

MySQL Project Report

~By Alok



Business Requirement

- Creating Employees Database from scratch
- Perform various manipulation operations
- Payroll management
- Updating the Database



Functions Used

SELECT,LENGTH,LIKE,REPLACE

MAX,MIN,LPAD,REPLACE,

MONTHNAME,UPPER,BINARY,

RIGHT,SUBSTRING_INDEX,LIMIT

LEFT,INSTR,MONTH,DAY

6

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Table Characteristics

```
mysql> describe employees2024;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
job_id	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
employee_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
first_name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
last_name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
street_address	varchar(40)	YES		NULL	
phone_no	int	YES		NULL	
hire_date	date	YES		NULL	
email	varchar(40)	YES		NULL	

Table

```
mysql> select * from employees2024;
```

job_id	employee_id	first_name	last_name	street_address	phone_no	hire_date	email
ae_ele	40105	arjun	parihar	udaipur	84951876	2017-06-15	arjun.parihar@hrk.com
ae_pro	40118	bijay	agarwal	ratlam	85642341	2017-06-17	bijay.agarwal@hrk.com
ae_pro	40133	akash	kataria	rohtak	79541253	2018-07-11	akash.kataria@hrk.com
ae_pro	40156	nikita	mhatre	nagpur	76547124	2019-08-22	nikita.mhatre@hrk.com
ao_pro	40189	madhushmita	sharma	sambalpur	99312789	2020-07-18	madhu.sharma@hrk.com
ao_mgr	40201	amitanshu	gupta	jaipur	78512468	2021-06-22	amitanshu.gupta@hrk.com
ao_pro	40202	rohit	pawar	pune	90388366	2021-06-22	rohit.pawar@hrk.com
ae_fin	40206	jitesh	ranjan	bhubaneswar	99987124	2021-06-24	amit.ranjan@hrk.com
ae_lea	40209	anuradha	dixit	lucknow	99743698	2021-06-25	anu.dixit@hrk.com
ae_hr	40217	sumit	kumar	bhopal	98745486	2012-06-01	sumit.kumar@hrk.com

1. Write a query to get the job_id and related employee's id.

```
mysql> select job_id,employee_id
-> from employees2024;
```

job_id	employee_id
ae_ele	40105
ae_pro	40118
ae_pro	40133
ae_pro	40156
ao_pro	40189
ao_mgr	40201
ao_pro	40202
ae_fin	40206
ae_lea	40209
ae_hr	40217

2. Write a query to update the portion of the phone_number in the employees table, within the phone number the substring '124' will be replaced by '999'.

```
mysql> select employee_id,phone_no
-> from employees2024
-> where phone_no like '%124%';
```

employee_id	phone_no
40156	76547124
40201	78512468
40206	99987124

3 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> select employee_id,replace
-> (phone_no,'124','999') as new_phone_no
-> from employees2024 where phone_no like '%124%';
```

employee_id	new_phone_no
40156	76547999
40201	78599968
40206	99987999

3. Write a query to get the details of the employees where the length of the first name greater than or equal to 8.

```
mysql> select job_id,employee_id,first_name,Last_name
-> from employees2024 where length(first_name)>=8;
```

job_id	employee_id	first_name	Last_name
ao_pro	40189	madhushmita	sharma
ao_mgr	40201	amitanshu	gupta
ae_lea	40209	anuradha	dixit

4. Write a query to display leading zeros before maximum and minimum salary.

```
mysql> select first_name,salary
-> from employees2024;
```

first_name	salary
arjun	18900
bijay	18700
akash	18700
nikita	18700
madhushmita	44500
amitanshu	58300
rohit	44500
jitesh	19100
anuradha	18300
sumit	19500

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql>
mysql> select
-> lpad(min(salary), 10, '0') AS min_salary,
-> lpad(max(salary), 10, '0') AS max_salary
-> from employees2024;
```

min_salary	max_salary
0000018300	0000058300

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

5. Write a query to append '@example.com' to email field.

```
mysql> select job_id,email from employees2024;
+-----+-----+
| job_id | email                |
+-----+-----+
| ae_ele | arjun.parihar@hrk.com |
| ae_pro | bijay.agarwal@hrk.com |
| ae_pro | akash.kataria@hrk.com |
| ae_pro | nikita.mhatre@hrk.com |
| ao_pro | madhu.sharma@hrk.com  |
| ao_mgr | amitanshu.gupta@hrk.com |
| ao_pro | rohit.pawar@hrk.com   |
| ae_fin | amit.ranjan@hrk.com   |
| ae_lea | anu.dixit@hrk.com     |
| ae_hr  | sumit.kumar@hrk.com   |
+-----+-----+
```

10 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> select job_id,replace
-> (email,'@hrk.com','@example.com')
-> as new_email from employees2024;
```

```
+-----+-----+
| job_id | new_email              |
+-----+-----+
| ae_ele | arjun.parihar@example.com |
| ae_pro | bijay.agarwal@example.com |
| ae_pro | akash.kataria@example.com |
| ae_pro | nikita.mhatre@example.com |
| ao_pro | madhu.sharma@example.com  |
| ao_mgr | amitanshu.gupta@example.com |
| ao_pro | rohit.pawar@example.com   |
| ae_fin | amit.ranjan@example.com   |
| ae_lea | anu.dixit@example.com     |
| ae_hr  | sumit.kumar@example.com   |
+-----+-----+
```

