

**Course Code: ESC106A**

**Course Title: Construction Materials and Engineering  
Mechanics**

**Lecture No. 30:**

**Problems on Beams**

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# Lecture Intended Learning Outcomes

**At the end of this lecture, students will be able to:**

- Identify the type of support and support reactions
- Apply the conditions of equilibrium
- Calculate the reactions for the beams



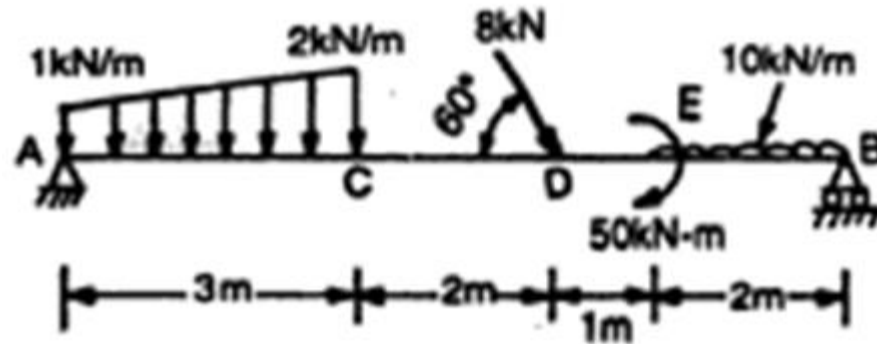
# Contents

Type of support, support reactions, problems on support reactions



# Problems on Beams

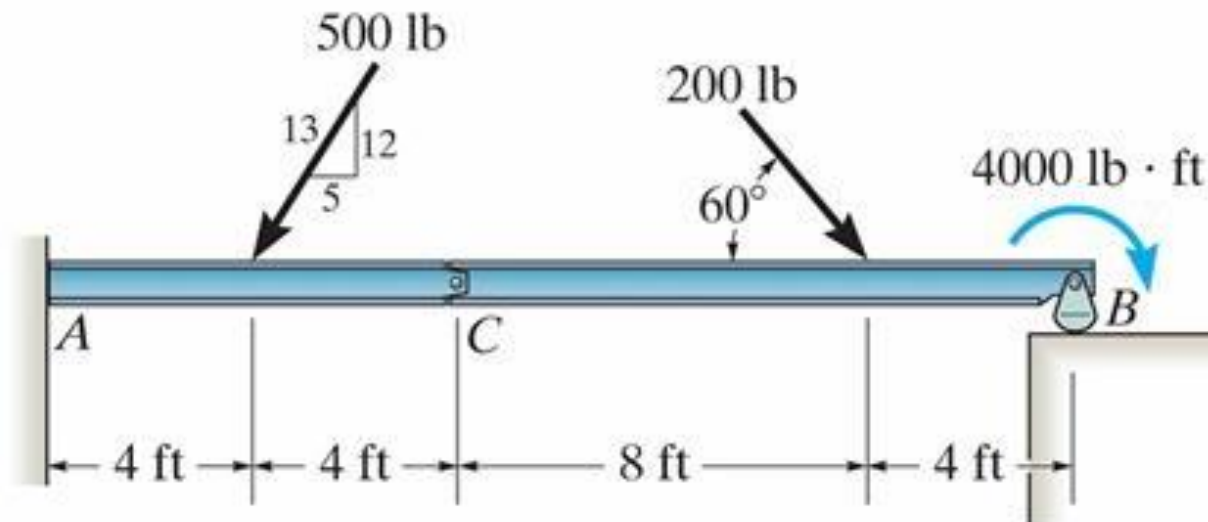
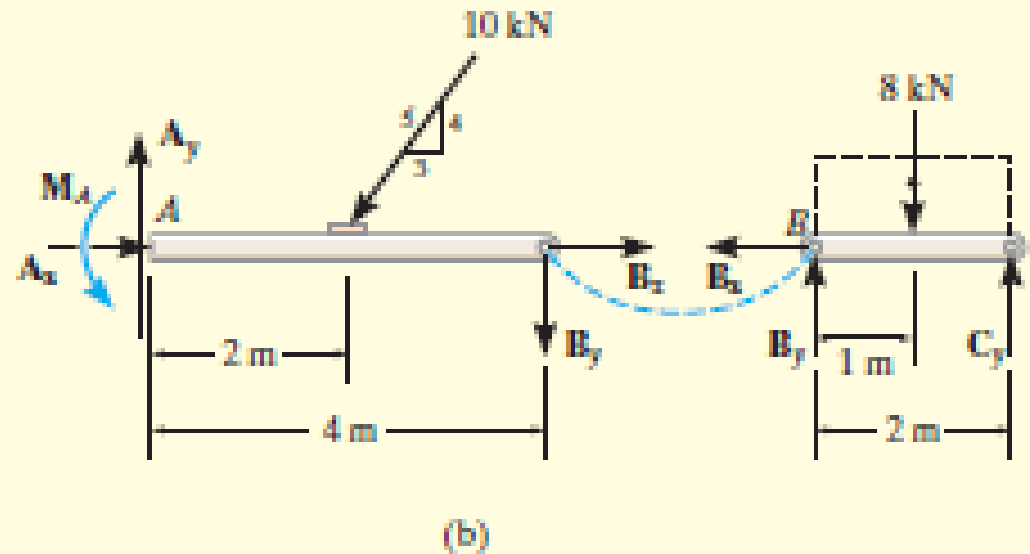
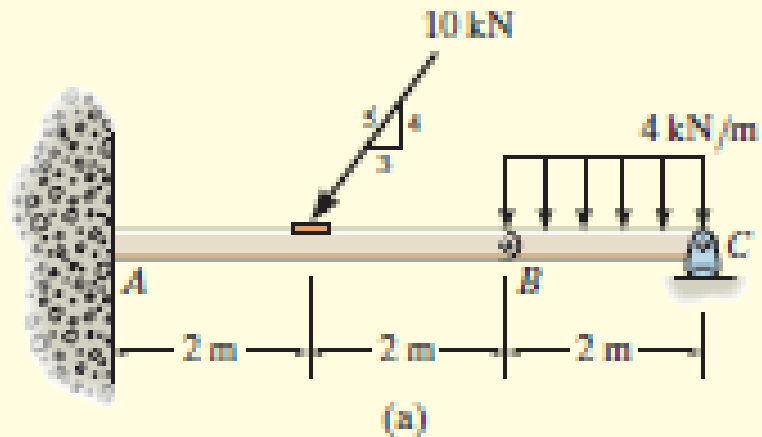
1. In the fig, the beam AB supports different types of loads. Determine the reactions at the hinge support and at the roller support



