

# Kexec/Kdump 实现与应用

## Impl and Appl of Kexec/Kdump

202312

songshuaishuai@uniontech.com

# **Content**

- What is Kexec/Kdump
- How to use Kexec/Kdump
- Kexec/Kdump Impl -- A big picture
- Kexec/Kdump Impl -- Q&A
- Next ...

# What is Kexec/Kdump ( userspace )

- exec()

```
int pid = fork();

if (pid == 0) {
    exec( "/bin/find", ... ); // exec a file
}

wait( 2 );
```

- coredump

- `\*(int\*)(NULL) = 1 ;` // Segmentation fault (core dumped)
- gdb <executable\_path> <coredump\_file\_path>

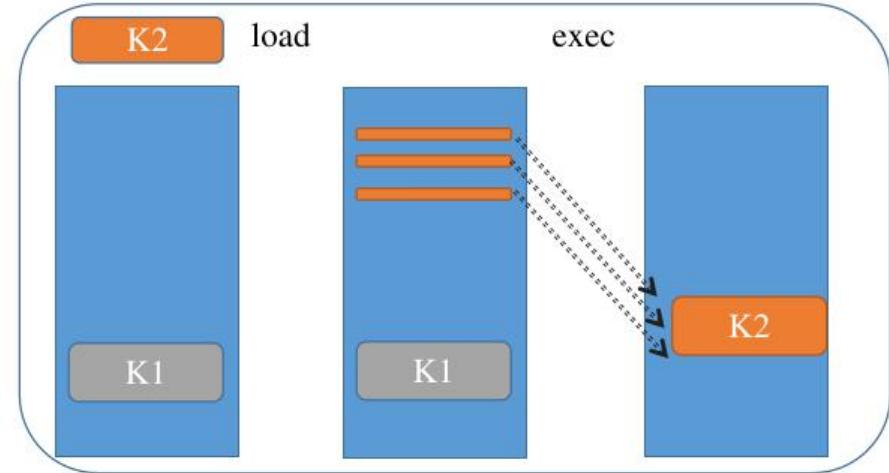
# What is Kexec/Kdump

- What is Kexec
  - directly boot into a new kernel from current kernel w/o firmware initialization
  - reduce the time required from a reboot and friendly for kernel development .. + openeuler/nvwa
  - related softwares: kexec-tools + kernel
  - > IMO, Kexec is a OS loader (prepare/load/execute)
- What is Kdump
  - When panic use Kexec to quickly boot to a 2nd kernel where you can dump 1st kernel memory
  - related softwares: kexec-tools + kernel + makedumpfile + Crash

# How to use Kexec/Kdump

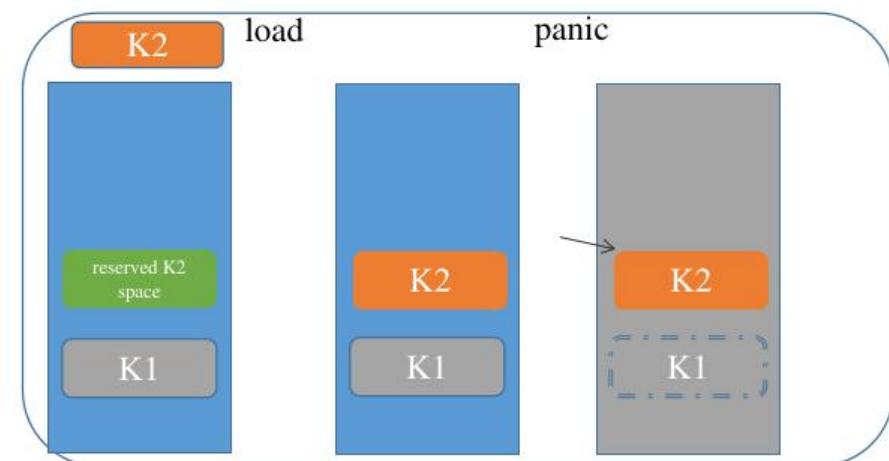
- Kexec

1. kexec -l vmlinux | kexec\_[file]\_load() syscall
2. kexec -e | reboot(,,LINUX\_REBOOT\_CMD\_KEXEC,) syscall



