# Technion – Israel Institute of Technology



# HW5

# Vision Aided Navigation 086761

Alon Spinner	305184335	alonspinner@gmail.com
Sher Hazan	308026467	sherhazan@campus.technion.ac.il

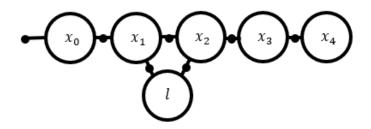
December 22, 2021

Question 1: Factor graph, variable elimination and Bayes net. Consider a SAM problem where a robot travels through an unknown environment and captures observations using its onboard sensors. Assume the robot starts at time  $t_0$ , with a known prior p(x) and consider motion and observation models  $p(x_k|x_{k-1},u_{k-1})$  and  $p(z_{k,i}|x_k,l_i)$ , respectively, where  $l_i$  denotes the  $i^{th}$  landmark. The robot moves according to given controls and observes a single landmark at time instances  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ .

a: Write the joint pdf corresponding to the above scenario until time  $t_4$ :  $p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_1, z_2)$ 

$$p(x_{k}|x_{k-1},u_{k-1}) \sim motion \, model$$
 
$$p(z_{k}|x_{k},l_{i}) \sim measurement \, model$$
 
$$p(x_{0:4},l|u_{0:3},z_{1},z_{2}) \underset{cond.\\+indep.}{=} p(x_{4}|x_{3}u_{3})p(x_{3}|x_{2},u_{2}) \cdot \underbrace{p(x_{0:2},l|u_{0:1},z_{1:2})}_{known \, structure} =$$
 
$$= p(x_{4}|x_{3}u_{3})p(x_{3}|x_{2},u_{2}) \cdot p(x_{0}) \prod_{i=1}^{2} \eta_{i}p(z_{i}|x_{i},l)p(x_{i}|u_{i-1},x_{i-1}) =$$
 
$$\left\{ \eta = \prod_{i=1}^{2} \eta_{i} \colon not \, a \, function \, of \, x \, or \, l, the \, varibles \, we \, optimize \, on \right\}$$
 
$$= \eta \cdot p(x_{4}|x_{3}u_{3})p(x_{3}|x_{2},u_{2}) \cdot p(x_{0}) \prod_{i=1}^{2} p(z_{i}|x_{i},l)p(x_{i}|u_{i-1},x_{i-1})$$

b: Draw the corresponding factor graph.



c: Eliminate the factor graph into a Bayes net, assuming elimination order:

$$x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, l$$

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) = \eta \cdot p(x_0)p(x_1|x_0, u_0)p(x_2|x_1, u_1)p(x_3|x_2, u_2)p(x_4|x_3, u_3)p(z_1|x_1, l)p(z_2|x_2, l)$$

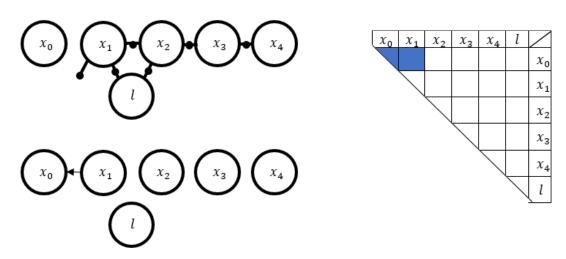
$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto f_0(x_0)f_1(x_0, x_1)f_2(x_1, x_2)f_3(x_2, x_3)f_4(x_3, x_4)f_{l1}(x_1, l)f_{l2}(x_2, l)$$

#### *Elinination of* $x_0$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_0, x_1) = f_0(x_0) f_1(x_0, x_1) \propto p(x_0 | x_1) \cdot f_{1-new}(x_1)$$

After the elimination of  $x_0$  we get:

 $p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_0|x_1) \cdot f_{1-new}(x_1) f_2(x_1, x_2) f_3(x_2, x_3) f_4(x_3, x_4) f_{l1}(x_1, l) f_{l2}(x_2, l)$ 

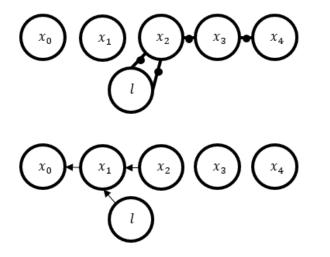


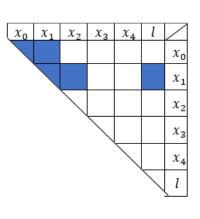
#### *Elinination of* $x_1$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_1, x_2, l) = f_{1-new}(x_1)f_2(x_1, x_2)f_{l1}(x_1, l) \propto p(x_1|x_2, l) \cdot f_{2-new}(x_2, l)$$