$$\begin{aligned}R_{AH} &= 4 \text{ kN} \\R_{AV} &= 2.4 \text{ kN} \\R_{BV} &= 29.02 \text{ kN}\end{aligned}$$

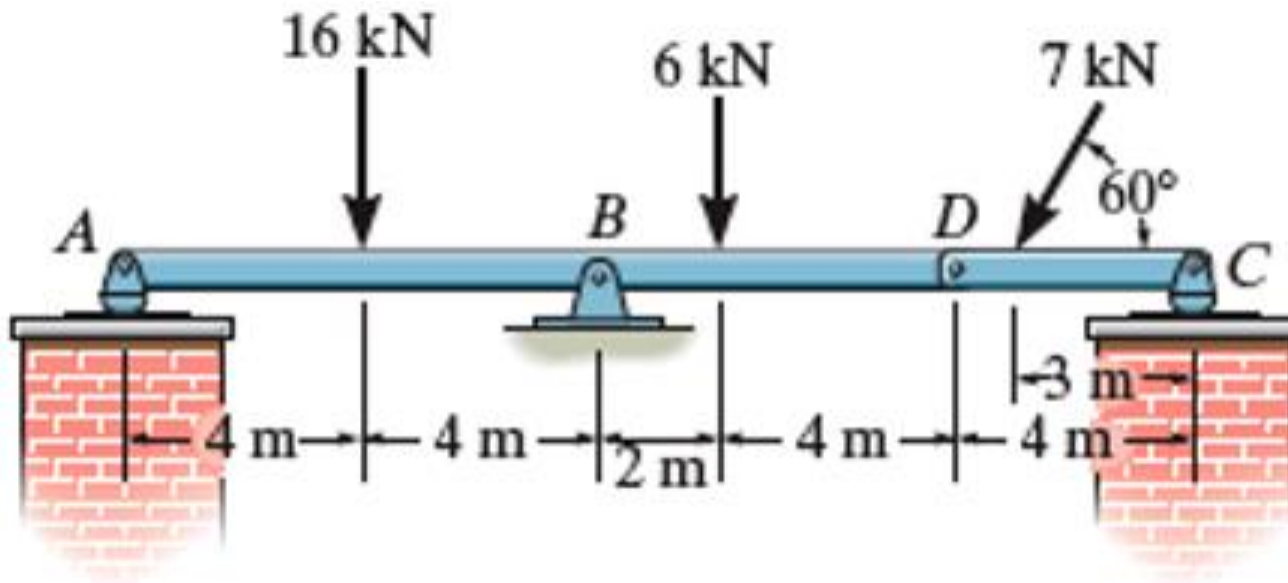


# Compound Beams



# Problems on Beams

2. The compound beam is pin-supported at B and supported by rockers at A and C. There is a hinge (pin) at D. Determine the reactions at support.



