MATRIX THEORY

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September 10, 2020

1 Question 43, P.59

The perpendicular from the origin to the line (-m 1)x=c

meets it at the point (-1 2). Find the values of m and c.

1.1 Python Code & Latex Code Links

1.Python Code:-

https://github.com/Alok0895/Assignment1/blob/master/Assignment1.py

2.Latex Code:-

https://github.com/Alok0895/Assignment1/blob/master/Assignment1.tex

1.2 Explanation

The line through the origin perpendicular to the given line is in the form of:-

$$L_1 \implies (-m \ 1)x = c$$

Direction vector of line L_2 perpendicular to L_1 should be $\binom{1}{m}$ such that the equation of line should be

$$L_2 \implies {\binom{1}{m}}^T \left(x - {\binom{-1}{2}} \right) = 0$$

Therefore L_2 is,

$$\implies (1 \ m)x - (1 \ m) \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \tag{1}$$

Since it passes through (0,0) therefore:-

$$(1 m) {0 \choose 0} - (1 m) {-1 \choose 2} = 0$$

$$\implies (-1 + 2m) = 0$$

$$\implies m = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\implies m = 0.5$$

$$(2)$$

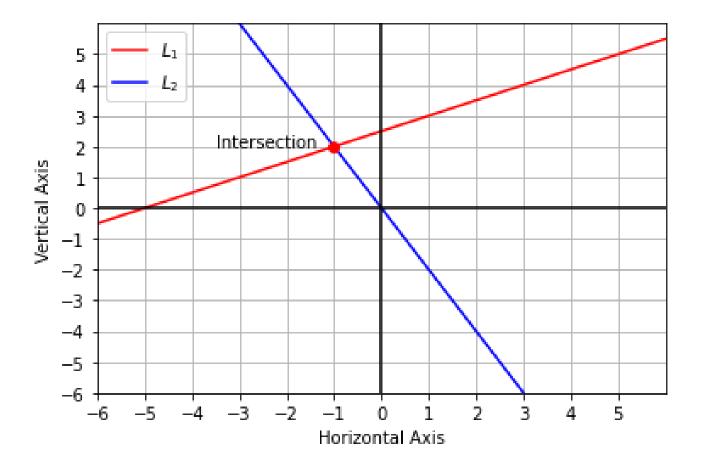


Figure 1: Lines perpendicular at (-1,2)

Now from equation(3) and the knowledge that (-1,2) lies on L, we put value of m in line L_1 such that:-

$$(-0.5 1)x = c$$

$$\implies (-0.5 1) {1 \choose 2} = c$$

$$\implies c = 2.5$$
(4)

Hence, the value of m and c is obtained from (2) and (3) as 0.5 and 2.5 respectively.