

Spark 编译与部署 (中)

--Hadoop 编译安装

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Spark 编译与部署 (中)

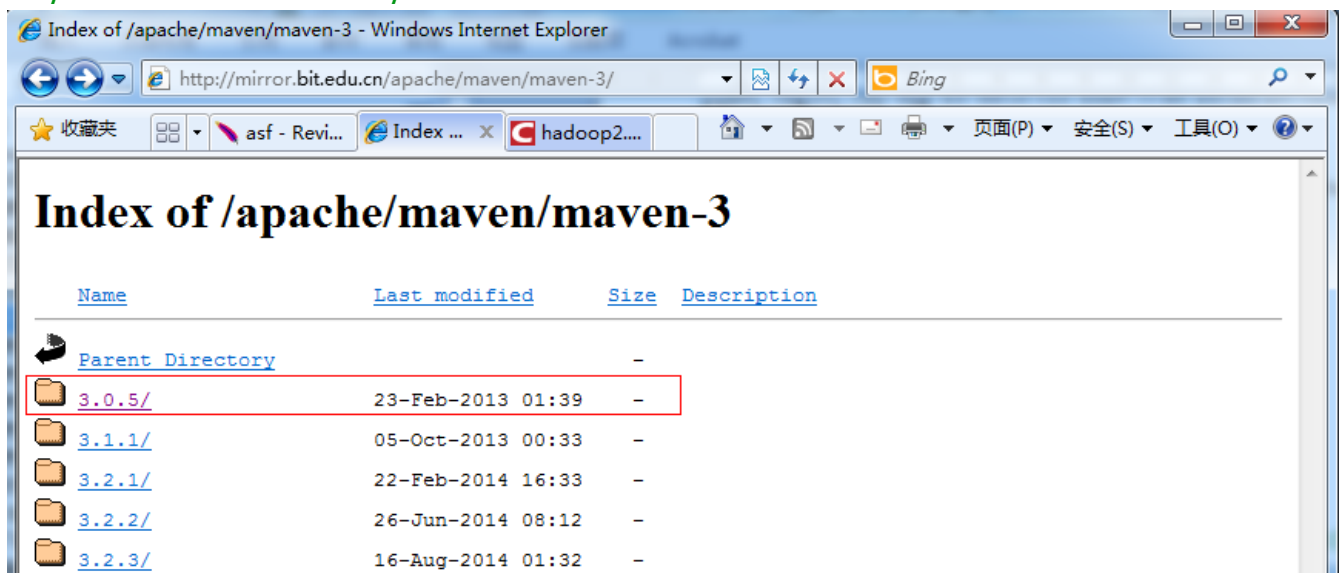
1 编译 Hadoop

1.1 搭建环境

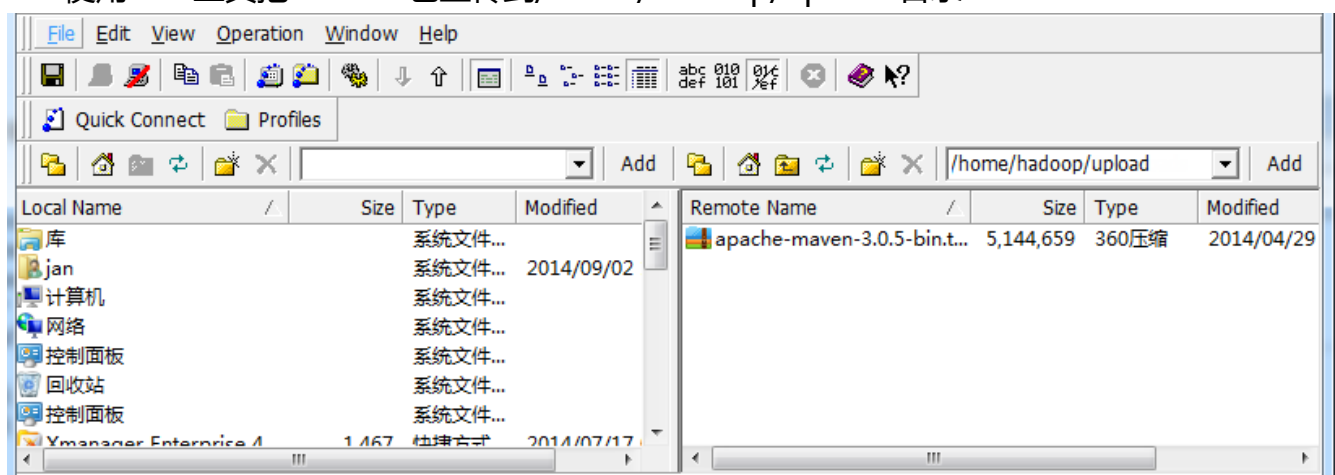
1.1.1 安装并设置 maven

1. 下载 maven 安装包, 建议安装 3.0 以上版本, 本次安装选择的是 maven3.0.5 的二进制包, 下载地址如下

<http://mirror.bit.edu.cn/apache/maven/maven-3/>



2. 使用 ssh 工具把 maven 包上传到 /home/hadoop/upload 目录



3. 解压缩 apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz 包

`$tar -zxvf apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz`

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /home/hadoop/Downloads/
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ ls
apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ tar -zxvf apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz
apache-maven-3.0.5/LICENSE.txt
apache-maven-3.0.5/NOTICE.txt
apache-maven-3.0.5/README.txt
apache-maven-3.0.5/bin/m2.conf
```

4. 把 apache-maven-3.0.5 目录移到/usr/local 目录下

\$sudo mv apache-maven-3.0.5 /usr/local

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ ls
apache-maven-3.0.5  apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ sudo mv apache-maven-3.0.5 /usr/local
[sudo] password for hadoop:
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ ls /usr/local
apache-maven-3.0.5  etc      hadoop-1.1.2  lib      libexec  share
bin                 games    include       lib64    sbin     src
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$
```

5. 在/etc/profile 配置文件中加入如下设置

export PATH=\$JAVA_HOME/bin:/usr/local/apache-maven-3.0.5/bin:\$PATH

```
unset i
unset -f pathmunge

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/java/jdk1.7.0_55
export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:/usr/local/apache-maven-3.0.5/bin:$PATH
export CLASSPATH=.:$JAVA_HOME/lib/dt.jar:$JAVA_HOME/lib/tools.jar

"/etc/profile" 83L, 1974C written
```

6. 编辑/etc/profile 文件并验证配置是否成功:

\$source /etc/profile

\$mvn -version

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ source /etc/profile
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ mvn -version
Apache Maven 3.0.5 (r01de14724cdef164cd33c7c8c2fe155faf9602da; 2013-02-19 21:51:28+0800)
Maven home: /usr/local/apache-maven-3.0.5
Java version: 1.7.0_55, vendor: Oracle Corporation
Java home: /usr/lib/java/jdk1.7.0_55/jre
Default locale: en_US, platform encoding: UTF-8
OS name: "linux", version: "2.6.32-431.el6.x86_64", arch: "amd64", family: "unix"
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$
```

1.1.2 以 root 用户使用 yum 安装 svn

#yum install svn

```

[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ su
Password:
[root@hadoop1 Downloads]# yum install svn
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirrors.btte.net
 * extras: mirrors.btte.net
 * updates: mirrors.yun-idc.com
base                                     | 3.7 kB    00:00
extras                                 | 3.3 kB    00:00
updates                               | 3.4 kB    00:00
Setting up Install Process
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
----> Package subversion.x86_64 0:1.6.11-10.el6_5 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: perl.URI >= 1.17 for package: subversion-1.6.11-10.el
6_5.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
----> Package perl.URI.noarch 0:1.40-2.el6 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved

=====
Package                Arch          Version           Repository        Size
=====
Installing:
subversion              x86_64        1.6.11-10.el6_5   updates           2.3 M
Installing for dependencies:
perl-URI                noarch        1.40-2.el6        base              117 k
=====
Transaction Summary
=====
Install      2 Package(s)

Total download size: 2.4 M
Installed size: 12 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
(1/2): perl-URI-1.40-2.el6.noarch.rpm | 117 kB    00:00
(2/2): subversion-1.6.11-10.el6_5.x86_64.rpm | 2.3 MB    00:01
-----
Total                               1.7 MB/s | 2.4 MB    00:01
Running rpm_check_debug
Running Transaction Test
Transaction Test Succeeded
Running Transaction
  Installing : perl-URI-1.40-2.el6.noarch                1/2
  Installing : subversion-1.6.11-10.el6_5.x86_64        2/2
  Verifying  : perl-URI-1.40-2.el6.noarch                1/2
  Verifying  : subversion-1.6.11-10.el6_5.x86_64        2/2

Installed:
subversion.x86_64 0:1.6.11-10.el6_5

Dependency Installed:
perl-URI.noarch 0:1.40-2.el6

Complete!

```

1.1.3 以 root 用户使用 yum 安装 autoconf automake libtool cmake

#yum install autoconf automake libtool cmake

```
[root@hadoop1 ~]#
[root@hadoop1 ~]# yum install autoconf automake libtool cmake
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirrors.btte.net
 * extras: mirrors.btte.net
 * updates: mirrors.btte.net
Setting up Install Process
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package autoconf.noarch 0:2.63-5.1.el6 will be installed
--> Package automake.noarch 0:1.11.1-4.el6 will be installed
--> Package cmake.x86_64 0:2.6.4-5.el6 will be installed
--> Package libtool.x86_64 0:2.2.6-15.5.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: gcc = 4.4.4 for package: libtool-2.2.6-15.5.el6.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
--> Package gcc.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: cpp = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: cloog-ppl >= 0.15 for package: gcc-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
--> Package cloog-ppl.x86_64 0:0.15.7-1.2.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libppl_c.so.2()(64bit) for package: cloog-ppl-0.15.7-1.2.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libppl.so.7()(64bit) for package: cloog-ppl-0.15.7-1.2.el6.x86_64
--> Package cpp.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libmpfr.so.1()(64bit) for package: cpp-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
--> Package mpfr.x86_64 0:2.4.1-6.el6 will be installed
--> Package ppl.x86_64 0:0.10.2-11.el6 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved
```

Package	Arch	Version	Repository	Size
Installing:				
autoconf	noarch	2.63-5.1.el6	base	781 k
automake	noarch	1.11.1-4.el6	base	550 k
cmake	x86_64	2.6.4-5.el6	base	5.2 M

```

Installed:
  autoconf.noarch 0:2.63-5.1.el6      automake.noarch 0:1.11.1-4.el6      cmake.x86_64 0:2.6.4-5.el6
  libtool.x86_64 0:2.2.6-15.5.el6

Dependency Installed:
  cloog-ppl.x86_64 0:0.15.7-1.2.el6      cpp.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6      gcc.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6
  mpfr.x86_64 0:2.4.1-6.el6              ppl.x86_64 0:0.10.2-11.el6

Complete!
```

1.1.4 以 root 用户使用 yum 安装 ncurses-devel

#yum install ncurses-devel

```
[root@hadoop1 ~]#
[root@hadoop1 ~]# yum install ncurses-devel
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirror.bit.edu.cn
 * extras: mirror.bit.edu.cn
 * updates: mirrors.yun-idc.com
Setting up Install Process
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package ncurses-devel.x86_64 0:5.7-3.20090208.el6 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved

