Sweden\_F\_1910\_homo\_post.csv\_run\_14\_20250525\_212907

May 25, 2025

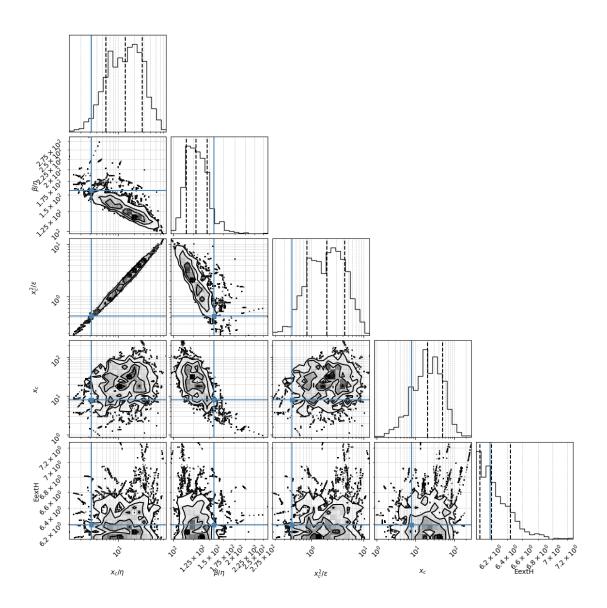
/Users/navehr/Dropbox/naveh/weizmann/uri alon/aging/code\_3

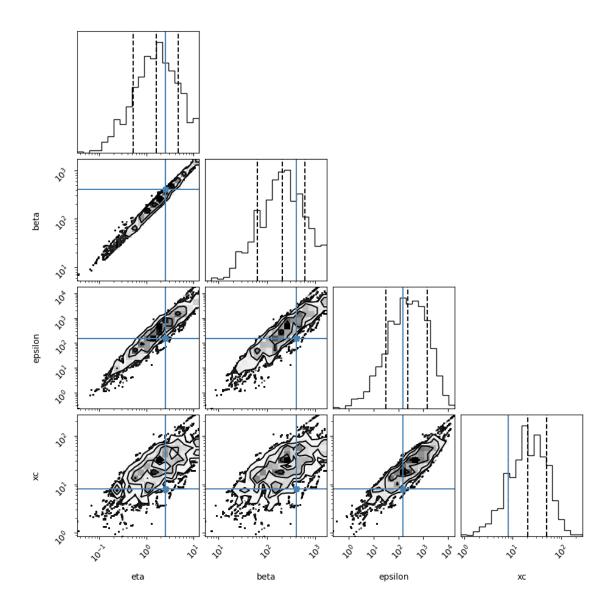
Loading file from: /Users/navehr/Dropbox/naveh/weizmann/uri alon/aging/code\_3/baysian02/posterior\_csvs\_baysian01/HUMANS/Sweden\_F\_1910\_homo\_post.csv

Reading Humans\_F

### 1 # 1. Density coner plot

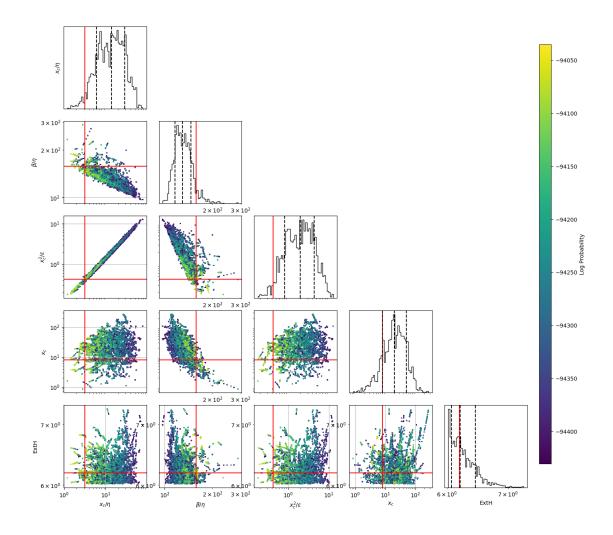
A sample is 1 parameter set scanned. For the corner plot below, the quantiles (represented by the solid lines) are 0.16,0.5,0.84 of the samples. Dots represent individual samples (outside the line surrounding 0.84 of the samples) The parameter search is performed in the transformed space of  $x_c/\eta$ ,  $\beta/\eta$ ,  $x_c^2/\epsilon$ ,  $x_c$  but we also show the regular parameters (25,)