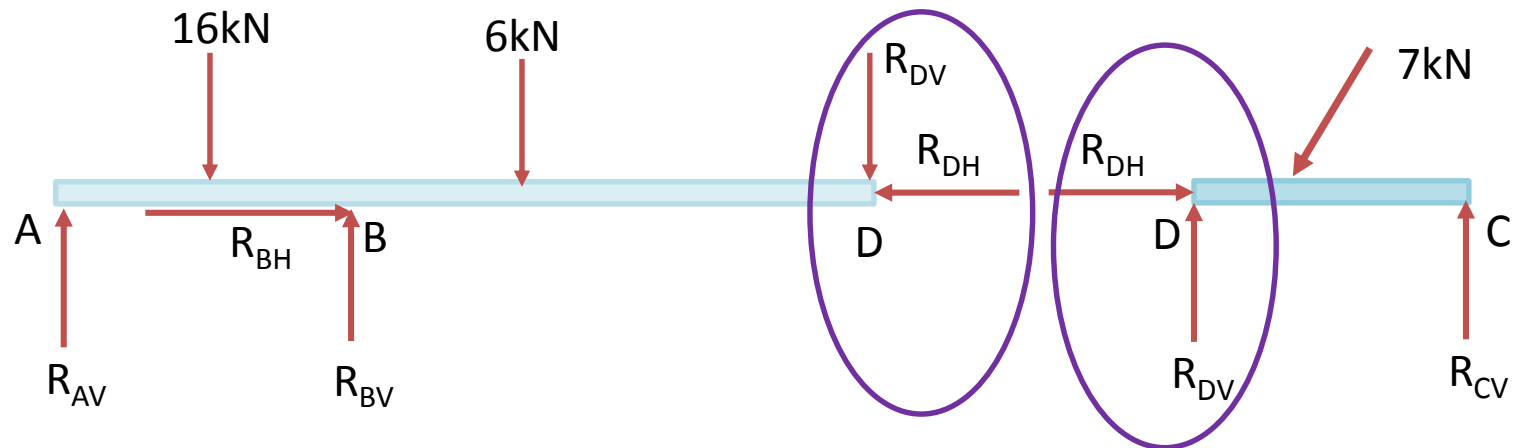
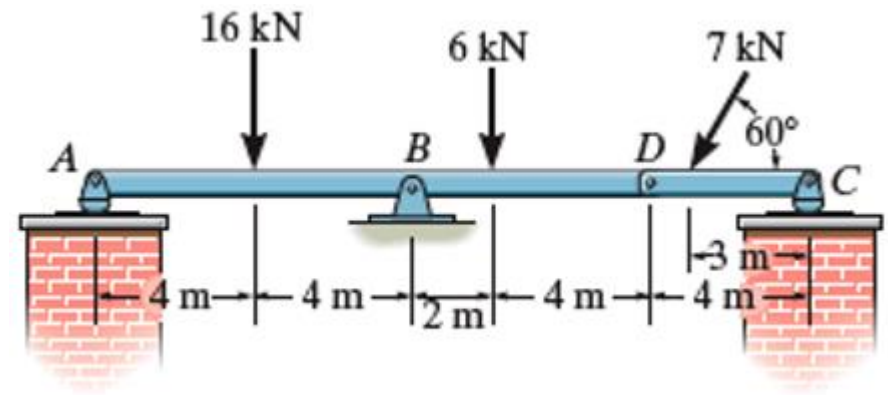
# Problems on Beams

Consider beam DC:

