

# Exercise set # 5

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The purpose of this exercise set is to get comfortable with GAS models in R.

First start by opening R, create a new script and save it to your Hard Drive with the name: "Exercise5.R".

## (1): Theoretical part

- Assume that  $Y_t|\mathcal{F}_{t-1} \sim \mathcal{T}(0, \phi_t, \nu)$ , where  $\mathcal{T}$  indicates a Student's  $t$  distribution with mean 0, scale  $\phi_t$ , and  $\nu$  degrees of freedom. Note that the distribution is parameterized in terms of the scale,  $\phi_t$ , and not the variance,  $\sigma_t^2$ . However, the following relation holds  $\sigma_t^2 = \phi_t^2 \nu / (\nu - 2)$  which exists for  $\nu > 2$ . The conditional density of  $Y_t|\mathcal{F}_{t-1}$  is given by:

$$p(y_t|\mathcal{F}_{t-1}) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi\nu}\Gamma\left(\frac{\nu}{2}\right)\phi_t} \left[1 + \frac{y_t^2}{\nu\phi_t^2}\right]^{-\frac{\nu+1}{2}}.$$

Derive a GAS model with identity scaling  $d = 0$  for the scale parameter  $\phi_t$ . Use an exponential link function to ensure  $\phi_t > 0$  for all  $t$ .

## (2): Estimation

- Create a function to evaluate the likelihood of the GAS model of the previous exercise.

## (3) Real data

- 1) Download the time series of the S&P500 index from Yahoo finance from 2005-01-01 to 2018-01-01 and compute the percentage log returns. Replace the zero returns with their empirical mean.
- 2) Estimate the GAS model you developed in point 1 using the code of point 2.
- 3) Compare the volatility implied by GAS and the ones from the GARCH and SV models you have estimated in the "Real Data" part of Exercise Set 4.