ARUN DUA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Office: C-211/2, PHASE-II, MAYAPURI, NEW DELHI-110064 Email Id: arundua50@rediffmail.com, Phone No.-011-41848497-98, Mob. No.: +91-9810125784

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

AVONMORE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of M/s Avonmore Developers Private Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2015, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2015 and its Loss for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a. We have sought & obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement, dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- (i) The Company has no pending litigations.
- (ii) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, and as required on long—term contracts including derivative contracts.
- (iii) There is no amount due to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Arun Dua & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number:- 005435N

CA Arun Kumar Dua

Proprietor

Membership Number-082623

Place: New Delhi Date: 27.05.2015

Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015, we report that:

- 1. The Company has no fixed assets. Hence, this Para is not applicable.
- 2. The company has no inventory. Hence, this Para is not applicable.
- 3. The Company has not given any loan to companies, firms or other parties covered in register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in the internal control systems.
- 5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Hence, this Para is not applicable.
- 6. The cost records are not required to maintain by the company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Accounting Records) Rules, 2011 prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, this Para is not applicable.
- 7a). According to the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has been generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including employees' state insurance, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues with appropriate authorities and no statutory dues are outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they became payable.
- 7b). According to the records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income-tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, value added tax or cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute, except as under:-NIL
- According to the records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no amount due to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 8. Since company is not old more than 5 years, hence this para is not applicable.

er kender dies die die eine die kaar die daar dat die jaar die die die gegen die begeen die gegen die begeen d

Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions and banks. The company has not issued any debenture.

centre en pelo ciè o estro escentito prenero socialistico per troppe esclesiva de la centra el escolo de la co

in the figure of the transition of a contract of the configuration of

- 10. The Company has not given guarantees for loans taken by its subsidiary company from banks and financial institutions. According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions thereof are not *prima facie* prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations furnished to us, the term loans have been applied for the purpose for which they were obtained.
- 12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

For Arun Dua & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number:- 005435N

CA Arun Kumar Du

Proprietor Acco

Membership Number-082623

Place: New Delhi Date: 27.05.2015

Avonmore Developers Private Limited Balance sheet as at 31 March 2015 (Amount in Indian Rupees)

Particulars	Note No	As at	As at 31 March 2014
Equity & Liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			Ť.
Share capital	2.1	1,50,00,000	1,00,000
Reserves and surplus	2.2	(5,01,103)	(1,90,937)
Current liabilities		1,44,98,897	(90,937)
Short-term borrowings	2.3	5,21,366	40,000
Other current Liabilities	2.4	12,374	1,83,381
		5,33,740	2,23,381
TOTAL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,50,32,637	1,32,444
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			·
Non Current Investment	2.5	1,50,00,000	•
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances	2.6	32,637	1,32,444
		1,50,32,637	1,32,444
TOTAL	·	1,50,32,637	1,32,444
Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements	1 & 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

For Arun Dua & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 005435N

CA Arun Kumar Dua Proprietor

M. No.82623 Place: New Delhi Date: 27.05.2015 For and on behalf of the Board of Avonmore Developers Private Limited

Ashok Kumar Gupta Director

DIN: - 02590928

Swapan Guha Director

DIN: - 06985292

Avonmore Developers Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2015 (Amount in Indian Rupees)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Revenue from operations			•
Total income		- · ·	
Expenses			
Finance Cost	2.7	23,740	1,72,659
Other expenses	2.8	2,86,426	18,278
Total expenses		3,10,166	1,90,937
and the second the second seco	-		
Profit (Loss) before tax		(3,10,166)	(1,90,937)
Tax expense			
Deferred tax	*		•
Profit (Loss) for the year		(3,10,166)	(1,90,937)
Basic EPS/ Diluted EPS		(0.57)	(23.15)
Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements	1 & 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

For Arun Dua & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 005435N.C

CA Arun Kumar Dua

Proprietor

M. No.82623

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.05.2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Avonmore Developers Private Limited

Ashok Kumar Gupta Director

DIN: - 02590928

Swapan Guha Director

DIN:-06985292



Avonmore Developers Private Limited Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2015 (Amount in Indian Rupees)