=====
Package Arch Version Repository Size
=====
Installing:
ncurses-devel x86_64 5.7-3.20090208.el6 base 642 k
=====
Transaction Summary
=====
Install 1 Package(s)

Total download size: 642 k
Installed size: 1.7 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
ncurses-devel-5.7-3.20090208.el6.x86_64.rpm | 642 kB 00:02
Running rpm_check_debug
Running Transaction Test
Transaction Test Succeeded
Running Transaction
Installing : ncurses-devel-5.7-3.20090208.el6.x86_64 1/1
Verifying : ncurses-devel-5.7-3.20090208.el6.x86_64 1/1

Installed:
ncurses-devel.x86_64 0:5.7-3.20090208.el6

Complete!
```

1.1.5 以 root 用户使用 yum 安装 openssl-devel

#yum install openssl-devel

```
[root@hadoop1 ~]#
[root@hadoop1 ~]# yum install openssl-devel
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirrors.btte.net
 * extras: mirrors.btte.net
 * updates: mirrors.yun-idc.com
Setting up Install Process
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package openssl-devel.x86_64 0:1.0.1e-16.el6_5.15 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: zlib-devel for package: openssl-devel-1.0.1e-16.el6_5.15.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: krb5-devel for package: openssl-devel-1.0.1e-16.el6_5.15.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
--> Package krb5-devel.x86_64 0:1.10.3-15.el6_5.1 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: krb5-libs = 1.10.3-15.el6_5.1 for package: krb5-devel-1.10.3-15.el6_5.1.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libselinux-devel for package: krb5-devel-1.10.3-15.el6_5.1.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libcom_err-devel for package: krb5-devel-1.10.3-15.el6_5.1.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: keyutils-libs-devel for package: krb5-devel-1.10.3-15.el6_5.1.x86_64
--> Package zlib-devel.x86_64 0:1.2.3-29.el6 will be installed
--> Running transaction check
--> Package keyutils-libs-devel.x86_64 0:1.4-4.el6 will be installed
--> Package krb5-libs.x86_64 0:1.10.3-10.el6_4.6 will be updated
--> Processing Dependency: krb5-libs = 1.10.3-10.el6_4.6 for package: krb5-workstation-1.10.3-10.el6_4.6.x86_64
--> Package krb5-libs.x86_64 0:1.10.3-15.el6_5.1 will be an update
--> Package libcom_err-devel.x86_64 0:1.41.12-18.el6_5.1 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libcom_err = 1.41.12-18.el6_5.1 for package: libcom_err-devel-1.41.12-18.el6_5.1.x86_64
--> Package libselinux-devel.x86_64 0:2.0.94-5.3.el6_4.1 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libsepol-devel >= 2.0.32-1 for package: libselinux-devel-2.0.94-5.3.el6_4.1.x86_64
```



```

verifying : krb5-libs-1.10.3-10.el6_4.6.x86_64 16/19
verifying : libss-1.41.12-18.el6.x86_64 17/19
verifying : krb5-workstation-1.10.3-10.el6_4.6.x86_64 18/19
verifying : libcom_err-1.41.12-18.el6.x86_64 19/19

Installed:
openssl-devel.x86_64 0:1.0.1e-16.el6_5.15

Dependency Installed:
keyutils-libs-devel.x86_64 0:1.4-4.el6 krb5-devel.x86_64 0:1.10.3-15.el6_5.1
libcom_err-devel.x86_64 0:1.41.12-18.el6_5.1 libselinux-devel.x86_64 0:2.0.94-5.3.el6_4.1
libsepol-devel.x86_64 0:2.0.41-4.el6 zlib-devel.x86_64 0:1.2.3-29.el6

Dependency Updated:
e2fsprogs.x86_64 0:1.41.12-18.el6_5.1 e2fsprogs-libs.x86_64 0:1.41.12-18.el6_5.1
krb5-libs.x86_64 0:1.10.3-15.el6_5.1 krb5-workstation.x86_64 0:1.10.3-15.el6_5.1
libcom_err.x86_64 0:1.41.12-18.el6_5.1 libss.x86_64 0:1.41.12-18.el6_5.1

Complete!

```

1.1.6 以 root 用户使用 yum 安装 gcc*

*#yum install gcc**

```

[root@hadoop1 ~]#
[root@hadoop1 ~]# yum install gcc*
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirror.bit.edu.cn
 * extras: mirror.bit.edu.cn
 * updates: mirror.bit.edu.cn
Setting up Install Process
Package gcc-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64 already installed and latest version
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package gcc-c++.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libstdc++-devel = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-c++-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Package gcc-gfortran.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libgfortran = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-gfortran-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgfortran.so.3()(64bit) for package: gcc-gfortran-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Package gcc-gnat.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libgnat-devel = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-gnat-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgnat = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-gnat-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Package gcc-java.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libgcj-devel = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgcj = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: /usr/share/java/eclipse-ecj.jar for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgij.so.10()(64bit) for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgcj_bc.so.1()(64bit) for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgcj.so.10()(64bit) for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libgcj-tools.so.10()(64bit) for package: gcc-java-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Package gcc-objc.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libobjc = 4.4.7-4.el6 for package: gcc-objc-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libobjc.so.2()(64bit) for package: gcc-objc-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64
--> Package gcc-objc++.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 will be installed
--> Running transaction check
verifying : 1:java_cup-0.10k-5.el6.x86_64 12/17
verifying : sinjdoc-0.5-9.1.el6.x86_64 13/17
verifying : java-1.5.0-gcj-1.5.0.0-29.1.el6.x86_64 14/17
verifying : libgfortran-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64 15/17
verifying : gcc-c++-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64 16/17
verifying : 1:ecj-3.4.2-6.el6.x86_64 17/17

Installed:
gcc-c++.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 gcc-gfortran.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 gcc-gnat.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6
gcc-java.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 gcc-objc.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 gcc-objc++.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6

Dependency Installed:
ecj.x86_64 1:3.4.2-6.el6 java-1.5.0-gcj.x86_64 0:1.5.0.0-29.1.el6
java_cup.x86_64 1:0.10k-5.el6 libgcj.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6
libgcj-devel.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 libgfortran.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6
libgnat.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 libgnat-devel.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6
libobjc.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6 libstdc++-devel.x86_64 0:4.4.7-4.el6
sinjdoc.x86_64 0:0.5-9.1.el6

Complete!

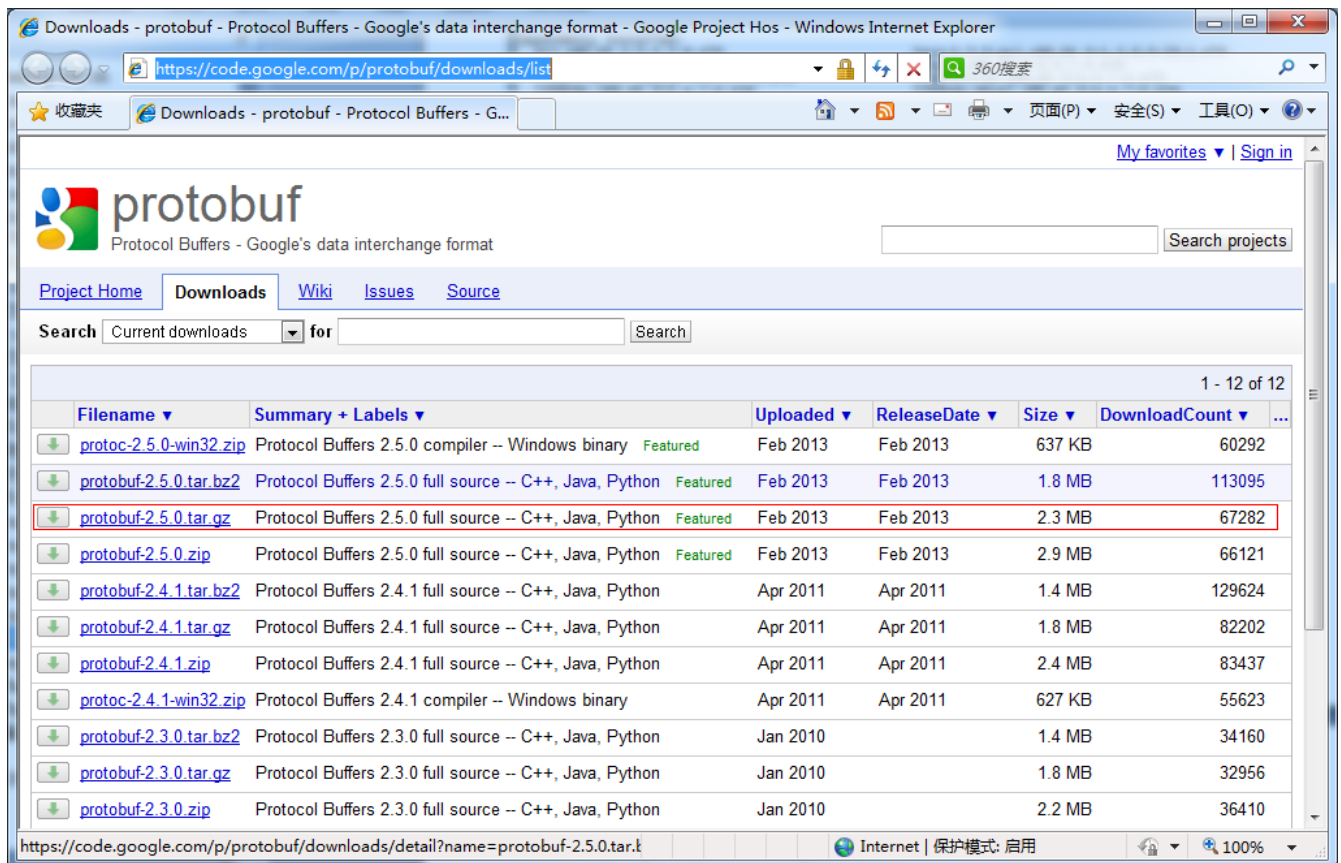
```

1.1.7 安装并设置 protobuf

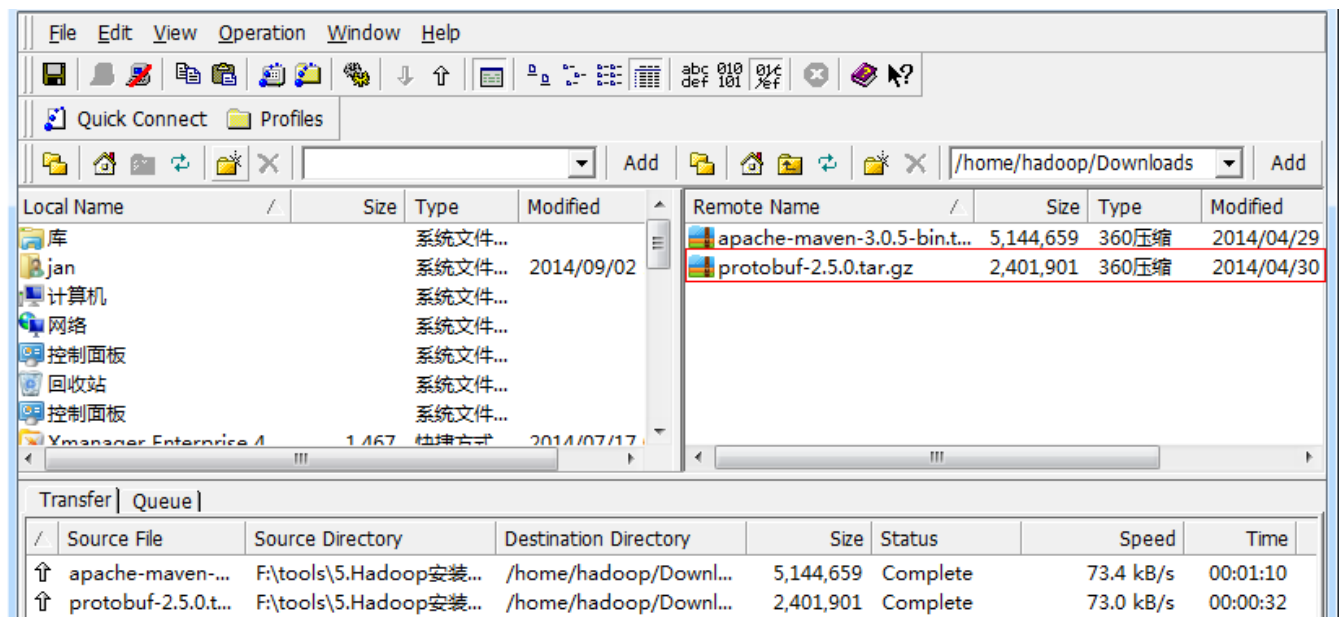
注：该程序包需要在 gcc 安装完毕后才能安装，否则提示无法找到 gcc 编译器。

1. 下载 protobuf 安装包

下载链接为：<https://code.google.com/p/protobuf/downloads/list>

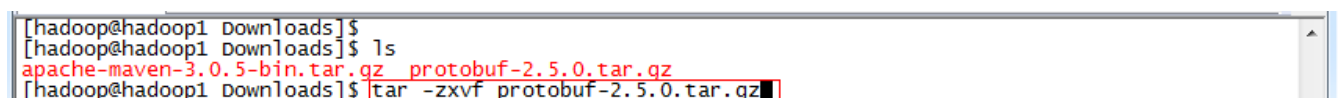


2. 使用 ssh 工具把 protobuf-2.5.0.tar.gz 包上传到/home/hadoop/Downloads 目录



3. 解压安装包

`$tar -zxvf protobuf-2.5.0.tar.gz`



