogen addition

Substrates:

1. CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Br)c(C(=O)CC)c1F

Products:

1. $C/C=C(\locate{locate}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:}\ 1.TsNH2NH2\ 2.NBS/NCS/NIS.base$

Protections: none
Yield: moderate

Reference: 10.1021/ol503114n and 10.1016/j.tet.2008.02.073 and

 $10.1021/\mathrm{j}a049694s$

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990472

2.1.6 Miyaura Borylation

Substrates:

- 1. Fc1ccc(-c2cnc3[nH]cc(Br)c3c2)cc1
- 2. Bis(pinacolato)diboron available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ CC1(C)OB(c2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(F)cc4)cc23)OC1(C)C\\$

Typical conditions: PdCl2(dppf)2.KOAc.Dioxane or DMSO.80oC

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja509198w and 10.1021/jm800832q and 10.1021/jm401499g and 10.1039/C1CC12020D (SI, page S4) and 10.1055/s-0035-1561355 (SI, page 12) and 10.1021/ol2000556 and 10.1021/jo102070e and WO2010/75270 A1, 2010 (page 37)

Retrosynthesis ID: 1209

2.1.7 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl iodides

Substrates:

1. $C/C=C(\I)c1c(Br)ccc(NS(=O)(=O)CCC)c1F$

2. CC1(C)OB(c2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(F)cc4)cc23)OC1(C)C

Products:

1. CC=C(c1c(Br)ccc(NS(=O)(=O)CCC)c1F)c1c[nH]c2ncc(-c3ccc(F)cc3)cc12

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 10321

2.1.8 Ozonolysis

Substrates:

1. CC=C(c1c(Br)ccc(NS(=O)(=O)CCC)c1F)c1c[nH]c2ncc(-c3ccc(F)cc3)cc12

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(Br)c(C(=O)c2c[nH]c3ncc(-c4ccc(F)cc4)cc23)c1F$

Typical conditions: O3.MeOH.CH2Cl2.PPh3 or Me2S.low temperature

Protections: none

Yield: good

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2017.03.039

Retrosynthesis ID: 5078