

Observations for Sample Covariance matrix (SCM)

$$V = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - X)(x_i - X)^T,$$

What if we expand the parentheses for the sum of $(x_i - X)(x_i - X)^T$, so

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i x_i^T - x_i X^T - X x_i^T + X X^T) = \\ &= \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i x_i^T - \sum_{i=1}^n x_i X^T - \sum_{i=1}^n X x_i^T + \sum_{i=1}^n X X^T \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i x_i^T}_R - \underbrace{X^T \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}_S - \underbrace{X \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^T}_{S^T} + n X X^T \right) \end{aligned}$$

from Observations for SMV

The final equation for SCM is

$$V = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i x_i^T - X^T \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - X \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^T + n X X^T \right)$$

From observation for SMV we have to store the n -count of vectors, S -sum of received vectors; so, to SCM we need one extra canonical variable that represents the sum of multiply x_i and x_i^T (called R for simplicity).

$$(n, S, R) \Rightarrow S = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

$$R = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i x_i^T$$

n - count of observ.