```

protobuf-2.5.0/src/google/protobuf/unittest_lite_imports_nonlite.proto
protobuf-2.5.0/src/google/protobuf/unittest_no_generic_services.proto
protobuf-2.5.0/src/google/protobuf/package_info.h
protobuf-2.5.0/src/google/protobuf/unittest_enormous_descriptor.proto
protobuf-2.5.0/src/solaris/
protobuf-2.5.0/src/solaris/libstdc++.1a
protobuf-2.5.0/src/Makefile.am
protobuf-2.5.0/src/Makefile.in
[root@hadoop Downloads]# ll
total 7380
-rwxrw-rw-. 1 jan jan 5144659 Apr 29 22:25 apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz
drwxr-xr-x. 10 109965 5000 4096 Feb 27 2013 protobuf-2.5.0
-rwxrw-rw-. 1 jan jan 2401901 Apr 30 14:41 protobuf-2.5.0.tar.gz
[root@hadoop Downloads]#

```

4. 把 protobuf-2.5.0 目录转移到/usr/local 目录下

\$sudo mv protobuf-2.5.0 /usr/local

```

[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ ls
apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz  protobuf-2.5.0  protobuf-2.5.0.tar.gz
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ sudo mv protobuf-2.5.0 /usr/local
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ ls /usr/local
apache-maven-3.0.5  etc  hadoop-1.1.2  lib  libexec  sbin  src
bin  games  include  lib64  protobuf-2.5.0  share
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$

```

5. 进行目录运行命令

进入目录以 root 用户运行如下命令：

#!/configure

#make

#make check

#make install

```

[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ cd /usr/local/protobuf-2.5.0/
[hadoop@hadoop1 protobuf-2.5.0]$ ls
aclocal.m4  configure  examples  ltmain.sh  protobuf.pc.in
autogen.sh  configure.ac  generate_descriptor_proto.sh  m4  python
CHANGES.txt  CONTRIBUTORS.txt  gtest  Makefile.am  README.txt
config.guess  COPYING.txt  install-sh  Makefile.in  src
config.h.in  depcomp  INSTALL.txt  missing  vsprojects
config.sub  editors  java  protobuf-lite.pc.in
[hadoop@hadoop1 protobuf-2.5.0]$ ./configure

```

```

config.status: executing depfiles commands
config.status: executing libtool commands
[hadoop@hadoop1 protobuf-2.5.0]$ make
make all-recursive
make[1]: Entering directory `/usr/local/protobuf-2.5.0'
Making all in .
make[2]: Entering directory `/usr/local/protobuf-2.5.0'
make[2]: Leaving directory `/usr/local/protobuf-2.5.0'
Making all in src
make[2]: Entering directory `/usr/local/protobuf-2.5.0/src'
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -pthread -Wall -wwrite-strings -woverloaded-virtual -wno-sign-compare -O2 -g -DNDEBUG -MT main.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/main.Tpo -c -o main.o `test -f 'google/protobuf/compiler/main.cc' || echo './`google/protobuf/compiler/main.cc
mv -f .deps/main.Tpo .deps/main.Po
/bin/sh ./libtool --tag=CXX --mode=compile g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -pthread -Wall -wwrite-strings -woverloaded-virtual -wno-sign-compare -O2 -g -DNDEBUG -MT atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.lo -MD -MP -MF .deps/atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.Tpo -c -o atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.lo `test -f 'google/protobuf/stubs/atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.cc' || echo './`google/protobuf/stubs/atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.cc
libtool: compile: g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -pthread -Wall -wwrite-strings -woverloaded-virtual -wno-sign-compare -O2 -g -DNDEBUG -MT atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.lo -MD -MP -MF .deps/atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.Tpo -c google/protobuf/stubs/atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.cc -fPIC -DPIC -o .libs/atomicops_internals_x86_gcc.o

```

6. 验证是否安装成功

运行成功之后，通过如下方式来验证是否安装成功

#protoc

```
[root@hadoop1 protobuf-2.5.0]#  
[root@hadoop1 protobuf-2.5.0]# protoc  
Missing input file.  
[root@hadoop1 protobuf-2.5.0]#
```

1.2 编译 Hadoop

1.2.1 下载 Hadoop 源代码 Release2.2.0

通过 SVN 获取 Hadoop2.2.0 源代码，在/home/hadoop/Downloads 目录下命令：

```
$svn checkout http://svn.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop/common/tags/release-2.2.0
```

获取时间较长，大小约 75.3M

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$  
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /home/hadoop/Downloads  
[hadoop@hadoop1 Downloads]$ svn checkout http://svn.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop/common/tags/release-2.2.0  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site/resources  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site/resources/css  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site/resources/css/site.css  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site/site.xml  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site/apt  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/src/site/apt/index.apt.vm  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project/pom.xml  
A release-2.2.0/hadoop-project-dist
```

1.2.2 编译 Hadoop 源代码

) 由于 hadoop2.2.0 在 svn 中 pom.xml 有点问题，会造成编译中出错，可先参考 3.2 修复该问题。在 Hadoop 源代码的根目录执行如下命令：

```
$mvn package -Pdist,native -DskipTests -Dtar
```

(注意：这行命令需要手工输入，如果复制执行会报异常！)

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 release-2.2.0]$ ls  
BUILDING.txt      hadoop-client      hadoop-hdfs-project  hadoop-minicluster  hadoop-tools  
dev-support       hadoop-common-project  hadoop-mapreduce-project  hadoop-project      hadoop-yarn-project  
hadoop-assemblies hadoop-dist         hadoop-maven-plugins  hadoop-project-dist  pom.xml  
[hadoop@hadoop1 release-2.2.0]$ mvn package -Pdist,native -DskipTests -Dtar
```

耗费的时间较长，总共花费了 32 分钟，在编译过程需要联网，从网络中下载所需要的资料。

```

[INFO] Reactor Summary:
[INFO]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Main ..... SUCCESS [4.287s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Project POM ..... SUCCESS [3.355s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Annotations ..... SUCCESS [9.142s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Assemblies ..... SUCCESS [0.889s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Project Dist POM ..... SUCCESS [4.584s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Maven Plugins ..... SUCCESS [11.107s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Auth ..... SUCCESS [22.560s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Auth Examples ..... SUCCESS [16.197s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Common ..... SUCCESS [6:44.057s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop NFS ..... SUCCESS [1:06.489s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Common Project ..... SUCCESS [0.507s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop HDFS ..... SUCCESS [6:15.017s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop HttpFS ..... SUCCESS [3:16.511s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop HDFS BookKeeper Journal ..... SUCCESS [46.581s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop HDFS-NFS ..... SUCCESS [12.687s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop HDFS Project ..... SUCCESS [0.046s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn ..... SUCCESS [1:15.008s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-api ..... SUCCESS [1:15.276s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-common ..... SUCCESS [1:01.300s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-server ..... SUCCESS [0.570s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-server-common ..... SUCCESS [19.295s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-server-nodemanager ..... SUCCESS [37.778s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-server-web-proxy ..... SUCCESS [6.530s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-server-resourcemanager ..... SUCCESS [28.652s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-server-tests ..... SUCCESS [1.289s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-client ..... SUCCESS [11.803s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-applications ..... SUCCESS [0.209s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-applications-distributedshell ..... SUCCESS [7.102s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client ..... SUCCESS [0.272s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-core ..... SUCCESS [1:02.785s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-applications-unmanaged-am-launcher ..... SUCCESS [11.739s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-site ..... SUCCESS [0.305s]
[INFO] hadoop-yarn-project ..... SUCCESS [42.507s]

[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-common ..... SUCCESS [37.613s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-shuffle ..... SUCCESS [7.728s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-app ..... SUCCESS [24.073s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-hs ..... SUCCESS [10.969s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-jobclient ..... SUCCESS [14.587s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce-client-hs-plugins ..... SUCCESS [3.603s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop MapReduce Examples ..... SUCCESS [12.776s]
[INFO] hadoop-mapreduce ..... SUCCESS [9.933s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop MapReduce Streaming ..... SUCCESS [9.929s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Distributed Copy ..... SUCCESS [39.003s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Archives ..... SUCCESS [4.557s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Rumen ..... SUCCESS [18.413s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Gridmix ..... SUCCESS [9.055s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Data Join ..... SUCCESS [5.505s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Extras ..... SUCCESS [6.748s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Pipes ..... SUCCESS [17.442s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Tools Dist ..... SUCCESS [5.702s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Tools ..... SUCCESS [0.114s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Distribution ..... SUCCESS [1:04.561s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Client ..... SUCCESS [14.943s]
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Mini-Cluster ..... SUCCESS [0.934s]
[INFO]
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO]
[INFO] Total time: 32:18.277s
[INFO] Finished at: Thu Sep 25 22:28:43 CST 2014
[INFO] Final Memory: 73M/239M

```

1.2.3 验证编译是否成功

到 `hadoop-dist/target/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/native` 目录中查看 `libhadoop.so.1.0.0` 属性：

`$file ./libhadoop.so.1.0.0`

该文件为 ELF 64-bit LSB 则表示文件成功编译为 64 位