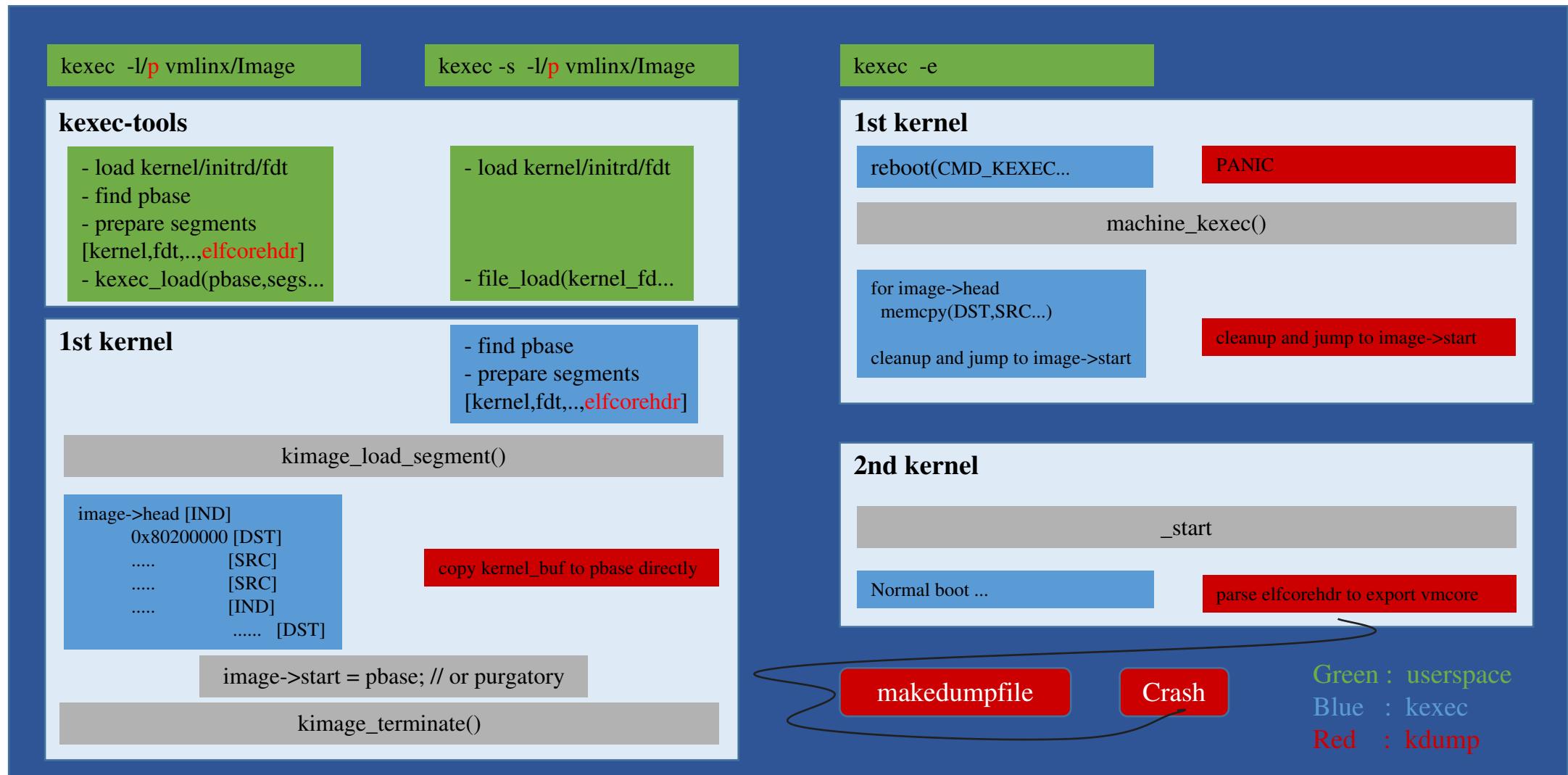
- Kdump

0. K1 cmdline set `crashkernel=`
1. kexec -p vmlinux | kexec\_[file]\_load() syscall
2. boot to K2 when panic
- x. makedumpfile /proc/vmcore as a dumpfile | Crash



- kernel/kexec\*.c
- arch/\*/purgatory/
- arch/\*/kernel/\*kexec\*
- Documentation/admin-guide/kdump/

# Kexec/Kdump Impl -- A big picture



elf format  
DYN/EXEC/CORE

Image format/header

OF\_kexec :  
initrd/usable-memory-range/kalsr-seed

ARCH boot protocol

psABI Spec  
asm manual

kernel mapping

## Kexec/Kdump Impl -- Q&A

- Q1. The difference between kernel\_load() and kernel\_file\_load()
  - SYSCALL\_DEFINE4(kexec\_load, unsigned long, entry, unsigned long, nr\_segments, struct kexec\_segment \_\_user \*, segments, unsigned long, flags)
  - SYSCALL\_DEFINE5(kexec\_file\_load, int, kernel\_fd, int, initrd\_fd, unsigned long, cmdline\_len, const char \_\_user \*, cmdline\_ptr, unsigned long, flags)
  - Actually, kexec\_file\_load() offloads the work kexec-tools did before calling kexec\_load() to kernel
- Q2. Will the loaded vmlinuX corrupt the current kernel's memory ?
  - e.g. The K1 was loaded at 0x80200000, load the same kernel image, would it corrupt the K1 memory?
  - Kexec: Just tag the addresses from kernel image as DST,SRC,IND when loading, `kexec -e` trigger the real memory copying at the end of machine\_kexec() where !ie !mmu
  - Kdump: The `crashkernel=` of K1 reserved the memory for paniced kernel which wouldn't be mapped/used via K1, so we can directly kmap/copy kernel image to the reserved memory when loading

