Course Code: BSC101A

**Course Title: Mathematics-1** 

#### **Course Leader:**

Programme	Course leader	E-mail ID
B. Tech.	Dr. Mahesha Narayana	maheshanarayana.mt.sh@msruas.ac.in



#### **Course Details**

- Programme: B. Tech. in Electronic & Communication,
   Computer Science, Electrical and Electronics, Mechanical and Civil Engineering
- Department: **Mathematics**
- Faculty: Science and Humanities
- Dean: Prof. M.R. Srinivasan (dean.sh@msruas.ac.in)



#### Why this Programme - ME

- 1. To facilitate the understanding of underlying engineering principles of mechanical systems to explain their construction and working
- 2. To model, simulate and analyze the behavior of mechanical systems to predict and improve their performance
- 3. To design and fabricate mechanical systems to meet the specific needs
- 4. To instrument and test of mechanical systems for validation
- 5. To educate on professional ethics, economics, social sciences and interpersonal skills
- 6. relevant to professional practice
- 7. To provide a foundation in mathematical, scientific and Engineering & technology fundamentals to solve Engineering and Technology related problems
- 8. To provide a general perspective and opportunities for a career in industry, business and
- 9. Commerce

The Course is being delivered to meet the highlighted objective of the course to meet the course aim



#### Why this Programme – ECE

- 1. To impart knowledge on electronic and communication systems
- 2. To enhance the understanding of the underlying principles of electronic and communication systems
- 3. To develop abilities to design analog and digital system/controllers to meet the required specifications
- 4. To develop abilities to model, simulate and analyse the characteristics of electronic signals and systems
- 5. To train on computer programming abilities and skills
- 6. To train on industry standard simulation tools for simulation and analysis of electronic systems
- 7. To impart training on instrumentation, test and measurement
- 8. To build and test electronic systems
- 9. To provide a foundation in mathematical, scientific and engineering & technology fundamentals to solve engineering and technology related problems
- 10. To impart training on professional ethics, history, economics, social sciences and interactive skills relevant to professional practice
- 11. To provide a general perspective and opportunities for a career in industry, business and commerce
- The Course is being delivered to meet the highlighted objective of the course to meet the course aim.

#### Why this Programme – CSE

- 1. To impart knowledge of computing and information technology systems and their subsystems
- 2. To develop understanding of the underlying logical, algorithmic, architectural and programming principles of computing systems
- 3. To build the ability to design and implement computing and information systems to meet the specific application needs
- 4. To model, simulate and analyse the behaviour of computing and information systems to predict and improve their performance
- 5. To impart training on processes and practice of software engineering life cycle
- 6. To train on industry standard simulation tools for simulation and analysis of electronic systems
- 7. To develop industry standard software systems
- 8. To provide a foundation in mathematical, scientific and engineering & technology fundamentals to solve engineering and technology related problems
- 9. To impart training on professional ethics, history, economics, social sciences and interactive skills relevant to professional practice
- 10. To provide a general perspective and opportunities for a career in industry, business and commerce
- The Course is being delivered to meet the highlighted objective of the course to meet the course aim.



#### Why this Programme – EEE

- 1. To impart knowledge on electrical and electronic systems and their subsystems
- To enhance the understanding of the underlying engineering principles of electrical and electronic systems
- To model, simulate and analyze the behaviour of electrical and electronic systems to predict and improve their performance
- 4. To design and build models of electrical and electronic systems to meet the specific needs
- 5. To impart training on instrumentation and testing of electrical and electronic systems
- To train on industry standard simulation tools for simulation and analysis of electrical and electronic systems
- 7. To build and test electrical and electronic systems
- To provide a foundation in mathematical, scientific and engineering & technology fundamentals to solve engineering and technology related problems
- To impart training on professional ethics, history, economics, social sciences and interactive skills relevant to professional practice
- 10. To provide a general perspective and opportunities for a career in industry, business and commerce

The Course is being delivered to meet the highlighted objective of the course to meet the course aim.



#### Why this Programme – CE

- 1. To Impart knowledge on civil engineering systems and their subsystems
- 2. To enhance the understanding of the underlying engineering principles of civil engineering systems
- 3. To model, simulate and analyze the behavior of civil engineering systems to predict and improve their performance
- 4. To design and build civil engineering systems to meet the specific needs
- 5. To impart training on instrumentation and testing of civil engineering systems
- 6. To train on computer programming abilities and skills
- To build and test civil engineering systems
- 8. To provide a foundation in mathematical, scientific and engineering & technology fundamentals to solve engineering and technology related problems
- 9. To impart training on professional ethics, history, economics, social sciences and interactive skills relevant to professional practice
- 10. To provide a general perspective and opportunities for a career in civil engineering, business and commerce
- The Course is being delivered to meet the highlighted objective of the course to meet the course aim.



