Task 4. Download Data from Pubtator and Extract Gene Annotation

Github link: https://github.com/Allen-ZKW/NLP HZAU/tree/Task4

Abstract

In this Task, we try to use a script which is supported by teacher to download pubtator data. Then we classify and extract information for raw data inorder to learn from related papers.

Measure

1) Using Edirect to Get Papers' Abstract (Edirect on Linux)

```
esearch -db pubmed -query "Oryza sativa L"|efilter -pub english|efilter -pub abstract|efetch -format json > abstract.json
```

2) Filter the Abstract and Get PMID (Python 3.8 64-bit)

```
def get_pmid(dirpath):
    datapath = dirpath + 'data/'
    raw_data = []
    with open(datapath + 'abstract.json','r',encoding = 'utf-8') as f:
        for row in f:
            if row[0:4]=='PMID':
                raw_data.append(row.strip())
    pmids = []
    for i in raw_data:
        pmids.append(i[6:14])
    with open(datapath + 'PMID.txt', 'w') as f:
        for i in pmids:
            f.write(i+"\n")
    return pmids
def main():
    dirpath = "D:/junior_n/NLP/term/"
    pmids = get_pmid(dirpath)
main()
```

2) Run Script in The Background (Linux)

Before runing the script, we learn and try to understand the script, then we also write some annotation to avoid forgetting

```
#!/bin/bash
F_OUT="result_MM_Pubtator.txt" #A file to write the result of this script
F_LIST="PMID.txt" #A file which record a list of PMID
```

After we run this script in background because of a huge sum of time it will take.

```
nohup bash ./NCBI3.sh & ps -ef|grep NCBI3.sh exit
```

3) Extract Gene Annotation (Python 3.8 64-bit)

By reading the Pubtator result, It's easy to sepreate all information to three parts which have their own unique form.

```
Title \rightarrow PMID + |t| + Title \quad of \quad this \quad artile \\ Abstract \rightarrow PMID + |a| + Abstract \quad of \quad this \quad artile \\ Annotation \rightarrow PMID + Start + End + Ontology + Classification + Additional \quad information
```

Understanding the rules, we can filter the raw data and get information we want. In this task, we only need Gene Ontology, so I write a script to get annotation which is related about gene information.

```
import json
def pubtator_reader(dirpath):#function to read and classify pubtator infromation
    datapath = dirpath + 'data/'
   p_d = \{\}
    with open(datapath + 'result_MM_Pubtator.txt','r',encoding='utf-8') as f:
        for row in f:
            if '|t|' in row:
                key = row.split('|t|')[0]
                title = row.split('|t|')[1].strip()+' '
                p_d[key] = {}
                p_d[key]['paper'] = title
                p_d[key]['annotation'] = []
            elif '|a|' in row:
                key = row.split('|a|')[0]
                abstract = row.split('|a|')[1].strip()+' '
                p_d[key]['paper'] = p_d[key]['paper'] + abstract
                start = [0]
                stop = []
                for i in range(len(p_d[key]['paper'])):
                    if p_d[key]['paper'][i:i+2] == '. ':
                        stop.append(i+2)
```

```
start.append(i+2)
                del start[-1]
                sentence = []
                for i in range(len(start)):
                    sentence.append([start[i],stop[i]])
                p_d[key]['sentence'] = sentence
            elif row != '\n':
                note = row.strip().split('\t')
                if note[4] == 'Gene':
                    p_d[key]['annotation'].append(note)
    e = json.dumps(p_d)
    with open(datapath + 'pubtator_data.json','w') as f:
        f.write(e)
    return p_d
def main():
    dirpath = "D:/junior_n/NLP/term/"
    pubtator_data = pubtator_reader(dirpath)
main()
```

