

Review

Data Replication

Request Coordination

Cassandra Query Language

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Keyspaces

Inserting

Data Shutting Down

Consider this

Introduction to Database Systems: CS312 Cassandra

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Review

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Exam 2 Wednesday 11th April, During Lab at 2:30pm

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Consider this

Theory of NoSQL

- The CAP Theorem
- The theory behind MongoDB and Cassandra
- Shards and scaling in MongoDB
- Schemas: NoSQL versus RDBMS

Compare and contrast

- Tools: Sqlite3 versus MongoDB
- Database Language Guide: terminologies of RDBMS compared to those of MongoDB
- Sharding and scaling in MongoDB
- Schemas: MongoDB versus Sqlite3
- The CAP theory (Capacity, Availability and Partition tolerance)



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Simple answers

- Provide short answers or basic code. (Review your sandbox) files!)
 - Placing simple data into JSON format (i.e., a person's "name", "age", etc)
 - Inserting json data in MongoDB
 - Queries in MongoDB (see the employee data and its queries)
 - Comparing values in MongoDB queries
 - Queries in Cassandra



Big Work-Loads

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Consider this

Nodes

- All the nodes in a cluster play the same role.
 - Each node is independent and at the same time interconnected to other nodes.
- Each node in a cluster can accept read and write requests, regardless of where the data is actually located in the cluster.
- When a node goes down, read/write requests can be served from other nodes in the network.



Replication of Data

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Consider this

Nodes

- One or more of the nodes in a cluster act as replicas (i.e., cloning) for a given piece of data
- If out-of-date values return from a node, Cassandra will return the most recent value to the client.
- After returning the most recent value, Cassandra performs a read repair in the background to update the stale values.



Replication of Data

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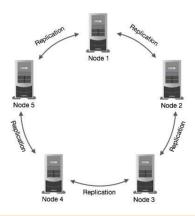
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Consider this



Nodes

- Nodes are updated in the background using a Gossip Protocol
- Nodes communicate: detection of faulty nodes within cluster



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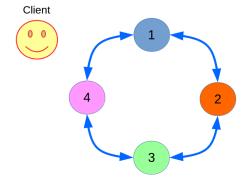
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- Coordinator: the node chosen by the client to receive a particular read or write to its cluster
- No single point of Failure



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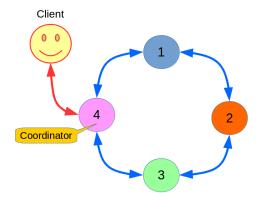
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- The client connects to the closest node to run a query
- Each client request may be coordinated by a different node



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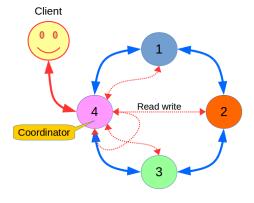
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Consider this



 The request is immediately sent to all other nodes where updates occur (if a write) or the query is performed (if a read)



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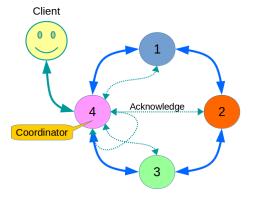
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 By the node responses, the coordinator node may also learn of any connectivity issues.



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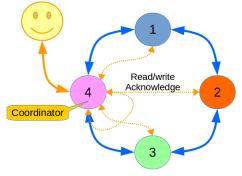
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Consider this

Client: Cassandra Driver



- The Cassandra driver chooses the coordinator node
- Round-Robin pattern, token-aware pattern: nodes attempt contact with others using different connection attempts each time and service is received from different nodes each time to help distribute load on the network.



Round Robin?

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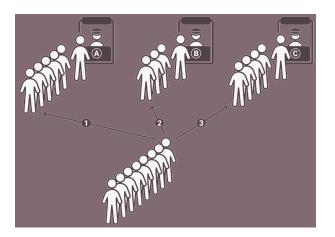
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 Signalling nodes use different orders to contact others each time to distribute the load across network



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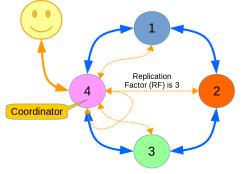
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Consider this

Client: Cassandra Driver



- The coordinator manages the replication process
- Replication Factor (RF): num of nodes to share with
- The write will occur on the nodes responsible for that partition
- Each write has been time-stamped



Access to Cassandra

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Consider this

cqlsh

- Access Cassandra through its nodes using Cassandra Query Language (CQL).
- CQL treats the database (Keyspace) as a container of tables.
- Note: Programmers use cqlsh: a prompt to work with CQL or use separate application language drivers to access the base.
- Clients approach any of the nodes for their read-write operations.
- That node (coordinator) plays a proxy between the client and the nodes holding the data.



Reading and Writing

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Consider this

Read Operations

During read operations, Cassandra gets values from the mem-table and checks the bloom filter to find the appropriate SSTable that holds the required data.