#### **Subject Aim and Summary**

The course introduces students to the basic concepts and techniques in real and complex analyses, matrix algebra and numerical analysis. Students are taught the concepts of derivative, continuity, limits, series expansion, functions and integrals of real and complex variables. The utility of Cauchy's Integral and residue theorem in the evaluation of an integral is emphasized. The mathematical operations in Matrix theory, Eigen value and Eigen vector, Inversion and diagonalization of matrix and matrix solution for linear system of equations are discussed in this course. This course also deals with the underlying concepts of finding the roots, solving the linear systems in the context of numerical analysis and implementation of the schemes in MATLAB.



#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

After undergoing this course students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the principles of real and complex analysis
- 2. State and explain the important theorems and solve simple mathematical problems in real and complex analysis
- 3. Solve complex real world problems associated with real and complex analysis
- 4. Apply numerical methods to solve linear system of equations, algebraic and transcendental equations and implement the schemes in MATLAB
- 5. Solve complex mathematical problems associated with linear algebra and numerical solution of nonlinear equation in one variable and compare the results with that of solutions obtained using MATLAB



#### **Course Content**

#### Real Analysis:

Functions of real variables, limit of function, continuity and derivatives. Mean value theorems and their applications. Taylor's Theorem, Taylor's series and Maclaurin series, exponential, logarithmic and binomial series. Indefinite Integrals and definite Integrals, Improper integrals of first and second kind, Absolute Convergence of Improper integrals

Functions of two variables – limits and continuity. Partial Derivatives – Total Differential and Derivatives, approximation by total differentials, Derivatives of Composite and Implicit functions. Higher order Partial Derivatives – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem, Taylor's Theorem, Maximum and Minimum Values of functions – Lagrange Method of Multipliers



#### **Course Content Contd...**

#### Complex Analysis:

Complex Numbers, Complex Planes, Polar Form — Powers, Roots. Exponential Function, Trigonometric Functions, Hyperbolic Functions. Cauchy — Riemann Equations, Geometry of Analytic Functions and Harmonic Functions — Conformal Mapping, Line Integral in Complex Plane, Cauchy's Integral Theorem, Cauchy's Integral Formula.

Power Series - Convergence. Taylor Series and Maclaurin Series. Laurent Series, Zeros and Singularities. Residue Integration Method.

#### **Method of Assessment**

There are two components for assessment in this Subject:

Component - 1: 50% weight

It has two sub components

- Part A: Term Test: 25% Weight
- Part B: Assignment: 25% Weight

Two tests will be conducted one at the end of 6th week and the other at the end of the 12th week, the average of two tests will be the marks scored in term test for a maximum of 25 marks.

Student is required to submit two word processed assignments each assignment is set for 50 marks, the average of two assignments will be the marks scored in assignment for a maximum of 25 marks.



#### Method of Assessment Cont.

Component - 2: 50% weight

A 2 hour duration semester end examination on Part-B using Matlab will be conducted for a maximum marks of 50 and will be reduced to 25 marks.

Another 2 hour duration semester end examination on Part-A will be conducted for maximum marks of 50 and will be reduced to 25 marks.

#### Method of Assessment Cont.

The assessment questions are set to test the learning outcomes. In each component certain learning outcomes are assessed. The following table illustrates the focus of learning outcome in each component assessed:

Intended Learning Outo	1	2	3	4	5	
Component – 1 ( Term	А	X	Х			
Test and Assignment)	В			Х	Х	Х
Component – 2 (Examir	X	X	Х	X	X	

Both components will be moderated by a second examiner. A student is required to score a minimum of 40% in each of the components and an overall 40% for successful completion of a module and earning the credits.

#### References

#### a. Essential Reading

- 1. Class Notes
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig (2007) Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Eighth Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 3. R.K.Jain and S.R.K.Iyengar (2005) Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Second Edition, Narosa Publishing House
- 4. James Stewart (2010) Calculus: Early Transcendentals, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, Cengage Learning
- 5. R. Pratap (2010), Getting Started with MATLAB: A Quick Introduction for Scientists and Engineers, Oxford
- 6. S.R. Otto and J.P. Denier (2008), An Introduction to Programming and Numerical Methods in MATLAB, Springer

#### b. Recommended Reading

- 1. Peter V.O'Neil, (2007) Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Glyn James, (2007) Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, Pearson Education
- 3. A. Stanoyevitch (2005), Introduction to Matlab with Numerical Preliminaries, Wiley

