Attrition Rate 6/20/2020

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
In [2]: train = pd.read csv("Dataset/Train.csv")
        test = pd.read csv("Dataset/Test.csv")
In [3]: print("Size of Train Data: ", len(train))
        print("Size of Test Data: ", len(test))
        Size of Train Data: 7000
        Size of Test Data: 3000
In [4]:
        print("List of Columns:", end = '\t')
        print(list(train.columns))
        print()
        print("How many colums: ", len(list(train.columns)))
        List of Columns:
                                ['Employee_ID', 'Gender', 'Age', 'Education_Level', 'Re
        lationship_Status', 'Hometown', 'Unit', 'Decision_skill_possess', 'Time_of_serv
        ice', 'Time_since_promotion', 'growth_rate', 'Travel_Rate', 'Post_Level', 'Pay_
        Scale', 'Compensation_and_Benefits', 'Work_Life_balance', 'VAR1', 'VAR2', 'VAR
        3', 'VAR4', 'VAR5', 'VAR6', 'VAR7', 'Attrition_rate']
        How many colums: 24
In [5]: train.head()
Out[5]:
```

	Employee_ID	Gender	Age	Education_Level	Relationship_Status	Hometown	Unit	Dec
0	EID_23371	F	42.0	4	Married	Franklin	IT	
1	EID_18000	М	24.0	3	Single	Springfield	Logistics	
2	EID_3891	F	58.0	3	Married	Clinton	Quality	
3	EID_17492	F	26.0	3	Single	Lebanon	Human Resource Management	
4	EID_22534	F	31.0	1	Married	Springfield	Logistics	

5 rows × 24 columns

In [6]: test.head()

Out[6]:

	Employee_ID	Gender	Age	Education_Level	Relationship_Status	Hometown	Unit	Decisio
0	EID_22713	F	32.0	5	Single	Springfield	R&D	_
1	EID_9658	М	65.0	2	Single	Lebanon	IT	
2	EID_22203	М	52.0	3	Married	Springfield	Sales	
3	EID_7652	М	50.0	5	Single	Washington	Marketing	
4	EID_6516	F	44.0	3	Married	Franklin	R&D	

5 rows × 23 columns

Pre-processing Steps

• check for Nan Value and replace

```
In [7]: train.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 7000 entries, 0 to 6999 Data columns (total 24 columns): Employee ID 7000 non-null object 7000 non-null object Gender 6588 non-null float64 Age Education_Level 7000 non-null int64 Relationship_Status 7000 non-null object Hometown 7000 non-null object 7000 non-null object Unit Decision_skill_possess 7000 non-null object Time_of_service 6856 non-null float64 Time_since_promotion 7000 non-null int64 growth rate 7000 non-null int64 Travel Rate 7000 non-null int64 Post Level 7000 non-null int64 Pay_Scale 6991 non-null float64 Compensation_and_Benefits 7000 non-null object Work Life balance 6989 non-null float64 7000 non-null int64 VAR1 VAR2 6423 non-null float64 VAR3 7000 non-null float64 VAR4 6344 non-null float64 VAR5 7000 non-null int64 VAR6 7000 non-null int64 VAR7 7000 non-null int64 Attrition rate 7000 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(8), int64(9), object(7) memory usage: 1.3+ MB

```
In [8]: train.isna().sum()
Out[8]: Employee ID
                                          0
         Gender
                                          0
         Age
                                        412
         Education Level
                                          0
         Relationship_Status
                                          0
                                          0
         Hometown
         Unit
                                          0
         Decision_skill_possess
                                          0
                                        144
         Time_of_service
         Time since promotion
                                          0
         growth rate
                                          0
         Travel_Rate
                                          0
         Post_Level
                                          0
                                         9
         Pay_Scale
                                         0
         Compensation_and_Benefits
         Work Life balance
                                        11
         VAR1
                                          0
         VAR2
                                       577
         VAR3
                                         0
         VAR4
                                       656
         VAR5
                                          0
         VAR6
                                          0
         VAR7
                                          0
         Attrition_rate
                                          0
         dtype: int64
In [9]: | train = train.drop('VAR2',axis=1)
         test = test.drop('VAR2',axis=1)
         train = train.drop('VAR4', axis=1)
         test = test.drop('VAR4', axis=1)
```

