

## I Question I

### Statement I ► Timescale Invariance

$$S(t_{i+1}) = S(t_i) + \mu \delta t S(t_i) + \sigma \delta t Y_i S(t_i)$$

$$S(t_{i+1}) = S(t_i) + \mu \delta t^{1/4} S(t_i) + \sigma \delta t Y_i S(t_i)$$

Please verify or dispute the timescale invariance of the two models above by numerical experiments.

Therefore, we have the following code, which verifies the timescale invariance of the models by numerical experiments. And the result of the code below with the arguments  $S_0 = 1$ ,  $\mu = 0.05$ ,  $\sigma = 0.5$ , is Figure 1.

```

1 function timescale_invariance_asset_path(S0, mu, sigma, ends,
2     point_number, path_number)
3     %{
4         Compute and plot `path_number` asset paths for the given `
5         S0`, `mu`, and `sigma`,
6         at `numpoint_number` equally spaced time points in [0,
7         `end`] for `end` in `ends`.
8
9         Argument
10        -----
11        S0: double
12        mu: double
13        sigma: double
14        ends: matrix_{1xn}, denote n subplots
15        point_number: integer, number of points in interval
16        path_number: integer, number of paths
17
18        Return
19        -----
20        None, but plot a figure of subplots.
21
22        Example
23        -----
24        >>> S0=1; mu=0.05; sigma=0.5; ends=[1,0.1,0.01];
25        point_number=100; path_number=10;
26        >>> timescale_invariance_asset_path(S0, mu, sigma, ends,
27        point_number, path_number)
28    %}
29
30    if nargin<6, path_number=10; end
31    if nargin<5, point_number=100; end
32    if nargin<4, ends=[1, 0.1]; end
33    if nargin<3, sigma=0.5; end
34    if nargin<2, mu=0.05; end

```

```

30 if nargin<1, S0=1; end
31
32 figure;
33 subtitle(['S_0:', num2str(S0), '; \mu:', num2str(mu), '; \
sigma:', num2str(sigma)]);
34
35 for i = 1 : length(ends)
36     subplot(length(ends), 1, i);
37     dt = ends(i) / point_number;
38     t = linspace(0, ends(i), point_number);
39     S = S0*cumprod( ...
40         exp( ...
41             (mu-sigma^2/2) * dt + ...
42             sigma * sqrt(dt) * randn(path_number,point_number) ...
43         ), 2 ...
44     );
45     plot(t, S);
46 end
47 end

```

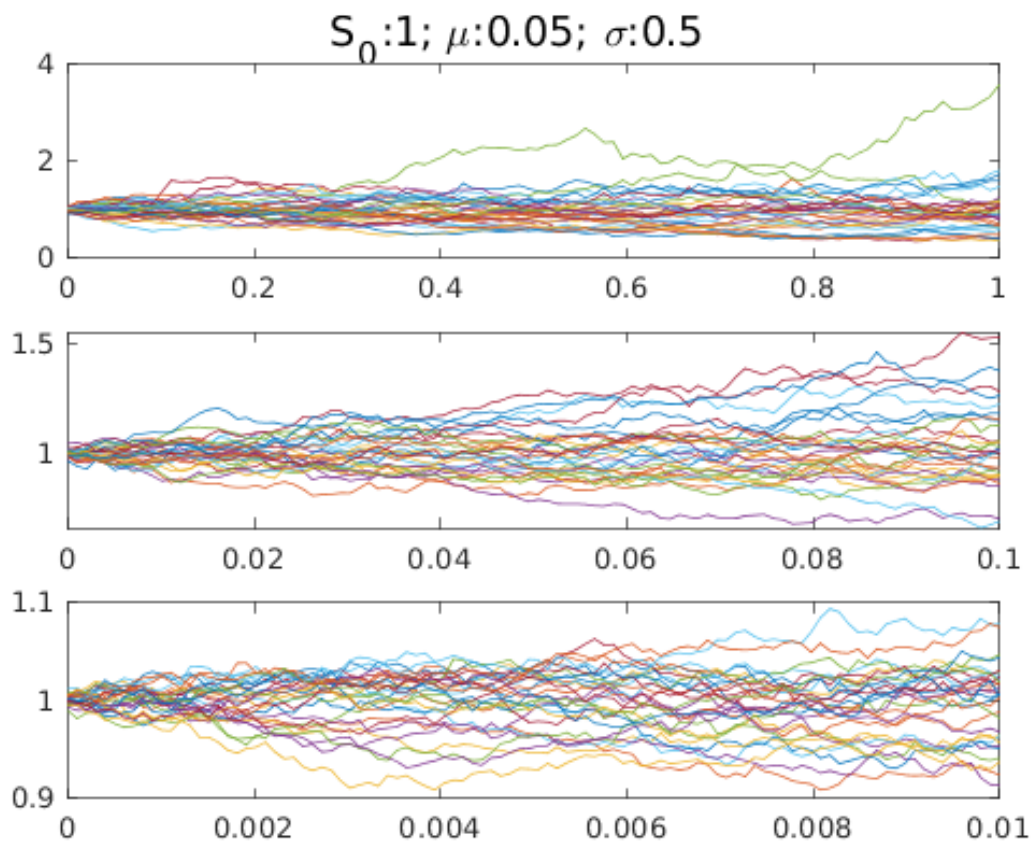


Figure 1: Timescale Invariance Asset Path