1.How many seconds are in an hour? Use the interactive interpreter as a calculator and multiply the number of seconds in a minute (60) by the number of minutes in an hour (also 60).

Answer: 60 \* 60

2. Assign the result from the previous task (seconds in an hour) to a variable called seconds\_per\_hour.

Answer: seconds\_per\_hour = (60 \* 60)

3. How many seconds do you think there are in a day? Make use of the variables seconds per hour and minutes per hour.

Answer: minutes\_per\_hour=60

hours\_per\_day=24

seconds\_per\_day= seconds\_per\_hour \* minutes\_per\_hour\* hours\_per\_day/60

4. Calculate seconds per day again, but this time save the result in a variable called seconds\_per\_day

Answer: seconds\_per\_day= seconds\_per\_hour \*24

5. Divide seconds\_per\_day by seconds\_per\_hour. Use floating-point (/) division.

Answer: result= seconds\_per\_day/seconds\_per\_hour #output=24.0

6. Divide seconds\_per\_day by seconds\_per\_hour, using integer (//) division. Did this number agree with the floating-point value from the previous question, aside from the final .0?

Answer: val= seconds\_per\_day//seconds\_per\_hour

Yes both are same

7. Write a generator, genPrimes, that returns the sequence of prime numbers on successive calls to its next() method: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, ...

Answer:

def genPrimes():

primes = [] # primes generated so far

last = 1 # last number tried

while True:

last += 1

for p in primes:

if last % p == 0:

break

else:

primes.append(last)

yield last