$German_Shepherd_vetCompass_post.csv_run_25_20250529_154251$

May 29, 2025

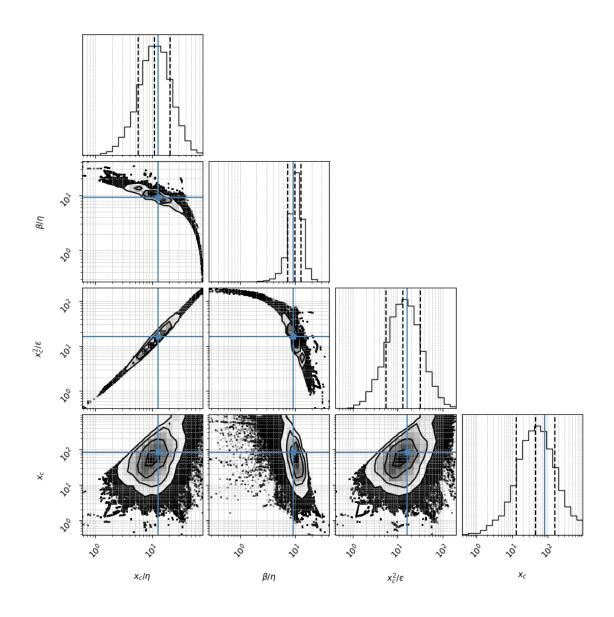
/Users/navehr/Dropbox/naveh/weizmann/uri alon/aging/code_3

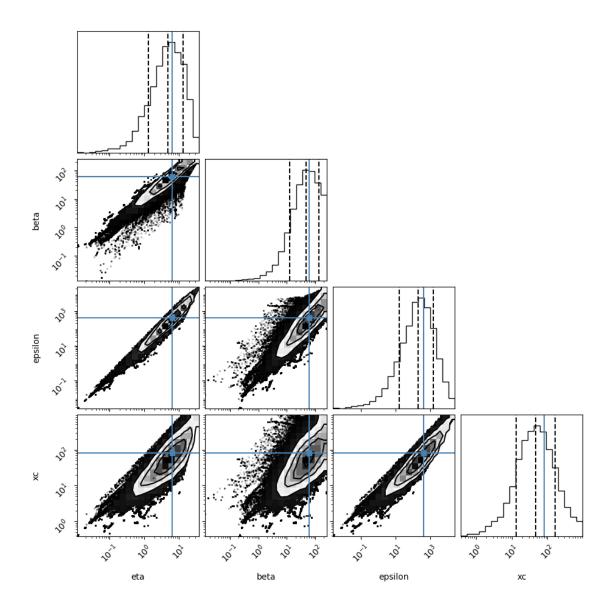
Loading file from: /Users/navehr/Dropbox/naveh/weizmann/uri alon/aging/code_3/baysian02/posterior_csvs_baysian01/DOGS/German_Shepherd_vetCompass_post.csv

Reading German_Shepherd

1 # 1. Density coner plot

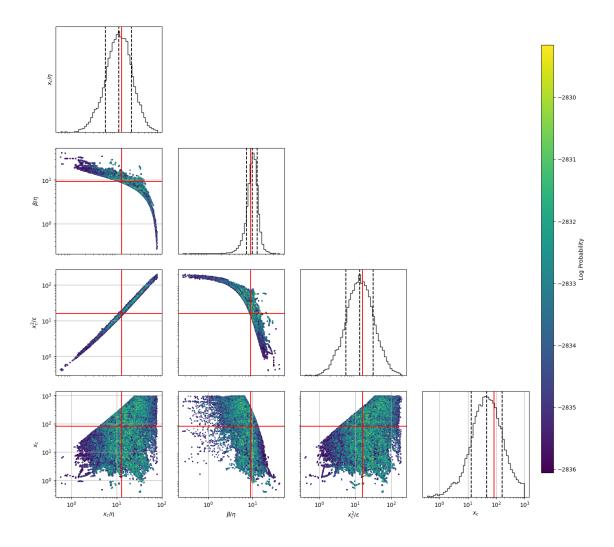
A sample is 1 parameter set scanned. For the corner plot below, the quantiles (represented by the solid lines) are 0.16,0.5,0.84 of the samples. Dots represent individual samples (outside the line surrounding 0.84 of the samples) The parameter search is performed in the transformed space of x_c/η , β/η , x_c^2/ϵ , x_c but we also show the regular parameters (16,)