We have missing values in Age, Time of service and Work Life balance and all are of type float64

```
import math
In [10]:
         work_life_fill = float(math.floor(train['Work_Life_balance'].mean()))
         age fill = float(math.ceil(train['Age'].mean()))
         service_fill = float(math.floor(train['Time_of_service'].mean()))
In [11]: print(work life fill,age fill,service fill)
         2.0 40.0 13.0
         train['Work_Life_balance'] = train['Work_Life_balance'].fillna(work_life_fill)
         train['Age'] = train['Age'].fillna(age fill)
         train['Time_of_service'] = train['Time_of_service'].fillna(service_fill)
```

```
In [13]: train.isna().sum() == 0
Out[13]: Employee ID
                                         True
         Gender
                                         True
         Age
                                         True
         Education_Level
                                         True
         Relationship_Status
                                         True
         Hometown
                                         True
         Unit
                                         True
         Decision_skill_possess
                                         True
         Time_of_service
                                         True
         Time_since_promotion
                                         True
         growth rate
                                         True
                                         True
         Travel Rate
         Post_Level
                                         True
         Pay_Scale
                                        False
         Compensation_and_Benefits
                                         True
         Work_Life_balance
                                         True
                                         True
         VAR1
         VAR3
                                         True
         VAR5
                                         True
         VAR6
                                         True
         VAR7
                                         True
         Attrition_rate
                                         True
         dtype: bool
In [14]: | test['Work_Life_balance'] = test['Work_Life_balance'].fillna(work_life_fill)
         test['Age'] = test['Age'].fillna(age_fill)
         test['Time of service'] = test['Time of service'].fillna(service fill)
```

```
In [15]: test.isna().sum()
Out[15]: Employee_ID
                                        0
         Gender
                                        0
         Age
                                        0
                                        0
         Education Level
         Relationship_Status
                                        0
         Hometown
                                        0
         Unit
         Decision_skill_possess
         Time_of_service
         Time since promotion
                                        0
         growth_rate
                                        0
         Travel_Rate
                                        0
         Post_Level
                                        3
         Pay_Scale
                                        0
         Compensation_and_Benefits
         Work Life balance
                                        0
         VAR1
                                        0
         VAR3
                                        0
         VAR5
                                        0
                                        0
         VAR6
                                        0
         VAR7
         dtype: int64
In [16]: pay_fill = float(math.floor(train['Pay_Scale'].mean()))
          test['Pay_Scale'] = test['Pay_Scale'].fillna(pay_fill)
          train['Pay_Scale'] = train['Pay_Scale'].fillna(pay_fill)
In [17]: | train_ID = train['Employee_ID']
          train = train.drop('Employee_ID',axis=1)
         test ID = test['Employee ID']
          test = test.drop('Employee_ID',axis=1)
```

Now there are no missing values, Next step is to deal with categorical data

```
In [18]: train.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 7000 entries, 0 to 6999
         Data columns (total 21 columns):
         Gender
                                       7000 non-null object
         Age
                                       7000 non-null float64
         Education Level
                                       7000 non-null int64
         Relationship Status
                                       7000 non-null object
         Hometown
                                       7000 non-null object
         Unit
                                       7000 non-null object
                                       7000 non-null object
         Decision skill possess
         Time_of_service
                                       7000 non-null float64
         Time_since_promotion
                                       7000 non-null int64
                                       7000 non-null int64
         growth rate
         Travel Rate
                                       7000 non-null int64
         Post Level
                                       7000 non-null int64
         Pay Scale
                                       7000 non-null float64
         Compensation and Benefits
                                       7000 non-null object
                                       7000 non-null float64
         Work_Life_balance
         VAR1
                                       7000 non-null int64
         VAR3
                                       7000 non-null float64
         VAR5
                                       7000 non-null int64
         VAR6
                                       7000 non-null int64
         VAR7
                                       7000 non-null int64
         Attrition_rate
                                       7000 non-null float64
         dtypes: float64(6), int64(9), object(6)
         memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

Categorical object with object type are: Gender, Relationship_Status, Hometown, Unit, Decision_skill_possess, Compensation_and_Benefits.