Result

Using PMID: 33871646 as an example

1) Edirect Result (.txt)

```
16. Plant Physiol. 2021 Apr 19. pii: kiab175. doi: 10.1093/plphys/kiab175. [Epub
ahead of print]
Post-Golgi Trafficking of Rice Storage Proteins Requires the Small GTPase Rab7
Activation Complex MON1-CCZ1.
Pan T(1), Wang Y(1), Jing R(1), Wang Y(1), Wei Z(2), Zhang B(2), Lei C(2), Qi
Y(2), Wang F(1), Bao X(1), Yan M(2), Zhang Y(1), Zhang P(1), Yu M(1), Wan G(2),
Chen Y(2), Yang W(2), Zhu J(1), Zhu Y(2), Zhu S(2), Cheng Z(2), Zhang X(2),
Jiang
L(1), Ren Y(2), Wan J(1)(2).
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100081, China.
Protein storage vacuoles (PSVs) are unique organelles that accumulate storage
proteins in plant seeds. Although morphological evidence points to the existence
of multiple PSV-trafficking pathways for storage protein targeting, the
molecular
mechanisms that regulate these processes remain mostly unknown. Here, we report
the functional characterization of the rice (Oryza sativa) glutelin precursor
accumulation7 (gpa7) mutant, which over-accumulates 57-kD glutelin precursors in
dry seeds. Cytological and immunocytochemistry studies revealed that the gpa7
mutant exhibits abnormal accumulation of storage pre-vacuolar compartment-like
structures, accompanied by the partial mistargeting of glutelins to the
```

extracellular space. The gpa7 mutant was altered in the CCZ1 locus, which encodes

the rice homolog of Arabidopsis (Arabidopsis thaliana) CALCIUM CAFFEINE ZINC SENSITIVITY1a (CCZ1a) and CCZ1b. Biochemical evidence showed that rice CCZ1 interacts with MONENSIN SENSITIVITY1 (MON1) and that these proteins function together as the Rat brain 5 (Rab5) effector and the Rab7 guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF). Notably, loss of CCZ1 function promoted the endosomal localization of Vacuolar Protein Sorting-associated protein 9 (VPS9), which is the GEF for Rab5 in plants. Together, our results indicate that the MON1-CCZ1 complex is involved in post-Golgi trafficking of rice storage protein through a Rab5 and Rab7-dependent pathway.

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journals.permissions@oup.com. DOI: 10.1093/plphys/kiab175

PMID: 33871646

2) PMID Information (.txt)

33871646

3) Pubtator Raw Data (.txt)

33871646|t|Post-Golgi Trafficking of Rice Storage Proteins Requires the Small GTPase Rab7 Activation Complex MON1-CCZ1.

33871646|a|Protein storage vacuoles (PSVs) are unique organelles that accumulate storage proteins in plant seeds. Although morphological evidence points to the existence of multiple PSV-trafficking pathways for storage protein targeting, the molecular mechanisms that regulate these processes remain mostly unknown. Here, we report the functional characterization of the rice (Oryza sativa) glutelin precursor accumulation7 (gpa7) mutant, which over-accumulates 57-kD glutelin precursors in dry seeds. Cytological and immunocytochemistry studies revealed that the gpa7 mutant exhibits abnormal accumulation of storage pre-vacuolar compartment-like structures, accompanied by the partial mistargeting of glutelins to the extracellular space. The gpa7 mutant was altered in the CCZ1 locus, which encodes the rice homolog of Arabidopsis (Arabidopsis thaliana) CALCIUM CAFFEINE ZINC SENSITIVITY1a (CCZ1a) and CCZ1b. Biochemical evidence showed that rice CCZ1 interacts with MONENSIN SENSITIVITY1 (MON1) and that these proteins function together as the Rat brain 5 (Rab5) effector and the Rab7 guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF). Notably, loss of CCZ1 function promoted the endosomal localization of Vacuolar Protein Sorting-associated protein 9 (VPS9), which is the GEF for Rab5 in plants. Together, our results indicate that the MON1-CCZ1 complex is involved in post-Golgi trafficking of rice storage protein through a Rab5 and Rab7-dependent pathway.

```
33871646
          26 30 Rice
                         Species 4530
33871646
          74 78 Rab7
                         Gene 29448
33871646
         103 107 CCZ1
                         Gene
                                360768
33871646
          469 473 rice Species 4530
          475 487 Oryza sativa
33871646
                                Species 4530
33871646
          874 878 CCZ1
                       Gene
                                360768
          904 908 rice
                         Species 4530
33871646
33871646 920 931 Arabidopsis Species 3702
33871646
          933 953 Arabidopsis thaliana
                                       Species 3702
33871646 955 990 CALCIUM CAFFEINE ZINC SENSITIVITY1a Gene
                                                         838172
```

```
33871646 992 997 CCZ1a Gene 838172
33871646
         1003
                1008
                       CCZ1b Gene
                                    844431
         1043
                1047
33871646
                       rice
                             Species 4530
33871646
         1048
                1052
                                    360768
                       CCZ1
                             Gene
33871646
         1182
                1186
                       Rab7
                              Gene
                                    29448
33871646 1187
                1221
                       guanine nucleotide exchange factor Gene
                                                            362799
33871646 1223
                1226 GEF Gene 362799
33871646
         1246
                1250
                       CCZ1
                                    360768
                             Gene
                       GEF Gene 362799
33871646 1366
                1369
33871646
         1435
                1439
                       CCZ1
                             Gene
                                    360768
                             Species 4530
33871646
         1489
                1493
                       rice
33871646
         1529
                       Rab7
                1533
                              Gene
                                    29448
```

