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Assignment 1: Matrix Theory

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Abstract—This assignment solves a problem to find the slope of a line.

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Alok0895/Assignment1/blob/ master/Assignment1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Alok0895/Assignment1/blob/master/Assignment1.tex

1 Problem

The perpendicular from the origin to the line $(-m \ 1)x = c$

meets it at the point $P = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$. find the value of m and c.

2 Solution

line
$$(-m \ 1)x = c$$

meets it at the point $P = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Since P-0 = P is the normal vector, where 0 is the origin

 $m = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix}$ is the direction vector, Hence

$$\mathbf{m}^T \mathbf{P} = 0$$

$$\implies (1 \quad m) \binom{-1}{2} = 0$$

$$\implies$$
 $(-1 + 2m) = 0$

$$\implies m = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\implies m = 0.5$$

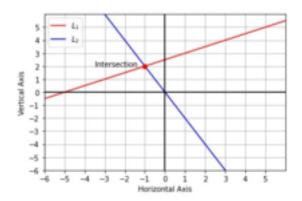


Fig. 0: Perpendicular Lines crossing

now the line $(-m \ 1)x = c$ meets it at the point $P = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

$$(-0.5 \quad 1)\mathbf{P} = c$$

$$\implies (-0.5 \quad 1)\begin{pmatrix} -1\\2 \end{pmatrix} = c$$

$$\implies c = 2.$$

Hence, the value of m and c are obtained as 0.5 and 2.5 respectively.