```
In [19]: train['Gender'].value counts()
Out[19]: F
              4114
              2886
         Name: Gender, dtype: int64
In [20]:
         train['Gender'] = train['Gender'].map({'M':-1, 'F': 1})
         test['Gender'] = test['Gender'].map({'M':-1, 'F': 1})
In [21]: train['Relationship Status'].value counts()
Out[21]: Married
                    4520
         Single
                    2480
         Name: Relationship_Status, dtype: int64
         train['Relationship_Status'] = train['Relationship_Status'].map({'Married':1, 'S
In [22]:
         test['Relationship Status'] = test['Relationship Status'].map({'Married':-1, 'Si
```

```
In [23]: train['Hometown'].value counts()
Out[23]: Lebanon
                         2070
         Springfield
                         1736
         Franklin
                         1523
         Washington
                         1106
         Clinton
                          565
         Name: Hometown, dtype: int64
In [24]: train['Hometown'] = train['Hometown'].map({'Lebanon':4, 'Springfield': 3, 'Frank']
          test['Hometown'] = test['Hometown'].map({'Lebanon':4, 'Springfield': 3, 'Franklin')
In [25]: | train['Unit'].value_counts()
Out[25]: IT
                                        1394
         Logistics
                                        1173
         Sales
                                         943
         Operarions
                                         706
         R&D
                                         680
         Purchasing
                                         504
         Accounting and Finance
                                         496
         Human Resource Management
                                         344
                                         212
         Marketing
         Production
                                         211
         Quality
                                         193
         Security
                                         144
         Name: Unit, dtype: int64
In [26]:
         train['Unit'] = train['Unit'].map({'IT':11, 'Logistics':10, 'Sales':9, 'Operarions'
          test['Unit'] = test['Unit'].map({'IT':11, 'Logistics':10, 'Sales':9, 'Operarions':8}
In [27]: train['Decision_skill_possess'].value_counts()
Out[27]: Conceptual
                        1756
         Analytical
                        1755
         Directive
                        1753
         Behavioral
                        1736
         Name: Decision skill possess, dtype: int64
```

We will get_dummies for Decision_skill_possess

```
In [28]: train['Compensation and Benefits'].value counts()
Out[28]: type2
                     3945
          type3
                     2382
          type4
                      353
          type0
                      187
          type1
                      133
          Name: Compensation and Benefits, dtype: int64
In [29]:
          train['Compensation_and_Benefits'] = train['Compensation_and_Benefits'].map({'ty/opensation_and_Benefits']
           test['Compensation and Benefits'] = test['Compensation and Benefits'].map({'type|
In [30]: train.head()
Out[30]:
               Gender
                            Education_Level Relationship_Status Hometown Unit Decision_skill_possess
           0
                      42.0
                                         4
                                                             1
                    1
                                                                        2
                                                                            11
                                                                                           Conceptual
                   -1 24.0
                                         3
                                                            -1
                                                                        3
                                                                            10
                                                                                            Analytical
                    1 58.0
                                         3
                                                             1
                                                                        0
                                                                             1
                                                                                           Conceptual
                      26.0
                                         3
                                                                                            Behavioral
            3
                                                            -1
                                                                             4
                      31.0
                                         1
                                                             1
                                                                            10
                                                                                           Conceptual
          5 rows × 21 columns
In [31]: | train = pd.get_dummies(train)
           test = pd.get dummies(test)
In [32]: train.head()
Out[32]:
               Gender Age
                            Education_Level
                                            Relationship_Status
                                                               Hometown Unit Time_of_service
                                                                                                Time_sin
           0
                    1
                      42.0
                                         4
                                                             1
                                                                        2
                                                                            11
                                                                                            4.0
                      24.0
                                         3
                                                            -1
                                                                        3
                                                                            10
                                                                                            5.0
           2
                    1 58.0
                                         3
                                                             1
                                                                        0
                                                                             1
                                                                                           27.0
                      26.0
                                         3
            3
                                                            -1
                                                                                            4.0
                    1 31.0
                                                                            10
                                                                                            5.0
```

5 rows × 24 columns

Feature Selection and Statistical Analysis

dtype: int64

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```
In [33]: test.isna().sum()
Out[33]: Gender
                                                0
         Age
                                                0
         Education_Level
                                                0
         Relationship_Status
                                                0
         Hometown
                                                0
         Unit
                                                0
         Time_of_service
                                                0
         Time_since_promotion
         growth rate
                                                0
         Travel Rate
                                                0
         Post_Level
                                                0
         Pay_Scale
                                                0
         Compensation_and_Benefits
                                                0
         Work_Life_balance
                                                0
         VAR1
                                                0
         VAR3
                                                0
         VAR5
                                                0
         VAR6
                                                0
         VAR7
                                                0
         Decision_skill_possess_Analytical
                                                0
         Decision_skill_possess_Behavioral
                                                0
         Decision skill possess Conceptual
                                                0
         Decision_skill_possess_Directive
                                                0
```

