MISSION:

Deliver packages to locations before they expire (hopefully with a minimal amount of robot motion)

BASIC ASSUMPTIONS:

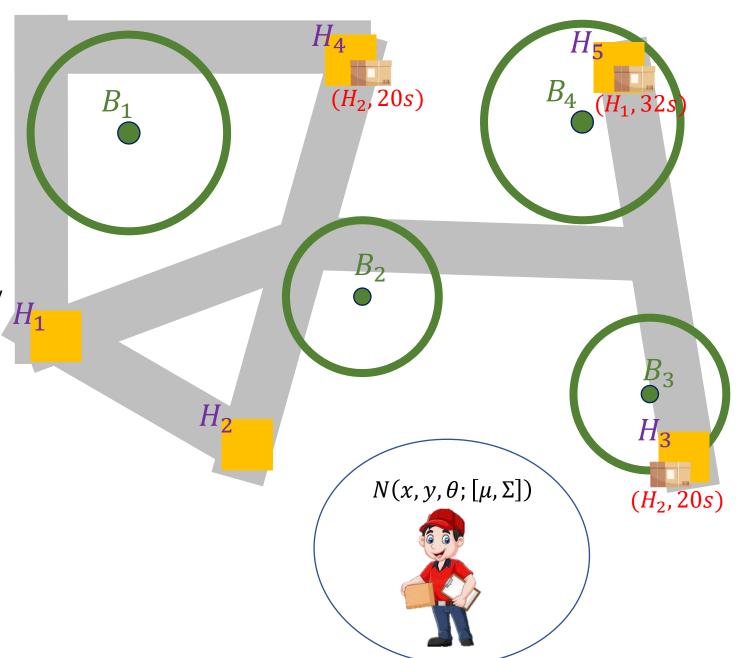
- Known map of Houses, Roads(Intersections).
- Known Beacon locations
- Package states are fully observable(target,location time)
- Robot can carry any number of packages at once

ROBOT STASTE:

- Robot state is partially observable and estimated by a gaussian (μ, Σ)
- Beacons provide stochastic measurements of bearing/range
- Stochastic odometry measurements allow for propagating a motion model

MORE CONSTRAINTS:

- Robot can pickup a package only if $trace(\Sigma)$ is small enough and is close enough to the package
- →We can't ignore the beacons in planning.



Full Planning:

I-robot state, packages state G-packages at goals not expired

ACTIONS:

- Pick-up
- Drop-down
- Move to (costs time depending on distance)

NOTE:

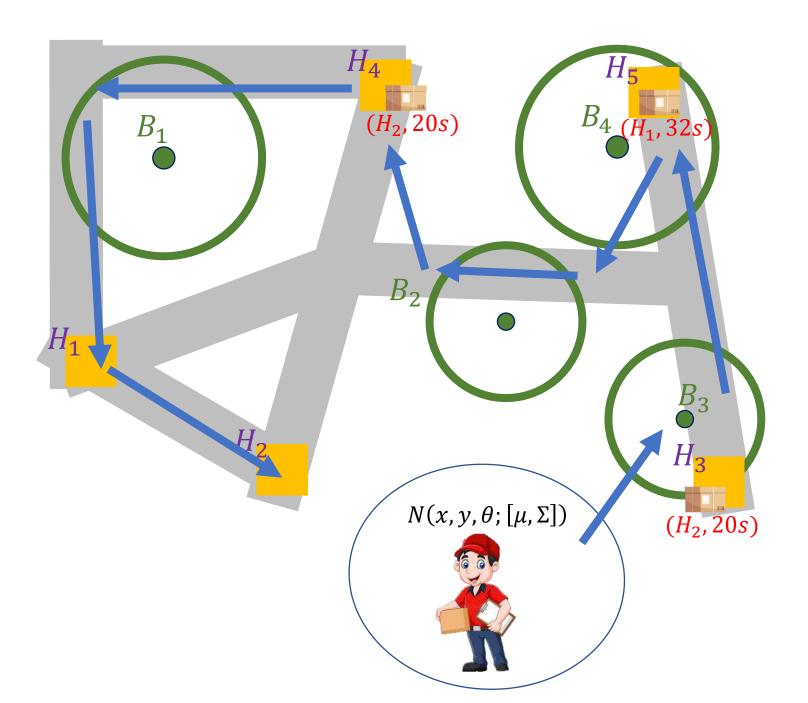
 Problems with no possible solutions can be formulated. We can/should report failure.