Apply equilibrium conditions to DC

Consider beam ABD

Apply equilibrium conditions to ABD



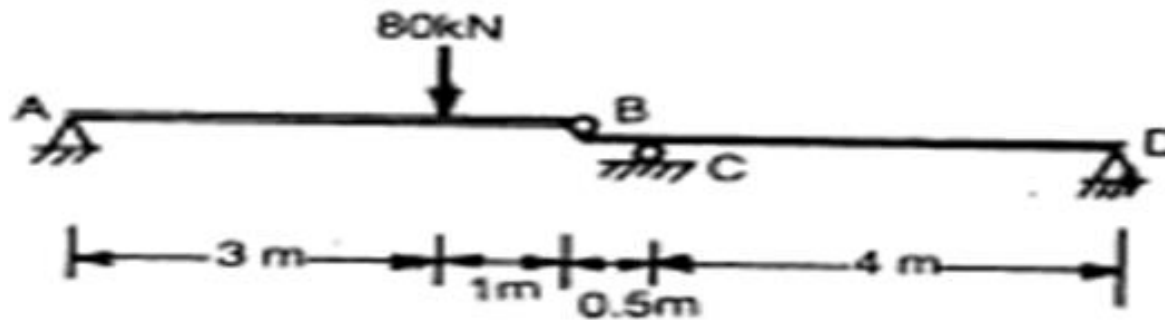
$$R_C = 1.52 \text{ kN}; R_{DV} = 4.55 \text{ kN}; R_{DH} = 3.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_{AV} = 3.1 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_{BH} = 3.5 \text{ kN}; R_{BV} = 23.5 \text{ kN}$$

# Problems on Beams

3. Determine the reactions at supports A, B, C and D in the structure shown in the following fig



$$R_A = 20\text{kN}$$

$$R_B = 60\text{kN}$$

$$R_C = 67.5\text{kN}$$

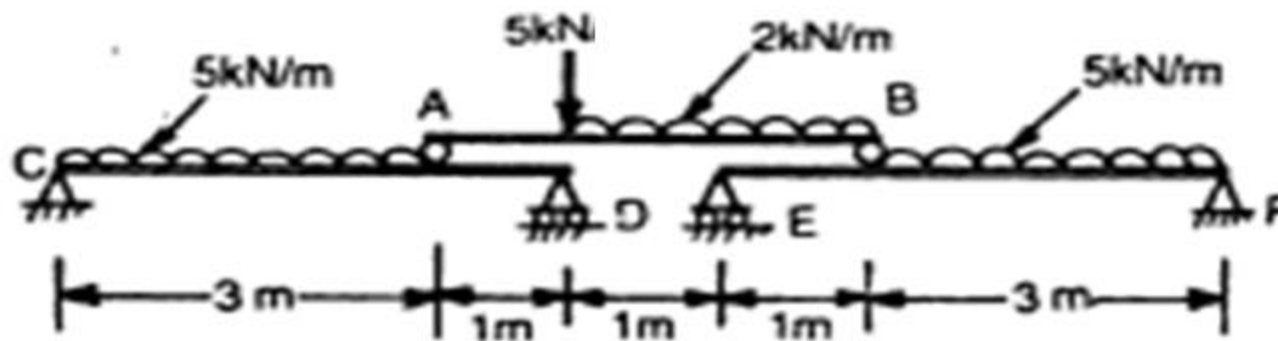
$$R_D = -7.5\text{kN}$$





# Problems on Beams

4. A compound beam is loaded as shown in fig. Determine the reaction at A, B, C, D, E and F.



$$R_A = 4.67 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_B = 4.33 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_C = 10.545 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_D = 9.125 \text{ kN}$$

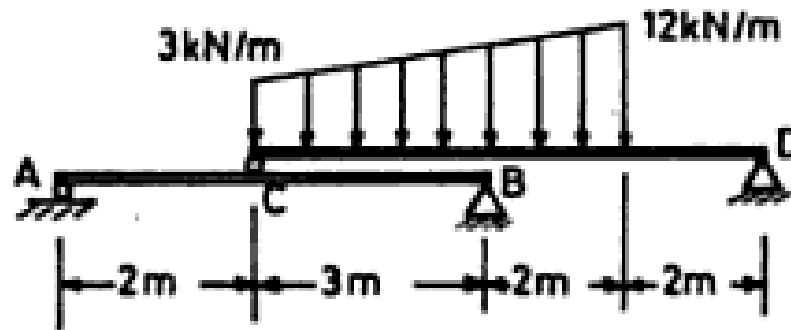
$$R_E = 8.87 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_F = 10.457 \text{ kN}$$



# Problems on Beams

5. Determine the reactions at A, B, C and D in the beam shown below



$$R_A = 12.85 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_B = 8.57 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_C = 21.42 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_D = 16.07 \text{ kN}$$

# Summary

- Based on the types of supports and the type of loads, the reactions developed in each support can be calculated