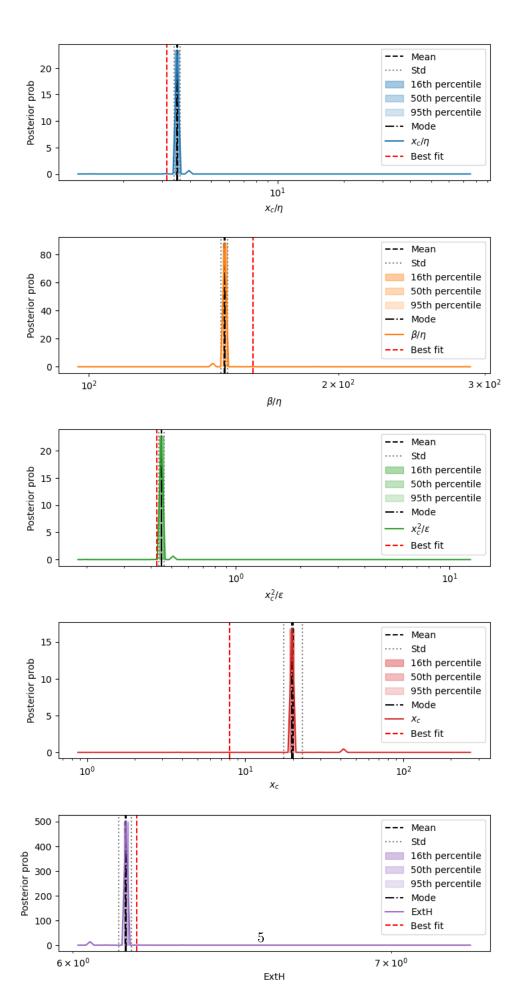
## 2 2. Heat map corner plot of raw samples

This plot shows all the raw sample points and their lnprobability



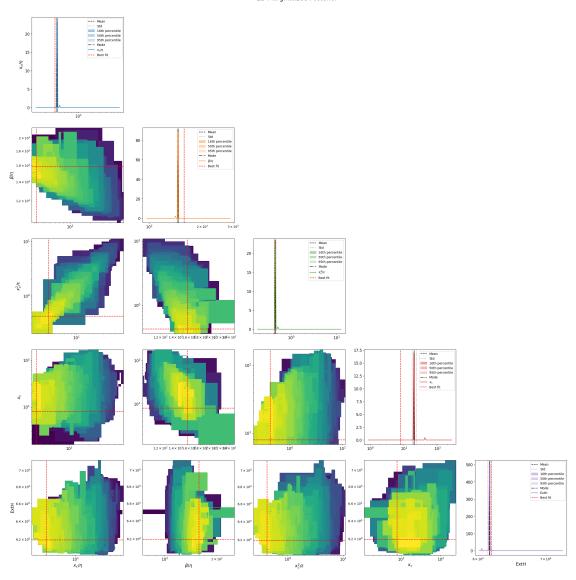
# 3 3. Posterior distributions of parameters

1d marginalizations of posterior distributions. we use a grid of size nbins=100-150



#### 2D marginalizations of posterior distributions

2D Marginalized Posterior



Rescaling the samples TIME by 365

### 4 4. Table of results

mode is the marginalized mode, max\_likwlihood is the sample with highest likelihood mode\_overall is the 4D posterior mode

	mean	std	mode	\
xc/eta	3.506	[0.115, 0.111]	3.646	
beta/eta	145.742	[1.335, 1.323]	149.076	
xc^2/epsilon	0.449	[0.0141, 0.0137]	0.467	
ХС	20.151	[2.905, 2.539]	20.959	
ExtH	6.154	[0.0183, 0.0183]	6.192	
eta	7.278	[4.035, 2.596]	8.788	
beta	1125.481	[568.622, 377.765]	1340.014	
epsilon	1091.617	[1731.384, 669.503]	1629.274	
sqrt(xc/eta)	1.869	[0.042, 0.0411]	1.909	
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	0.249	[0.00603, 0.00589]	0.249	
beta*xc/epsilon	19.461	[0.23, 0.228]	19.29	
eta*xc/epsilon	0.135	[5.48e-05, 5.48e-05]	0.133	
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	7886.094	[43.618, 43.378]	7886.772	
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	370.559	[1.218, 1.214]	334.316	
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	0.302	[0.208, 0.123]	0.38	
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	394232.798	[113222.006, 87960.204]	402752.543	
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	210301.871	[550095.836, 152139.049]	1123352.151	
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	204043.423	[164952.747, 91213.747]	119084.449	
beta^2/epsilon	810.274	[90.615, 81.501]	1136.872	
k/beta	0.000519	[0.000145, 0.000113]	0.000373	
k/epsilon	0.000432	[0.000371, 0.0002]	0.000603	
best fit_MedianLifetime	75.59	0.51	75.59	
best fit_MaxLifetime	110.0	0	110.0	
data_MedianLifetime	80.0	0.5	80.0	
data_MaxLifetime	109.0	0	109.0	
data_naxbiretime	100.0	v	100.0	
		percentile_1	6 \	
xc/eta		[3.571, 3.722		
beta/eta		[148.258, 149.898		
xc^2/epsilon	[0.458, 0.477]			
xc	[20.363, 21.573]			
ExtH	[20.363, 21.573] [6.186, 6.198]			
eta	[8.53, 9.053]			
beta	[8.53, 9.053]			
epsilon				
sqrt(xc/eta)	[1539.906, 1723.827] [1.80 1.929]			
s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon	[1.89, 1.929]			
beta*xc/epsilon	[0.246, 0.252]			
eta*xc/epsilon	[19.193, 19.387]			
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	[0.133, 0.133] [7217 537 8123 366]			
Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2	[7217.537, 8123.366]			
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	[325.819, 343.034]			
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	[0.368, 0.393]			
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	[391182.294, 414665.013]			
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	[1064861.275, 1185055.824]			
<del>-</del>	[115176.064, 123125.462]			
beta^2/epsilon		[1104.441, 1170.256]	J	