### Course Delivery Schedule (Theory) Number of Course Credits: 4 (3 Theory, 1 Tutorial)

Session No.	Date/ Week	Time	Day	Topic	Delivered By	Additional Activity
1	Week 1			Functions, Continuity and Derivative		
2	Week 1			Mean Value Theorems – Rolle's mean value theorem		
3	Week 1			Mean Value Theorems – Lagrange's mean value theorem		
4	Week 2			Mean Value Theorems – Cauchy's mean value theorem		
5	Week 2			Taylor's Theorem and Taylor's series		
6	Week 2			Maclaurin Series		
7	Week 3			Indefinite, Definite and Improper Integrals		
8	Week 3			Improper integrals of first and second kind		
9	Week 3			Absolute Convergence of Improper Integrals		
10	Week 4			Functions of two variables – limits and continuity		



### Course Delivery Schedule (Theory) Number of course Credits: 4 (3 Theory, 1 Tutorial)

Session No.	Date/W eek	Time	Day	Topic	Delivered By	Additional Activity
11	Week 4			Partial Derivatives – Total Differential and Derivatives		Activity
12	Week 4			Derivatives of Composite and Implicit functions - I		
13	Week 5			Derivatives of Composite and Implicit functions _ II		
14	Week 5			Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem		
15	Week 5			Taylor's Theorem for function of two variables		
				Week 6 1st term test		
16	Week 7			Maclaurin's Theorem for function of two variables		
17	Week 7			Maximum and Minimum Values of functions - I		
18	Week 7			Maximum and Minimum Values of functions - II		
19	Week 8			Lagrange Method of Multipliers - I		
20	Week 8			Lagrange Method of Multipliers - II		

### Course Delivery Schedule (Theory) Number of course Credits: 4 (3 Theory, 1 Tutorial)

Session No.	Date/ Week	Time	Day	Topic	Delivered By	Additional Activity
21	Week 8			Complex Variables		
22	Week 9			Trigonometric and hyperbolic functions		
23	Week 9			Limit, continuity and analytic functions		
24	Week 9			C-R Equations 1		
25	Week 10			Harmonic function and Milne method		
26	Week 10			C-R Equations in polar form		
27	Week 10			Conformal Mapping-1		
28	Week 11			Conformal Mapping-2		
29	Week 11			Conformal Mapping-3		
30	Week 11			Bilinear Mapping		



### Course Delivery Schedule (Theory) Number of course Credits: 4 (3 Theory, 1 Tutorial)

Session No.	Date/ week	Time	Day	Topic	Delivered By	Additional Activity		
	Week 12 2 <sup>nd</sup> term test							
31	Week 13			Linear Integral - 1				
32	Week 13			Linear Integral - 2				
33	Week 13			Cauchy's integral formula				
34	Week 14			Cauchy's integral formula problems				
35	Week 14			Sequences and series				
36	Week 14			Power Series				
37	Week 15			Taylor Series and Maclaurin Series				
38	Week 15			Laurent series				
39	Week 15			Singularities and zeros				
40	Week 16			Residue Integration Theorem				

### **Theory Sessions**



# Lecture 1 Functions of Real Variable, Limit of Function, Continuity and Derivatives

#### Intended Learning Outcomes

Analyze real valued functions and plot the same

 Illustrate the concepts of limit, continuity and differentiability of a real valued function



# Lecture 2 Rolle's Mean Value Theorem Intended Learning Outcomes

- State and Rolle's mean value theorem
- Discuss the geometrical interpretation of this theorem
- Apply Rolle's mean value theorems to specific problems



# Lecture 3 Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem Intended Learning Outcomes

- State Lagrange's mean value theorem
- Discuss the geometrical interpretation of this theorem
- Apply Lagrange's mean value theorems to specific

problems



## Lecture 4 Cauchy's Mean Value Theorem

- State Cauchy's mean value theorem
- Apply Cauchy's mean value theorem to specific problems



# Lecture 5 Taylor's Theorem and Taylor's Series Intended Learning Outcomes

- State and construct Taylor's Theorem
- Apply Taylor Series to expand standard functions



## Lecture 6 Maclaurin's Series Intended Learning Outcomes

- State and construct Maclaurin Series
- State Exponential, Logarithmic and Binomial Series
- Apply Maclaurin's Series to expand standard functions



# Lectures 7-8 Indefinite, Definite and Improper Integrals, Absolute Convergence

- Distinguish between indefinite integrals and definite integrals
- Differentiate between proper and improper integrals
- Classify and evaluate improper integrals



### Lecture 9 Absolute Convergence of Improper Integrals

- Illustrate absolute convergence
- Analyse and test the convergence of improper integrals



#### Lectures 10-11

### Partial Derivatives-limits and Continuity, Total differentiation and Derivatives

- Illustrate the principals of limit and continuity of functions of two variables
- Illustrate the principal of partial derivatives of functions of two variables
- Apply the concepts of total derivatives in errors and approximations



