# MACHINE LEARNING LAB

**EXERCISE**:: 4

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### **Naive Bayes::**

The dataset used is the about possibility of heart attack based on some given details about the patient.

The same dataset was used for Logistic Regression Exercise as well.

**Link::**https://www.kaggle.com/ronitf/heart-disease-uci?select=heart.csv

- 4	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	M	N	0
1		age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target
2	0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	1	1
3	1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	2	1
4	2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	2	1
5	3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	0.8	2	0	2	1
6	4	57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	2	1
7	5	57	1	0	140	192	0	1	148	0	0.4	1	0	1	1
8	6	56	0	1	140	294	0	0	153	0	1.3	1	0	2	1
9	7	44	1	1	120	263	0	1	173	0	0	2	0	3	1
10	8	52	1	2	172	199	1	1	162	0	0.5	2	0	3	1
11	9	57	1	2	150	168	0	1	174	0	1.6	2	0	2	1
12	10	54	1	0	140	239	0	1	160	0	1.2	2	0	2	1
13	11	48	0	2	130	275	0	1	139	0	0.2	2	0	2	1
14	12	49	1	1	130	266	0	1	171	0	0.6	2	0	2	1
15	13	64	1	3	110	211	0	0	144	1	1.8	1	0	2	1
16	14	58	0	3	150	283	1	0	162	0	1	2	0	2	1
17	15	50	0	2	120	219	0	1	158	0	1.6	1	0	2	1
18	16	58	0	2	120	340	0	1	172	0	0	2	0	2	1
19	17	66	0	3	150	226	0	1	114	0	2.6	0	0	2	1
20	18	43	1	0	150	247	0	1	171	0	1.5	2	0	2	1
21	19	69	0	3	140	239	0	1	151	0	1.8	2	2	2	1
22	20	59	1	0	135	234	0	1	161	0	0.5	1	0	3	1
22	21	44	1	1	120	าวว	n	1	170	1	0.4	2	0	2	1

### Code ::

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

from sklearn.naive\_bayes import GaussianNB

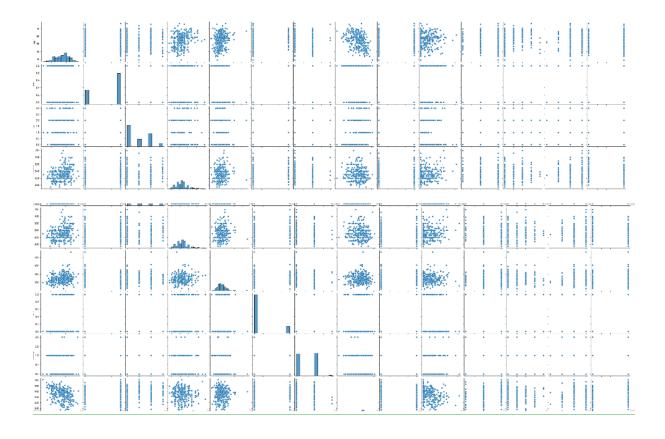
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy\_score

from sklearn.naive\_bayes import BernoulliNB from sklearn.naive\_bayes import MultinomialNB import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

df = pd.read\_csv("heart.csv")
df.head()

	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target
0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	1	1
1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	2	1
2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	2	1
3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	8.0	2	0	2	1
4	57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	2	1

sns.pairplot(df)



df.drop("target", axis = 1, inplace = True)
df.head()

	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal
0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	1
1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	2
2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	2
3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	0.8	2	0	2
4	57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	2

x = df["sex"]

y = df.drop("sex", axis = "columns")

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

from sklearn import metrics

X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(y,x,test\_size=0.30)

from sklearn.naive\_bayes import GaussianNB

GausNB=GaussianNB()

GausNB.fit(X\_train,y\_train)

GaussianNB()

GausNB.score(X\_test,y\_test)

