Task3: Vision Transformers for End-to-End Particle Identification with the CMS Experiment

- Datasets:Same as in Task 1
- · Description:
 - Train a Transformer model of your choice on the dataset below to achieve the performance closest to your CNN model's performance in Task 1.
 - Discuss the resulting performance of the 2 chosen architectures.

Setup

```
import h5py
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
import tensorflow_addons as tfa
```

Data Preparation

```
f1 = h5py.File('.../input/electron-photon/download', 'r')
f2 = h5py.File('.../input/electron-photon/download_1', 'r')
Electron_X = np.array(f1['X'])
Electron_y = np.array(f1['y'])
Parton X = np.array(f2['X'])
Parton_y = np.array(f2['y'])
print(Electron_X.shape, Electron_y.shape, Parton_X.shape, Parton_y.shape)
All_X = np.concatenate((Electron_X, Parton_X), axis=0)
All_y = np.concatenate((Electron_y, Parton_y), axis=0)
print(All_X.shape, All_y.shape)
# Then, randomly shuffle the data and split data for train, val, test
rand seed = 12
index = np.random.permutation(len(All y))
All_X, All_y = All_X[index][:,:,:,0], All_y[index]
print(All_X.shape, All_y.shape)
# clear cache to save memory
del Electron_X, Electron_y, Parton_X, Parton_y
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(All_X, All_y, test_size=0.2, random_state=12)
X \text{ train} = X \text{ train.reshape}((-1,32,32,1))
X_{\text{test}} = X_{\text{test.reshape}}((-1,32,32,1))
print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
print(y_train.shape, y_test.shape)
del All_X, All_y
```

```
(249000, 32, 32, 2) (249000,) (249000, 32, 32, 2) (249000,) (498000, 32, 32, 2) (498000,) (498000, 32, 32) (498000,) (398400, 32, 32, 1) (99600, 32, 32, 1) (398400,) (99600,)
```

Hyperparameters Configuration

```
num classes = 1
input\_shape = (32, 32, 1)
learning rate = 0.0015
batch size = 64
num epochs = 50
image_size = 32 # size for resize image
patch_size = 8 # size of the patches to be extract from the input images
num_patches = (image_size // patch_size) ** 2
projection dim = 64
num_heads = 4
transformer units = [
    projection dim * 2,
    projection_dim,
] # Size of the transformer layers
transformer layers = 1
mlp_head_units = [1024, 512] # Size of the dense layers of the final classifier
```

```
2022-03-25 13:23:58.526401: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:23:58.622269: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:23:58.623332: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:23:58.626663: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:142] This TensorFlo To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags. 2022-03-25 13:23:58.627068: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:23:58.627896: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:23:58.628610: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:24:00.555412: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:24:00.5554665: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:24:00.555435: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:24:00.55850: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] success 2022-03-25 13:24:00.558850: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_device.cc:1510] Created de 2022-03-25 13:24:00.906725: W tensorflow/core/framework/cpu_allocator_impl.cc:80] Allocation of 2022-03-25 13:24:02.626296: W tensorflow/core/framework/cpu_allocator_impl.cc:80] Allocation of 2022-03-25 13:24:03.827638: I tens
```

ViT model from keras code example

```
class Patches(layers.Layer):
   def __init__(self, patch_size):
```

```
super(Patches, self).__init__()
        self.patch_size = patch_size
   def call(self, images):
       batch size = tf.shape(images)[0]
        patches = tf.image.extract_patches(
            images=images,
            sizes=[1, self.patch_size, self.patch_size, 1],
            strides=[1, self.patch_size, self.patch_size, 1],
            rates=[1, 1, 1, 1],
            padding="VALID",
        )
       patch_dims = patches.shape[-1]
       patches = tf.reshape(patches, [batch_size, -1, patch_dims])
        return patches
class PatchEncoder(layers.Layer):
   def __init__(self, num_patches, projection_dim):
        super(PatchEncoder, self). init ()
        self.num_patches = num_patches
        self.projection = layers.Dense(units=projection dim)
        self.position_embedding = layers.Embedding(
            input_dim=num_patches, output_dim=projection_dim
        )
   def call(self, patch):
        positions = tf.range(start=0, limit=self.num patches, delta=1)
        encoded = self.projection(patch) + self.position embedding(positions)
        return encoded
def mlp(x, hidden_units, dropout_rate):
   for units in hidden_units:
       x = layers.Dense(units, activation=tf.nn.gelu)(x)
       x = layers.Dropout(dropout rate)(x)
   return x
def create_vit_classifier():
   inputs = layers.Input(shape=input_shape)
   # Augment data.
   augmented = data augmentation(inputs)
   # Create patches.
   patches = Patches(patch_size)(augmented)
   # Encode patches.
   encoded_patches = PatchEncoder(num_patches, projection_dim)(patches)
   # Create multiple layers of the Transformer block.
   for _ in range(transformer_layers):
        # Layer normalization 1.
       x1 = layers.LayerNormalization(epsilon=1e-6)(encoded_patches)
       # Create a multi-head attention layer.
       attention_output = layers.MultiHeadAttention(
            num heads=num heads, key dim=projection dim, dropout=0.1
        )(x1, x1)
       # Skip connection 1.
       x2 = layers.Add()([attention_output, encoded_patches])
       # Layer normalization 2.
       x3 = layers.LayerNormalization(epsilon=1e-6)(x2)
       # MLP.
       x3 = mlp(x3, hidden_units=transformer_units, dropout_rate=0.1)
       # Skip connection 2.
       encoded_patches = layers.Add()([x3, x2])
```

```
# Create a [batch_size, projection_dim] tensor.
representation = layers.LayerNormalization(epsilon=1e-6)(encoded_patches)
representation = layers.Flatten()(representation)
representation = layers.Dropout(0.5)(representation)
# Add MLP.
features = mlp(representation, hidden_units=mlp_head_units, dropout_rate=0.5)
# Classify outputs.
logits = layers.Dense(num_classes)(features)
# Create the Keras model.
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=logits)
return model
```

