

## Likan Zhan

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## Academic appointment

- 2014.10 ~ Now, Assistant professor,  
MEG Laboratory for Brain Sciences,  
Institute for Speech Pathology and the Brain Science,  
Beijing Language and Culture University, Beijing, China

## Education

- 2010.10 ~ 2014.09, Ph.D. Cognitive Science,  
Macquarie University, Sydney, Australia
- 2007.09 ~ 2010.07, M.E. Cognitive Psychology,  
Beijing Language and Culture University, Beijing, China
- 2000.09 ~ 2004.07, B.A. Teaching Chinese as a Second Language,  
Beijing Language and Culture University, Beijing, China

## Teaching responsibilities

- Statistics for the Behavioral Sciences, [More information](#)
- R for Modeling and Visualizing Data, [More information](#)
- Introduction to Cognitive Neuroscience, [More information](#)
- Foundations of Scientific Research, [More information](#)

## Professional skills

- Statistics. I taught two statistical courses to master students. I have moderate experience in using *R* for statistical modeling and data visualization. Besides the basic ones, I used the following R packages a lot: [data.table](#), [dplyr](#), [ggplot2](#), [car](#), [lme4](#), [gam](#) etc. I also created a R package myself, called [acqr](#).

- Experimental techniques. I'm familiar with [E-prime](#), [Psychopy](#), [Psychtoolbox](#), and [Presentation](#) for presenting test stimuli. I have advanced experience in using Eyelink II/1000 plus (SR Research Ltd.), such as *Experiment Builder* for experiment building, and *Data Viewer* for data analysis. I am in charge of establishing the first Child MEG lab in China, familiar with *Yokogawa* MEG system for equipment maintenance and MEG data acquisition. I'm also familiar with *BESA*, and some Matlab packages for analyzing the E/MEG data, such as [fieldtrip](#) and [SPM12](#).
- Typesetting. I like to write with LaTeX, Markdown, and R Markdown. I created a [personal website](#) with [hugo](#) and [blogdown](#).

## Publications

### 1. Periodicals

- **Zhan, L.** (2018). Scalar and ignorance inferences are both computed immediately upon encountering the sentential connective: The online processing of sentences with disjunction using the visual world paradigm. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 9. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2018.00061 [fulltext](#)
- Moscati, V., **Zhan, L.**, & Zhou, P. (2017). Children's on-line processing of epistemic modals. *Journal of Child Language*, 44(5), 1025-1040. doi: 10.1017/S0305000916000313 [fulltext](#)
- **Zhan, L.**, Crain, S., & Zhou, P. (2015). The online processing of only if- and even if- conditional statements: Implications for mental models. *Journal of Cognitive Psychology*, 26(7), 367-379. doi: 10.1080/20445911.2015.1016527 [fulltext](#)
- Zhou, P., Crain, S., & **Zhan, L.** (2014). Grammatical aspect and event recognition in children's online sentence comprehension. *Cognition*, 133(1), 262-276. doi: 10.1016/j.cognition.2014.06.018 [fulltext](#)
- Zhou, P., Crain, S., & **Zhan, L.** (2012). Sometimes children are as good as adults: The pragmatic use of prosody in children's on-line sentence processing. *Journal of Memory and Language*, 67(1), 149-164. doi: 10.1016/j.jml.2012.03.005 [fulltext](#)
- Zhou, P., Su, Y., Crain, S., Gao, L., & **Zhan, L.** (2012). Children's use of phonological information in ambiguity resolution: a view from Mandarin Chinese. *Journal of Child Language*, 39(04), 687-730. doi: 10.1017/S0305000911000249 [fulltext](#)

### 2. Presentations

- **Zhan, L.** (2017, September). *Scalar implicature and ignorance inference are both locally computed: Evidence from the online processing of disjunctions using the visual world paradigm*. Paper presented at the Second High-level Forum on Cognitive Linguistics, University of International Business and Economics, Beijing, China
- Moscati, V., **Zhan, L.**, & Zhou, P. (2013). Reasoning on possibilities: An eye tracking study on modal knowledge. In *the 38th Annual Boston University Conference on Language Development*. Boston, USA.
- **Zhan, L.**, Crain, S., & Zhou, P. (2013). Going beyond the information that is perceived: The hypothetical property of if-conditionals in Mandarin Chinese. In the *Second International Conference on Psycholinguistics in China*. Fuzhou, China.
- **Zhan, L.**, Crain, S., & Zhou, P. (2013). The hypothetical property of “if”-statements: A visual-world paradigm eye-tracking study. In *CUNY2013: The 26th annual CUNY Sentence Processing Conference*. Columbia, SC.
- **Zhan, L.**, Crain, S., & Zhou, P. (2013). The interpretation of conditionals. In *the 7th International Conference on Thinking (ICT2012)*. Birkbeck/UCL, London, UK.
- Zhou, P., Crain, S., & **Zhan, L.** (2013). Anticipatory eye movements in children’s processing of grammatical aspect. In *the 38th Annual Boston University Conference on Language Development*. Boston University, United States.
- Zhou, P., Crain, S., & **Zhan, L.** (2012). Children’s pragmatic use of prosody in sentence processing. In *the 35th Generative Linguistics in the Old World (GLOW) Workshop: Production and Perception of Prosodically-Encoded Information Structure*. University of Potsdam, Potsdam, Germany.
- **Zhan, L.**, Crain, S., & Khlentzos, D. (2011). The basic semantics of conditionals in natural language. In *The Harvard-Australia Workshop on: Language, Learning and Logic*. Macquarie University, Sydney, Australia.
- Zhou, P., Crain, S., Gao, L., & **Zhan, L.** (2010). The role of prosody in children’s focus identification. In *the Generative Approaches to Language Acquisition - North America 4 (GALANA- 4)*. Toronto, Canada.
- Zhou, P., Su, Y., Crain, S., Gao, L., & **Zhan, L.** (2010). Children’s use of prosodic information in ambiguity resolution. In *the 8th Conference of Generative Linguistics in the Old World Asia (GLOW-in-Asia 8)*. Beijing, China.