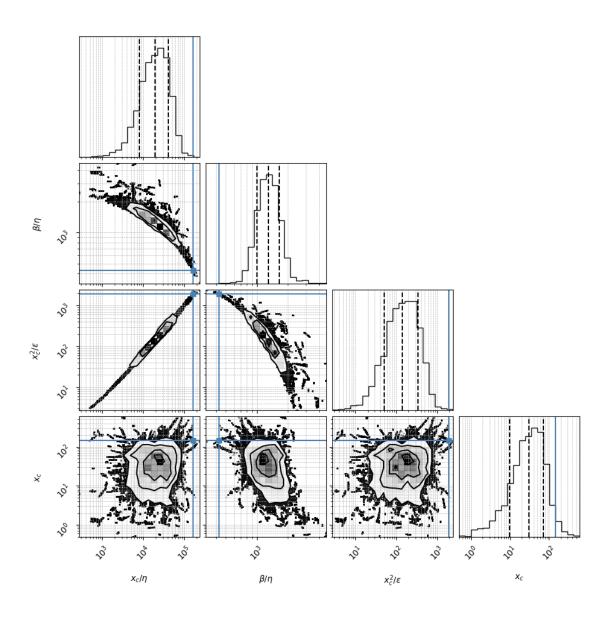
## mice\_M\_post.csv\_run\_2\_20250529\_134354

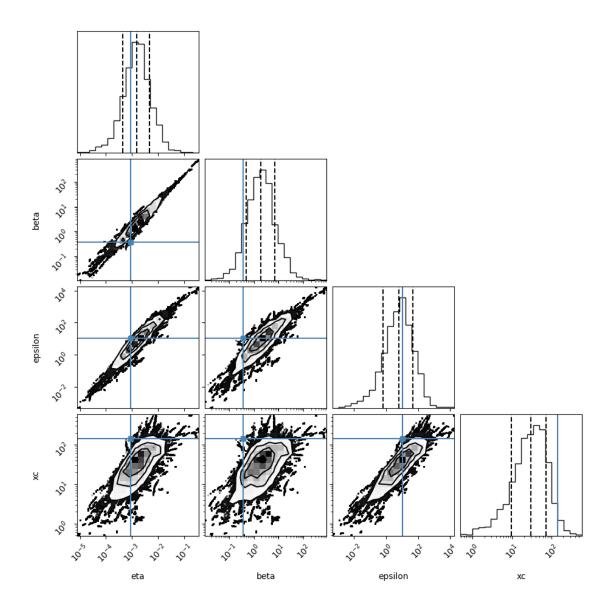
May 29, 2025

/Users/navehr/Dropbox/naveh/weizmann/uri alon/aging/code\_3
Loading file from: /Users/navehr/Dropbox/naveh/weizmann/uri
alon/aging/code\_3/baysian02/posterior\_csvs\_baysian01/mice\_M\_post.csv
Reading Mice\_M

## 1 # 1. Density coner plot

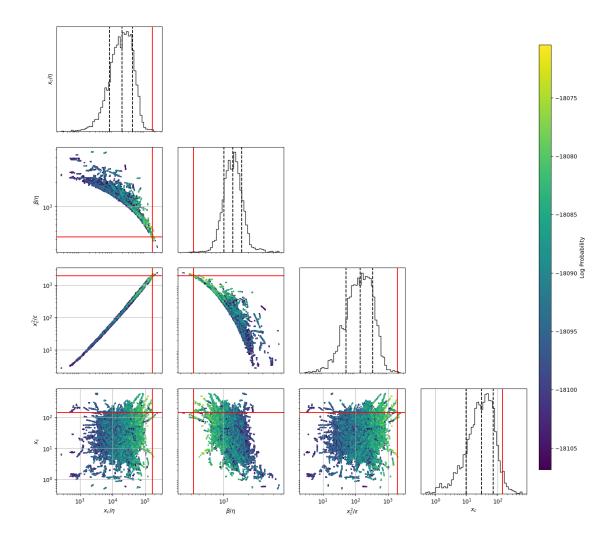
A sample is 1 parameter set scanned. For the corner plot below, the quantiles (represented by the solid lines) are 0.16,0.5,0.84 of the samples. Dots represent individual samples (outside the line surrounding 0.84 of the samples) The parameter search is performed in the transformed space of  $x_c/\eta$ ,  $\beta/\eta$ ,  $x_c^2/\epsilon$ ,  $x_c$  but we also show the regular parameters (16,)