Particulars		For the year ended	For the year ended
. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Net profit before taxes		(2.10.166)	/1 00 017
Adjustments for :		(3,10,166)	(1,90,937
Interest expense	•		
mediate expense			-
Operating gain before working capital changes	. 	(3,10,166)	(1,90,937
Adjustments for :		(3,10,100)	(1,50,557
Increase / (Decrease) in current liabilities and provisions		(1,71,007)	1,83,381
,	5 To 16 To	(1,71,007)	1,83,381
Cash generated from operating activities before taxes		(4,81,173)	(7,556
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)			(1)550
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		(4,81,173)	(7,556
and the second of the second o		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1),555
. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of non current investment		(1,50,00,000)	
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities		(1,50,00,000)	•
. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceed from issue of share capital (including premium)		1,49,00,000	1,00,000
Increase in short term borrowings		4,81,366	40,000
Interest paid			•
Net cash generated from/ (used in) financing activities	· <u></u>	1,53,81,366	1,40,000
INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1 1 1 1 1 1	(99,807)	1,32,444
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,32,444	-
Effect of exchange gain on cash and cash equivalents		- ,,	_
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		32,637	1,32,444
andre en artikulari eta artikulari eta artikulari eta artikulari eta artikulari eta artikulari eta artikulari e Bartikari		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
otes:			
Cash and cash equivalents include:			
Cash, cheques in hand and remittances in transit		1,246	
With banks in :		-	
Current accounts		31,391	1,32,444
Cash and bank balances at the end of the year		32,637	1,32,444

For Arun Dua & Co. Chartered Accountants ERN: 005435N

CA Arun Kumar Dua Proprietor

M. No.82623 Place: New Delhi Date: 27.05.2015 Ashok Kumar Gupta Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Avonmore Developers Private Limited

DIN: - 02590928

Date: 27.05.2015

Swapan Guha Director

DIN: - 06985292

Date: 27.05.2015

Avonmore Developers Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 (Amount in Indian Rupees)

	As at 31 March 2015		As at 31 March 2014		
2.1 Share capital	No	, of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Authorised					
Equity shares of Rs.10 each	2000	15,00,000	1,50,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
Issued and Subscribed Capital					·
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		15,00,000	1,50,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
Paid up Capital					
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up		15,00,000	1,50,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
Total		15,00,000	1,50,00,000	10,000	1,00,000

a) Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share with a right to receive per share dividend declared by the Company. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company in the proportion of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b) During the period ended 31 March 2015, the Company has recorded per share dividend of Rs. Nil to equity shareholders.

c) 'Reconciliation of share capital (Equity)

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	rch 2015	As at 31 Ma	rch 2014
accessive and an exercise response of the contract of the cont	No, of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Balance at the Beginning of the Year	10,000	1,00,000	-	-
Add: Issued during the period(Rs. 10 each)	14,90,000	1,49,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
Balance at the end of the Year	15,00,000	1,50,00,000	10,000	1,00,000

d) Details of shareholders(Equity) holding more than 5% shares of the Company

ay became or share to receive early modeling more charges or the company		erch 2015	As at 31 Ma	rch 2014
Particulars Particulars				% holding in the
	Number of shares	class	Number of shares	class
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by		Ì		
Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited	15,00,000	100.00%	-	
Mr. Amita Sharma		-	5,000	50.00%
Mr. Ashok Kumar Gupta		-	5,000	50.00%
			·	

e) Shares held by holding company, ultimate holding company, subsidiaries / associates of holding company or ultimate holding company

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	rch 2015	As at 31 Ma	rch 2014
	No, of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs.10 each				
M/s Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited - Holding company	15,00,000	1,50,00,000	-	-

 f) As on 31 March, 2015 NIL Shares were reserved for issuance towards employee stock options, Share warrants, & for convertible Securities.

g) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash, bonus shares and shares bought back for the period of 5 years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date

- No share has been issued without payment being received in cash in preceding 5 years.
- b) No share has been bonus issued in preceding 5 years.
- c) No share has been bought back in preceding 5 years.

h) Calls unpaid from directors and officers are Nil.