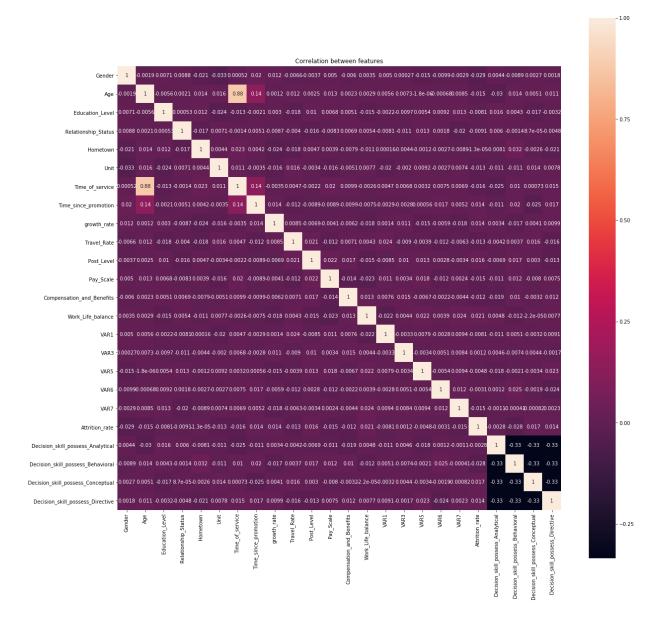
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In [34]: train.describe().T

Out[34]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75
Gender	7000.0	0.175429	0.984562	-1.0000	-1.0000	1.00000	1.000
Age	7000.0	39.645000	13.200655	19.0000	28.0000	40.00000	51.000
Education_Level	7000.0	3.187857	1.065102	1.0000	3.0000	3.00000	4.000
Relationship_Status	7000.0	0.291429	0.956661	-1.0000	-1.0000	1.00000	1.000
Hometown	7000.0	2.520000	1.281229	0.0000	2.0000	3.00000	4.000
Unit	7000.0	7.727143	2.973735	0.0000	6.0000	9.00000	10.000
Time_of_service	7000.0	13.377143	10.257162	0.0000	5.0000	10.00000	20.000
Time_since_promotion	7000.0	2.367143	1.149395	0.0000	1.0000	2.00000	3.000
growth_rate	7000.0	47.064286	15.761406	20.0000	33.0000	47.00000	61.000
Travel_Rate	7000.0	0.817857	0.648205	0.0000	0.0000	1.00000	1.000
Post_Level	7000.0	2.798000	1.163721	1.0000	2.0000	3.00000	3.000
Pay_Scale	7000.0	6.006286	2.057112	1.0000	5.0000	6.00000	8.000
Compensation_and_Benefits	7000.0	3.402714	0.854273	0.0000	3.0000	4.00000	4.000
Work_Life_balance	7000.0	2.387286	1.122009	1.0000	1.0000	2.00000	3.000
VAR1	7000.0	3.098571	0.836377	1.0000	3.0000	3.00000	3.000
VAR3	7000.0	-0.013606	0.986933	-2.7762	-0.4537	-0.45370	0.70
VAR5	7000.0	2.834143	0.938945	1.0000	2.0000	3.00000	3.000
VAR6	7000.0	7.101286	1.164262	5.0000	6.0000	7.00000	8.000
VAR7	7000.0	3.257000	0.925319	1.0000	3.0000	3.00000	4.000
Attrition_rate	7000.0	0.189376	0.185753	0.0000	0.0704	0.14265	0.23
Decision_skill_possess_Analytical	7000.0	0.250714	0.433455	0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	1.000
Decision_skill_possess_Behavioral	7000.0	0.248000	0.431883	0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	0.000
Decision_skill_possess_Conceptual	7000.0	0.250857	0.433537	0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	1.000
Decision_skill_possess_Directive	7000.0	0.250429	0.433291	0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	1.000