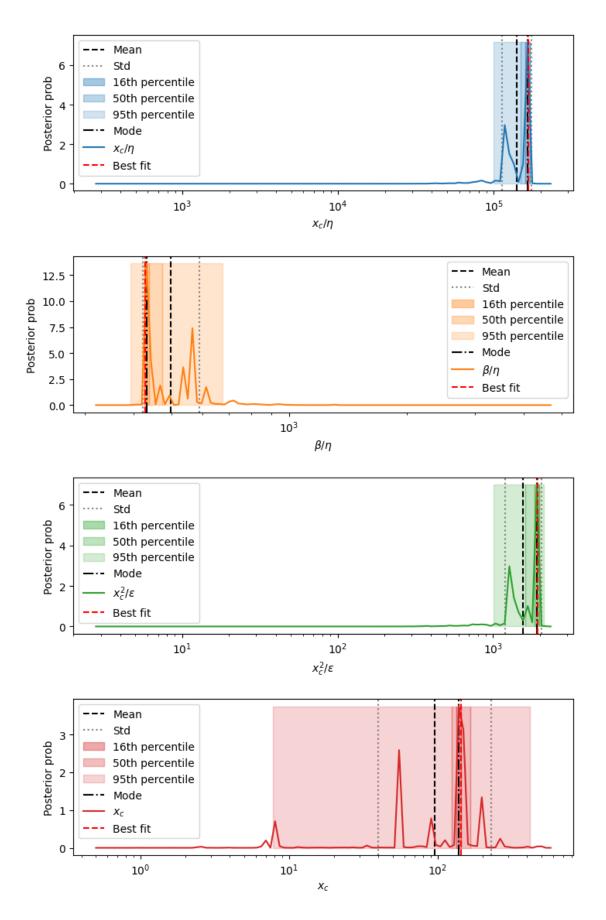
# 2 2. Heat map corner plot of raw samples

This plot shows all the raw sample points and their lnprobability



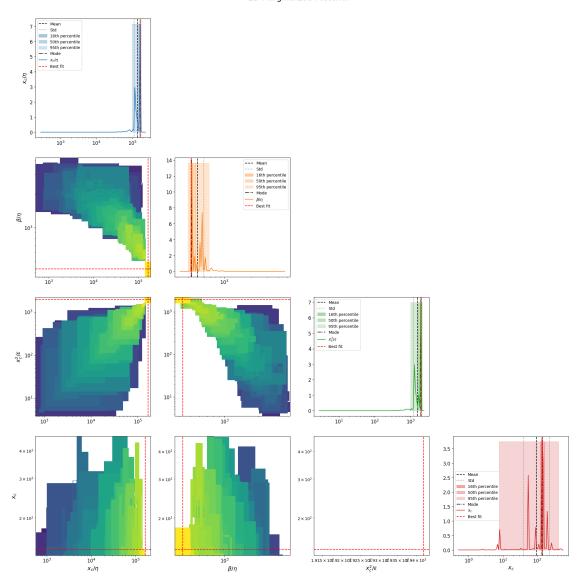
# 3 3. Posterior distributions of parameters

1d marginalizations of posterior distributions. we use a grid of size nbins=100-150



#### 2D marginalizations of posterior distributions

2D Marginalized Posterior



### 4 4. Table of results

mode is the marginalized mode, max\_likwlihood is the sample with highest likelihood mode\_overall is the 4D posterior mode

mean std mode \
xc/eta 134740.077 [47277.235, 34997.431] 130528.905

beta/eta	505.796	[114.24, 93.192]	441.384
xc^2/epsilon	1505.683	[690.187, 473.254]	1440.765
xc	97.991	[140.227, 57.683]	140.572
eta	0.000747	[0.000829, 0.000393]	0.000982
beta	0.363	[0.375, 0.184]	0.379
epsilon	7.372	[26.705, 5.777]	10.988
sqrt(xc/eta)	377.721	[55.849, 48.655]	369.566
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	4.219	[0.954, 0.778]	4.391
beta*xc/epsilon	5.373	[0.724, 0.638]	6.073
eta*xc/epsilon	0.011	[0.000895, 0.000827]	0.0114
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	1.828	[2.019, 0.959]	2.458
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	0.334	[0.277, 0.151]	0.265
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	0.0233	[0.0285, 0.0128]	0.0171
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	343.813	[303.589, 161.226]	328.745
<pre>Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2</pre>	12626.476	[52622.696, 10183.106]	19877.958
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	11.554	[15.589, 6.636]	15.649
epsilon/beta^2	52.195	[37.9, 21.957]	39.469
k/beta	1.376	[1.537, 0.726]	1.422
k^2/epsilon	0.0367	[0.143, 0.0292]	0.0227
best fit_MedianLifetime	747.75	0.51	747.75
best fit_MaxLifetime	1500.0	0	1500.0
data_MedianLifetime	770.0	0.52	770.0
data_MaxLifetime	1338.0	0	1338.0