Avonmore Developers Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 (Amount in Indian Rupees)

2.2 Reserves and surplus	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
(Deficit)/ surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss	51. Walth 2015	51 Walter 2014
Balance at the beginning of the year	(1,90,937)	-
Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit & Loss	(3,10,166)	(1,90,937)
Balance at the end of the Year	(5,01,103)	(1,90,937)
2.3 Short-term borrowings	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
Unsecured Loan from Directors		
Loan from Related Party	- E 31 366	40,000
Louis from Related Fairty	5,21,366	
	5,21,366	40,000
2.4 Other Current Liabilities	As at	As at
2.4 Other Current Liabilities	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Statutory Liabilities	2,374	17,260
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	-	1,55,343
Payable for expenses	10,000	10,778
· · · ·	12,374	1,83,381
	· .·	
2.5 Non - Current Investment	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
	<u> </u>	
Unqouted Yug Infrastructure Private Limited	4 70 00 000	
15,00,000(Previous Year NIL) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each Fully	1,50,00,000	-
Paid Up		
-	1,50,00,000	-
2.6 Cash and Cash equivalents	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2014
Bank balances		
Current account	31,391	1,32,444
Petty Cash	1,246	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	32,637	1,32,444







Avonmore Developers Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 (Amount in Indian Rupees)

2.7 Finance Cost		For the year ended 31 March 2014
Interest Expense	23,740	1,72,659
	 23,740	1,72,659

Other expenses		he year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014
Audit Fee		5,000	5.618
Bank Charges		281	-
Misc. Expenses		884	- -
Preliminary Expenses		-	12.660
Professional & Legal Exp.		6,618	
Rates & Taxes (For Capital Increase)		2,63,850	-
Rates & Taxes (Other)	•	9,793	-
· · · · ·		2,86,426	18.278

For Arun Dua & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 005435N

CA Arun Kumar Dua

Proprietor M. No.82623

Place: New Delhi Date: 27.05.2015 For and on behalf of the Board of Avonmore Developers Private Limited

Ashok Kumar Gupta Director

DIN: - 02590928

Swapan Guha Director

DIN: - 06985292

Avonmore Developers Private Limited Note 2.9: Notes to the financial statements

- a) There are no contingent liabilities or capital commitments that have not been provided for in these financial statements.
- b) There is no virtual certainty regarding the profitability of the company in near future. Therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognized.

c) Expenditure incurred on Employees

In respect of those who were in receipt of remuneration of Rs. 60,00,000/- per year or more or Rs. 5,00,000 per month or more is NIL.

d) Earning per share is computed in accordance with the mandatory requirement of Accounting Standard AS -20

In Rs.

Particulars	FY 2014-15	FY 2013-14
Net Profit after Tax available for Equity Shareholders	(3,10,166)	(1,90,937)
Weighted average No. of Equity Shares for basic EPS	5,48,849	8247
Weighted average No. of Equity Shares for diluted EPS	5,48,849	8247
Basic earning per share (Rs.)	(0.57)	(23.15)
Diluted earning per share (Rs.)	 (0.57)	(23.15)

e) Payment to Auditors:

Particulars	FY 2014-15	FY 2013-14
Statutory Auditors Fee	5,000	5,618
	 5,000	5,618

f) Related Party Disclosures:

The information given below is only in respect of the transactions entered into by the company with the related parties:

- A) Names of related parties & description of relationship:
- (i) Holding Company: Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited

New Delh

- (ii) Enterprises over which key Managerial Personnel and relatives of such personnel exercise significant influence:
- (iii) Key Managerial Personnel:

a) Swapan Guha.

(Director)

b) Ashok Kumar Gupt

(Director)



B) Transactions during the year and balances outstanding as at the year-end in respect of transactions entered into during the year with the related parties.

Particulars	FY 2014-15	FY 2013-14
Income / Expense		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest Paid to Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited	23,740	Nil
Assets/ Liabilities	,	
Short term loan received from Director (Mr. Ashok Gupta)	Nil	40,000
Repayment of short term loan from Director (Mr. Ashok Gupta	40,000	Nil
Short term loan received from Holding Company (Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited)	500,000	Nil
Repayment of short term loan from Holding Company (Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited)	Nil	Nil
Purchase of Investment From Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited (Shares of Yug Infrastructures Private Limited)	1,50,00,000	NIL
Closing balances	1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
Short term loan received from Director (Mr. Ashok Kumar Gupta)	Nil	40,000
Short term loan received from Holding Company	500,000	Nil
(Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited)		
Interest Payable to Avonmore Capital & Management Services Limited	21,366	NIL

g) Additional Information:-

New Delhi

S.No.	Particulars	2014-15	2013-14
1	C.I.F. value of Imports	· · Nil	Nil
2	Expenditure in Foreign Currency	Nil	Nil
3	Remittances in Foreign Currency	Nil	Nil
4	Earning in foreign currency	Nil	Nil

h) All known liabilities have been provided for and there are no disputed liabilities as confirmed by the Directors.

i) In the opinion of Directors, current assets and loans and advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the business at least equal to the amount at which these have been stated in the Balance Sheet.



