Simple Linear Regression to predict potato price

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#Important module and library to run the program
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
df = pd.read_csv("/content/Potato.csv") #df for dataframe, read the data from the
df
# For the data visualization
%matplotlib inline
plt.xlabel('Potato in kilogram(kg)')
plt.ylabel('price in Taka')
plt.scatter(df.potato_kg, df.price)
X = df[['potato_kg']] #since x have to be two dimentional or 2D array. So [[]]
y = df['price']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2)
#X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)
#if you use "random state=10" then the smaple will be same all the time
X_train
X test
y_train
y_test
\rightarrow
    3
          40
          75
     Name: price, dtype: int64
# use the regression model for the dataset
```

```
reg=LinearRegression() #create the object for the regression
reg.fit(X_train, y_train)
#pass the data through the model, reg.fit(1st argument, 2nd argument);
#1st argument have to be two dimentional or 2D array
#2nd argument have to be y axis or the output, since y=mx+c
reg.predict(X_test)
y_test
#We will find the accuracy of this model(our model was liner regression model) for our datas
reg.score(X_test, y_test)
# Give any unknown potato kilogram value, to know the price
#(N.B: the potato kilogram value have to be any value upto 1, for the decent prediction. Sinc
reg.predict([[1.1505659]])
#Simple user interface to run our model the model
x=input('To know the potato price, Enter the potato killogram upto 1 : ')
import numpy as np
array = np.array(x) #input converted into 1 dimentional array
fvalu = array.astype(np.float) # 1 dimentional array into 1 dimentional float array
fvalu 2D=([[fvalu]]) # 1 dimentional array to 2 dimentional array
#print(fvalu_2D)
my prediction=reg.predict(fvalu 2D)
#print(my prediction)
#price=np.asscalar(np.array(my_prediction)) #convert vector into scalar using this one line
#convert vector into scalar using below two lines
price=np.array(my_prediction)
price=price.item()
print('So',x,' killogram potato price is =',price ,' Taka')
```