Out[35]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Correlation between features')



```
In [36]: train = train.drop('Time of service',axis=1)
         test = test.drop('Time_of_service',axis=1)
In [37]: len(list(train.columns))
Out[37]: 23
In [38]: | corr_target = corr['Attrition_rate']
In [39]:
         corr target
         relevant features = corr target[corr target>-0.05]
         relevant features
Out[39]: Gender
                                               -0.028544
         Age
                                               -0.015130
         Education_Level
                                               -0.008143
         Relationship_Status
                                               -0.009107
         Hometown
                                              -0.000013
         Unit
                                               -0.013088
         Time_of_service
                                              -0.016327
         Time_since_promotion
                                               0.013880
         growth rate
                                               0.014247
         Travel Rate
                                              -0.012608
         Post_Level
                                               0.016402
         Pay Scale
                                              -0.015221
         Compensation and Benefits
                                              -0.012186
         Work_Life_balance
                                               0.020809
         VAR1
                                               -0.008073
         VAR3
                                               0.001245
         VAR5
                                               -0.004770
         VAR6
                                               -0.003130
         VAR7
                                               -0.015299
         Attrition_rate
                                               1.000000
         Decision_skill_possess_Analytical
                                              -0.002822
         Decision skill possess Behavioral
                                              -0.027524
         Decision skill possess Conceptual
                                               0.016568
         Decision_skill_possess_Directive
                                               0.013680
         Name: Attrition_rate, dtype: float64
In [40]: train = train.drop('VAR1',axis=1)
         train = train.drop('Travel_Rate',axis=1)
         test = test.drop('VAR1',axis=1)
         test = test.drop('Travel_Rate',axis=1)
In [41]: len(list(train.columns))
Out[41]: 21
```

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###

Candidates for regression models:

- · Linear Regression
- SVM regressor
- Lasso Regression
- · Ridge Regression

```
In [42]:
         from sklearn.utils import shuffle
         dataset = shuffle(train)
         dataset.head()
```

Out[42]:

	Gender	Age	Education_Level	Relationship_Status	Hometown	Unit	Time_since_promotion
142	1	19.0	4	1	0	0	0
3495	1	22.0	4	-1	3	11	2
5938	1	40.0	4	-1	2	10	4
6299	1	27.0	3	1	4	6	4
6996	1	44.0	1	1	4	7	2

5 rows × 21 columns

```
In [43]: | label = dataset['Attrition_rate']
         train = dataset.drop('Attrition_rate',axis=1)
```

Split Dataset and choose between SVM regressor and linear regression

```
In [44]:
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn import svm
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [45]: len(train)
```

Out[45]: 7000

```
In [46]: train_x,validation_x,train_y,validation_y = train_test_split(train,label,test_si
```

```
In [47]: | print("length of train data : ", len(train_x))
         print("length of validation data : ", len(validation_x))
```

```
length of train data : 5039
length of validation data: 1961
```

Linear Regression Baseline

```
In [48]: | model1 = LinearRegression()
In [49]: train x.isna().sum()
Out[49]: Gender
                                                0
                                                0
         Age
         Education Level
         Relationship_Status
                                                0
         Hometown
                                                0
         Unit
                                                0
         Time_since_promotion
         growth rate
         Post Level
                                                0
         Pay_Scale
                                                0
         Compensation and Benefits
                                                0
         Work Life balance
                                                0
         VAR3
         VAR5
                                                0
         VAR6
                                                0
         VAR7
                                                0
         Decision_skill_possess_Analytical
                                                0
         Decision_skill_possess_Behavioral
                                                0
         Decision skill possess Conceptual
                                                0
         Decision_skill_possess_Directive
                                                0
         dtype: int64
In [50]: model1.fit(train x,train y)
Out[50]: LinearRegression(copy X=True, fit intercept=True, n jobs=None,
                   normalize=False)
In [51]: predict y = model1.predict(validation x)
In [52]: def root_mean_squared_error(actual,predict):
              differences = [(x-y)**2 \text{ for } (x,y) \text{ in } zip(actual,predict)]
              return math.sqrt(sum(differences)/len(differences))
In [53]: def performance(actual, predict):
              return 100*max(0,1-root mean squared error(list(actual),predict.tolist()))
In [54]: performance(validation_y,predict_y)
Out[54]: 81.50940459239759
```