Avonmore Developers Private Limited Note 2.9: Notes to the financial statements

- No provision for gratuity has been made in the books, as the amount of liability as on date, if any, has not been ascertained.
- k) Payments made or provided during the financial year to Directors as Managerial Remuneration is Nil (Nil).
- Maximum amount other than imprest account due from directors of the company at any time during the year
- m) As per information given & on the basis of records no amount exceeding Rs. one lac is outstanding to any small-scale industrial unit for a period of more than one month.
- n) There are no claims against the company, which have not been acknowledged as debts.
- o) The Company has not received information from vendors regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and hence disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the yearend together with interest paid / payable under this Act have not been given.
- p) Balances in respect of parties in some cases are subject to confirmation and adjustments, if any

As per our report of even date attached

For Arun Dua & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 005435N

CÀ Arun Kumar Dua

Proprietor

M. No.82623

Place: New Delhi Date: 27.05.2015

For and on behalf of the Board of

Avonmore Developers Private Limited

Director

DIN: - 02590928

Swapan Guha Director

DIN: - 06985292

i. Basis of Accounting & Convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), to comply with the accounting standards specified u/s 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, relevant pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy either to in use.

ii. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Examples of such estimates include provision for assets and estimated useful life of fixed assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Adjustments as a result of differences between actual and estimates are made prospectively.

iii. Current/Non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current.

a. Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;

It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;

It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or

It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

b. Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfied any of the following criteria.

It is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;

It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;

It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or

The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current liabilities includes current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.





iv. Revenue Recognition

Professional Fees

Income from Professional Fee is accounted for on accrual basis for services rendered.

Interest:

Revenue is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Dividend:

Revenue is recognized when the company's right to receive payment is established by the balance sheet date.

v. Expenditure

Expenses are recognized on accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities.

vi. Interest expense

Interest on borrowings is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable on the borrowings.

vii. Employee benefits

No provision for retirement benefits has been made in the books, as the amount of liability as on date, if any, has not been ascertained

viii. Fixed assets

a. Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated at the cost of acquisition or construction, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition for intended use. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of fixed assets, which necessarily take a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

Depreciation on tangible assets

In respect of tangible assets acquired during the year, , depreciation is charged on Straight Line Basis so as to write off cost of assets over useful lives and for assets acquired prior to April 1, 2014, the carrying amount as on 1st April 2014 is depreciated over remaining useful life. The useful life of assets is taken as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

b. Intangible assets and its amortisation

Intangible assets are recorded at cost and are amortised over the period the Company expects to derive economic benefits from their use.



ix. Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. For assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable is estimated at each balance sheet date. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

x. Investments

Investments are classified into long-term investments and current investments based on intent of the management at the time of making the investment. Investment intended to be held for more than one year from the date such investments are made are classified as long-term investments. All long-term investments are classified as non-current investments in the Balance Sheet. The portions of long-term investments which are expected to be realized within twelve months from the Balance Sheet date are classified as current investments. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and market value, computed category-wise e.g. quoted shares, unquoted shares, government securities and non-government securities/bonds. The diminution in current investments is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss and appreciation, if any, is recognized at the time of sale.

xi. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at year-end rates and resultant gains/losses on foreign exchange translations other than in relation to acquisition of fixed assets and long term foreign currency monetary liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

xii. Current and deferred tax

New Deli

Income-tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current tax expense is the amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law and deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.





xiii. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is created when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

The Company does not recognise assets which are of contingent nature until there is virtual certainty of realizability of such assets. However, if it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, asset and related income is recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

xiv. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive potential shares outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

Operating leases XV.

Lease payments under operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

xvi. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.



