

# IR in Practice

## (a.k.a. Elastic 4 IR)

<https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019>

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# Plan of the Session

- The architecture of a typical IR system — and that of Elasticsearch
- Intro to Elasticsearch: functionalities, installation and basic interaction (Activity 0)
- IR in Practice: Hands on with Elastic Search (most in Python/some in Java)
  1. Basic Indexing and Search in Elasticsearch
  2. Boolean retrieval
  3. Produce a TREC Run - changing retrieval models
  4. Access a Term Vector
  5. Implement a New Retrieval Model
  6. Document Priors and Boosting (e.g. Link Analysis)
  7. Text Snippetting for Search Results

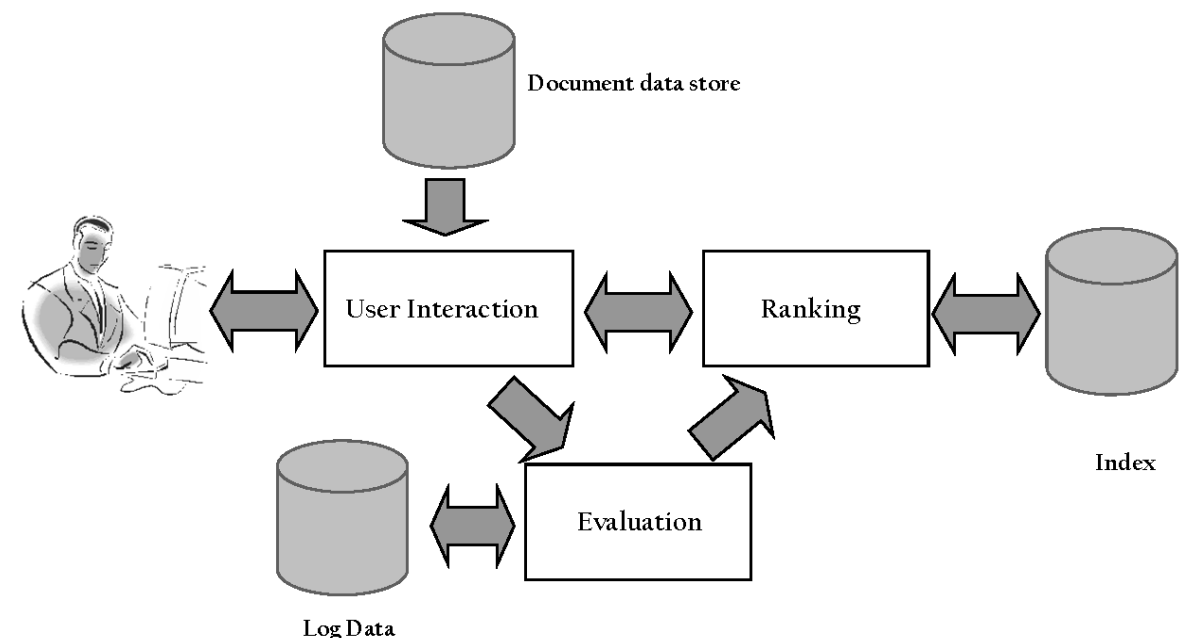
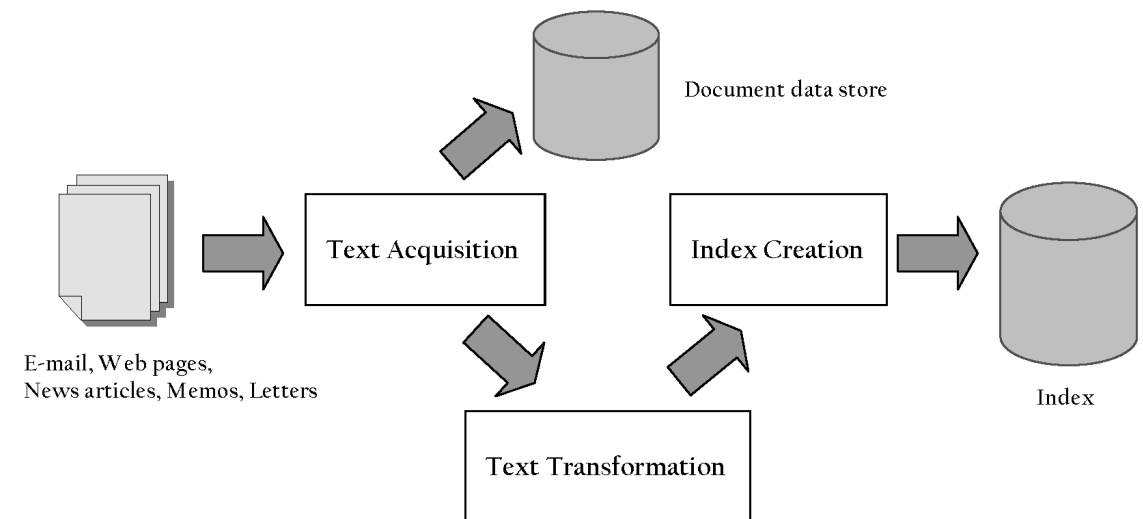
# Practical activities

- Material is in GitHub: <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019>
  - Including these slides, links to data, practical instructions, code
- The folder `hands-on` contains a subfolder for each of the activities
- Usually an activity has a README.md file with explanation, instructions and exercises. Most activities come with code
- Code is often in the form of a Python notebook (jupyter). One activity relies on Java code.
- When necessary, links to download data are provided