```

[hadoop@hadoop1 native]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 native]$ ls
libhadoop.a      libhadoop.so      libhadooputils.a  libhdfs.so
libhadooppipes.a libhadoop.so.1.0.0 libhdfs.a          libhdfs.so.0.0.0
[hadoop@hadoop1 native]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 native]$ file *
libhadoop.a:      current ar archive
libhadooppipes.a: current ar archive
libhadoop.so:     symbolic link to `libhadoop.so.1.0.0'
libhadoop.so.1.0.0: ELF 64-bit LSB shared object, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), dynamically linked, not stripped
libhadooputils.a: current ar archive
libhdfs.a:        current ar archive
libhdfs.so:       symbolic link to `libhdfs.so.0.0.0'
libhdfs.so.0.0.0: ELF 64-bit LSB shared object, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), dynamically linked, not stripped
[hadoop@hadoop1 native]$

```


在 hadoop-dist/target 目录中已经打包好了 hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz 该文件作为 Hadoop2.X 64 位安装包。

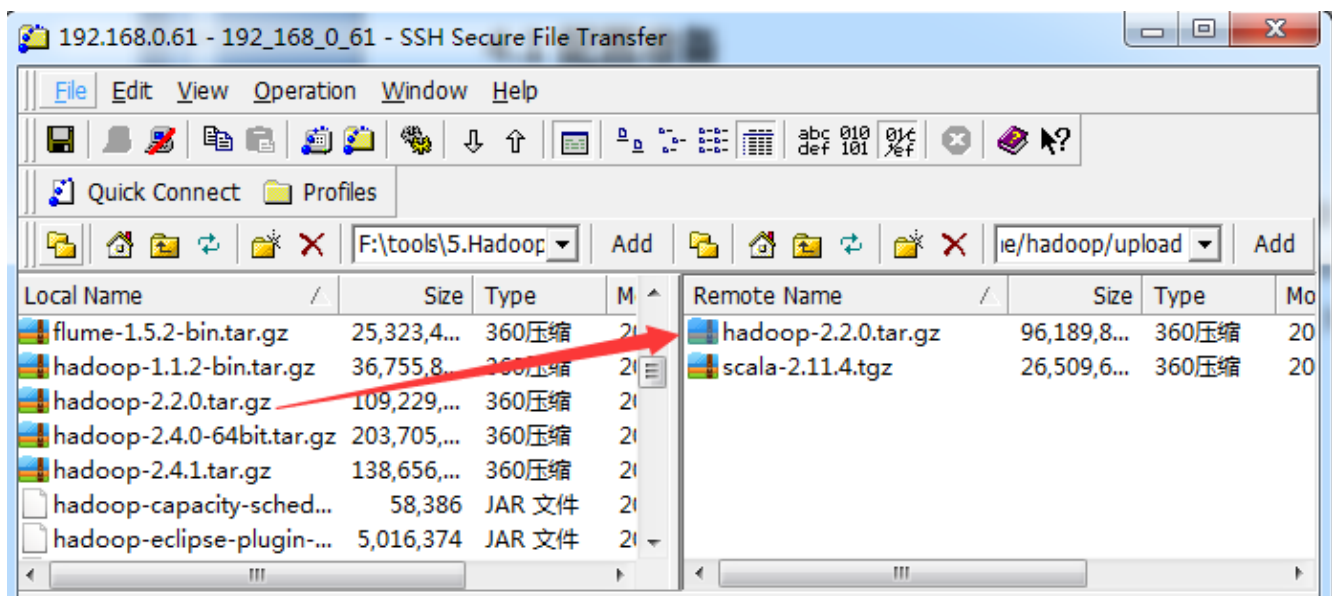
```
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]cd release-2.2.0/hadoop-dist/target
[hadoop@hadoop1 target]$ ll
total 282372
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop      4096 Sep 25 22:27 antrun
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop     1632 Sep 25 22:27 dist-layout-stitching.sh
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop      649 Sep 25 22:27 dist-tar-stitching.sh
drwxrwxr-x 9 hadoop hadoop      4096 Sep 25 22:27 hadoop-2.2.0
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop 96189858 Sep 25 22:27 hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop      2745 Sep 25 22:27 hadoop-dist-2.2.0.jar
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop 192921979 Sep 25 22:28 hadoop-dist-2.2.0-javadoc.jar
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop      4096 Sep 25 22:28 javadoc-bundle-options
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop      4096 Sep 25 22:27 maven-archiver
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop      4096 Sep 25 22:27 test-dir
[hadoop@hadoop1 target]$
```

2 安装 Hadoop

2.1 配置准备

2.1.1 上传并解压 Hadoop 安装包

1. 在 Apache 网站上提供 Hadoop2.X 安装包只支持 32 位操作系统安装，在 64 位服务器安装会出现 4.1 的错误异常。我们使用上一步骤编译好的 hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz 文件作为安装包（也可以从网上下载 native 文件夹或者打包好的 64 位 hadoop 安装包），使用" Spark 编译与部署（上）"中 1.3.1 介绍的工具上传到/home/hadoop/upload 目录下



2. 在主节点上解压缩

```
$cd /home/hadoop/upload/
$tar -xzf hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz
```

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /home/hadoop/upload/
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$ ls
hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz  scala-2.11.4.tgz
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$ tar -xzf hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$ 
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$ ls
hadoop-2.2.0  hadoop-2.2.0.tar.gz  scala-2.11.4.tgz
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$
```

3. 把 hadoop-2.2.0 目录移到/app/hadoop 目录下

```
$ mv hadoop-2.2.0 /app/hadoop
```

```
$ls /app/hadoop
```

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$ mv hadoop-2.2.0 /app/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$ ls /app/hadoop
hadoop-2.2.0
[hadoop@hadoop1 upload]$
```

2.1.2 在 Hadoop 目录下创建子目录

hadoop 用户在/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0 目录下创建 tmp、name 和 data 目录

```
$cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/
```

```
$mkdir tmp
```

```
$mkdir name
```

```
$mkdir data
```

```
$ll
```

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ mkdir tmp
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ mkdir name
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ mkdir data
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ ll
total 40
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 bin
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Jan 14 22:22 data
drwxrwxr-x 3 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 etc
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 include
drwxrwxr-x 3 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 lib
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 libexec
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Jan 14 22:22 name
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 sbin
drwxrwxr-x 4 hadoop hadoop 4096 Sep 25 22:27 share
drwxrwxr-x 2 hadoop hadoop 4096 Jan 14 22:22 tmp
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$
```

2.1.3 配置 hadoop-env.sh

1. 打开配置文件 hadoop-env.sh

```
$cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
```

```
$sudo vi hadoop-env.sh
```



```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ cd etc/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml      hdfs-site.xml              mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml           httpfs-env.sh              mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg      httpfs-log4j.properties   slaves
core-site.xml               httpfs-signature.secret    ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd              httpfs-site.xml            ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh               log4j.properties          yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties  mapred-env.cmd             yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties   mapred-env.sh              yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml           mapred-queues.xml.template
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ sudo vi hadoop-env.sh
```

2. 加入配置内容，设置 JAVA_HOME 和 PATH 路径

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/java/jdk1.7.0_55

export PATH=\$PATH:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/bin

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
# NOTE: this should be set to a directory that can only be written to by
# the user that will run the hadoop daemons.  Otherwise there is the
# potential for a symlink attack.
export HADOOP_PID_DIR=${HADOOP_PID_DIR}
export HADOOP_SECURE_DN_PID_DIR=${HADOOP_PID_DIR}

# A string representing this instance of hadoop. $USER by default.
export HADOOP_IDENT_STRING=$USER

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/java/jdk1.7.0_55
export PATH=$PATH:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/bin
```

3. 编译配置文件 hadoop-env.sh，并确认生效

\$source hadoop-env.sh

\$hadoop version

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ source hadoop-env.sh
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ hadoop version
Hadoop 2.2.0
Subversion Unknown -r 1627543
Compiled by hadoop on 2014-09-25T14:00Z
Compiled with protoc 2.5.0
From source with checksum 79e53ce7994d1628b240f09af91e1af4
This command was run using /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/common/hadoop-common-2.2.0.jar
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$
```

2.1.4 配置 yarn-env.sh

1. 在/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop 打开配置文件 yarn-env.sh

\$cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop

\$sudo vi yarn-env.sh

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml      hdfs-site.xml              mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml           httpfs-env.sh              mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg      httpfs-log4j.properties   slaves
core-site.xml               httpfs-signature.secret    ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd              httpfs-site.xml            ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh               log4j.properties          yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties  mapred-env.cmd             yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties  mapred-env.sh              yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml           mapred-queues.xml.template
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ sudo vi yarn-env.sh
```

2. 加入配置内容，设置 JAVA_HOME 路径

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/java/jdk1.7.0_55

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
# User for YARN daemons
export HADOOP_YARN_USER=${HADOOP_YARN_USER:-yarn}

# resolve links - $0 may be a softlink
export YARN_CONF_DIR="${YARN_CONF_DIR:-$HADOOP_YARN_HOME/conf}"

# some Java parameters
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/java/jdk1.7.0_55
if [ "$JAVA_HOME" != "" ]; then
    #echo "run java in $JAVA_HOME"
    JAVA_HOME=$JAVA_HOME
fi
```

3. 编译配置文件 yarn-env.sh，并确认生效

\$source yarn-env.sh

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml      hdfs-site.xml              mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml           httpfs-env.sh              mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg      httpfs-log4j.properties   slaves
core-site.xml               httpfs-signature.secret    ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd              httpfs-site.xml            ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh               log4j.properties          yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties  mapred-env.cmd             yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties  mapred-env.sh              yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml           mapred-queues.xml.template
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ source yarn-env.sh
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$
```

2.1.5 配置 core-site.xml

1. 使用如下命令打开 core-site.xml 配置文件

\$sudo vi core-site.xml

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ pwd
/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml      hdfs-site.xml              mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml           httpfs-env.sh              mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg      httpfs-log4j.properties   slaves
core-site.xml               httpfs-signature.secret    ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd              httpfs-site.xml            ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh               log4j.properties          yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties  mapred-env.cmd             yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties  mapred-env.sh              yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml           mapred-queues.xml.template
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ sudo vi core-site.xml
```

2. 在配置文件中，按照如下内容进行配置

<configuration>

<property>

<name>fs.default.name</name>

<value>hdfs://hadoop1:9000</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>fs.defaultFS</name>

<value>hdfs://hadoop1:9000</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>io.file.buffer.size</name>