6. Write a query to get the employee id, first name and hire month.

```
mysql> select employee_id,first_name,hire_date
-> from employees2024;
+-----+-----+-----+
| employee_id | first_name | hire_date |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 40105 | arjun | 2017-06-15 |
| 40118 | bijay | 2017-06-17 |
| 40133 | akash | 2018-07-11 |
| 40156 | nikita | 2019-08-22 |
| 40189 | madhushmita | 2020-07-18 |
| 40201 | amitanshu | 2021-06-22 |
| 40202 | rohit | 2021-06-22 |
| 40206 | jitesh | 2021-06-24 |
| 40209 | anuradha | 2021-06-25 |
| 40217 | sumit | 2012-06-01 |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

10 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> select employee_id,first_name,monthname
-> (hire_date) as hire_month
-> from employees2024;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| employee_id | first_name | hire_month |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 40105 | arjun | June |
| 40118 | bijay | June |
| 40133 | akash | July |
| 40156 | nikita | August |
| 40189 | madhushmita | July |
| 40201 | amitanshu | June |
| 40202 | rohit | June |
| 40206 | jitesh | June |
| 40209 | anuradha | June |
| 40217 | sumit | June |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

7. Write a query to get the employee id, email id (discard the last three characters).


```
mysql> select employee_id,email
-> from employees2024;
```

employee_id	email
40105	arjun.parihar@hrk.com
40118	bijay.agarwal@hrk.com
40133	akash.kataria@hrk.com
40156	nikita.mhatre@hrk.com
40189	madhu.sharma@hrk.com
40201	amitanshu.gupta@hrk.com
40202	rohit.pawar@hrk.com
40206	amit.ranjan@hrk.com
40209	anu.dixit@hrk.com
40217	sumit.kumar@hrk.com

10 rows in set (0.04 sec)

```
mysql> select employee_id,replace
-> (email,right(email,3),'') as email_new
-> from employees2024;
```

employee_id	email_new
40105	arjun.parihar@hrk.
40118	bijay.agarwal@hrk.
40133	akash.kataria@hrk.
40156	nikita.mhatre@hrk.
40189	madhu.sharma@hrk.
40201	amitanshu.gupta@hrk.
40202	rohit.pawar@hrk.
40206	amit.ranjan@hrk.
40209	anu.dixit@hrk.
40217	sumit.kumar@hrk.



8. Write a query to find all employees where first names are in upper case.


```
mysql> select employee_id,first_name
-> from employees2024;
```

employee_id	first_name
40105	ARJUN
40118	bijay
40133	AKASH
40156	NIKITA
40189	madhushmita
40201	amitanshu
40202	rohit
40206	jitesh
40209	ANURADHA
40217	sumit

10 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> select employee_id,first_name
-> from employees2024
-> where binary first_name
-> = UPPER(first_name);
```

employee_id	first_name
40105	ARJUN
40133	AKASH
40156	NIKITA
40209	ANURADHA



9. Write a query to extract the last 4 character of phone numbers.

```
mysql> select employee_id,phone_no
-> from employees2024;
```


employee_id	phone_no
40105	84951876
40118	85642341
40133	79541253
40156	76547124
40189	99312789
40201	78512468
40202	90388366
40206	99987124
40209	99743698
40217	98745486

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select employee_id,
-> right(phone_no,4) as new_no
-> from employees2024;
```

employee_id	new_no
40105	1876
40118	2341
40133	1253
40156	7124
40189	2789
40201	2468
40202	8366
40206	7124
40209	3698
40217	5486

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)



10. Write a query to get the last word of the street address.