4) Pubtator Filtered Data (.json)

"33871646": {"paper": "Post-Golgi Trafficking of Rice Storage Proteins Requires the Small GTPase Rab7 Activation Complex MON1-CCZ1. Protein storage vacuoles (PSVs) are unique organelles that accumulate storage proteins in plant seeds. Although morphological evidence points to the existence of multiple PSVtrafficking pathways for storage protein targeting, the molecular mechanisms that regulate these processes remain mostly unknown. Here, we report the functional characterization of the rice (Oryza sativa) glutelin precursor accumulation7 (gpa7) mutant, which over-accumulates 57-kD glutelin precursors in dry seeds. Cytological and immunocytochemistry studies revealed that the gpa7 mutant exhibits abnormal accumulation of storage pre-vacuolar compartment-like structures, accompanied by the partial mistargeting of glutelins to the extracellular space. The gpa7 mutant was altered in the CCZ1 locus, which encodes the rice homolog of Arabidopsis (Arabidopsis thaliana) CALCIUM CAFFEINE ZINC SENSITIVITY1a (CCZ1a) and CCZ1b. Biochemical evidence showed that rice CCZ1 interacts with MONENSIN SENSITIVITY1 (MON1) and that these proteins function together as the Rat brain 5 (Rab5) effector and the Rab7 guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF). Notably, loss of CCZ1 function promoted the endosomal localization of Vacuolar Protein Sorting-associated protein 9 (VPS9), which is the GEF for Rab5 in plants. Together, our results indicate that the MON1-CCZ1 complex is involved in post-Golgi trafficking of rice storage protein through a Rab5 and Rab7-dependent pathway. ", "annotation": [["33871646", "74", "78", "Rab7", "Gene", "29448"], ["33871646", "103", "107", "CCZ1", "Gene", "360768"], ["33871646", "874", "878", "CCZ1", "Gene", "360768"], ["33871646", "955", "990", "CALCIUM CAFFEINE ZINC SENSITIVITY1a", "Gene", "838172"], ["33871646", "992", "997", "CCZ1a", "Gene", "838172"], ["33871646", "1003", "1008", "CCZ1b", "Gene", "844431"], ["33871646", "1048", "1052", "CCZ1", "Gene", "360768"], ["33871646", "1182", "1186", "Rab7", "Gene", "29448"], ["33871646", "1187", "1221", "guanine nucleotide exchange factor", "Gene", "362799"], ["33871646", "1223", "1226", "GEF", "Gene", "362799"], ["33871646", "1246", "1250", "CCZ1", "Gene", "360768"], ["33871646", "1366", "1369", "GEF", "Gene", "362799"], ["33871646", "1435", "1439", "CCZ1", "Gene", "360768"], ["33871646", "1529", "1533", "Rab7", "Gene", "29448"]], "sentence": [[0, 109], [109, 212], [212, 414], [414, 600], [600, 839], [839, 1010], [1010, 1229], [1229, 1390], [1390, 1553]]}

Discussion

Because this task is realted with our term in this class, so actually, all codes above is a part of my term code, so if your are interested in this task, read the branch:term can be a very good choice.

Althouiugh this measure is good enough, there still exist some limits or disadvantages: First, it takes too much time to downlod paper about Oryza sativa L, nearly three days. Additionally, there are some ontologys which are not covered by Pubtator.

To solve this problem, we think this way may be useful. First, we wirte annotation for articals very very detailed. Then, we use these data to train CRF model and use this model to predict the tags of every words. The final result combines both predict result and Pubtator annotation. Because of no spare time, maybe in further study, we will have choice to try the is measure.