<value>131072</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>

<value>file:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/tmp</value>

<description>Abase for other temporary directories.</description>

</property>

<property>

<name>hadoop.proxyuser.hduser.hosts</name>

<value>*</value>

</property>

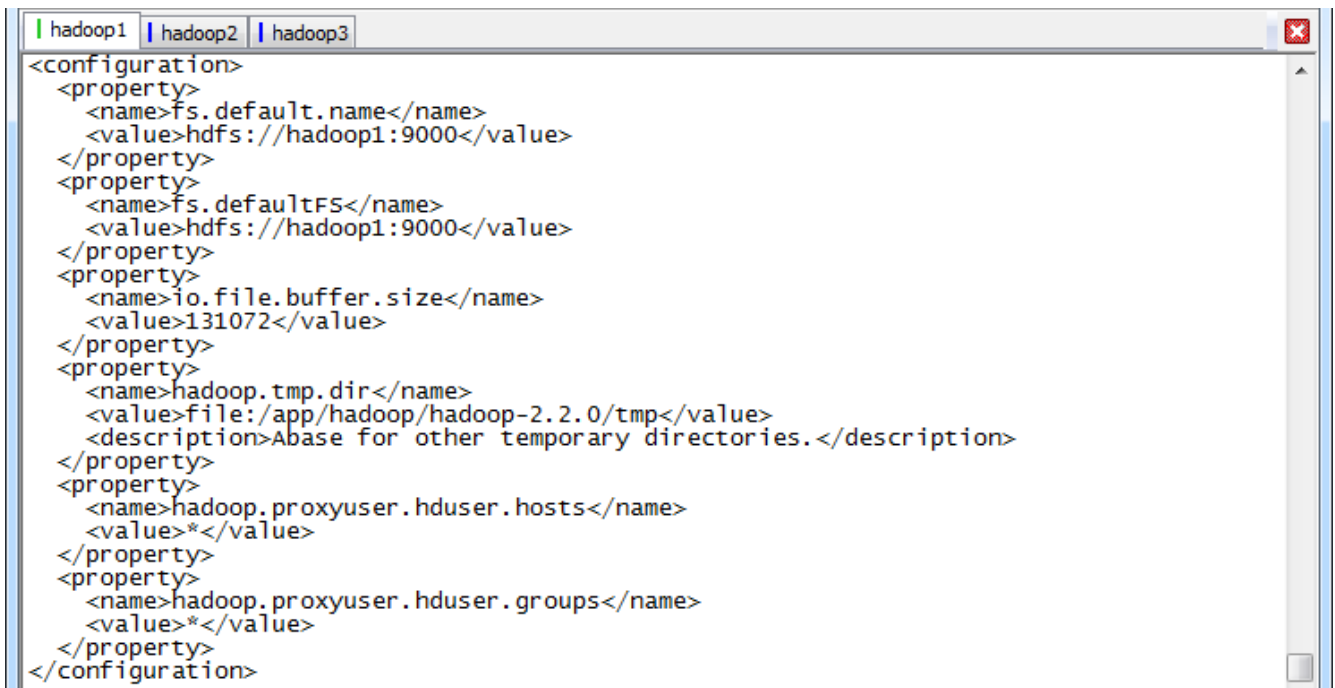
<property>

<name>hadoop.proxyuser.hduser.groups</name>

<value>*</value>

</property>

`</configuration>`

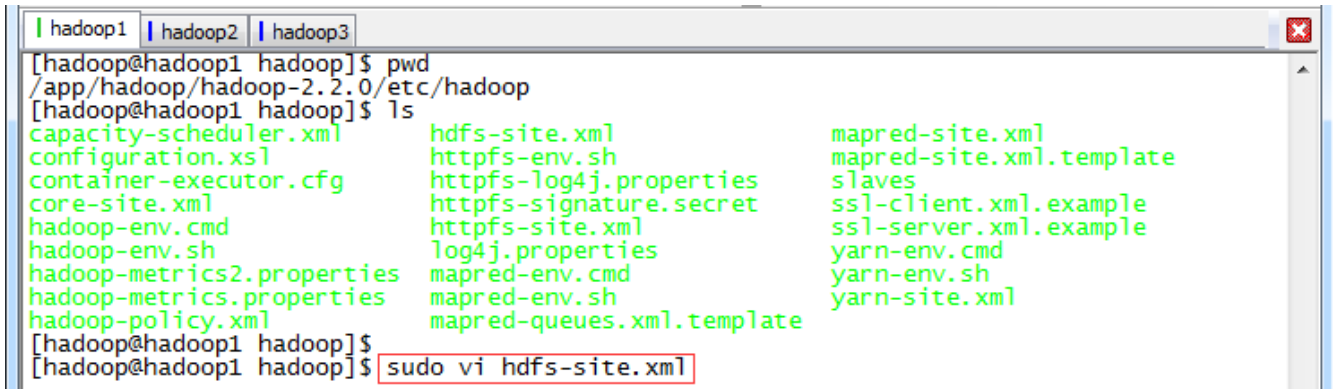


```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>fs.default.name</name>
    <value>hdfs://hadoop1:9000</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
    <value>hdfs://hadoop1:9000</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>io.file.buffer.size</name>
    <value>131072</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>
    <value>file:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/tmp</value>
    <description>Abase for other temporary directories.</description>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>hadoop.proxyuser.hduser.hosts</name>
    <value>*</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>hadoop.proxyuser.hduser.groups</name>
    <value>*</value>
  </property>
</configuration>
```

2.1.6 配置 hdfs-site.xml

1. 使用如下命令打开 hdfs-site.xml 配置文件

`$sudo vi hdfs-site.xml`



```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ pwd
/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml  hdfs-site.xml  mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml       https-env.sh   mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg  https-log4j.properties  slaves
core-site.xml           https-signature.secret  ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd          https-site.xml  ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh           log4j.properties  yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties  mapred-env.cmd  yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties  mapred-env.sh   yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml        mapred-queues.xml.template
```

2. 在配置文件中，按照如下内容进行配置

`<configuration>`

`<property>`

`<name>dfs.namenode.secondary.http-address</name>`

`<value>hadoop1:9001</value>`

`</property>`

`<property>`

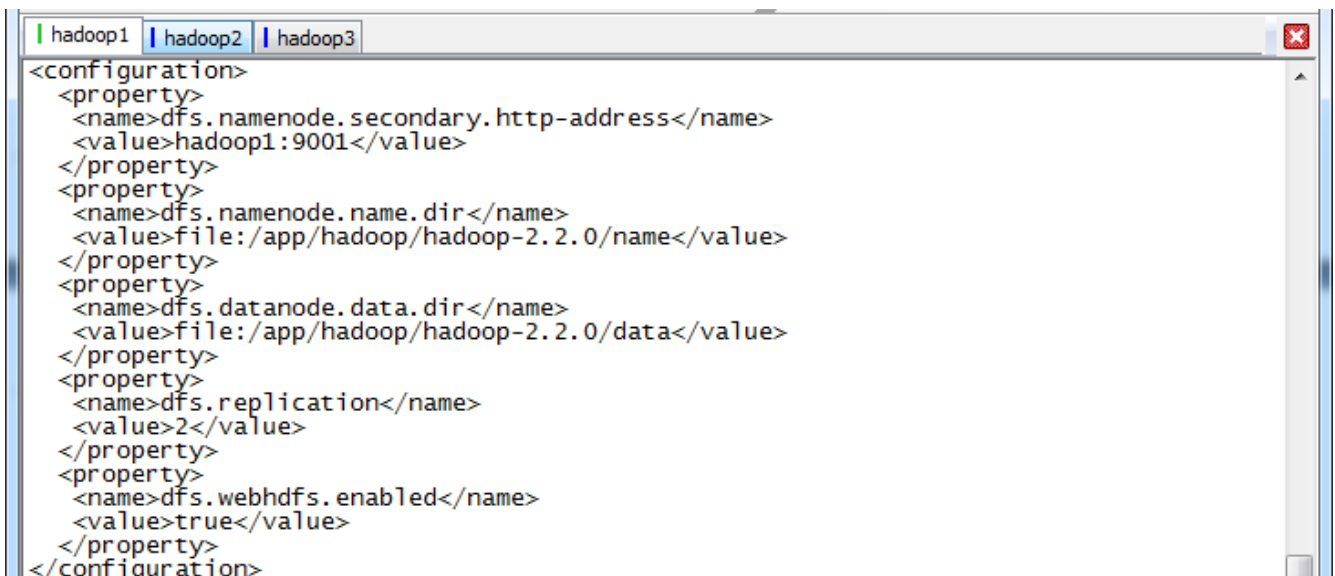
`<name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>`

`<value>file:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/name</value>`

```

</property>
<property>
  <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
  <value>file:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/data</value>
</property>
<property>
  <name>dfs.replication</name>
  <value>2</value>
</property>
<property>
  <name>dfs.webhdfs.enabled</name>
  <value>true</value>
</property>
</configuration>

```



```

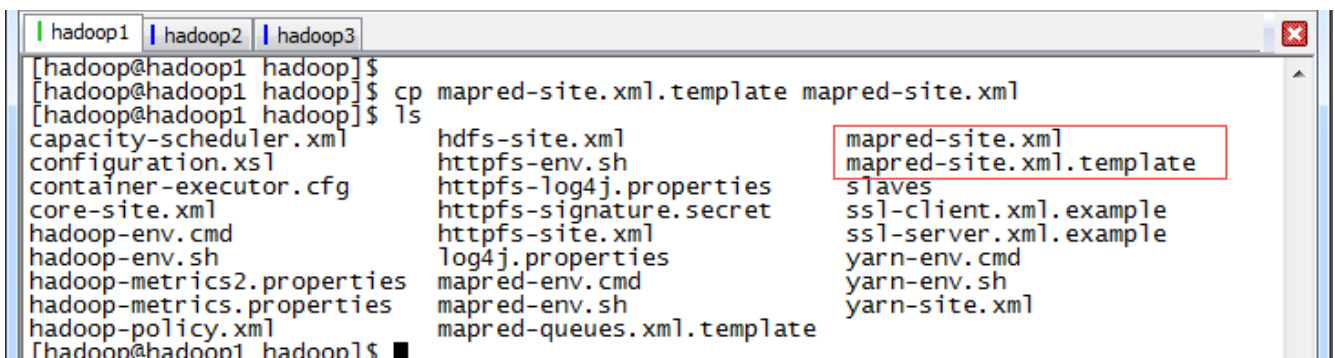
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.namenode.secondary.http-address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:9001</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>
    <value>file:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/name</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
    <value>file:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/data</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.replication</name>
    <value>2</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.webhdfs.enabled</name>
    <value>true</value>
  </property>
</configuration>

```

2.1.7 配置 mapred-site.xml

1. 默认情况下不存在 mapred-site.xml 文件，可以从模板拷贝一份

```
$cp mapred-site.xml.template mapred-site.xml
```