# Search Engine Architecture

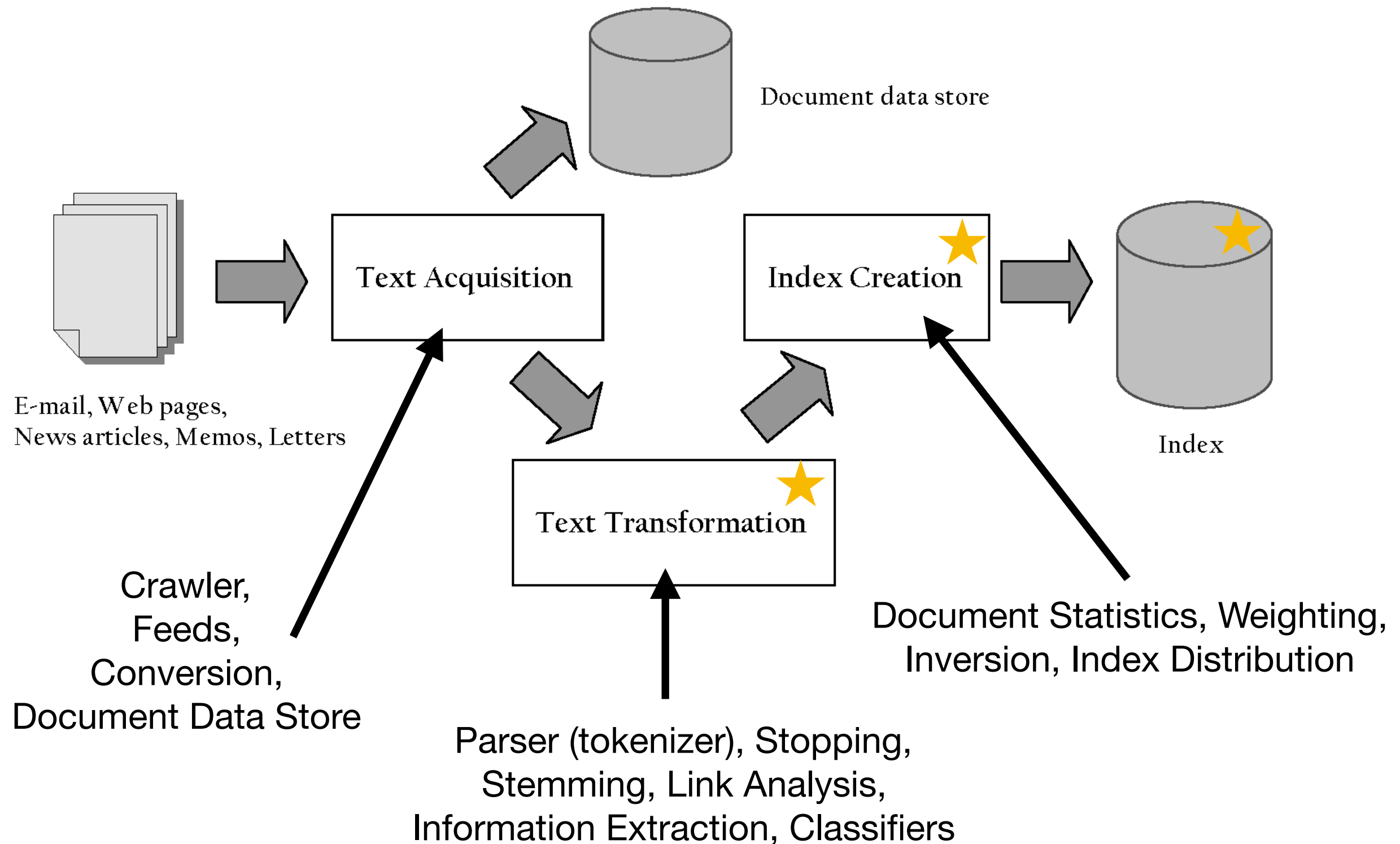
Basic building blocks:

