

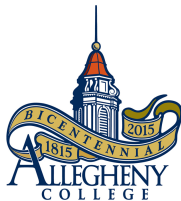
# *CS200 - Computer Organization*

## Logic Design - 1

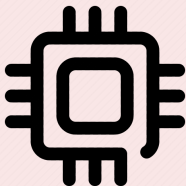
Aravind Mohan

Allegheny College

October 28, 2020



# Motivation to learn logic design



- How is data processed and stored at the hardware level?

# Basic Terminologies

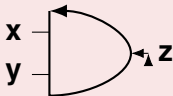
- Transistor: A device that can be used to design gates.
- Gate: A device that is used to do a basic operation on bit(s).
- Circuits: A combination of one or more gates designed to do a more complicated task.
- Integrated circuit: (also called a chip) A piece of silicon on which many gates have been embedded using chip fabrication.



# Fundamental Gates

- Digital logic has the following fundamental gates:
  - AND
  - OR
  - NOT
  - NAND
  - NOR
  - XOR

# AND Gate

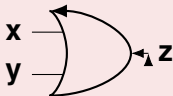


$$z = x \wedge y$$

Table 1: Truth table for AND Gate

x	y	z
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

# OR Gate

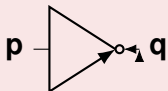


$$z = x \vee y$$

Table 2: Truth table for OR Gate

<b>x</b>	<b>y</b>	<b>z</b>
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

# NOT Gate

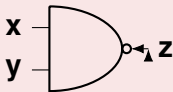


$$q = \neg p$$

Table 3: Truth table for NOT Gate

<b>p</b>	<b>q</b>
0	1
1	0

# NAND Gate



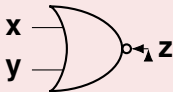
$$z = \neg(x \wedge y)$$

Table 4: Truth table for NAND Gate

<b>x</b>	<b>y</b>	<b>z</b>
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



# NOR Gate

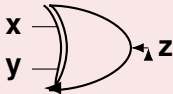


$$z = \neg(x \vee y)$$

Table 5: Truth table for NOR Gate

x	y	z
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

# XOR Gate

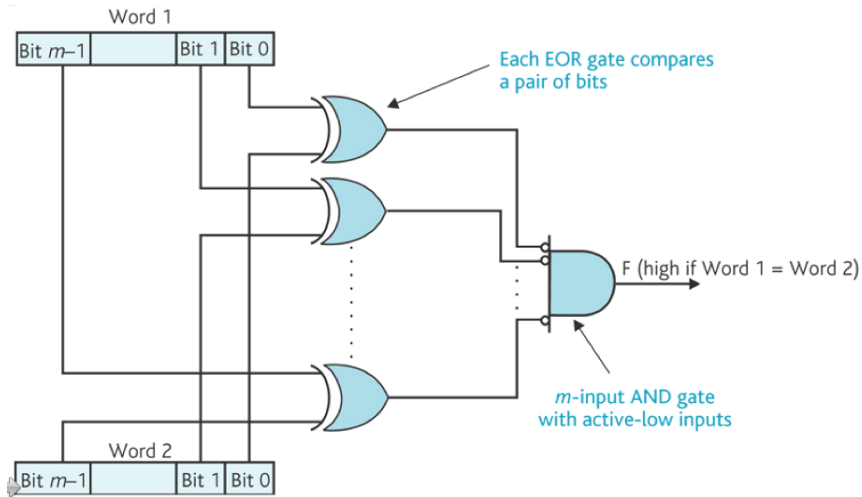


$$z = x \oplus y$$

Table 6: Truth table for XOR Gate

x	y	z
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

# Application of XOR Gate



Used to compare such as if, else.

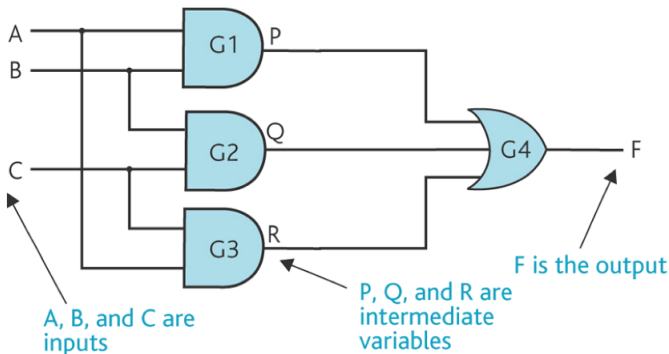
- Exercise: Develop a circuit based on the logical expression provided:

1  $z = (a \wedge \neg b) \vee (p \wedge \neg q)$

2  $z = (\neg a \vee b) \wedge (\neg p \vee q)$

# Practice Exercises

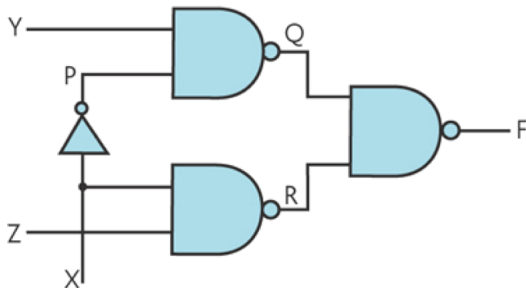
- Exercise: Develop a logical expression based on the following circuit diagram:



$$F = A \cdot B + B \cdot C + A \cdot C$$

# Practice Exercises

- Exercise: Develop a logical expression based on the following circuit diagram:





- first  $\implies$  Is it raining?
- second  $\implies$  Do you have an umbrella?
- third  $\implies$  Do you have a raincoat?

- If it is raining and (assuming you have both an umbrella and a raincoat) then "get ready to leave"
- If it is raining and (assuming you have either an umbrella or a raincoat but not both) then "avoid getting wet"
- If it is raining and (assuming you don't have neither an umbrella nor a raincoat) then "stay home"
- If it is not raining then "go out and have fun"



# Use Case

```
if (first && (second && third)){  
    printf("get ready to leave\n");  
}  
else if (first && (second||third)){  
    printf("avoid getting wet!\n");  
}  
else if (first && !(second||third)){  
    printf("stay home\n");  
}  
else if (!first){  
    printf("no rain , have fun!\n");  
}
```

**Full gates.c code is in the GitHub repo.**

# Practice Exercise

**Convert gates.c program into a digital circuit.**

- More discussion on advanced circuits such as Adders, Multiplexers, and Flip Flops...

- Principles of Computer Hardware by **Alan Clements**:  
Chapter 02 - 2.1 to 2.3;

# Questions

Do you have any questions from this class discussion?