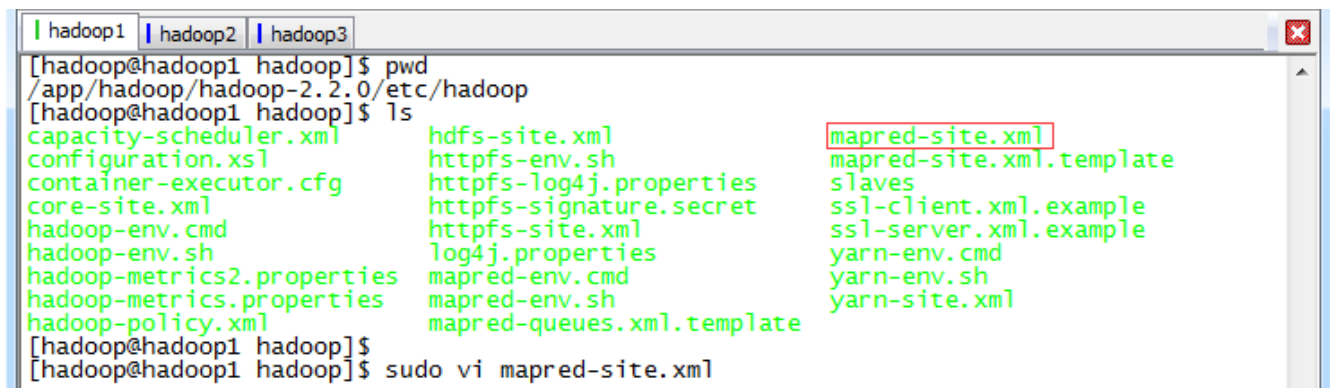
```

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cp mapred-site.xml.template mapred-site.xml
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml  hdfs-site.xml  mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml       httpfs-env.sh  mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg  httpfs-log4j.properties  slaves
core-site.xml           httpfs-signature.secret  ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd          httpfs-site.xml  ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh           log4j.properties  yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties  mapred-env.cmd  yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties  mapred-env.sh  yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml        mapred-queues.xml.template
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$

```

2. 使用如下命令打开 mapred-site.xml 配置文件

\$sudo vi mapred-site.xml



A terminal window with tabs for 'hadoop1', 'hadoop2', and 'hadoop3'. The prompt is '[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]\$'. The user runs 'pwd' showing '/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop'. Then 'ls' is run, displaying a list of files including 'mapred-site.xml' which is highlighted with a red box. Finally, the user runs 'sudo vi mapred-site.xml'.

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ pwd
/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ ls
capacity-scheduler.xml    hdfs-site.xml            mapred-site.xml
configuration.xml         httpfs-env.sh            mapred-site.xml.template
container-executor.cfg    httpfs-log4j.properties slaves
core-site.xml             httpfs-signature.secret  ssl-client.xml.example
hadoop-env.cmd            httpfs-site.xml          ssl-server.xml.example
hadoop-env.sh             log4j.properties        yarn-env.cmd
hadoop-metrics2.properties mapred-env.cmd           yarn-env.sh
hadoop-metrics.properties mapred-env.sh            yarn-site.xml
hadoop-policy.xml         mapred-queues.xml.template
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ sudo vi mapred-site.xml
```

3. 在配置文件中，按照如下内容进行配置

<configuration>

<property>

<name>mapreduce.framework.name</name>

<value>yarn</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>mapreduce.jobhistory.address</name>

<value>hadoop1:10020</value>

</property>

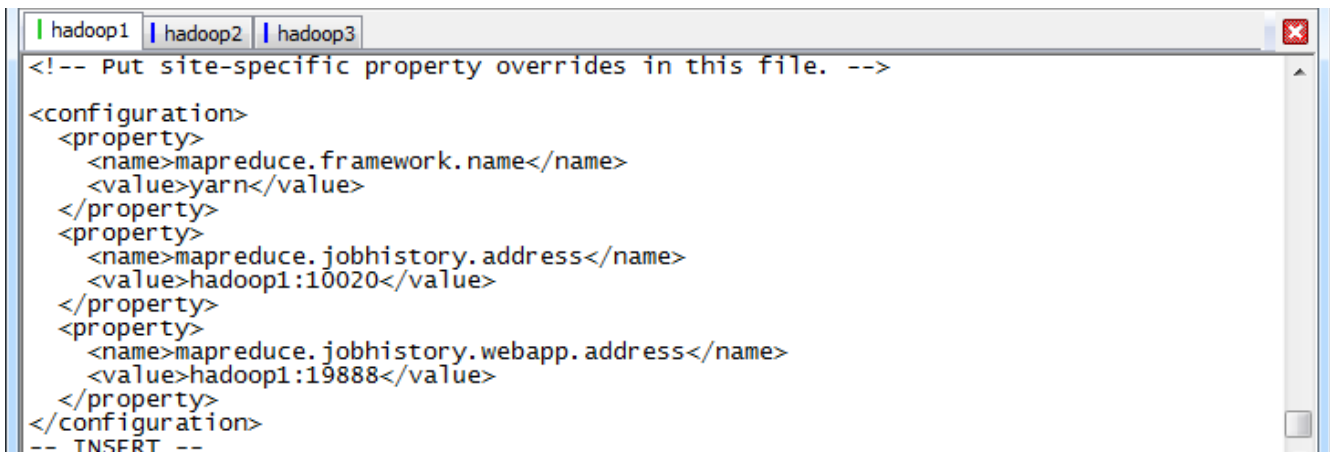
<property>

<name>mapreduce.jobhistory.webapp.address</name>

<value>hadoop1:19888</value>

</property>

</configuration>



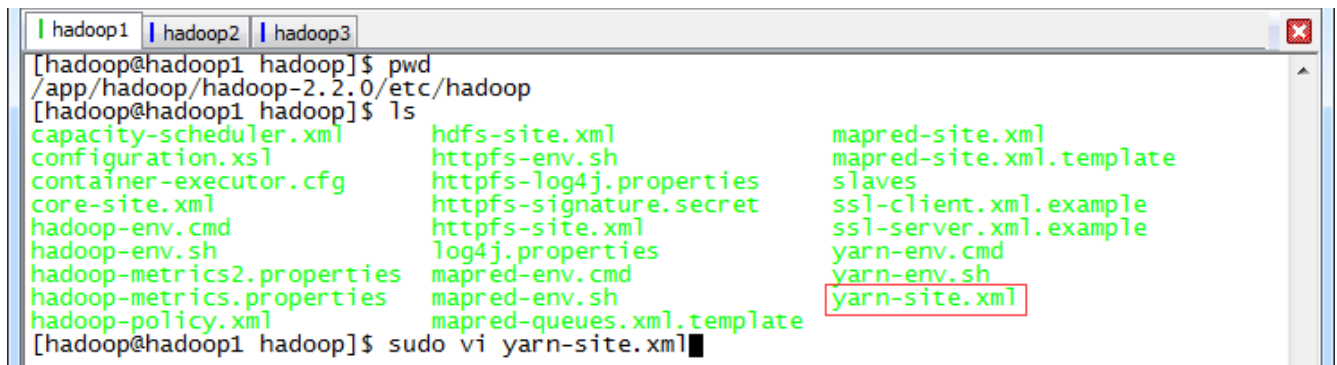
A terminal window showing the content of 'mapred-site.xml'. It starts with a comment '-- Put site-specific property overrides in this file. -->'. The XML structure is shown with the same three properties as in the previous block. It ends with '-- INSERT --'.

```
!-- Put site-specific property overrides in this file. -->
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>mapreduce.framework.name</name>
    <value>yarn</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>mapreduce.jobhistory.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:10020</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>mapreduce.jobhistory.webapp.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:19888</value>
  </property>
</configuration>
-- INSERT --
```


2.1.8 配置 yarn-site.xml

1. 使用如下命令打开 yarn-site.xml 配置文件

\$sudo vi yarn-site.xml

A terminal window with three tabs labeled 'hadoop1', 'hadoop2', and 'hadoop3'. The active tab is 'hadoop1'. The prompt is '[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]\$'. The user enters 'pwd' and the output is '/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop'. Then the user enters 'ls' and the output is a three-column list of files: capacity-scheduler.xml, configuration.xml, container-executor.cfg, core-site.xml, hadoop-env.cmd, hadoop-env.sh, hadoop-metrics2.properties, hadoop-metrics.properties, hadoop-policy.xml, hdfs-site.xml, httpfs-env.sh, httpfs-log4j.properties, httpfs-signature.secret, httpfs-site.xml, log4j.properties, mapred-env.cmd, mapred-env.sh, mapred-queues.xml.template, mapred-site.xml, mapred-site.xml.template, slaves, ssl-client.xml.example, ssl-server.xml.example, yarn-env.cmd, yarn-env.sh, and yarn-site.xml. The file 'yarn-site.xml' is highlighted with a red box. The user then enters 'sudo vi yarn-site.xml' and the prompt changes to '[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]\$'.

2. 在配置文件中，按照如下内容进行配置

<configuration>

<property>

<name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>

<value>mapreduce_shuffle</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services.mapreduce.shuffle.class</name>

<value>org.apache.hadoop.mapred.ShuffleHandler</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>yarn.resourcemanager.address</name>

<value>hadoop1:8032</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>yarn.resourcemanager.scheduler.address</name>

<value>hadoop1:8030</value>

</property>

<property>

<name>yarn.resourcemanager.resource-tracker.address</name>

<value>hadoop1:8031</value>

</property>

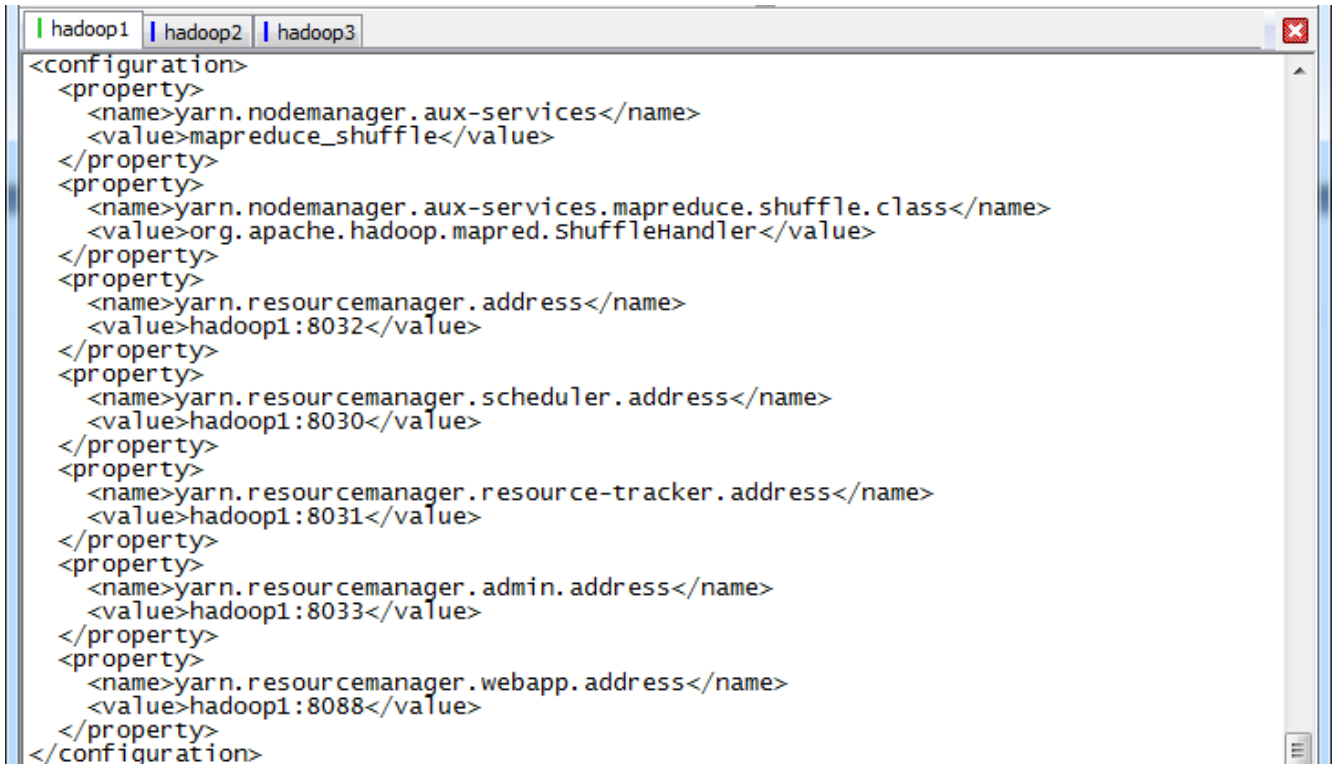
<property>

<name>yarn.resourcemanager.admin.address</name>