0.7032967032967034

X\_test[:10]

	age	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal
24	40	3	140	199	0	1	178	1	1.4	2	0	3
273	58	0	100	234	0	1	156	0	0.1	2	1	3
76	51	2	125	245	1	0	166	0	2.4	1	0	2
276	58	0	146	218	0	1	105	0	2.0	1	1	3
141	43	0	115	303	0	1	181	0	1.2	1	0	2
297	59	0	164	176	1	0	90	0	1.0	1	2	1
63	41	1	135	203	0	1	132	0	0.0	1	0	1
217	63	0	130	330	1	0	132	1	1.8	2	3	3
204	62	0	160	164	0	0	145	0	6.2	0	3	3
296	63	0	124	197	0	1	136	1	0.0	1	0	2

y\_test[:10] #1 implies positive chance of heart attack and o implies less chance

```
24
       1
273
       1
76
276
141
297
       1
63
217
204
296
```

Name: sex, dtype: int64

#### GausNB.predict(X\_test[:10])

```
array([1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1])
```

### GausNB.predict\_proba(X\_test[:10])

```
array([[7.97756960e-02, 9.20224304e-01],
   [2.78539847e-01, 7.21460153e-01],
   [6.41278714e-02, 9.35872129e-01],
   [4.07379388e-02, 9.59262061e-01],
   [7.73005670e-01, 2.26994330e-01],
   [8.82557018e-03, 9.91174430e-01],
   [3.58185333e-01, 6.41814667e-01],
   [2.55127718e-03, 9.97448723e-01],
   [2.82235714e-07, 9.99999718e-01],
   [3.32377613e-01, 6.67622387e-01]])
```

GausNB.score(X\_test,y\_test)

Brb = BernoulliNB()

## Brb.fit(X\_train,y\_train)

BernoulliNB()

Brb.score(X\_test,y\_test)

0.6153846153846154

## X\_test[:10]

	age	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal
24	40	3	140	199	0	1	178	1	1.4	2	0	3
273	58	0	100	234	0	1	156	0	0.1	2	1	3
76	51	2	125	245	1	0	166	0	2.4	1	0	2
276	58	0	146	218	0	1	105	0	2.0	1	1	3
141	43	0	115	303	0	1	181	0	1.2	1	0	2
297	59	0	164	176	1	0	90	0	1.0	1	2	1
63	41	1	135	203	0	1	132	0	0.0	1	0	1
217	63	0	130	330	1	0	132	1	1.8	2	3	3
204	62	0	160	164	0	0	145	0	6.2	0	3	3
296	63	0	124	197	0	1	136	1	0.0	1	0	2

# y\_test[:10]

Name: sex, dtype: int64

Brb.score(X\_test,y\_test)

0.6153846153846154

Mnb =MultinomialNB()

Mnb.fit(X\_train,y\_train)

## Mnb.score(X\_test,y\_test)

#### 0.6043956043956044

## X\_test[:10]

	age	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal
24	40	3	140	199	0	1	178	1	1.4	2	0	3
273	58	0	100	234	0	1	156	0	0.1	2	1	3
76	51	2	125	245	1	0	166	0	2.4	1	0	2
276	58	0	146	218	0	1	105	0	2.0	1	1	3
141	43	0	115	303	0	1	181	0	1.2	1	0	2
297	59	0	164	176	1	0	90	0	1.0	1	2	1
63	41	1	135	203	0	1	132	0	0.0	1	0	1
217	63	0	130	330	1	0	132	1	1.8	2	3	3
204	62	0	160	164	0	0	145	0	6.2	0	3	3
296	63	0	124	197	0	1	136	1	0.0	1	0	2

# y\_test[:10]

```
24 1
273 1
76 1
276 1
141 1
297 1
63 1
217 1
204 0
296 0
```

Name: sex, dtype: int64

### Mnb.predict(X\_test[:10])

```
array([1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1])
```

## Mnb.predict\_proba(X\_test[:10])

```
array([[9.79743067e-03, 9.90202569e-01], [3.74506350e-01, 6.25493650e-01], [1.81597451e-01, 8.18402549e-01], [1.02427524e-01, 8.97572476e-01], [9.27870710e-01, 7.21292903e-02], [5.73279821e-03, 9.94267202e-01],
```

```
[2.27167024e-01, 7.72832976e-01], [7.92746293e-01, 2.07253707e-01], [3.23253940e-05, 9.99967675e-01], [6.06158995e-02, 9.39384100e-01]])
```

Mnb.score(X\_test,y\_test)

0.6043956043956044