- The indexing process
- The querying process

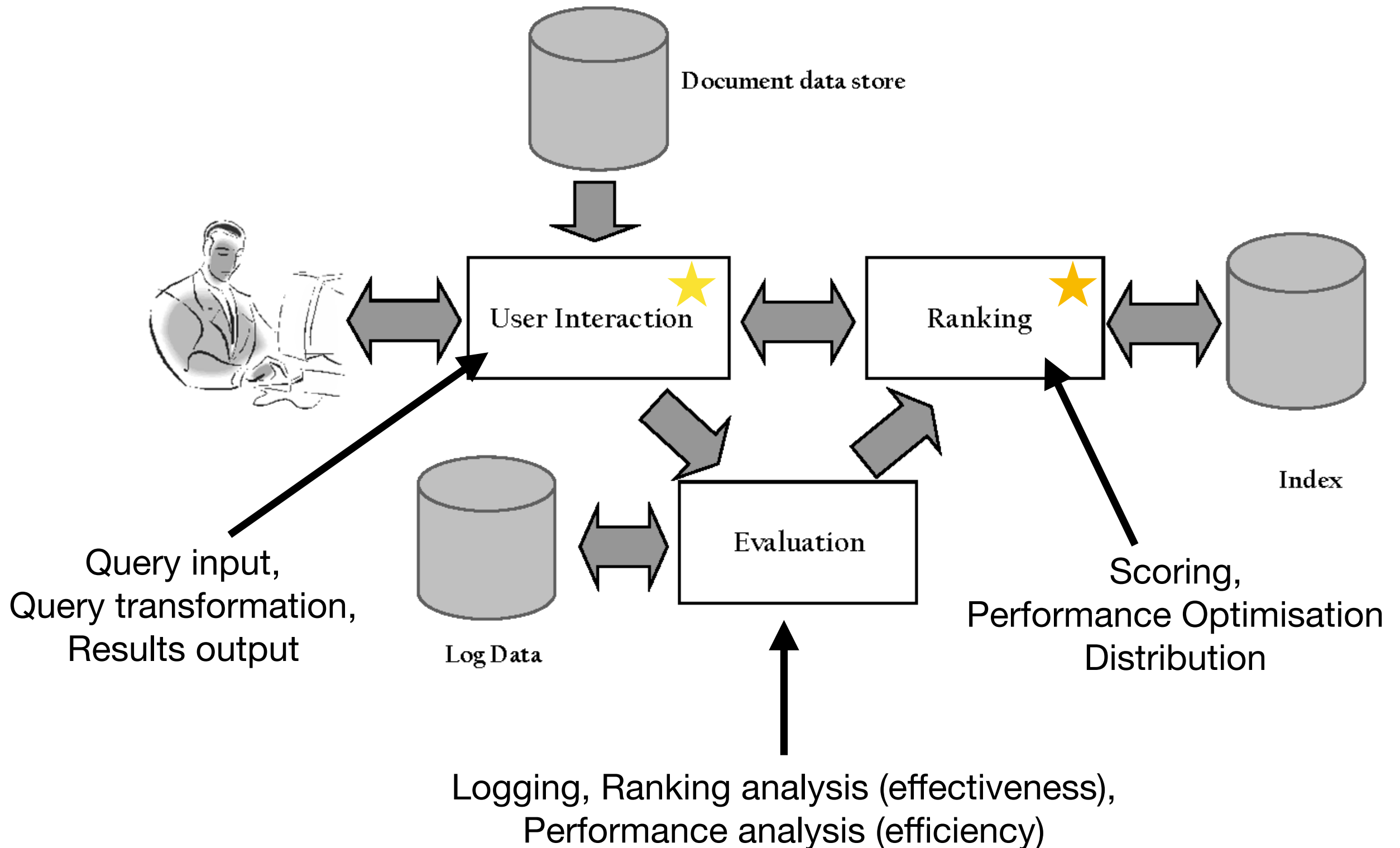


\* Figures from Croft, Metzler, Strohman, "Search Engines: Information Retrieval in Practice"  
Free download at:

# The indexing process

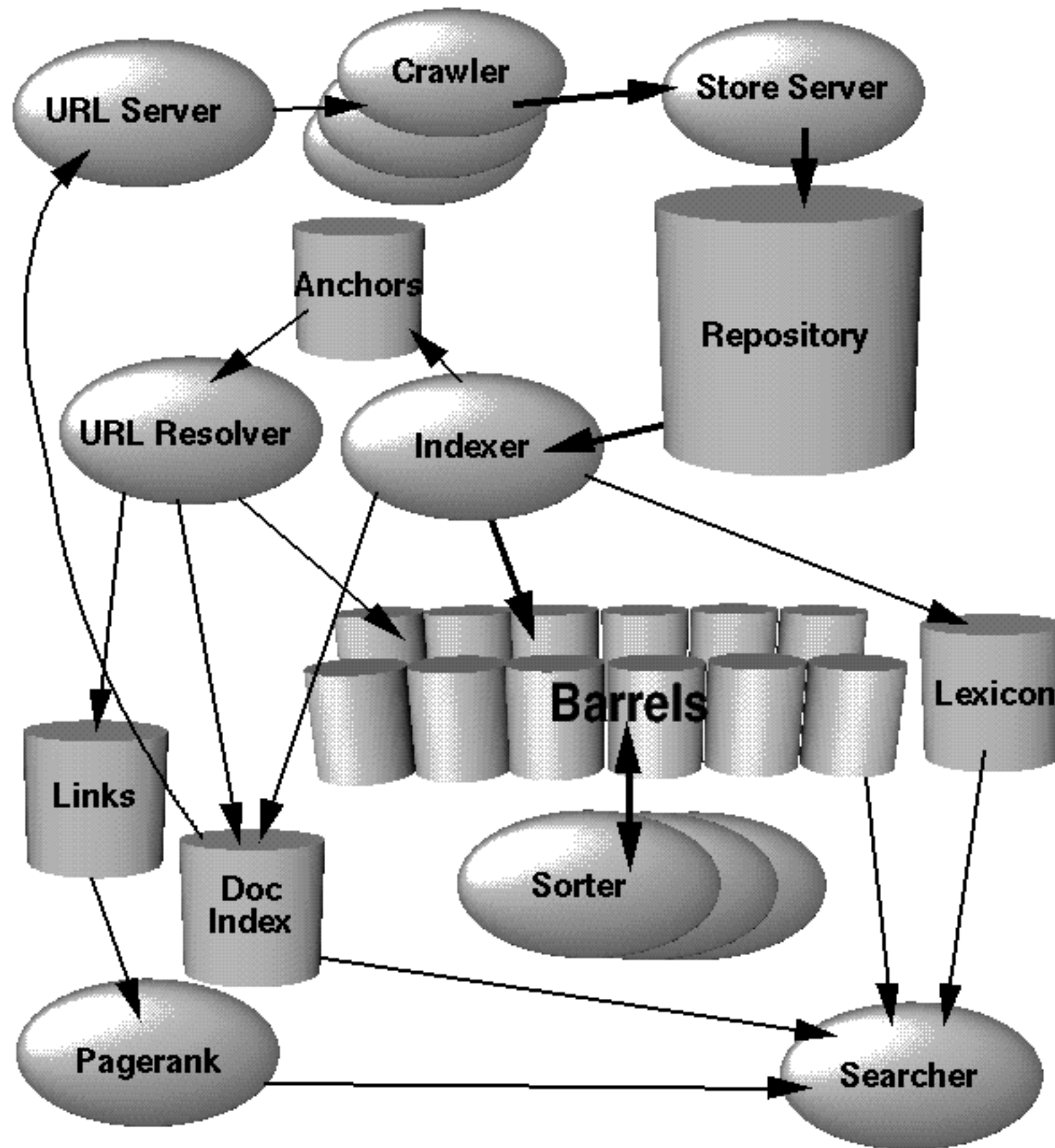


# The querying process



# The Architecture of Google

(in the early days)



from: S Brin, L Page, *The Anatomy of a Large-Scale Hypertextual Web Search Engine*, Computer networks and ISDN systems, 1998