Model Compiling and Training

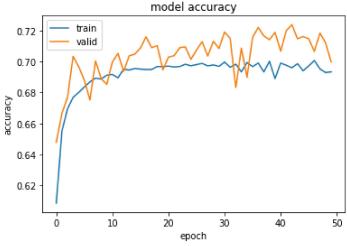
```
model = create_vit_classifier()
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(
  learning_rate=learning_rate
model.compile(
  optimizer=optimizer,
  loss=keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from logits=True),
  metrics=[
     keras.metrics.BinaryAccuracy(name="binary_accuracy", dtype=None, threshold=0.5),
     keras.metrics.AUC(from_logits=True),
  ],
)
checkpoint_filepath = "saved_model"
checkpoint_callback = keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
  checkpoint filepath,
  monitor="val_binary_accuracy",
  save best only=True,
  save_weights_only=True,
)
history = model.fit(
  x=X_train,
  y=y train,
  batch size=batch size,
  epochs=num_epochs,
  validation_split=0.2,
  callbacks=[checkpoint_callback],
  shuffle=True,
)
   Epoch 23/50
   Epoch 24/50
   4980/4980 [=============== ] - 35s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5656 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 25/50
   4980/4980 [============= ] - 39s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5663 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 26/50
   Epoch 27/50
               4980/4980 [==
   Epoch 28/50
   Epoch 29/50
```

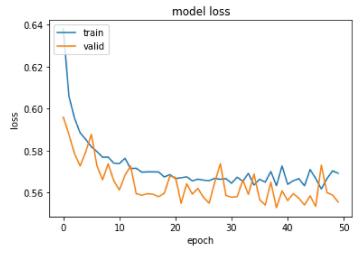
```
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                                    טאט פרכן פוווט פרכף
                                               בטסביס סבוומו y accuracy.
   Epoch 30/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 36s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5666 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 31/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 39s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5644 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 32/50
   4980/4980 [================== ] - 36s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5673 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 33/50
   4980/4980 [=====================] - 40s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5653 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 34/50
   Epoch 35/50
   Epoch 36/50
   4980/4980 [================ ] - 36s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5663 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 37/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 40s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5649 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 38/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 35s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5700 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 39/50
   4980/4980 [=============== ] - 40s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5633 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 40/50
   4980/4980 [===================== ] - 35s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5726 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 41/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 35s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5639 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 42/50
   Epoch 43/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 36s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5666 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 44/50
   Epoch 45/50
   4980/4980 [============ ] - 35s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5709 - binary accuracy:
   Epoch 46/50
   4980/4980 [==================== ] - 41s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5667 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 47/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 36s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5616 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 48/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 37s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5666 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 49/50
   4980/4980 [============== ] - 35s 7ms/step - loss: 0.5703 - binary_accuracy:
   Epoch 50/50
   4980/4980 [=============== ] - 42s 8ms/step - loss: 0.5692 - binary accuracy:
!1s
     _notebook___.ipynb saved_model.data-00000-of-00001
   checkpoint
                  saved_model.index
model.load_weights(checkpoint_filepath)
_, accuracy, auc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {accuracy}")
print(f"Test AUC: {auc}")
   Test accuracy: 0.7228614687919617
   Test AUC: 0.7942342162132263
```

▼ Plot Training Process

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
print(history.history.keys())
# summarize history for accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['binary_accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_binary_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'valid'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
# summarize history for loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'valid'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

dict_keys(['loss', 'binary_accuracy', 'auc', 'val_loss', 'val_binary_accuracy', 'val_auc'])





model.summary()

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 32, 32, 1)]	0	
data_augmentation (Sequential)	(None, 32, 32, 1)	3	input_1[0][0]

patches (Patches)	(None,	None, 64)	0	data_augmentation[0][0]
patch_encoder (PatchEncoder)	(None,	16, 64)	5184	patches[0][0]
layer_normalization (LayerNorma	(None,	16, 64)	128	patch_encoder[0][0]
multi_head_attention (MultiHead	(None,	16, 64)	66368	<pre>layer_normalization[0][0] layer_normalization[0][0]</pre>
add (Add)	(None,	16, 64)	0	<pre>multi_head_attention[0][0] patch_encoder[0][0]</pre>
layer_normalization_1 (LayerNor	(None,	16, 64)	128	add[0][0]
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	16, 128)	8320	layer_normalization_1[0][0]
dropout (Dropout)	(None,	16, 128)	0	dense_1[0][0]
dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	16, 64)	8256	dropout[0][0]
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None,	16, 64)	0	dense_2[0][0]
add_1 (Add)	(None,	16, 64)	0	dropout_1[0][0] add[0][0]
layer_normalization_2 (LayerNor	(None,	16, 64)	128	add_1[0][0]
flatten (Flatten)	(None,	1024)	0	layer_normalization_2[0][0]
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None,	1024)	0	flatten[0][0]
dense_3 (Dense)	(None,	1024)	1049600	dropout_2[0][0]
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	1024)	0	dense_3[0][0]
dense_4 (Dense)	(None,	512)	524800	dropout_3[0][0]
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0	dense_4[0][0]
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,	1)	513	dropout_4[0][0]

Total params: 1,663,428
Trainable params: 1,663,425
Non-trainable params: 3

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