Supplemental information to "The Allen Cell Structure Segmenter, a new open source toolkit for segmenting 3D intracellular structures in fluorescence microscopy images"

${\bf 1.}\ Pseudocode\ of\ classic\ image\ segmentation\ workflow\ for\ sialyltransferase\ 1$

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
Constant Parameters:
     normalization param = [9, 19]
     G3 param = 1
     MO param = [`tri`, 1200, False, True]
     S3 param = [[1.6, 0.02]]
     thin param = [1, 1.6]
     min size = 10
# pre-processing
I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 3D(I norm, G3 param)
# apply S3 filter
PreSeg1 = Spot3D(I smooth, S3 param)
# apply Masked Object Thresholding (MO) and thinning
PreSeg2 = MO Thresholding(I smooth, MO param)
PreSeg2 thin = Topology Preserving Thinning(PreSeg2, thin param)
# combine the results
Seg = Logical OR(PreSeg1, PreSeg2 thin)
# size filtering
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

2. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for fibrillarin

Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)

Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)

```
Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [0.5, 18]
           G3 param = [1]
           S2 param = [[1, 0.01]]
           min size = 5
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 3D(I norm, G3 param)
     # apply S2 filter
     Seg = Spot2D(I smooth, S2 param)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
3. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for nucleophosmin
     Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
     Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [0.5, 15]
           G3 param = 1
           MO param = [`ave`, 700, True, True]
           S2 param = [[2, 0.025]]
           S2 \text{ dark param} = [[2, 0.025], [1, 0.025]]
           min size = 5
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 3D(I norm, G3 param)
```

```
# apply Masked Object Thresholding (MO)
     PreSeg1, MO Mask = MO Thresholding(I smooth, MO param)
     # apply S2 filter to detect extra spots
     ExtraSpots = Spot2D(I smooth, S2 param)
     PreSeg2 = ExtraSpots within MO Mask
     # apply S2 filter to detect dark spots
     DarkSpots = Spot2D(1 - I smooth, S2 dark param)
     # combine the results
     Seg = Logical OR(PreSeg1, PreSeg2) - DarkSpots
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
4. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for Sec61 beta
     Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
     Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [2.5, 7.5]
           F2 param = [[1, 0.15]]
           min size = 15
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Edge Preserving Smoothing(I norm)
     # apply F2 filter
     Seg = Filament2D(I smooth, F3 param)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

5. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for tom20

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
```

```
Constant Parameters:
```

```
normalization_param = [3.5, 15]
   G3_param = [1]
   F2_param = [[1.5,0.16]]
   min_size = 10

# pre-processing

I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)

I_smooth = Gaussian_Smoothing_3D(I_norm, G3_param)

# apply F2 filter

Seg = Filament2D(I_smooth, F2_param)

# size filtering

Final_segmentation = Size_Filter(Seg, min_size)
```

6. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for LAMP-1

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
```

Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)

Constant Parameters:

```
normalization_param = [3, 19]

G2_param = 1

S2_param = [[5,0.09], [2.5,0.07], [1,0.01]]

F2_param = [[1,0.15]]

hole_param = [1600, True]

min size = 15
```

pre-processing

```
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)

I_smooth = Gaussian_Smoothing_2D_slice_by_slice(I_norm, G2_param)

# apply S2 filter

PreSeg1 = Spot2D(I_smooth, S2_param)

# apply F2 filter
```

PreSeg2 = Filament2D(I smooth, F2 param)

```
# combine the results
     Seg = Logical OR(PreSeg1, PreSeg2)
     # hole Filling
     Filled Seg = Hole_Filling(Seg, hole_param)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Filled Seg, min size)
7. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for centrin-2
     Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
     Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [8000]
           G2 param = [1]
           S3 param = [[1,0.04]]
           min size = 3
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 2D slice by slice(I norm, G2 param)
     # apply S3 filter
     PreSeg = Spot3D(I smooth, S3 param)
     # watershed to cut falsely merged dots
     Mask = Size Filter(PreSeg, min size)
     Seed = Dilation( Local maximum(I norm), structure element =
            ball radius 1)
     Watershed map = -1 * Euclidean distance transform(Mask)
     Watershed seg = Watershed(Watershed map, Seed, Mask)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Watershed seg>0, min size)
```

8. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for desmoplakin

Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)

```
Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [8000]
           G2 param = [1]
           S3 param = [[1,0.012]]
           min size = 4
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 2D slice by slice(I norm, G2 param)
     # apply S3 filter
     PreSeg = Spot3D(I smooth, S3 param)
     # watershed to cut falsely merged dots
     Mask = Size Filter(PreSeg, min size)
     Seed = Dilation( Local maximum(I norm), structure element =
            ball radius 1)
     Watershed map = -1 * Euclidean distance transform(Mask)
     Watershed seg = Watershed(Watershed map, Seed, Mask)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Watershed seg>0, min size)
9. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for PMP34
     Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
     Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [6000]
           G2 param = [1]
           S3 param = [[1,0.03]]
           min size = 5
```