SVR Baseline Model

```
In [55]:
         model2 = svm.SVR()
         model2.fit(train x,train y)
         C:\Users\alsrivas\AppData\Local\Continuum\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\s
         vm\base.py:196: FutureWarning: The default value of gamma will change from 'aut
         o' to 'scale' in version 0.22 to account better for unscaled features. Set gamm
         a explicitly to 'auto' or 'scale' to avoid this warning.
           "avoid this warning.", FutureWarning)
Out[55]: SVR(C=1.0, cache_size=200, coef0=0.0, degree=3, epsilon=0.1,
           gamma='auto_deprecated', kernel='rbf', max_iter=-1, shrinking=True,
           tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [56]: predict svr = model2.predict(validation x)
In [57]: | performance(validation_y,predict_svr)
Out[57]: 79.82528335886269
         Ridge Regression Baseline:
In [58]: from sklearn.linear model import Ridge
In [59]: | model3 = Ridge()
In [60]: model3.fit(train x,train y)
Out[60]: Ridge(alpha=1.0, copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, max_iter=None,
            normalize=False, random state=None, solver='auto', tol=0.001)
         predict ridge = model3.predict(validation x)
In [61]:
         performance(validation y,predict ridge)
Out[61]: 81.50942522837377
         Lasso Model Baseline
In [62]: | from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso
In [63]: model4 = Lasso()
```

```
In [64]: model4.fit(train x,train y)
Out[64]: Lasso(alpha=1.0, copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, max_iter=1000,
            normalize=False, positive=False, precompute=False, random_state=None,
             selection='cyclic', tol=0.0001, warm start=False)
In [65]: predict lasso = model4.predict(validation x)
In [66]: | performance(validation_y, predict_lasso)
Out[66]: 81.54046382533048
         We will choose Lasso Regression for parameter search
         alpha lasso = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100]
In [67]:
         fit lasso = [True, False]
          selection_lasso = ['cyclic', 'random']
         model performance = []
In [68]: best model = None
         best performance = None
          for i in alpha_lasso:
              for j in fit lasso:
                  for k in selection_lasso:
                      model = Lasso(alpha=i,fit_intercept=j,selection=k)
                      model.fit(train x,train y)
                      predictY = model.predict(validation x)
                      model_per = performance(validation_y,predictY)
                      model performance.append((model per,model))
                      if best model is None:
                          best model = model
                          best performance = model per
                      elif best performance < model per:</pre>
                          best performance = model per
                          best_model = model
In [69]: best_performance
Out[69]: 81.54046382533048
In [70]: selected_model_lasso = sorted(model_performance, key=lambda x: x[0],reverse=True
In [71]: | selected_model_lasso
Out[71]: (81.54046382533048,
          Lasso(alpha=0.1, copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, max_iter=1000,
             normalize=False, positive=False, precompute=False, random state=None,
             selection='cyclic', tol=0.0001, warm_start=False))
```

Parameter search for Ridge

```
In [72]:
         fit ridge = [True, False]
         solver ridge = ['auto','svd','cholesky','lsqr','sparse cg','sag','saga']
         model performance ridge = []
In [73]: best model = None
         best performance = None
         for i in alpha ridge:
             for j in fit_ridge:
                 for k in solver_ridge:
                     model = Ridge(alpha=i,fit_intercept=j,solver=k)
                     model.fit(train x,train y)
                     predictY = model.predict(validation x)
                     model per = performance(validation y,predictY)
                     model_performance_ridge.append((model_per,model))
                     if best model is None:
                         best model = model
                         best performance = model per
                     elif best performance < model per:</pre>
                         best performance = model per
                         best model = model
In [74]: best performance
Out[74]: 81.54142594896075
In [75]: selected model ridge = sorted(model performance ridge, key=lambda x: x[0], reverse
In [76]: selected model ridge
Out[76]: (81.54142594896075,
          Ridge(alpha=10000, copy X=True, fit intercept=True, max iter=None,
             normalize=False, random state=None, solver='sag', tol=0.001))
         So, Selected model is ridge
In [77]: print("RMSE on validation data using selected ridge model is : ", selected model
         RMSE on validation data using selected ridge model is: 81.54142594896075
In [78]: selected_model = Ridge(alpha=10000, copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, max_iter=Not
             normalize=False, random state=None, solver='sag', tol=0.001)
```

```
In [79]: | selected_model.fit(train_x,train_y)
Out[79]: Ridge(alpha=10000, copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, max_iter=None,
            normalize=False, random_state=None, solver='sag', tol=0.001)
In [83]: | predict_test = selected_model.predict(test).tolist()
In [84]: | type(predict_test)
Out[84]: list
         print(len(test_ID), " ", len(predict_test))
         3000
                3000
In [86]:
         import csv
         with open('submission.csv', 'w', newline='') as file:
             writer = csv.writer(file)
             writer.writerow(["Employee_ID", "Attrition_rate"])
             for i in range(3000):
                 writer.writerow([test_ID[i],predict_test[i]])
```