Write Operations

- Write activities of nodes are captured by the commit logs written in the nodes.
- This data will eventually be captured and stored in the mem-table.
- Whenever the mem-table is full, data will be written into the SStable data file.
- All writes are automatically partitioned and replicated throughout the cluster.
- Garbage Collection: Cassandra periodically consolidates the SSTables, discarding unnecessary data.



Terms and Definitions

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Term	Definition
Node	The place where data is stored.
Data center	A collection of related nodes.
Cluster	A cluster is a component that contains one or more
	data centers.
Commit log	A crash-recovery mechanism in Cassandra. Every write operation is written to the commit log to recover in case of a crash.



Terms and Definitions

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Term	Definition
Mem-table	A mem-table is a memory-resident data structure. After commit is logged, the data will be written to the mem-table.
SSTable	A disk file to which the data is flushed from the mem-table when its contents reach a threshold value.
Bloom filter	A collection of quick, nondeterministic, algorithms for testing whether an element is a member of a set. A cache; bloom filters are accessed after every query.



Getting started with Cassandra

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Consider this

 Copy your Cassandra setup tar file (apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz) to a desktop directory. Do not copy this file or open it in your submission directory!!!

Click on this file to unpack its contents

• Locate the bin directory and then locate file: cassandra and file: cqlsh

Lab PCs: Setup Java 8 in the path from the terminal

JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/

Start the Cassandra server Note: Control-C to exit.

./cassandra -f

With new another terminal, start the cqlsh client

./cqlsh



Keyspaces Similar to a schema

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Consider this

Checking your database

```
describe keyspaces;
describe schema;
describe tables;
describe table tableName;
```

Start a new keyspaces

```
create keyspace mydb with replication =
{ 'class':'SimpleStrategy', 'replication_factor':1 };
```

Use a keyspace

```
use mydb;
```



Example Music DB

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Consider this

Build Tables

```
CREATE TABLE songs (
 id uuid PRIMARY KEY,
 title text.
 album text,
 artist text.
 data blob
);
CREATE TABLE playlists (
 id uuid,
 song_order int,
 song_id uuid,
 title text.
 album text.
 artist text,
 PRIMARY KEY (id, song_order));
describe tables;
```



Example Music DB

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Consider this

Enter playlists Data

```
INSERT INTO playlists (id. song order, song id. title, artist, album)
VALUES (62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77204, 4,
7db1a490-5878-11e2-bcfd-0800200c9a66.
'Ojo Rojo', 'Fu Manchu', 'No One Rides for Free');
INSERT INTO playlists (id, song_order, song_id, title, artist, album)
VALUES (62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77206, 3,
7db1a490-5878-11e2-bcfd-0800200c9a68.
'Green and The Other Colors in the Rainbow', 'Kermit the Frog', 'Funky Lilly Pad');
INSERT INTO playlists (id, song_order, song_id, title, artist, album)
VALUES (62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77207, 1,
7db1a490-5878-11e2-bcfd-0800200c9a69.
'Shovin the Lovin -- cookies in my mouth', 'Cookie Monster', 'Blue Carpet Disaster'):
INSERT INTO playlists (id, song_order, song_id, title, artist, album)
VALUES (62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77205, 2,
7db1a490-5878-11e2-bcfd-0800200c9a67,
'Singin With Lovin', 'Roy Ray Robinson', 'The Sun Shine on Your Shoulders');
INSERT INTO playlists (id, song_order, song_id, title, artist, album)
VALUES (62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77207, 1,
7db1a490-5878-11e2-bcfd-0800200c9a69.
'Dance to me', 'Dance Floor Dolls', 'Electric Motion'):
```



Example Music DB

We will only enter one row, just for show

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```
Enter songs Data
```

```
INSERT INTO songs (id, title, album, artist, data)
VALUES
  (62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77204,
  'Fu_title',
  'Fu_album',
  'Fu_artist',
  textAsBlob('Fu_blob'));
```



General Query

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Consider this

Simple queries

```
select * from playlists;
select album from playlists;
```

Simple queries with conditions

```
select * from playlists
  where id = 62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77205;
select album from playlists
  where id = 62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77205;
select album, title from playlists
  where id = 62c36092-82a1-3a00-93d1-46196ee77205;
```



Conditional Queries

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Consider this

• In Cassandra, if you want to query columns other than the primary key, you need to create a secondary index on them

Simple queries with conditions

```
CREATE INDEX ON playlists( artist );
/*Now, you can query the playlists for songs by Fu Manchu. */
```

Index membership code

```
select * from playlists where artist = 'Fu Manchu';
select * from playlists where artist = 'Kermit the Frog';
```

Study the schema and index memberships (i.e., query-able columns)

describe schema



How to Shut Down a Session

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Consider this

Remove a keyspace; destroy data

/*Drop the "mydb" keyspace*/
DROP KEYSPACE mydb;

Remove a table; destroy data

```
/*Drop the "emp" table*/
DROP TABLE emp;
```

Closing down

- exit in the client terminal
- Control-C in the server terminal



Consider this...

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Consider this

\mathtt{THINK}

- Can you query other columns in the playlists table?
 - Can you write index membership code to allow for the query of other columns?