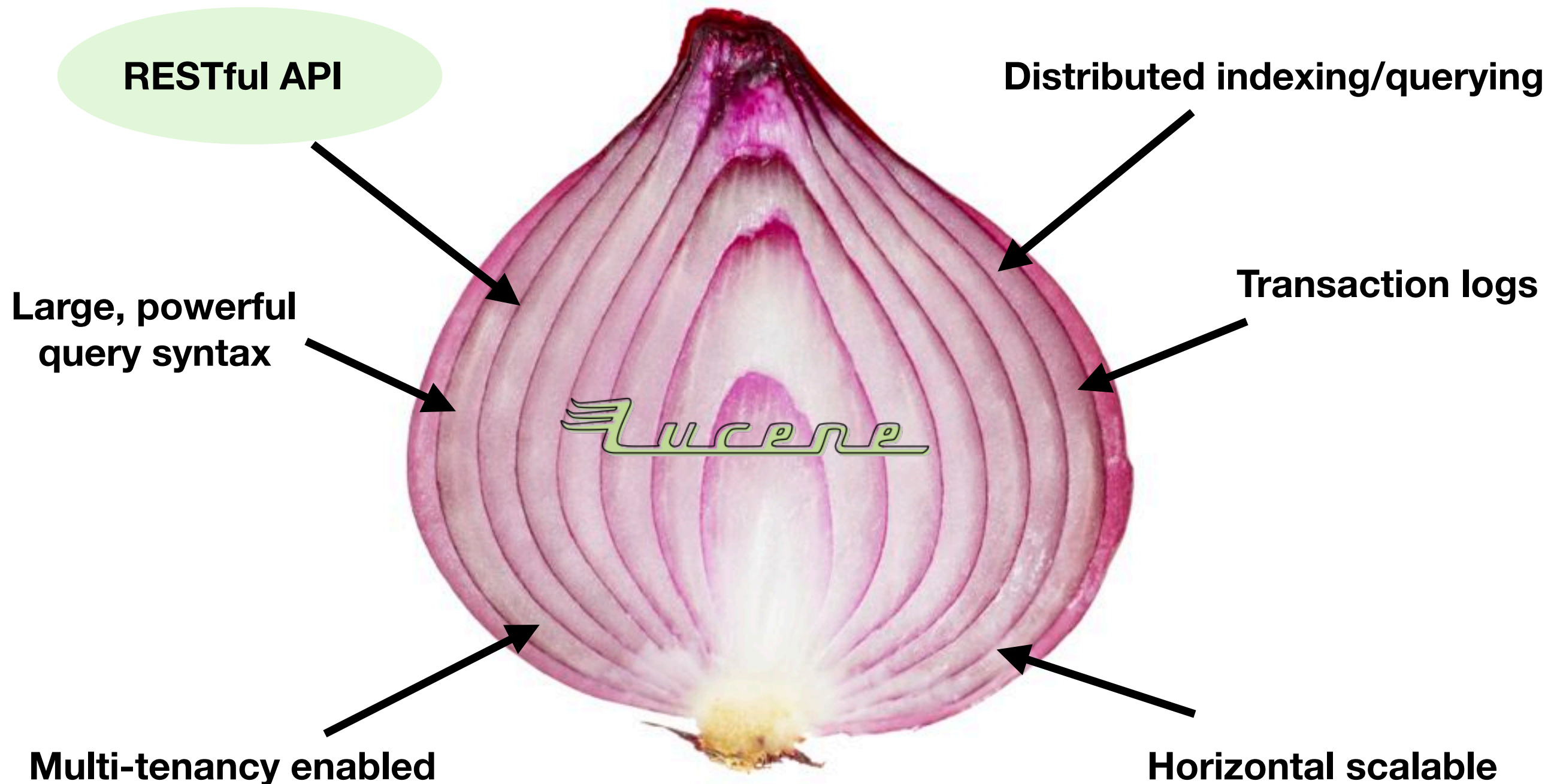
# Many IR Toolkits out there

## (a non-exhaustive list)

- Apache Lucene / Solr / Elasticsearch / Anserini: <http://lucene.apache.org/>, <http://lucene.apache.org/solr/>, <https://www.elastic.co/>, <http://anserini.io/>
- Terrier: <http://terrier.org/>
- Lemur / Indri / Galago: <https://www.lemurproject.org/> (and derivatives/wrappers e.g. Pyindri)
- ATIRE & JASS: <http://atire.org>, <https://codedocs.xyz/andrewtrotman/JASSv2/>
- Some are less popular/maintained:
  - MG4J: <http://mg4j.di.unimi.it/>
  - Zettair: <http://www.seg.rmit.edu.au/zettair/>
  - Etc



