Lecture No. 56 Tutorial

Lecture delivered by:



Objectives

At the end of this lecture, student will be able to:

• Solve problems on electromagnetic torque



 A series-wound motor is connected to a d.c. supply and develops full-load torque when the current is 30 A and speed is 1000 rev/min. If the flux per pole is proportional to the current flowing, find the current and speed at half full-load torque, when connected to the same supply.



 A 350 V shunt motor runs at its normal speed of 12 rev/s when the armature current is 90 A. The resistance of the armature is 0.3Ω . (a) Find the speed when the current is 45 A and a resistance of 0.4Ω is connected in series with the armature, the shunt field remaining constant. (b) Find the speed when the current is 45 A and the shunt field is reduced to 75% of its normal value by increasing resistance in the field circuit.



 A 320 V series motor takes 80 A and runs at 1080 rev/min at full load. The armature resistance is 0.2Ω and the series winding resistance is 0.05Ω . Assuming the flux is proportional to the field current, calculate the speed when developing full-load torque, but with a 0.15Ω diverter in parallel with the field winding.



• A 115V dc shunt motor draws an armature current of 25A when running at 1450 rpm at full load torque. Motor armature circuit resistance is 0.3Ω . Calculate the resistance to be added in series with motor armature to reduce the speed to 1200 rpm. Also calculate the armature efficiency.



- A shunt motor is running at 626 r/min when taking an armature current of 50A from a 440V supply. The armature circuit has a resistance of 0.28Ω . If the flux is suddenly reduced by 5%, find
 - a) the maximum value to which the current increases momentarily and the ratio of the corresponding torque to initial torque;
 - b) the steady state value of the armature current assuming constant load torque



Summary

- Understand and be able to use DC Shunt motor
- Understand and be able to use DC Series motor.
- Understand and be able to electromagnetic torque