```
mysql> select employee_id,street_address from employees2024;
```

employee_id	street_address
40105	Bhubaneswar,Odisha
40118	Jaipur,Rajasthan
40133	Udaipur,Rajasthan
40156	Ratlam,MP
40189	Bopal,MP
40201	Sambalpur,Odisha
40202	Nagpur,Maharashtra
40206	Lucknow,UP
40209	Pune,Maharashtra
40217	Rohtak,Haryana

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select street_address,substring_index
-> (street_address,',',-1) as state
-> from employees2024;
```

street_address	state
Bhubaneswar,Odisha	Odisha
Jaipur,Rajasthan	Rajasthan
Udaipur,Rajasthan	Rajasthan
Ratlam,MP	MP
Bopal,MP	MP
Sambalpur,Odisha	Odisha
Nagpur,Maharashtra	Maharashtra
Lucknow,UP	UP
Pune,Maharashtra	Maharashtra
Rohtak,Haryana	Haryana



11. Write a query to get the locations that have minimum street length.

```
mysql> select employee_id,  
-> street_address  
-> from employees2024;
```

employee_id	street_address
40105	Bhubaneswar,Odisha
40118	Jaipur,Rajasthan
40133	Udaipur,Rajasthan
40156	Ratlam,MP
40189	Bhopal,MP
40201	Sambalpur,Odisha
40202	Nagpur,Maharashtra
40206	Lucknow,UP
40209	Pune,Maharashtra
40217	Rohtak,Haryana

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select employee_id, street_address  
-> from employees2024  
-> order by length(street_address) asc  
-> limit 1;
```

employee_id	street_address
40156	Ratlam,MP

12. Write a query to display the first word from those job titles which contains more than one words.

```
mysql> select employee_id,job_title  
-> from employees2024;
```

employee_id	job_title
40105	electrical executive
40118	executive
40133	executive
40156	process executive
40189	associate manager
40201	manager
40202	assistant manager
40206	executive
40209	leaching executive
40217	hr executive

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select job_title,  
-> left(job_title,instr(job_title, ' ')-1)  
-> as first_word  
-> from employees2024  
-> where instr(job_title,' ')>0;
```

job_title	first_word
electrical executive	electrical
process executive	process
associate manager	associate
assistant manager	assistant
leaching executive	leaching
hr executive	hr

13. Write a query to display the length of first name for employees where last name contain character 'c' after 2nd position.

```
mysql> select employee_id,first_name,last_name,
-> length(first_name) from employees2024
-> where last_name like '__%c%';
```

employee_id	first_name	last_name	length(first_name)
40133	akash	katoch	5
40209	anuradha	pachauri	8

14. Write a query that displays the first name and the length of the first name for all employees whose name starts with the letters 'A', 'J' or 'M'. Give each column an appropriate label. Sort the results by the employees' first names.

```
mysql> select first_name as name,
-> length(first_name) as count
-> from employees2024
-> where first_name like 'a%'
-> or first_name like 'j%'
-> or first_name like 'm%'
-> order by first_name;
```

name	count
akash	5
amitanshu	9
anuradha	8
arjun	5
jitesh	6
madhushmita	11

15. Write a query to display the first name and salary for all employees. Format the salary to be 10 characters long, left-padded with the \$ symbol. Label the column SALARY.

```
mysql> select first_name,
-> lpad(salary,10,'$')
-> as SALARY
-> from employees2024;
```

first_name	SALARY
arjun	\$\$\$\$\$18900
bijay	\$\$\$\$\$18700
akash	\$\$\$\$\$18700
nikita	\$\$\$\$\$18700
madhushmita	\$\$\$\$\$44500
amitanshu	\$\$\$\$\$58300
rohit	\$\$\$\$\$44500
jitesh	\$\$\$\$\$19100
anuradha	\$\$\$\$\$18300
sumit	\$\$\$\$\$19500

10 rows in set (0.01 sec)

16. Write a query to display the first eight characters of the employees' first names and indicates the amounts of their salaries with '\$' sign. Each '\$' sign signifies a thousand dollars. Sort the data in descending order of salary.

```
mysql> select left(first_name,8)
-> as NAME,
-> lpad(salary,6,'$')
-> as SALARY
-> from employees2024;
```

NAME	SALARY
arjun	\$18900
bijay	\$18700
akash	\$18700
nikita	\$18700
madhushm	\$44500
amitansh	\$58300
rohit	\$44500
jitesh	\$19100
anuradha	\$18300
sumit	\$19500

17. Write a query to display the employees with their code, first name, last name and hire date who hired either on seventh day of any month or seventh month in any year.

```
mysql> select employee_id,first_name,
-> last_name,hire_date
-> from employees2024
-> where month(hire_date)=07 or
-> day(hire_date)=07;
```

employee_id	first_name	last_name	hire_date
40133	akash	katoch	2018-07-11
40189	madhushmita	sharma	2020-07-18
40202	rohit	pawar	2021-06-07
40217	sumit	kumar	2021-06-07



thank you

ALOK

EMail:

cool.alokranjan@gmail.com

GitHub:

<https://github.com/Alokranjan265?tab=repositories>