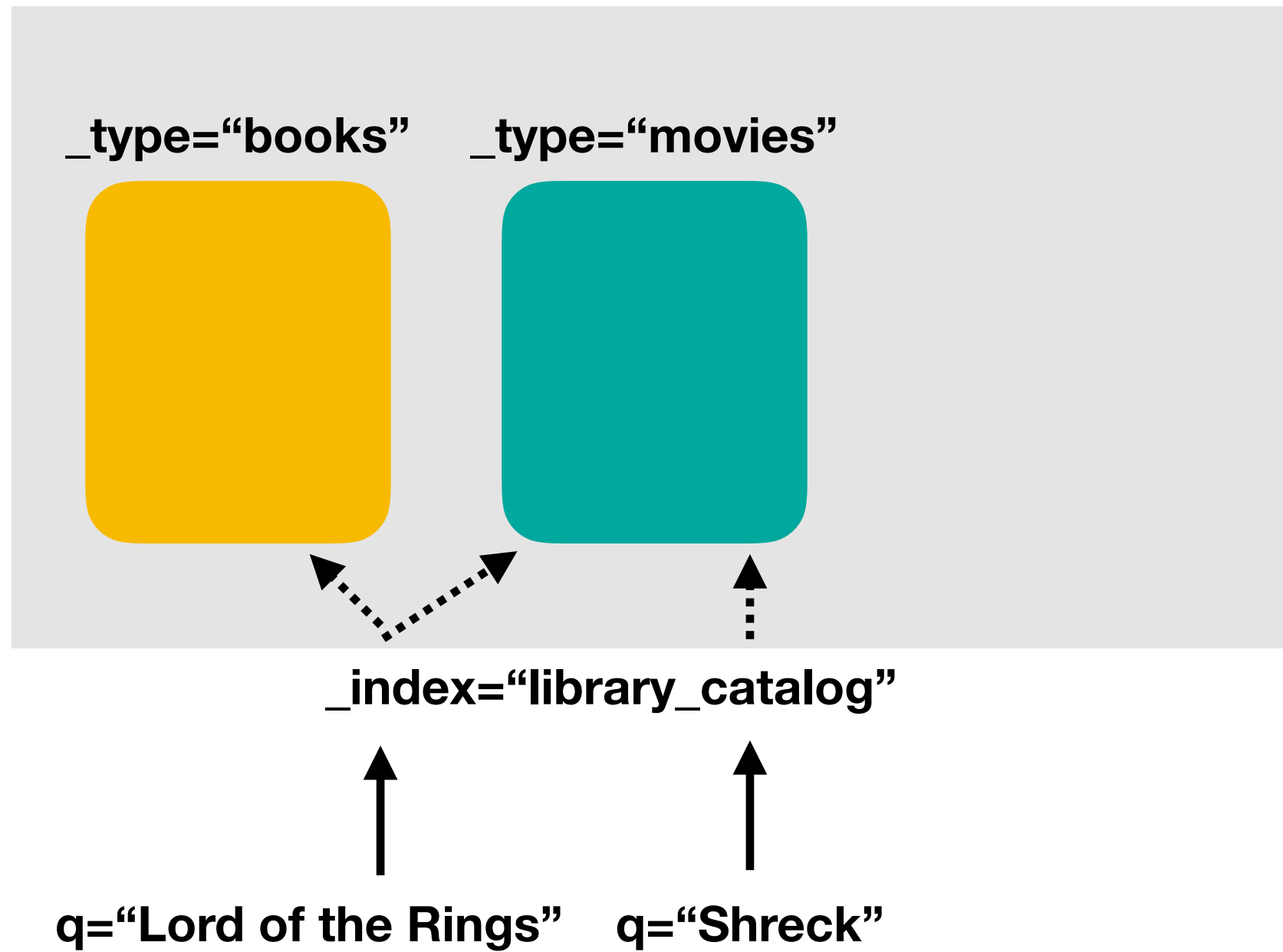
# What is Elasticsearch?



# A bit of vocabulary

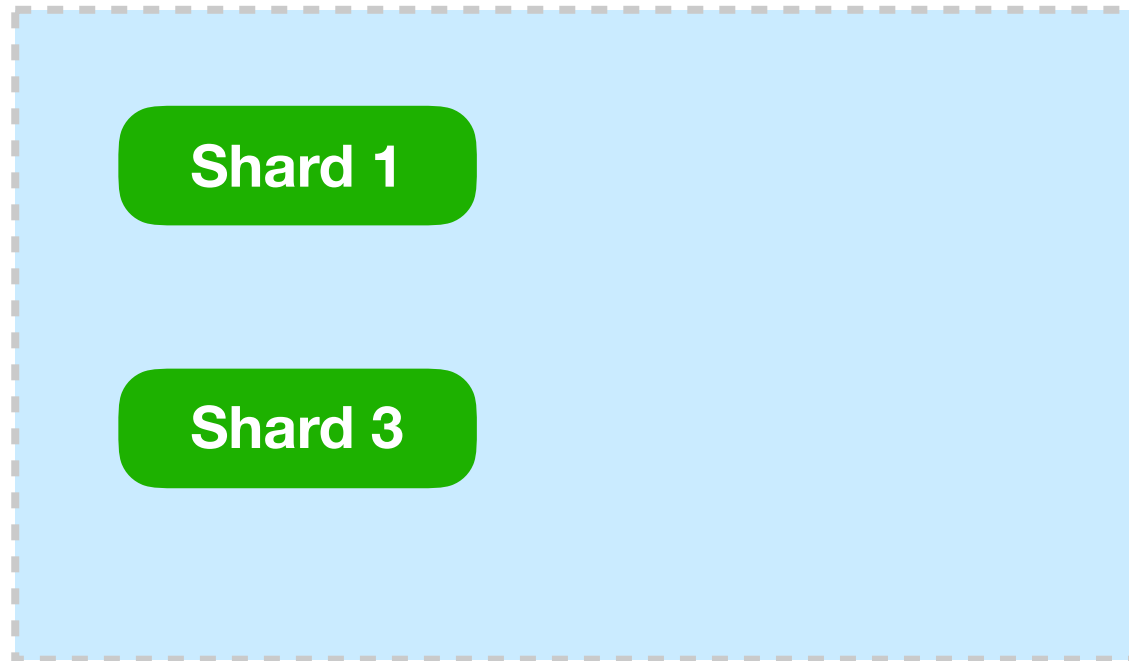
- **Node**: a JVM process executing Elasticsearch. Typically one node per machine
- **Index**: a Lucene Index, which contains documents
- **Document**: a JSON object
- **Type**: each document has a “\_type” field used for filtering when searching on a specific type: this is used to include in an index data that is related, but of different nature (this has been phased out recently)