```
I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 2D slice by slice(I norm, G2 param)
     # apply S3 filter
     PreSeg = Spot3D(I smooth, S3 param)
     # watershed to cut falsely merged dots
     Mask = Size Filter(PreSeg, min size)
     Seed = Dilation( Local maximum(I norm), structure element =
            ball radius 1)
     Watershed map = -1 * Euclidean distance transform(Mask)
     Watershed seg = Watershed(Watershed map, Seed, Mask)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter (Watershed seg>0, min size)
10. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for connexin-43
     Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
     Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [1, 40]
           G2 param = [1]
           S3 param = [[1,0.031]]
           min size = 5
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I_smooth = Gaussian_Smoothing_2D_slice_by_slice(I_norm, G2_param)
     # apply S3 filter
     Seg = Spot3D(I smooth, S3 param)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

pre-processing

11. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for beta catenin

Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)

```
Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [4, 27]
           G3 param = [1]
           S2 param = [[1.5, 0.01]]
           min size = 10
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 3D(I norm, G3 param)
     # apply G2 filter
     Seg = Spot2D(I smooth, S2 param)
     # size filtering
     Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
12. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for tight junction protein ZO1
     Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
     Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
     Constant Parameters:
           normalization param = [3, 17]
           G3 param = [1]
           F3 param = [[1.5, 0.2]]
           min size = 15
     # pre-processing
     I norm = Auto Contrast(I, normalization param)
     I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 3D(I norm, G3 param)
     # apply F3 filter
     Seg = Filament3D(I smooth, F3 param)
```

```
# size filtering
```

```
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

13. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for beta actin

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final_segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
Constant Parameters:
    normalization_param = [3, 15]
    F3_param = [[2,0.1],[1,0.04]]
    min_size = 15
# pre-processing
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
```

apply F3 filter

Seg = Filament3D(I smooth, F3 param)

size filtering

Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)

I smooth = Edge Preserving Smoothing(I norm)

14. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for non-muscle myosin IIB

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
```

Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)

Constant Parameters:

```
normalization_param = [2.5, 17]
F3_param = [[2,0.2],[1,0.015]]
min size = 16
```

pre-processing

```
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
I_smooth = Edge_Preserving_Smoothing(I_norm)
# apply F3 filter
```

```
Seg = Filament3D(I smooth, F3 param)
```

```
# size filtering
```

apply F3 filter

Seg = Filament3D(I smooth, F3 param)

```
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

15. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for alpha-actinin-1

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final_segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
Constant Parameters:
    normalization_param = [3, 15]
    F3_param = [[2,0.15], [1,0.05]]
    min_size = 5
# pre-processing
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
I_smooth = Edge_Preserving_Smoothing(I_norm)
# apply F3 filter
Seg = Filament3D(I_smooth, F3_param)
# size filtering
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

16. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for alpha tubulin

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final_segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
Constant Parameters:
    normalization_param = [1.5, 8.0]
    F3_param = [[1,0.01]]
    min_size = 20
# pre-processing
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
I smooth = Edge Preserving Smoothing(I norm)
```

```
# size filtering
```

```
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

17. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for troponin I, slow skeletal muscle

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final_segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
Constant Parameters:
    normalization_param = [2, 11]
    F3_param = [[1,0.01]]
    min_size = 15
# pre-processing
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
I_smooth = Edge_Preserving_Smoothing(I_norm)
# apply F3 filter
Seg = Filament3D(I_smooth, F3_param)
# size filtering
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

18. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for Titin

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
Output: Final_segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)
Constant Parameters:
    normalization_param = [8, 15.5]
    F3_param = [[1,0.02]]
    min_size = 15
# pre-processing
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
I_smooth = Edge_Preserving_Smoothing(I_norm)
# apply F3 filter
Seg = Filament3D(I smooth, F3 param)
```

```
# size filtering
```

```
Final segmentation = Size Filter(Seg, min size)
```

19. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for lamin B1 (interphase-specific)

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
```

Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)

Constant Parameters:

```
normalization_param = [4000]

G3_param = [1]

mid_stack_method = 'intensity'

F2_param = [[1,0.01], [2,0.01], [3,0.01]]
seed param = [400, 40000]
```

pre-processing

```
I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)
```

I smooth = Gaussian Smoothing 3D(I norm, G3 param)

get the middle slice of the stack

Mid z = GetMidStack(I smooth, mid stack method)

apply F2 filter

Seg mid z = Filament2D(I smooth at Mid z, F2 param)

apply watershed to get shells

Seed = Cetroids of connected component(Seed img)

Final segmentation = Watershed(I norm, Seed)>0

20. Pseudocode of classic image segmentation workflow for lamin B1 (mitosis-specific)

```
Input: I (original single channel 3D image stack)
```

Output: Final segmentation (binary image of segmentation result)

Constant Parameters:

```
normalization param = [4000]
```

```
G3_param = [1]
F2_param = [[0.5,0.01]]
min_size = 20

# pre-processing

I_norm = Auto_Contrast(I, normalization_param)

I_smooth = Gaussian_Smoothing_3D(I_norm, G3_param)

# apply F2 filter

Seg = Filament2D(I_smooth, F3_param)

# size filtering

Final_segmentation = Size_Filter(Seg, min_size)
```