<pre>k/beta k/epsilon best fit_MedianLifetime best fit_MaxLifetime data_MedianLifetime data_MaxLifetime</pre>	[0.000362, 0.000384]	
<pre>xc/eta beta/eta xc^2/epsilon xc ExtH eta beta epsilon sqrt(xc/eta) s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon beta*xc/epsilon eta*xc/epsilon Fx=beta^2/eta*xc Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2 Pk=beta*k/epsilon Fk=beta^2/eta*k Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2 Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon beta^2/epsilon k/beta k/epsilon best fit_MedianLifetime best fit_MaxLifetime data_MedianLifetime data_MaxLifetime</pre>	percentile_50	
<pre>xc/eta beta/eta xc^2/epsilon xc ExtH eta beta epsilon sqrt(xc/eta) s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon beta*xc/epsilon eta*xc/epsilon</pre>	percentile_95	\

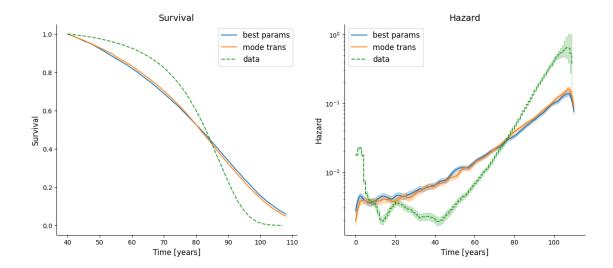
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	[5062.301, 8618.061]
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	[293.936, 361.159]
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	[0.344, 0.514]
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	[369029.414, 414665.013]
<pre>Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2</pre>	[406706.444, 1467676.566]
Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon	[100783.851, 140708.119]
beta^2/epsilon	[736.504, 1239.992]
k/beta	[0.000323, 0.000407]
k/epsilon	[0.00029, 0.000715]
best fit_MedianLifetime	[75.1000000000001, 76.1000000000001]
best fit_MaxLifetime	[110.0, 110.0]
data_MedianLifetime	[79.51, 80.5]
data_MaxLifetime	[109.0, 109.0]

	max_likelihood	$mode\_overall$
xc/eta	3.144	3.426
beta/eta	157.871	146.287
xc^2/epsilon	0.426	0.456
xc	7.987	19.225
ExtH	6.188	6.152
eta	2.54	9.035
beta	401.038	1359.399
epsilon	149.785	1675.473
sqrt(xc/eta)	1.773	1.851
<pre>s= eta^0.5*xc^1.5/epsilon</pre>	0.24	0.247
beta*xc/epsilon	21.384	19.488
eta*xc/epsilon	0.135	0.135
Fx=beta^2/eta*xc	7927.305	7927.305
<pre>Dx =beta*epsilon/eta*xc^2</pre>	370.72	370.72
Pk=beta*k/epsilon	1.339	0.218
Fk=beta^2/eta*k	126624.821	425770.633
Dk =beta*epsilon/eta*k^2	94587.272	94587.272
$Fk^2/Dk=beta^3/eta*epsilon$	169513.773	169513.773
beta^2/epsilon	1073.746	832.032
k/beta	0.00125	0.000609
k/epsilon	0.00334	0.000617
best fit_MedianLifetime	75.59	NaN
best fit_MaxLifetime	110.0	NaN
data_MedianLifetime	80.0	NaN
data_MaxLifetime	109.0	NaN

## 5 5. Fits of simulations to data

best params is the sample with highest likelihood. mode trans is the 4D posterior mode in the transformed space of  $x_c/\eta,\,\beta/\eta,\,x_c^2/\epsilon,\,x_c$ 

Text(0, 0.5, 'Hazard')



Text(0, 0.5, 'Prob density')

