

**Course Code: ESC106A**  
**Course Title: Construction Materials and Engineering Mechanics**

**Lecture No. 55**  
**Numerical on Rectilinear motion**

**Delivered By: Deepthi M V**



# Lecture Intended Learning Outcomes

**At the end of this lecture, student will be able to:**

- Solve problems on rectilinear motion



# Contents

- Numerical problems on rectilinear motion



# Rectilinear motion: Problem 1

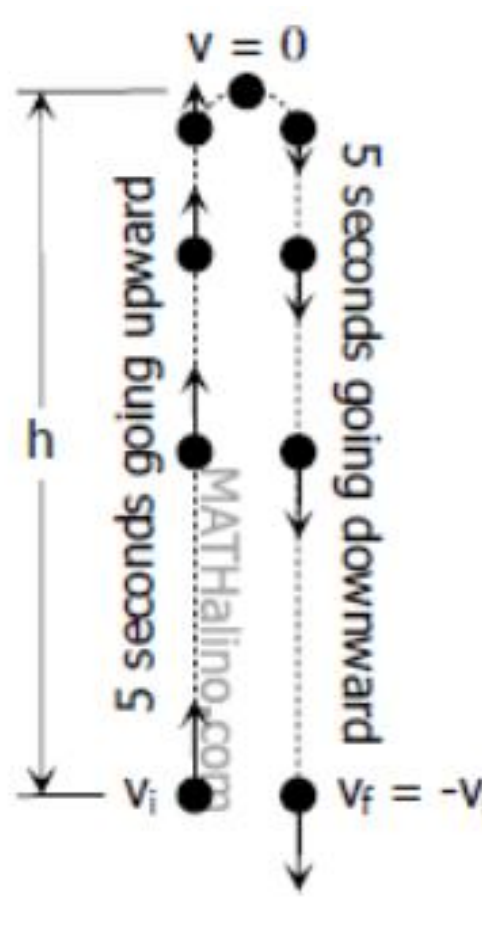
On a certain stretch of railway track, trains run at 96.56 kmph. Assume that the brakes are applied at once and retard the train at the uniform rate of  $0.61 \text{ m/s}^2$ . How far back train should be stopped?

**Ans:  $S=589.7\text{m}$**



## Rectilinear motion: Problem 2

A stone is thrown vertically upward and return to earth in 10 sec.  
What was its initial velocity and how high did it go?



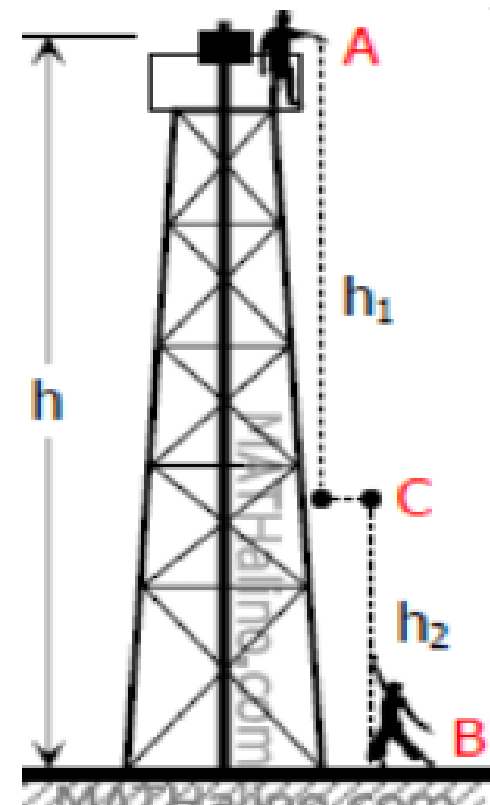
**Ans:  $h=122.625\text{m}$**



## Rectilinear motion: Problem 3

A ball is dropped from the top of a tower 24.38 m high, at the same instant a second ball is thrown upward from the ground with an initial velocity of 12.19 m/s. When and where do they pass, and with what relative velocity?

**Ans:**  $t=2 \text{ sec}$   
 $h_1=4.905\text{m}$   
 $V_r=12.19\text{m/s}$



# Summary

- A particle is said to be in linear motion, if the path traced by it is a straight line