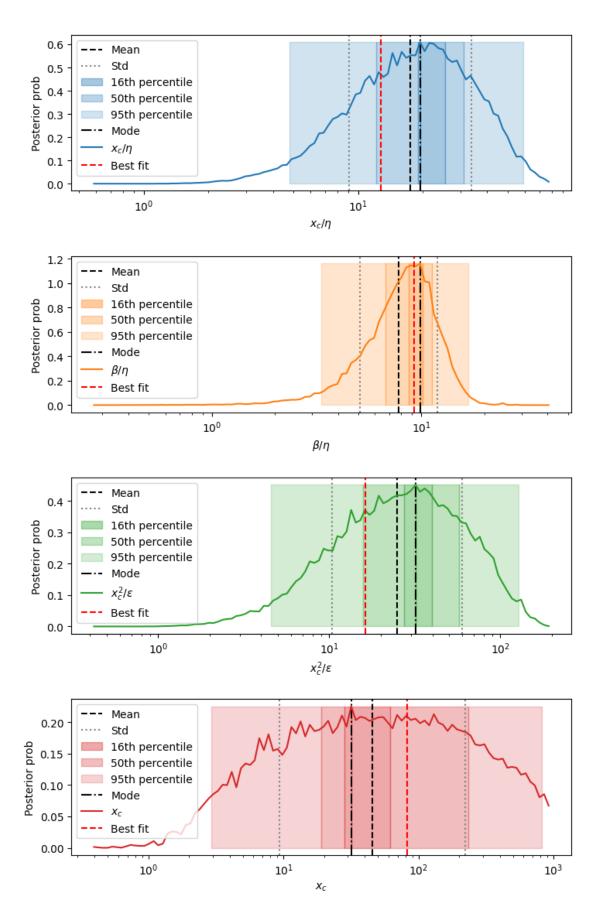
2 2. Heat map corner plot of raw samples

This plot shows all the raw sample points and their lnprobability



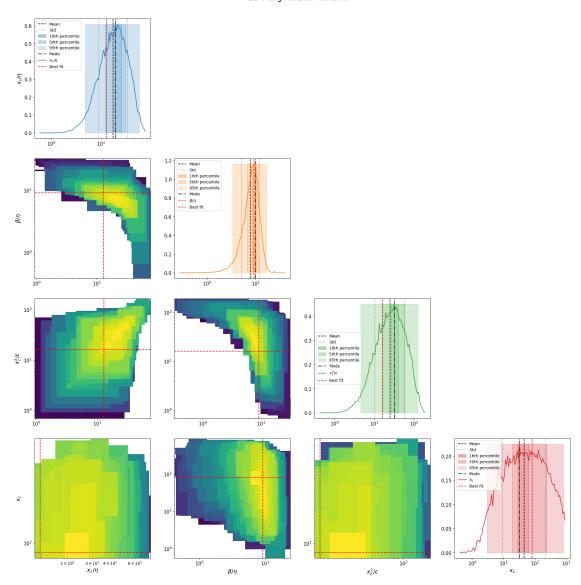
3 3. Posterior distributions of parameters

1d marginalizations of posterior distributions. we use a grid of size nbins=100-150



2D marginalizations of posterior distributions

2D Marginalized Posterior



Rescaling the samples TIME by 365

4 4. Table of results

mode is the marginalized mode, max_likwlihood is the sample with highest likelihood mode_overall is the 4D posterior mode