```

    <value>hadoop1:8033</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.resourcemanager.webapp.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:8088</value>
  </property>
</configuration>

```



```

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
<configuration>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>
    <value>mapreduce_shuffle</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services.mapreduce.shuffle.class</name>
    <value>org.apache.hadoop.mapred.ShuffleHandler</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.resourcemanager.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:8032</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.resourcemanager.scheduler.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:8030</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.resourcemanager.resource-tracker.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:8031</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.resourcemanager.admin.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:8033</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.resourcemanager.webapp.address</name>
    <value>hadoop1:8088</value>
  </property>
</configuration>

```

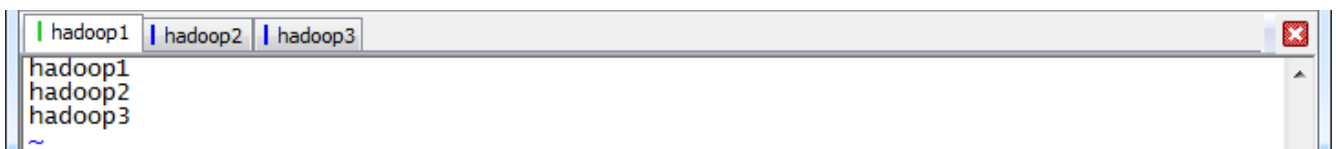
2.1.9 配置 Slaves 文件

使用 `$sudo vi slaves` 打开从节点配置文件，在文件中加入

```

hadoop1
hadoop2
hadoop3

```



```

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
hadoop1
hadoop2
hadoop3
~

```

2.1.10 向各节点分发 Hadoop 程序

1. 确认 hadoop2 和 hadoop3 节点/app/hadoop 所属组和用户均为 hadoop，然后进入 hadoop1 机器/app/hadoop 目录，使用如下命令把 hadoop 文件夹复制到 hadoop2 和 hadoop3 机器

\$cd /app/hadoop

\$scp -r hadoop-2.2.0 hadoop@hadoop2:/app/hadoop/

\$scp -r hadoop-2.2.0 hadoop@hadoop3:/app/hadoop/

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ ll
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 13 hadoop hadoop 4096 Jan 14 16:55 hadoop-2.2.0
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop]$ scp -r hadoop-2.2.0 hadoop@hadoop2:/app/hadoop/
```

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
hadoop-hdfs-2.4.1-tests.jar      100% 2503KB   2.4MB/s   00:00
dust-helpers-1.1.1.min.js      100% 4124      4.0KB/s   00:00
jquery-1.10.2.min.js          100% 91KB      90.9KB/s   00:00
hadoop.css                     100% 3827      3.7KB/s   00:00
dust-full-2.0.0.min.js         100% 33KB      32.7KB/s   00:00
bootstrap.min.css             100% 100KB     100.5KB/s   00:00
glyphicons-halflings-regular.woff 100% 23KB      22.8KB/s   00:00
glyphicons-halflings-regular.eot 100% 20KB      19.8KB/s   00:00
glyphicons-halflings-regular.ttf 100% 40KB      40.3KB/s   00:00
glyphicons-halflings-regular.svg 100% 61KB      61.4KB/s   00:00
bootstrap.min.js              100% 27KB      27.1KB/s   00:00
decommission.xml               100% 4471      4.4KB/s   00:00
dfs-dust.js                    100% 2410      2.4KB/s   00:00
dfshealth.html                 100% 11KB      10.6KB/s   00:00
dfsclusterhealth.xml          100% 5510      5.4KB/s   00:00
```

2. 在从节点查看是否复制成功

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop2 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/
[hadoop@hadoop2 hadoop]$ ll
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 13 hadoop hadoop 4096 Jan 14 22:44 hadoop-2.2.0
[hadoop@hadoop2 hadoop]$ cd hadoop-2.2.0/
[hadoop@hadoop2 hadoop-2.2.0]$ ls
bin data etc include lib libexec logs name sbin share tmp
[hadoop@hadoop2 hadoop-2.2.0]$
```

2.2 启动部署

2.2.1 格式化 NameNode

\$cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/

\$/bin/hdfs namenode -format

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ ls
bin data etc include lib libexec logs name sbin share tmp
[hadoop@hadoop1 hadoop-2.2.0]$ ./bin/hdfs namenode -format
15/01/15 14:32:28 INFO namenode.NameNode: STARTUP_MSG:
/*****
STARTUP_MSG: Starting NameNode
STARTUP_MSG: host = hadoop1/192.168.0.61
STARTUP_MSG: args = [-format]
STARTUP_MSG: version = 2.2.0
STARTUP_MSG: classpath = /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/etc/hadoop:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/commons-net-3.1.jar:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/commons-httpclient-3.1.jar:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/avro-1.7.4.jar:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/jasper-compiler-5.5.23.jar:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/jetty-6.1.26.jar:/app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/share/hadoop/
```

```

15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.NameNode: Caching file names occurring more than 10 times
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.threshold-pct = 0.9990000128746033
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.min.datanodes = 0
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.extension = 30000
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache on namenode is enabled
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache will use 0.03 of total heap and retry cache entry expiry time is 600000 millis
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO util.GSet: Computing capacity for map Namenode Retry Cache
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO util.GSet: VM type = 64-bit
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO util.GSet: 0.029999999329447746% max memory = 966.7 MB
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO util.GSet: capacity = 2^15 = 32768 entries
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO common.Storage: Storage directory /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/name has been successfully formatted.
15/01/15 14:32:32 INFO namenode.FSImage: Saving image file /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/name/current/fsimage.ckpt_000000000000000000 using no compression
15/01/15 14:32:33 INFO namenode.FSImage: Image file /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/name/current/fsimage.ckpt_000000000000000000 of size 198 bytes saved in 0 seconds.
15/01/15 14:32:33 INFO namenode.NNStorageRetentionManager: Going to retain 1 images with txid >= 0
15/01/15 14:32:33 INFO util.ExitUtil: Exiting with status 0
15/01/15 14:32:33 INFO namenode.NameNode: SHUTDOWN_MSG:
/*****
SHUTDOWN_MSG: Shutting down NameNode at hadoop1/192.168.0.61
*****/

```

2.2.2 启动 HDFS

```

$cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/sbin
$./start-dfs.sh

```

```

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/sbin
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$ ./start-dfs.sh
Starting namenodes on [hadoop1]
hadoop1: starting namenode, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/hadoop-hadoop-namenode-hadoop1.out
hadoop1: starting datanode, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/hadoop-hadoop-datanode-hadoop1.out
hadoop2: starting datanode, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/hadoop-hadoop-datanode-hadoop2.out
hadoop3: starting datanode, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/hadoop-hadoop-datanode-hadoop3.out
Starting secondary namenodes [hadoop1]
hadoop1: starting secondarynamenode, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/hadoop-hadoop-secondarynamenode-hadoop1.out
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$

```

如果服务器操作系统为 32 位时，出现问题 3.1 异常，可以参考解决

2.2.3 验证 HDFS 启动

此时在 hadoop1 上面运行的进程有：NameNode、SecondaryNameNode 和 DataNode

```

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$ jps
3280 DataNode
3189 NameNode
3426 SecondaryNameNode
3562 Jps
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$

```

hadoop2 和 hadoop3 上面运行的进程有：NameNode 和 DataNode

```

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop2 ~]$ jps
3120 Jps
3044 DataNode
[hadoop@hadoop2 ~]$

```

2.2.4 启动 YARN

```

$cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/sbin
$./start-yarn.sh

```

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 ~]$ cd /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/sbin
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$ ls
distribute-exclude.sh mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start-dfs.cmd stop-all.sh stop-yarn.sh
hadoop-daemon.sh refresh-namenodes.sh start-dfs.sh stop-balancer.sh stop-balancer.sh yarn-daemon.sh
hadoop-daemons.sh slaves.sh start-secure-dns.sh stop-dfs.cmd stop-dfs.sh yarn-daemons.sh
hdfs-config.cmd start-all.cmd start-yarn.cmd stop-secure-dns.sh stop-secure-dns.sh
hdfs-config.sh start-all.sh start-yarn.sh stop-yarn.cmd
https.sh start-balancer.sh stop-all.cmd stop-yarn.cmd
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$ ./start-yarn.sh
starting yarn daemons
starting resourcemanager, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/yarn-hadoop-resourcemanager-hadoop1.out
hadoop1: starting nodemanager, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/yarn-hadoop-nodemanager-hadoop1.out
hadoop2: starting nodemanager, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/yarn-hadoop-nodemanager-hadoop2.out
hadoop3: starting nodemanager, logging to /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/logs/yarn-hadoop-nodemanager-hadoop3.out
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$
```

2.2.5 验证 YARN 启动

此时在 hadoop1 上运行的进程有：NameNode、SecondaryNameNode、DataNode、NodeManager 和 ResourceManager

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$ jps
3280 DataNode
3728 NodeManager
3189 NameNode
4015 Jps
3426 SecondaryNameNode
3632 ResourceManager
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$
```

hadoop2 和 hadoop3 上面运行的进程有：NameNode、DataNode 和 NodeManager

```
hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop2 ~]$ jps
3284 Jps
3178 NodeManager
3044 DataNode
[hadoop@hadoop2 ~]$ █

hadoop1 | hadoop2 | hadoop3
[hadoop@hadoop3 ~]$ jps
3186 Jps
2943 DataNode
3078 NodeManager
[hadoop@hadoop3 ~]$ █
```

3 问题解决

3.1 CentOS 64bit 安装 Hadoop2.2.0 中出现文件编译位数异常

在安装 hadoop2.2.0 过程中出现如下异常：Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0/sbin]$ ls
distribute-exclude.sh refresh-namenodes.sh start-secure-dns.sh stop-dfs.sh
hadoop-daemon.sh slaves.sh start-yarn.cmd stop-secure-dns.sh
hadoop-daemons.sh start-all.cmd start-yarn.sh stop-yarn.cmd
hdfs-config.cmd start-all.sh stop-all.cmd stop-yarn.sh
hdfs-config.sh start-balancer.sh stop-all.sh yarn-daemon.sh
https.sh start-dfs.cmd stop-balancer.sh yarn-daemons.sh
mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start-dfs.sh stop-dfs.cmd
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0/sbin]$ ./start-dfs.sh
14/09/24 10:17:15 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
Starting namenodes on [Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM warning: You have loaded library /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
hadoop1]
```


