Course Code: ESC106A

Course Title: Construction Materials and Engineering Mechanics

Lecture No. 51: Wedge and Problems on Wedge Friction

Delivered By: Nimmy Mariam Abraham



Lecture Intended Learning Outcomes

At the end of this lecture, students will be able to:

- Define wedge and wedge friction
- Draw Free Body diagrams of wedge in the given problems
- Evaluate frictional forces or find the force needed to lift the wedge



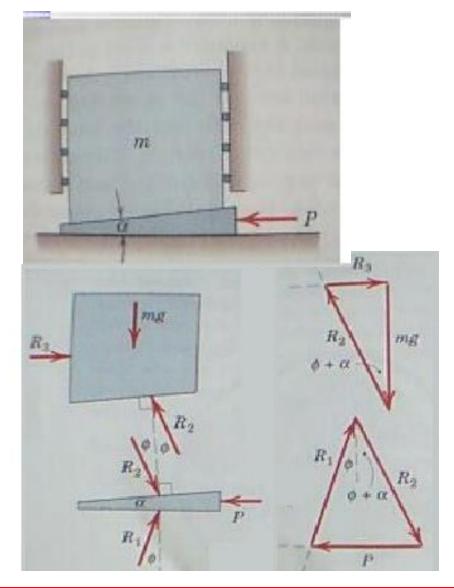
Contents

- Mechanism of Wedges
- Generating FBD for wedges
- Numerical problems on wedges



WEDGE

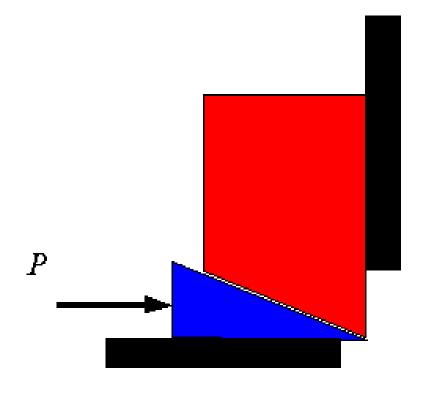
- A wedge is one of the simplest and most useful machine
- A wedge is used to produce small adjustments in the position of the body or to apply large forces
- Wedges largely depend on friction or function





WEDGE

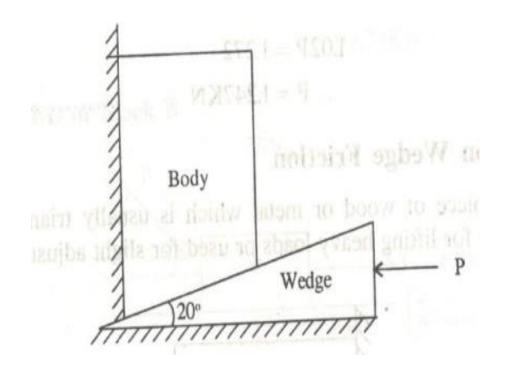
- A wedge is piece of wood or metal and is usually of a triangular or trapezoidal in cross-section
- Can be used for lifting loads or for slight adjustments in the position of a body
- Problems on wedges are generally the problems of equilibrium on inclined planes
- Equilibrium method or Lami's theorem are applied to solve these problems





Wedge Friction: Problem 1

Example: A block weighing 10kN is to be raised by means of 20° wedge as shown in figure. Find the horizontal force which will just raise the block if coefficient of friction for all surfaces of contact is 0.3

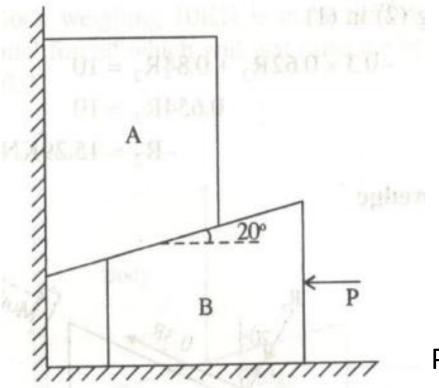




P=13.6kN

Wedge Friction: Problem 2

Example: Determine the force P that must be applied to the 20kN block B to lift the 100kN block A shown in figure. The coefficient of friction for all contact surface is $\mu=0.3$



P=142.2kN

Summary

- A wedge is used to produce small adjustments in the position of the body or to apply large forces
- Based on the concept of wedge friction, problems are solved