	mean		std	mode	\
xc/eta	17.443	[16.24	11, 8.41]	21.45	
beta/eta	7.789	[4.104	1, 2.688]	8.905	
xc^2/epsilon	24.936	[34.762	2, 14.52]	31.889	
xc	45.557	[176.89]	, 36.227]	34.344	
eta	2.202	[8.52	27, 1.75]	2.988	
beta	17.024	[65.533	, 13.513]	22.61	
epsilon	59.479	[1346.824]	, 56.963]	184.432	
sqrt(xc/eta)	4.13	[1.493	3, 1.097]	4.408	
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	5.836	[3.90	07, 2.34]	6.104	
beta*xc/epsilon	11.169	[2.715	5, 2.184]	11.601	
eta*xc/epsilon	1.408	[0.32	2, 0.261]	1.411	
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	3.725		9, 2.726]	4.274	
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	0.333	[0.724	1, 0.228]	0.342	
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	0.121	[0.665	5, 0.102]	0.0584	
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	239.582	[1055.626,		242.291	
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	1983.838	[40063.022, 1		11504.045	
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	29.679		24.926]	50.593	
epsilon/beta^2	0.222	· ·	2, 0.163]	0.17	
k/beta	0.0284		, 0.0224]	0.0269	
k^2/epsilon	0.00364		0.00348]	0.000515	
best fit_MedianLifetime	11.24	- ,	0.51	11.24	
best fit_MaxLifetime	18.87		0	18.87	
- data_MedianLifetime	10.73		0.53	10.73	
data_MaxLifetime	19.0		0	19.0	
_					
	percentile_16 percentile_50 \			\	
xc/eta	_	048, 24.266]	_	77, 32.626]	
beta/eta	[8.255, 9.605] [6.745, 11.176]				
xc^2/epsilon	[25.687, 37.216] [15.668, 53.92]				
XC	[28.237, 61.793] [15.091, 184.976]				
eta	[2.645, 5.961] [1.624, 17.147]				
beta	[16.028, 35.191] [6.616, 77.265]				
epsilon	[123.262, 617.82] [20.931, 2635.673]				
sqrt(xc/eta)	[4.044, 4.689] [3.487, 5.437]				
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	[5.558, 6.96] [4.276, 9.048]				
beta*xc/epsilon	[10.874, 11.854] [10.415, 12.922]				
eta*xc/epsilon	[1.346, 1.479] [1.225, 1.647				
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	[2.941, 5.348] [1.617, 9.726]				
Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2	[0.259, 0.451] [0.149, 0.784]				
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	[0.049, 0.124] [0.0193, 0.354]				
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	[149.126, 342.687] [85.636, 1039.179]				
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	[6442.806, 28608.676] [748.013, 77288.144]				
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	[31.527, 67.194] [12.243, 143.213]				
epsilon/beta^2	[0.138, 0.241] [0.0793, 0.42]				
k/beta	[0.0142, 0.0312] [0.00586, 0.062]				
k^2/epsilon		12, 0.00106]		5, 0.00735]	

best fit_MedianLifetime	[10.75, 11.75]] [10.75, 11.75]	
best fit_MaxLifetime	[18.87, 18.87]		
data MedianLifetime	[10.26, 11.26]		
data MaxLifetime	[19.0, 19.0]		
	percentile_95 max_likelihood mode_overall		
xc/eta	[4.763, 58.979]	12.778 23.219	
beta/eta	[3.163, 15.915]	9.206 7.114	
xc^2/epsilon	[4.553, 120.403]	16.188 32.674	
xc	[2.914, 819.125]	82.303 90.948	
eta	[0.111, 30.288]	6.441 0.48	
beta	[1.022, 251.376]	59.295 4.504	
epsilon	[0.195, 13210.652]	418.446 2.867	
sqrt(xc/eta)	[2.237, 7.31]	3.575 3.8	
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	[2.178, 15.292]	4.528 5.262	
beta*xc/epsilon	[6.766, 17.477]	11.663 14.123	
eta*xc/epsilon	[0.962, 2.071]	1.267 1.385	
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	[0.269, 50.37]	6.633 7.205	
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	[0.0354, 3.306]	0.569 0.51	
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	[0.00479, 4.073]	0.0709 0.068	
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	[10.698, 4776.997]	1091.783 295.401	
<pre>Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2</pre>	[7.239, 343190.739]	15409.378 5.998	
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	[0.717, 949.742]	77.355 309.593	
epsilon/beta^2	[0.0172, 3.866]	0.119 0.0477	
k/beta	[0.00199, 0.443]	0.00843 0.343	
k^2/epsilon	[1.89e-05, 1.088]	0.000597 2.461	
best fit_MedianLifetime	[10.75, 11.75]	11.24 NaN	
best fit_MaxLifetime	[18.87, 18.87]	18.87 NaN	
${\tt data_MedianLifetime}$	[10.26, 11.26]	10.73 NaN	
${\tt data_MaxLifetime}$	[19.0, 19.0]	19.0 NaN	

5 5. Fits of simulations to data

best params is the sample with highest likelihood. mode trans is the 4D posterior mode in the transformed space of $x_c/\eta,\,\beta/\eta,\,x_c^2/\epsilon,\,x_c$