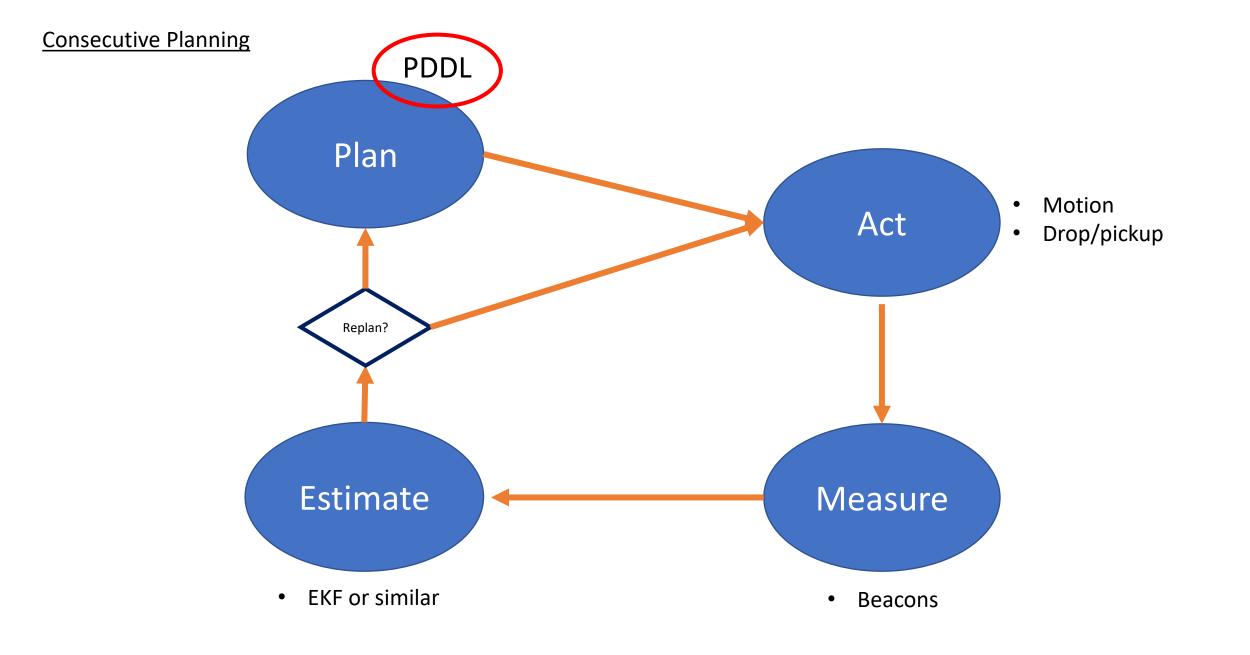
Consecutive Planning

 Due to the stochasticity of the motion model, a plan made can be no longer feasible.

Example: flat tire.

In that case we will want to fix the tire and replan.





PROBLEM

Our classic PDDL solver is not capable of POMDP!

Solution:

We make further assumptions when planning

What are our options? What are we dealing with?

PDDL2.1

Additional features:

- numeric expressions;
- metrics;
- durative actions (both discretised and continuous).

The differences between the PDDL2.1 syntax and the PDDL (McDermott, 2000) syntax:

- operations increase, decrease and assign are used instead of +, - and change;
- numeric expressions are not allowed to appear as terms in the language (that is, as arguments to predicates or values of action parameters);
- functions are restricted to be of type $Object^n o \mathbb{R}$.

Suggestion:

Action: $Move(x_k \rightarrow x_{k+1})$

Effect: Increase/Decrease uncertainty estimator $U \in \mathbb{R}^1$

$$trace(\Sigma_{k+1}) = U_{k+1} \approx (U_k + g(x_k, x_{k+1})) \sum_{x_{beacon}} h(x_k, x_{k+1}, x_{beacon})$$

Exploring proper g, h is part of the project

Tools of the trade

https://github.com/IBM/pddl-in-python

PDDL in Python – Python DSL for writing a PDDL

A minimal implementation of a DSL which allows people to write PDDL in python. Based on parsing python's AST.

Author: Masataro Asai

License: MIT.

Example in examples/blocksworld.py:

```
class Blocksworld(Domain):
   def move_b_to_b(bm, bf, bt):
       if clear[bm] and clear[bt] and on[bm, bf]:
           clear[bt] = False
           on[bm, bf] = False
           on[bm, bt] = True
           clear[bf] = True
    def move_b_to_t(bm, bf):
       if clear[bm] and on[bm, bf]:
           on[bm, bf] = False
           on_table[bm] = True
           clear[bf] = True
    def move_t_to_b(bm, bt):
       if clear[bm] and clear[bt] and on_table[bm]:
           clear[bt] = False
           on_table[bm] = False
           on[bm, bt] = True
print(Blocksworld())
```



```
(domain blocksworld
 (:requirement :strips)
 (:types)
 (:predicates
   (clear ?x0)
   (on ?x0 ?x1)
   (on-table ?x0))
 (:action move-b-to-b :parameters (?bm ?bf ?bt)
  :preconditions
  (and
    (clear ?bm)
    (clear ?bt)
    (on ?bm ?bf))
   :effects
    (not (clear ?bt))
    (not (on ?bm ?bf))
    (on ?bm ?bt)
    (clear ?bf)))
 (:action move-b-to-t :parameters (?bm ?bf)
  :preconditions
  (and
    (clear ?bm)
    (on ?bm ?bf))
   :effects
  (and
    (not (on ?bm ?bf))
    (on-table ?bm)
    (clear ?bf)))
 (:action move-t-to-b :parameters (?bm ?bt)
  :preconditions
  (and
    (clear ?bm)
    (clear ?bt)
    (on-table ?bm))
   :effects
    (not (clear ?bt))
    (not (on-table ?bm))
    (on ?bm ?bt))))
```

