Course Code: ESC106A Course Title: Construction Materials and Engineering Mechanics

Lecture No. 30: Problems on Beams

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Lecture Intended Learning Outcomes

At the end of this lecture, students will be able to:

- Identify the type of support and support reactions
- Apply the conditions of equilibrium
- Calculate the reactions for the beams

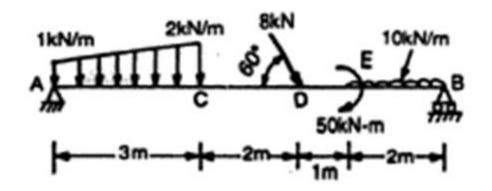


Contents

Type of support, support reactions, problems on support reactions

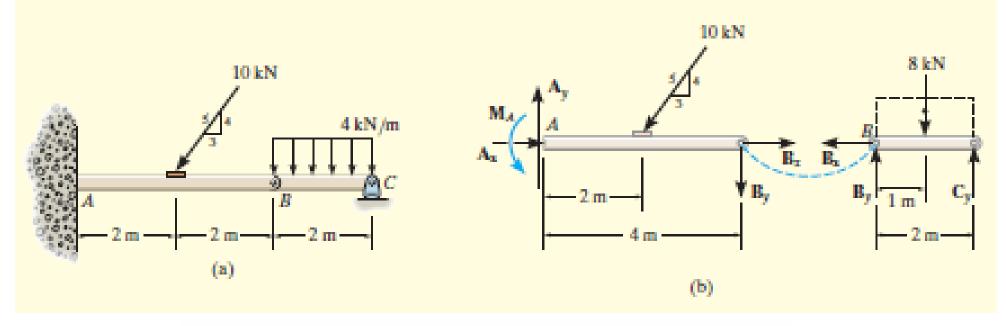


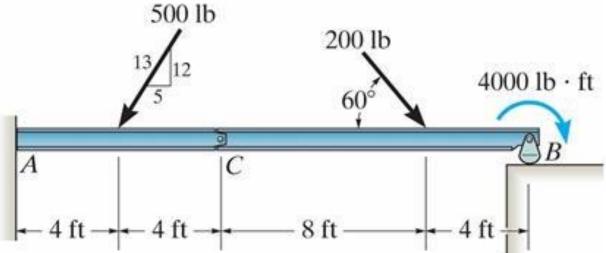
1.In the fig, the beam AB supports different types of loads. Determine the reactions at the hinge support and at the roller support



 R_{AH} =4kN R_{AV} =2.4kN R_{BV} =29.02kN

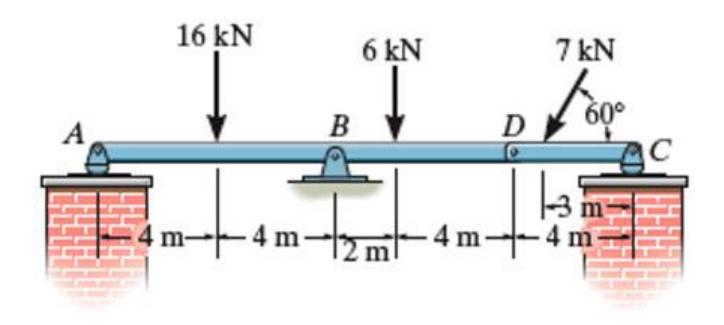
Compound Beams



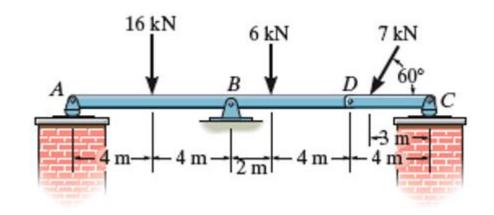




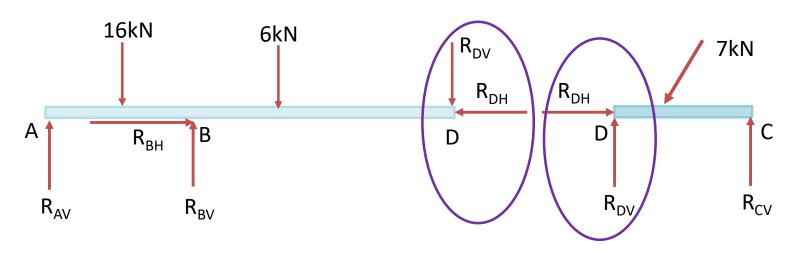
2. The compound beam is pin-supported at B and supported by rockers at A and C. There is a hinge (pin) at D. Determine the reactions at support.



Consider beam DC: Apply equilibrium conditions to DC



Consider beam ABD
Apply equilibrium conditions to ABD



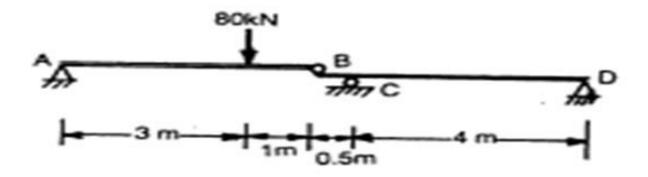
 $R_{C}=1.52kN; R_{DV}=4.55kN; R_{DH}=3.5kN$

 $R_{AV}=3.1kN$

 $R_{BH} = 3.5 \text{kN}; R_{BV} = 23.5 \text{kN}$

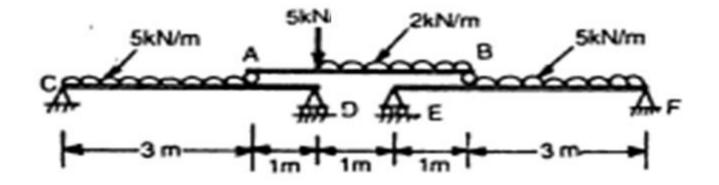


3. Determine the reactions at supports A,B,C and D in the structure shown in the following fig



 $R_A = 20kN$ $R_B = 60kN$ $R_C = 67.5kN$ $R_D = -7.5kN$

4.A compound beam is loaded as shown in fig. Determine the reaction at A,B,C,D,E and F.



 $R_A = 4.67kN$

 $R_B = 4.33kN$

 $R_{c} = 10.545 kN$

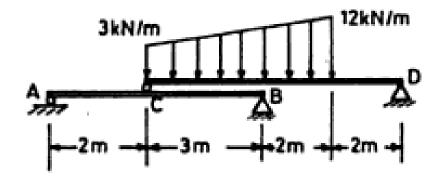
 $R_{D} = 9.125 kN$

 $R_F = 8.87 kN$

 $R_{\rm F} = 10.457 kN$



5. Determine the reactions at A,B,C and D in the beam shown below



 $R_A=12.85kN$ $R_B=8.57kN$ $R_C=21.42kN$ $R_D=16.07kN$



Summary

 Based on the types of supports and the type of loads, the reactions developed in each support can be calculated