## Lectures 12-13 Derivatives of Composite and Implicit Functions

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

- Define composite and implicit functions
- Find derivatives of composite functions and implicit

functions

Evaluate higher order partial derivatives



### Lecture 14 Homogenous functions and Euler's Theorem

- Illustrate homogeneous functions
- Verify Euler's theorem for Homogeneous functions



## Lectures 15-16 Taylor's and McLaurin's Theorem for Two Variables

- Distinguish between Euler's and Taylor's theorem
- Extend Taylor's theorem to functions of two variables



# Lecture 17 Maximum and Minimum Values of Functions\_I

- Define and explain the significance of maxima and minima
- Determine the maximum and minimum of a function at different points



# Lecture 18 Maximum and Minimum values of Functions\_II

- Define and explain the significance of maxima and minima
- Determine the maximum and minimum of a function at different points



## Lecture 19 Lagrange's Method of Multipliers\_I

#### Intended learning Outcomes

State and explain Lagrange Method of Multipliers

 Apply the Lagrange Method of Multipliers to maximize/minimize the given function subject to equality constraints



## Lecture 20 Lagrange's Method of Multipliers\_II

- State and explain Lagrange Method of Multipliers
- Apply the Lagrange Method of Multipliers to maximize/minimize the given function subject to equality constraints



### Lecture 21 Complex Variables

- State different forms to represent a complex number
- Explain the advantages and applications of different forms
- State DeMoivres theorem
- Apply DeMoivres theorem to find powers and roots of complex variable



### Lecture 22 Trigonometric and Hyperbolic Functions

- Explain the trigonometric and hyperbolic functions
- Express the complex function in terms of polar and Cartesian form



## Lecture 23 Limit, Continuity and Analytic Functions Intended Learning Outcomes

- State Limit and continuity
- State analytic functions



# Lecture 24 Cauchy-Riemann Equation\_1 Intended learning Outcomes

- State mathematical statement of analytic function
- State and prove the Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar form
- Apply Cauchy-Riemann equations to verify the analyticity of complex valued functions



## Lecture 25 Harmonic functions and Milne Method Intended Learning Outcomes

- State Harmonic function
- Apply Milne method to construct an analytic function
- Illustrate harmonic function and discuss its properties
- State Orthogonal System



# Lecture 26 Cauchy-Riemann Equation in Polar Form Intended learning Outcomes

- State Cauchy-Riemann equations for analytic function in polar form
- Apply Cauchy-Riemann equations to verify the analyticity of complex valued functions
- Illustrate harmonic function and discuss its properties

### Lecture 27 Conformal Mapping\_1

- Find conformal mappings
- Solve application oriented problems using conformal mappings



### Lecture 28 Conformal Mapping\_2

- Illustrate conformal mapping
- Discuss the properties of standard conformal mappings
- Solve application oriented problems using conformal mappings



#### Lecture 29 Conformal Mapping -3

- Illustrate conformal mapping
- Discuss the properties of standard conformal mappings



#### Lecture 30 Bilinear Transformation

- Find the Bilinear Transformation
- Solve application oriented problems using Bilinear Transformation



### Lecture 31 Line Integral-1

- Define line integral in complex plane
- Solve problems on line integral



#### Lecture 32 Line Integral -2

#### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

At the end of this lecture, student will be able to:

- Define line integral in complex plane
- Solve problems on line integral



#### Lecture 33 Cauchy's Integral Formula-1

#### **Intended learning Outcomes**

- State Cauchy's integral theorem and its utility
- Apply Cauchy's integral theorem to evaluate complex

integrals



# Lecture 34 Cauchy's Integral Formula problems Intended learning Outcomes

Apply Cauchy's integral to evaluate complex integrals



## Lecture 35 Sequences, Series and Convergence Tests Intended Learning Outcomes

- Differentiate between sequence and series of complex numbers
- Explain the tests to verify convergence of a sequence/series
- Apply the standard tests to test and verify the convergence of complex sequence/series



### Lecture 36 Power Series

- Analyze various power series
- Evaluate the radius of convergence of power series



## Lecture 37 Taylor Series, Maclaurin Series and Uniform Convergence

- Formulate an expansion of a complex valued function through Taylor and Maclaurin series
- Distinguish between convergence and uniform convergence
- Determine the uniform convergence of Taylor and Maclaurin series



## Lecture 38 Laurent Series Intended Learning Outcomes

- Define meromorphic function
- State Laurent's theorem
- Expand some meromorphic functions in Laurent series



## Lecture 39 Singularities, Zeros, Poles and Residues Intended Learning Outcomes

- Classify singularities of complex valued functions
- Describe the concept of zero and infinity
- Define residue at a singularity of the complex valued function
- Apply Laurent series to find the residue



### Lecture 40 Residue Integration Method

- State and explain Cauchy's residue theorem
- Evaluate some complex integrals using Cauchy's residue theorem