# percentile\_16 \ [127605.117. 139708 395]

xc/eta	[127605.117, 139708.395]		
beta/eta	[429.59, 453.502]		
xc^2/epsilon	[1346.039, 1542.157]		
xc	[130.912, 158.28]		
eta	[0.000882, 0.00102]		
beta	[0.338, 0.424]		
epsilon	[9.225, 13.089]		
sqrt(xc/eta)	[365.403, 382.34]		
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	[4.234, 4.554]		
beta*xc/epsilon	[5.845, 6.214]		
eta*xc/epsilon	[0.0113, 0.0116]		
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	[2.04, 2.75]		
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	[0.257, 0.309]		
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	[0.0157, 0.0198]		
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	[290.107, 342.736]		
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	[16718.563, 23634.401]		
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	[13.702, 17.874]		
epsilon/beta^2	[35.399, 44.006]		
k/beta	[1.27, 1.592]		
k^2/epsilon	[0.0214, 0.0271]		
best fit_MedianLifetime	[747.26, 748.26]		
best fit_MaxLifetime	[1500.0, 1500.0]		

data_MaxLifetime	[1338.0	0, 1338.0]		
	per	centile_50	percentile_95	\
xc/eta	[111387.504, 1	52959.662]	[49277.283, 167467.805]	
beta/eta	[414.353	, 573.487]	[414.353, 917.089]	
xc^2/epsilon	[1229.354,	1688.532]	[453.408, 1934.552]	
xc	[85.404]	, 165.973]	[14.068, 338.229]	
eta	[0.000764	, 0.00136]	[0.000225, 0.00399]	
beta	[0.29	91, 0.718]	[0.127, 3.232]	
epsilon	[7.305, 20.87]		[0.352, 151.587]	
sqrt(xc/eta)	[333.748, 391.101]		[217.013, 409.228]	
$s = eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon$	[3.75, 4.78]		[1.995, 5.268]	
beta*xc/epsilon	[5.668, 6.917]		[5.015, 8.061]	
eta*xc/epsilon	[0.0107, 0.0117]		[0.00847, 0.0118]	
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	[1.209, 2.963]		[1.122, 20.673]	
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>		12, 0.473]	[0.214, 2.442]	
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	[0.0148, 0.0315]		[0.00783, 0.403]	
Fk=beta^2/eta*k		, 478.367]	[191.23, 3253.644]	
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	[13272.982, 4		[1320.274, 376972.625]	
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon		3, 25.476]	[5.17, 137.168]	
epsilon/beta^2		3, 58.822]	[8.92, 78.626]	
k/beta		72, 1.851]	[0.18, 2.696]	
k^2/epsilon		1, 0.0384]	[0.00165, 0.445]	
best fit_MedianLifetime		5, 748.26]	[747.26, 748.26]	
best fit_MaxLifetime		0, 1500.0]	[1500.0, 1500.0]	
data_MedianLifetime		2, 770.52]	[769.52, 770.52]	
data_MaxLifetime	[1338.0	0, 1338.0]	[1338.0, 1338.0]	
	max_likelihood r			
xc/eta	166402.798			
beta/eta	428.49	428.49		
xc^2/epsilon	1941.984	1941.984		
XC	143.817	143.817		
eta	0.000864	0.000864		
beta	0.37	0.37		
epsilon	10.651	10.651		
sqrt(xc/eta)	407.925	407.925		
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	4.761	4.761		
beta*xc/epsilon	5.001	5.001		
eta*xc/epsilon	0.0117	0.0117		
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	1.103	1.103		
Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2	0.221	0.221		
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	0.0174	0.0174		
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	317.365	317.365		
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	18254.642	18254.642		
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	5.518	5.518		

[769.52, 770.52]

 ${\tt data\_MedianLifetime}$ 

epsilon/beta^2	77.66	77.66
k/beta	1.35	1.35
k^2/epsilon	0.0235	0.0235
best fit_MedianLifetime	747.75	NaN
best fit_MaxLifetime	1500.0	NaN
data_MedianLifetime	770.0	NaN
data_MaxLifetime	1338.0	NaN

## 5 5. Fits of simulations to data

best params is the sample with highest likelihood. mode trans is the 4D posterior mode in the transformed space of  $x_c/\eta,\,\beta/\eta,\,x_c^2/\epsilon,\,x_c$ 