## Kexec/Kdump Impl -- Q&A(cont.)

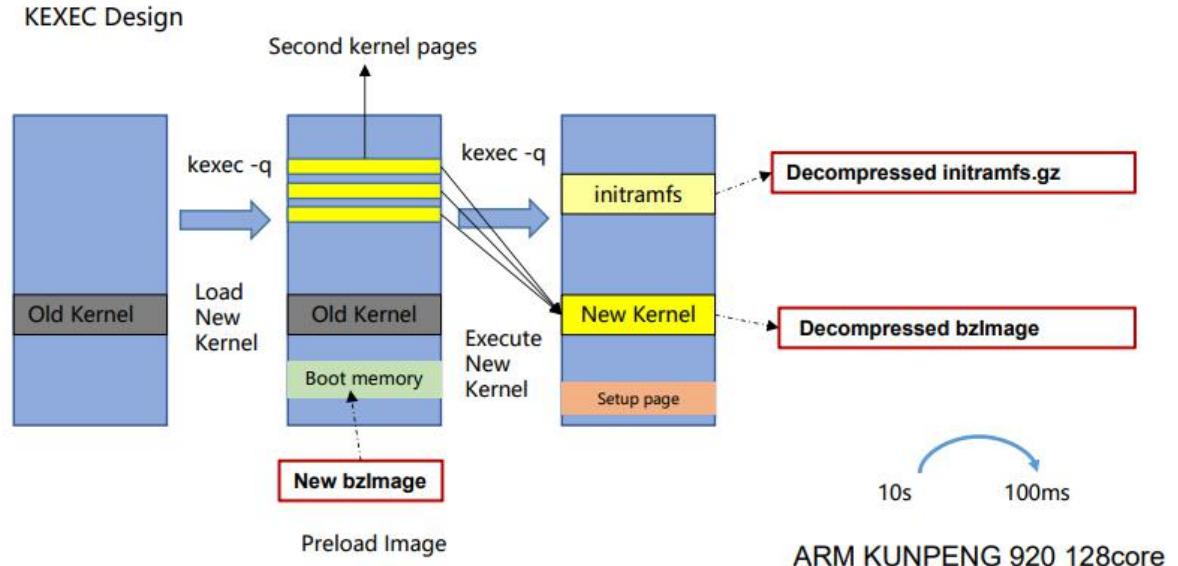
- Q3. How the paniced kernel(K2) fetch the 1st kernel(K1)'s memory info?
  - K1 creates chosen/linux,elfcorehdr to hold the K1's memory info and pass it to K2 :
    - 1. PT\_NOTE: vmcoreinfo (e.g. init\_ns, phys\_ram\_base, PAGE\_OFFSET) and crash\_note (e.g. regs, CRASHTIME)
    - 2. PT\_LOAD: all memory that 1st kernel used
  - K2 parses the chosen/linux,elfcorehdr to export /proc/vmcore as a elf CORE file
- Q4. Whatif the loaded segment is different with the executing segment?
  - Use KEXEC\_PURGATORY to digest all segments when loading and re-check them when executing

## Next (Kdump)

- Use Kdump to analyze kernel panic
  - apt install kdump-tools && reboot ; PANIC ; crash /var/crash/dump.XXX
- Improve distro's Kdump toolchain
  - make the toolchain stable
    - kdump-tools.deb | kexec-tools | makedumpfile | Crash
  - backport/upstream kdump support for new ARCHes or kernel changes
    - Crash : pull/150 : add loongarch64 support from ut004615 :-p
    - kexec-tools' support for new chosen::linux,usable-memory-range dts property

# Next (Kexec)

- To bisect kernel Images, use Kexec instead of grub
  - 4.19[bad] -<...>- 5.10 [good] -- 6.0 [good]
- a Kexec user -- openeuler/nvwa
  - a "system" live update tool using **kexec** and **criu**
  - use criu to hibernate and resume apps,
    - freeze | dump to disk/mem | restore | thaw
    - but there are some apps/contexts can't be dumped [1]
  - use kexec to boot 2nd kernel "more quickly" [2]
    - use reserved physical continuous Pages instead of vmalloc'ed Pages to copy



[1]: [https://criu.org/What\\_CANNOT\\_be\\_Checkpointed](https://criu.org/What_CANNOT_be_Checkpointed)

[2]: Google : fosdem.org 2022 Seamless\_Kernel\_Update.pdf

# References

- linux source code
  - kernel/kexec\*.c
  - arch/\*/purgatory/
  - arch/\*/kernel/\*kexec\*
  - Documentation/admin-guide/kdump/
- lore.kernel.org/kexec
- crash-utility/crash
- makedumpfile/makedumpfile
- horms/kexec-tools
- openeuler/nvwa

**Thanks**