通过分析是由于 lib/native 目录中有些文件是在 32 位编译，无法适应 CentOS 64 位环境造成

```
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0]$ls
bin  etc  lib      LICENSE.txt  name      README.txt  share
data include libexec logs      NOTICE.txt sbin      tmp
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0]$cd lib/native/
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/native]$ls
libhadoop.a      libhadoop.so      libhadooputils.a  libhdfs.so
libhadooppipes.a libhadoop.so.1.0.0 libhdfs.a          libhdfs.so.0.0.0
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/native]$file ./libhadoop.so.1.0.0
./libhadoop.so.1.0.0: ELF 32-bit LSB shared object, Intel 80386, version 1 (SYSV), dynamically
linked, not stripped
[hadoop@hadoop1 /usr/local/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/native]$
```

有两种办法解决：

- 重新编译 hadoop，然后重新部署
- 暂时办法是修改配置，忽略有问题的文件

```
export HADOOP_COMMON_LIB_NATIVE_DIR=/home/grid/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/native
export HADOOP_OPTS="-Djava.library.path=/home/grid/hadoop-2.2.0/lib"
~
~
```

3.2 编译 Hadoop2.2.0 出现代码异常

目前的 2.2.0 的 Source Code 压缩包解压出来的 code 有个 bug 需要 patch 后才能编译。否则编译 hadoop-auth 会提示下面错误：

```
[ERROR] Failed to execute goal org.apache.maven.plugins:maven-compiler-plugin:2.5.1:testCompile
(default-testCompile) on project hadoop-auth: Compilation failure: Compilation failure:
[ERROR]
/home/hadoop/Downloads/release-2.2.0/hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/src/test/java/org
/apache/hadoop/security/authentication/client/AuthenticatorTestCase.java:[88,11] error: cannot
access AbstractLifeCycle
[ERROR] class file for org.mortbay.component.AbstractLifeCycle not found
[ERROR]
/home/hadoop/Downloads/release-2.2.0/hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/src/test/java/org
/apache/hadoop/security/authentication/client/AuthenticatorTestCase.java:[96,29] error: cannot
access LifeCycle
[ERROR] class file for org.mortbay.component.LifeCycle not found
```



```

[INFO] Apache Hadoop Pipes ..... SKIPPED
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Tools Dist ..... SKIPPED
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Tools ..... SKIPPED
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Distribution ..... SKIPPED
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Client ..... SKIPPED
[INFO] Apache Hadoop Mini-Cluster ..... SKIPPED
[INFO] -----
[INFO] BUILD FAILURE
[INFO] -----
[INFO] Total time: 10:40.061s
[INFO] Finished at: wed Sep 24 23:05:36 CST 2014
[INFO] Final Memory: 36M/87M
[INFO] -----
[ERROR] Failed to execute goal org.apache.maven.plugins:maven-compiler-plugin:2.5.1:testCompile (default-testCompile)
on project hadoop-auth: Compilation failure: Compilation failure:
[ERROR] /home/hadoop/Downloads/release-2.2.0/hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/src/test/java/org/apache/hadoop/securi
ty/authentication/client/AuthenticatorTestCase.java:[88,11] error: cannot access AbstractLifecycle
[ERROR] class file for org.mortbay.component.AbstractLifecycle not found
[ERROR] /home/hadoop/Downloads/release-2.2.0/hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/src/test/java/org/apache/hadoop/securi
ty/authentication/client/AuthenticatorTestCase.java:[96,29] error: cannot access Lifecycle
[ERROR] class file for org.mortbay.component.Lifecycle not found
[ERROR] /home/hadoop/Downloads/release-2.2.0/hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/src/test/java/org/apache/hadoop/securi
ty/authentication/client/AuthenticatorTestCase.java:[98,10] error: cannot find symbol
[ERROR] symbol: method start()
[ERROR] location: variable server of type Server
[ERROR] /home/hadoop/Downloads/release-2.2.0/hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/src/test/java/org/apache/hadoop/securi
ty/authentication/client/AuthenticatorTestCase.java:[104,12] error: cannot find symbol
[ERROR] -> [Help 1]
[ERROR]
[ERROR] To see the full stack trace of the errors, re-run Maven with the -e switch.
[ERROR] Re-run Maven using the -X switch to enable full debug logging.
[ERROR]
[ERROR] For more information about the errors and possible solutions, please read the following articles:
[ERROR] [Help 1] http://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/MAVEN/MojoFailureException
[ERROR]
[ERROR] After correcting the problems, you can resume the build with the command
[ERROR] mvn <goals> -rf :hadoop-auth
[root@hadoop1 release-2.2.0]#

```

直接修改 hadoop-common-project/hadoop-auth/pom.xml , 其实就是少了一个包 , 添加一个 dependency :

```

<dependency>
  <groupId>org.mortbay.jetty</groupId>
  <artifactId>jetty-util</artifactId>
  <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>

```

```

<dependency>
  <groupId>log4j</groupId>
  <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
  <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
  <artifactId>slf4j-log4j12</artifactId>
  <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.mortbay.jetty</groupId>
  <artifactId>jetty-util</artifactId>
  <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
</dependencies>

<build>
  <testResources>
    <testResource>
      <directory>${basedir}/src/test/resources</directory>

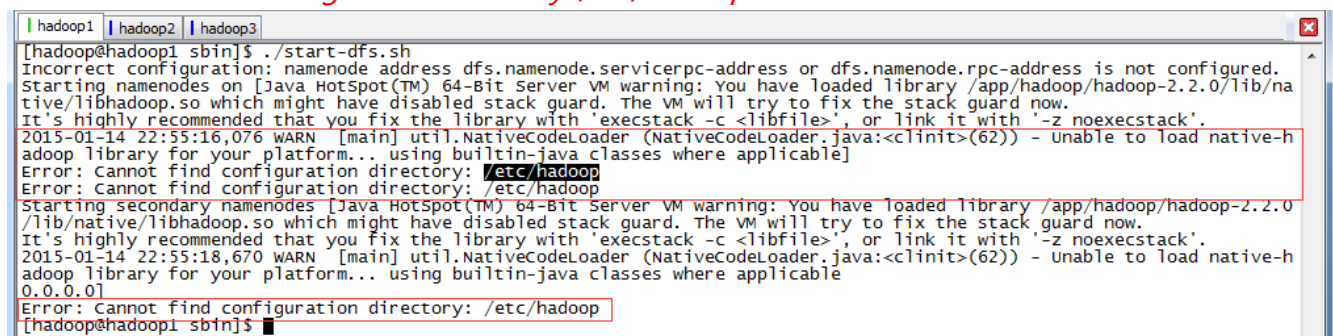
```

```
[root@hadoop2 yum.repos.d]# yum install ambari-server
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
epel/metalink | 4.8 kB 00:00
* base: centos.ustc.edu.cn
* epel: epel.mirror.net.in
* extras: centos.ustc.edu.cn
* updates: centos.ustc.edu.cn
HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.16 | 2.9 kB 00:00
HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.17 | 2.9 kB 00:00
HDP-UTILS-1.1.0.17/primary_db | 31 kB 00:00
Updates-ambari-1.5.1 | 2.9 kB 00:00
Updates-ambari-1.5.1/primary_db | 4.6 kB 00:00
ambari-1.x | 1.3 kB 00:00
base | 3.7 kB 00:00
epel | 4.4 kB 00:00
epel/primary_db | 6.1 MB 02:05
extras | 3.4 kB 00:00
http://centos.ustc.edu.cn/centos/6.5/updates/x86_64/repodata/repomd.xml: [Errno 12] Timeout on http://ce
ntos.ustc.edu.cn/centos/6.5/updates/x86_64/repodata/repomd.xml: (28, 'operation too slow. Less than 1 by
tes/sec transferred the last 30 seconds')
Trying other mirror.
updates | 3.4 kB 00:00
```

3.3 安装 Hadoop2.2.0 出现不能找到/etc/hadoop 目录异常

在安装过程中启动 HDFS 出现如下错误：

```
2015-01-14 22:55:16,076 WARN [main] util.NativeCodeLoader
(NativeCodeLoader.java:<clinit>(62)) - Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform...
using builtin-java classes where applicable]
Error: Cannot find configuration directory: /etc/hadoop
Error: Cannot find configuration directory: /etc/hadoop
```

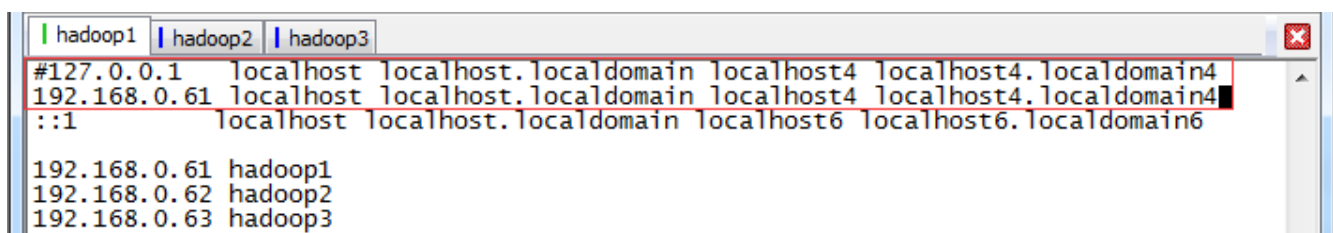


```
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$ ./start-dfs.sh
Incorrect configuration: namenode address dfs.namenode.servicerpc-address or dfs.namenode.rpc-address is not configured.
Starting namenodes on [Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM warning: You have loaded library /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0/lib/na
tive/libhadoop.so which might have disabled stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
2015-01-14 22:55:16,076 WARN [main] util.NativeCodeLoader (NativeCodeLoader.java:<clinit>(62)) - Unable to load native-h
adoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable]
Error: Cannot find configuration directory: /etc/hadoop
Error: Cannot find configuration directory: /etc/hadoop
Starting secondary namenodes [Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM warning: You have loaded library /app/hadoop/hadoop-2.2.0
/lib/native/libhadoop.so which might have disabled stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
2015-01-14 22:55:18,670 WARN [main] util.NativeCodeLoader (NativeCodeLoader.java:<clinit>(62)) - Unable to load native-h
adoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
0.0.0.0]
Error: Cannot find configuration directory: /etc/hadoop
[hadoop@hadoop1 sbin]$
```

127.0.0.1 localhost

改为

192.168.0.61 localhost



```
#127.0.0.1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4
192.168.0.61 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4
::1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6

192.168.0.61 hadoop1
192.168.0.62 hadoop2
192.168.0.63 hadoop3
```

重启机器即可