# `_type`

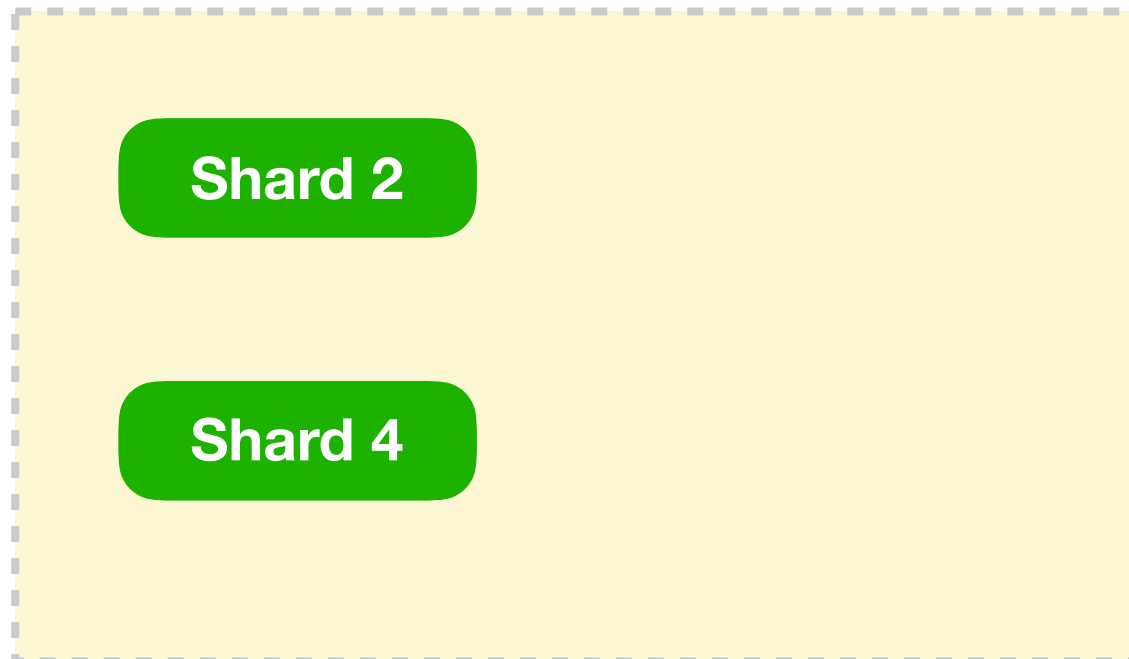


# Sharding

**Node 1**



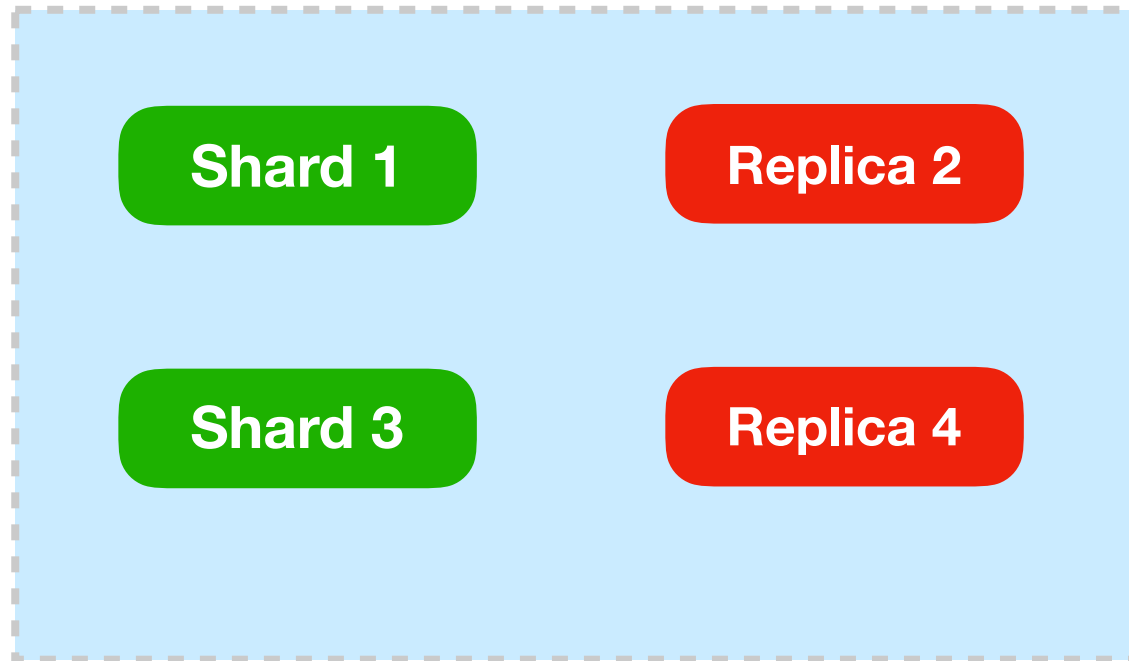
**Node 2**



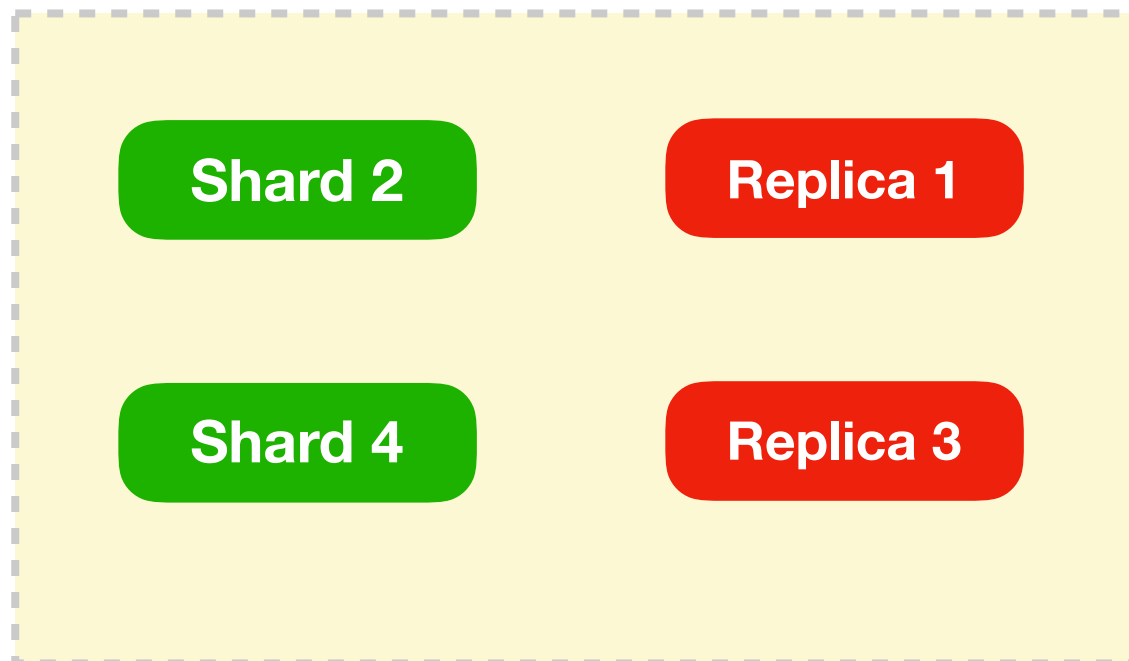
- sharding allows to address the hardware limits of each node, by splitting a data index across multiple nodes.
- each node may contain multiple shards
- sharing also allows for parallalisation of operations (also within the same node): multiple machines (or cores in one machine) can work on the same query at the same time.
- number of shards specified at index creation (default is 5).

# Replication

**Node 1**



**Node 2**



- shards are copied across nodes to create replica shards
- replication delivers high reliability and increased performance for search queries,
- searches can be performed on the replicas in parallel
- number of replicas is defined at indexing (default 1)

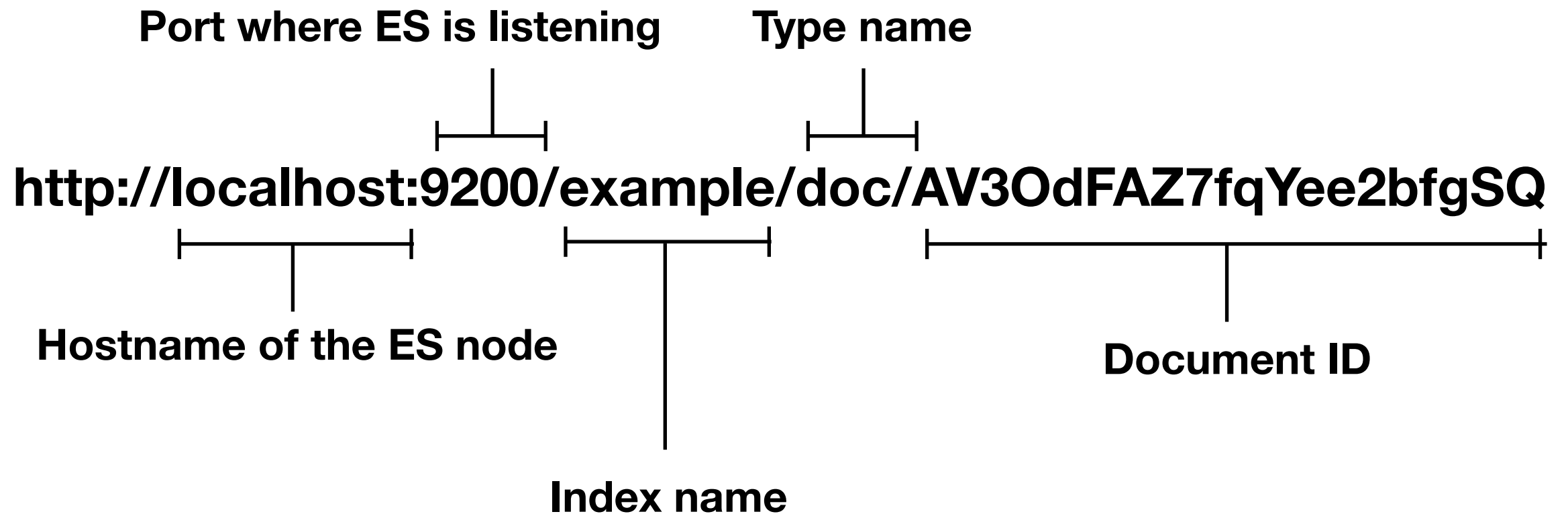
# Interacting with Elasticsearch

- Interaction occur as HTTP requests to the RESTful API
- Can use any RESTful client: curl, Postman, Kibana's Dev Tool Console (from Elastic developers)
- Commands are in the form:

`<REST verb> /<indexname>/<API>`

- For example: GET /myindex/\_search
- (In *curl*: curl -XGET "http://localhost:9200/my\_index/ search")

# Structure of ES URL



# APIs

- **Indices** API: Create, Delete, Get, Open / Close, Shrink, etc.
  - PUT test?wait\_for\_active\_shards=2
- **Document** API: Index, Get, Delete, Update (also variants for multi-document)
  - POST twitter/tweet/ {"user" : "guidozuc"}
- **Search** API: execute a search query and get back search hits that match the query. Can pass complex queries
  - GET /twitter/\_search?q=user:guidozuc
- **Cat** API: get information about the cluster in human readable format
  - GET /\_cat/indices?v
- **Explain** API: score explanation for a query and a specific document
- **Cluster** API: node specifications



