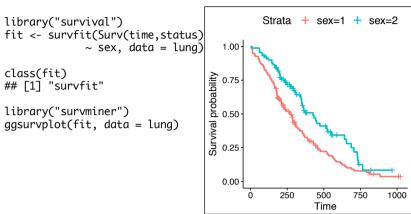
Creating Survival Plots

Informative and Elegant with *survminer*

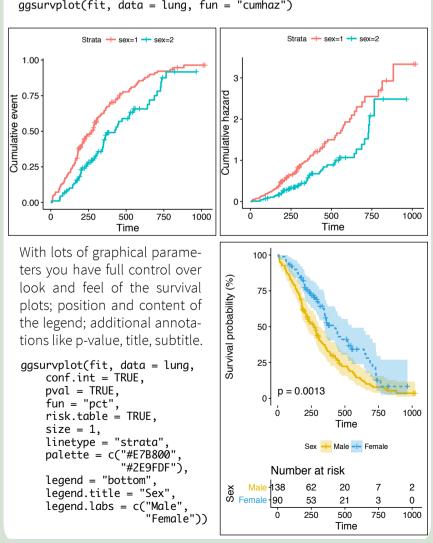
Survival Curves

The **ggsurvplot()** function creates **ggplot2** plots from **survfit** objects.



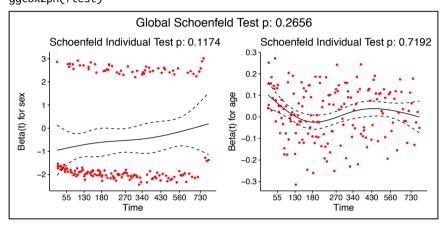
Use the **fun** argument to set the transformation of the survival curve. E.g. **"event"** for cumulative events, **"cumhaz"** for the cumulative hazard function or **"pct"** for survival probability in percentage.

```
ggsurvplot(fit, data = lung, fun = "event")
ggsurvplot(fit, data = lung, fun = "cumhaz")
```



Diagnostics of Cox Model

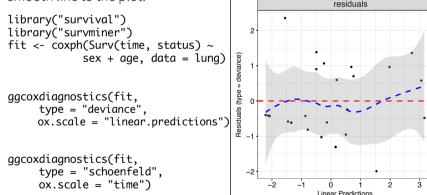
The function **cox.zph()** from **survival** package may be used to test the proportional hazards assumption for a Cox regression model fit. The graphical verification of this assumption may be performed with the function **ggcoxzph()** from the **survminer** package. For each covariate it produces plots with scaled Schoenfeld residuals against the time.

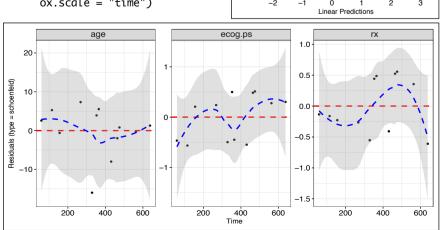


The function **ggcoxdiagnostics()** plots different types of residuals as a function of time, linear predictor or observation id. The type of residual is selected with **type** argument. Possible values are "martingale", "deviance", "score", "schoenfeld", "dfbeta", "dfbetas", and "scaledsch".

The **ox.scale** argument defines what shall be plotted on the OX axis. Possible values are "linear.predictions", "observation.id", "time".

Logical arguments **hline** and **sline** may be used to add horizontal line or smooth line to the plot.





Summary of Cox Model

The function **ggforest()** from the **survminer** package creates a forest plot for a Cox regression model fit. Hazard ratio estimates along with confidence intervals and p-values are plotter for each variable.

```
library("survival")
library("survminer")
lung$age <- ifelse(lung$age > 70, ">70","<= 70")</pre>
fit <- coxph( Surv(time, status) ~ sex + ph.ecog + age, data = lung)</pre>
## coxph(formula = Surv(time, status) ~ sex+ph.ecog+age, data=lung)
##
##
              coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                 0.168 -3.37 0.00075
## sex
            -0.567
                        0.567
## ph.ecog 0.470
                        1.600
                                 0.113 4.16 3.1e-05
## aae>70
            0.307
                       1.359
                                 0.187
                                         1.64 0.10175
                                               Forest plot for coxph model
## Likelihood ratio test=31.6 on
## n= 227, number of events= 164
                                                     0.57 (p.value 0.00075***)
ggforest(fit)
                                                              1.6 (p.value 0.000031**
                                         ph.ecoa
                                                                 1.4 (p.value 0.1)
                                         age>70
```

The function **ggcoxadjustedcurves()** from the **survminer** package plots Adjusted Survival Curves for Cox Proportional Hazards Model. Adjusted Survival Curves show how a selected factor influences survival estimated from a Cox model.

Note that these curves differ from Kaplan Meier estimates since they present expected ssurvival based on given Cox model.

```
library("survival")
library("survminer")

lung$sex <- ifelse(lung$sex == 1, "Male", "Female")

fit <- coxph(Surv(time, status) ~ sex + ph.ecog + age, data = lung)

ggcoxadjustedcurves(fit, data=lung, variable=lung$sex)

variable=lung$sex)

variable Male Female

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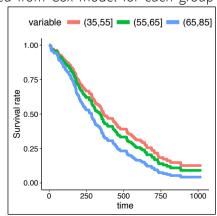
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```

Note that it is not necessary to include the grouping factor in the Cox model. Survival curves are estimated from Cox model for each group



Hazard ratio