https://github.com/caelan/SS-Replan

SS-Replan

Online observation, estimatation, planning, and control for a Franka Panda Robot operating in NVIDIA SRL's simulated kitchen environment.

Installation

SS-Replan supports both Python 2 and Python 3.

- Install Git LFS
- \$ pip install numpy scipy pybullet sklearn
- \$ git 1fs clone --branch master --recurse-submodules https://github.com/caelan/SS-Replan.git
- \$ cd SS-Replan
- SS-Replan\$ git lfs install
- SS-Replan\$./pddlstream/FastDownward/build.py release64
- SS-Replan\$ cd ss-pybullet/pybullet_tools/ikfast/franka_panda
- SS-Replan/ss-pybullet/pybullet_tools/ikfast/franka_panda\$./setup.py

It's also possible to use TRAC-IK instead of IKFast; however it requires installing ROS (\$ sudo apt install roskinetic-trac-ik).

PyBullet Examples

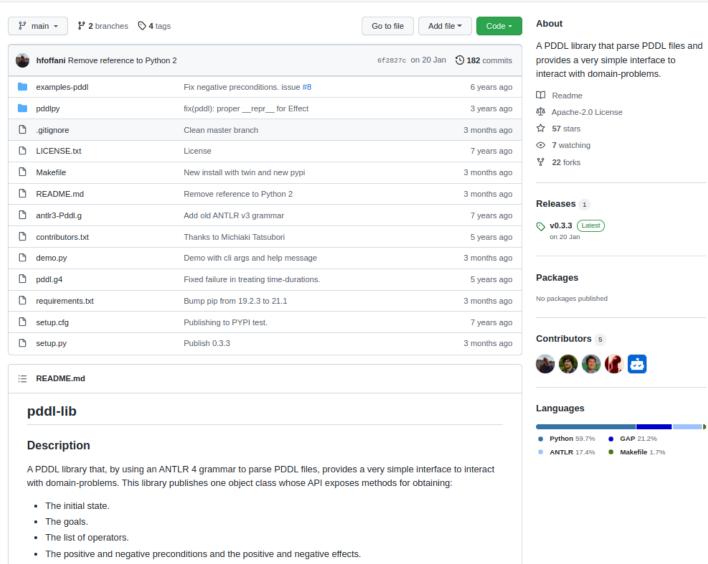
- SS-Replan\$ git pull
- SS-Replan\$ git submodule update --init --recursive
- SS-Replan\$./run_pybullet.py [-h]



Languages

Python 99.9%
 Other 0.1%

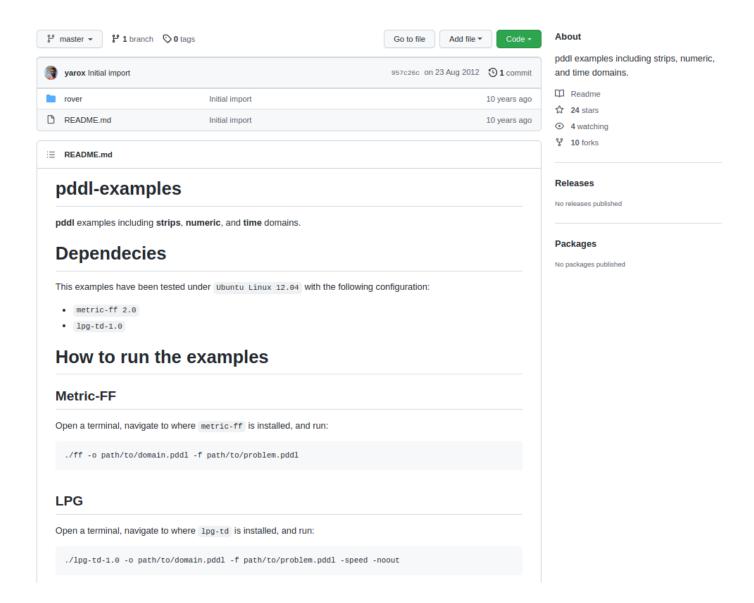
https://github.com/hfoffani/pddl-lib



· The grounded states of a given operator (grounded variables, preconditions and effects).

This is enough for the user to focus on the implementation of state-space or plan-space search algorithms.

https://github.com/yarox/pddl-examples



https://github.com/jingxixu/pddlstream