# Hands-on Activity 0: Installation and Basic Interaction

- All material is at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019>
- Activities are in folder hands-on: <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/tree/master/hands-on>
- Visualise Activity 0 readme

# Take home from Activity 0

# Hands-on Activity 1:

## Basic Indexing and Search in Elasticsearch

- What we will learn:
  - How to create an index, add documents
  - How to perform searches
  - How to index a TREC collection (example with ClueWeb12)
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-1/>

# Take home from Activity 1

# Hands-on Activity 2: Boolean Retrieval

- What we will learn:
  - How to perform searches according to the Boolean model
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-2/>

# Take home from Activity 2

# Hands-on Activity 3:

## Produce a TREC Run & Changing Retrieval

- What we will learn:
  - How to produce a valid TREC formatted run, using the default retrieval model
  - How to change to alternative retrieval models available in Elasticsearch
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-3/>

# Take home from Activity 3



# Hands-on Activity 4:

## Access a Term Vector

- What we will learn:
  - How to access the term vector of a document.  
This can be used e.g. to extend retrieval models
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-4/>

# Take home from Activity 4

# Hands-on Activity 5: Implement a New Retrieval Model

- What we will learn:
  - How to access implement a new retrieval model and run searches with it via Elasticsearch
  - (Uses Java)
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-5/>

# Take home from Activity 5

# Hands-on Activity 6: Document Priors and Boosting

- What we will learn:
  - How to add document priors to an Elasticsearch index
  - How to boost document scores by including document priors
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-6/>

# Take home from Activity 6

# Hands-on Activity 7:

# Text Snippeting for Search Results

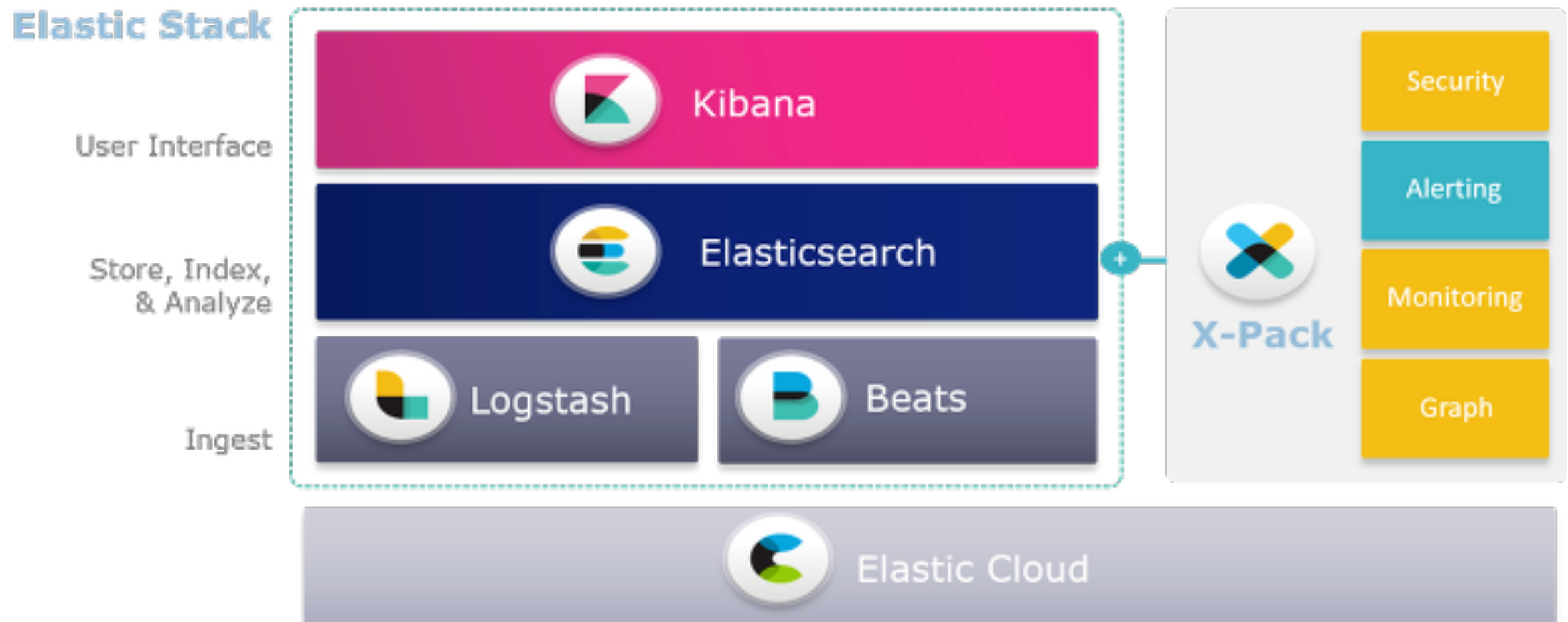
- What we will learn:
  - How to make Elasticsearch produce SERP snippets, that you can use in a search engine GUI (e.g. for a user-based experiment)
- Activity at <https://github.com/ielab/afirm2019/hands-on/activity-7/>

# Take home from Activity 7



# Beyond Elasticsearch: The ELK Stack

- Elasticsearch is one of the components within a larger stack for ingesting, search analyse and visualise data from any source, in any format, and in real time.



# Questions?

If you have questions or follow ups from this practical session, you can **contact me at [g.zuccon@uq.edu.au](mailto:g.zuccon@uq.edu.au)**

*Thanks to the ielab team for developing parts of the activities we have seen today; in particular Harrisen Scells, Jimmy, Anton van der Vegt*



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