After the elimination of  $x_1$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2, l) \cdot f_{2-new}(x_2, l)f_3(x_2, x_3)f_4(x_3, x_4)f_{l2}(x_2, l)$$



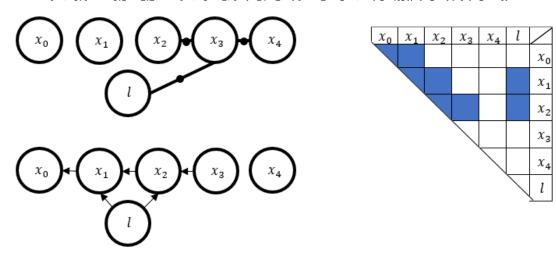


#### *Elinination of* $x_2$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_2,x_3,l) = f_{2-new}(x_2,l)f_3(x_2,x_3)f_{l2}(x_2,l) \propto p(x_2|x_3,l) \cdot f_{3-new}(x_3,l)$$

After the elimination of  $x_2$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2, l)p(x_2|x_3, l) \cdot f_{3-new}(x_3, l)f_4(x_3, x_4)$$

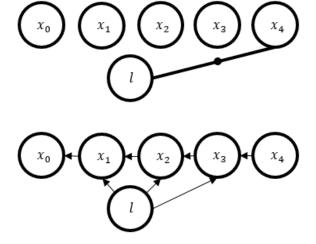


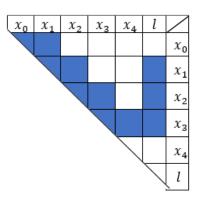
### Elinination of $x_3$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_3, x_4, l) = f_{3-new}(x_3, l) f_4(x_3, x_4) \propto p(x_3 | x_4, l) \cdot f_{4-new}(x_4, l)$$

After the elimination of  $x_3$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2, l)p(x_3|x_4, l) \cdot f_{4-new}(x_4, l)$$



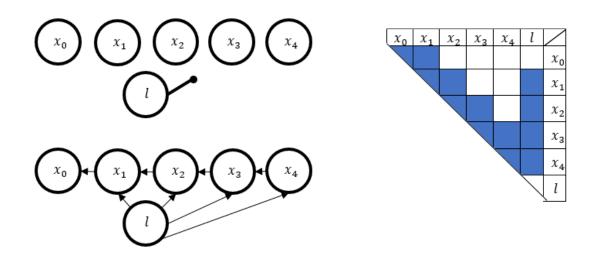


# *Elinination of* $x_4$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_4, l) = f_{4-new}(x_4, l) \propto p(x_4|l) \cdot f_{l-new}(l)$$

After the elimination of  $x_4$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_0|x_1) p(x_1|x_2, l) p(x_2|x_3, l) p(x_4|l) \cdot f_{l-new}(l)$$

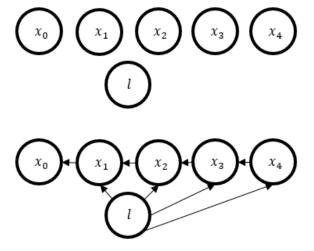


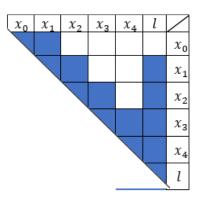
#### Elinination of 1:

$$f_{joint}(l) = f_{l-new}(l) \propto p(l)$$

After the elimination of l we get:

$$p(x_{0:4},l|u_{0:3},z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2,l)p(x_3|x_4,l)p(l)$$





d: Repeat the previous clause using a different variable elimination order:

$$x_4, x_3, x_2, l, x_1, x_0$$

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) = \eta \cdot p(x_0)p(x_1|x_0, u_0)p(x_2|x_1, u_1)p(x_3|x_2, u_2)p(x_4|x_3, u_3)p(z_1|x_1, l)p(z_2|x_2, l)$$

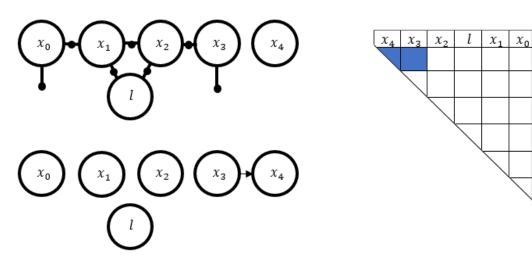
$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto f_0(x_0)f_1(x_0, x_1)f_2(x_1, x_2)f_3(x_2, x_3)f_4(x_3, x_4)f_{l1}(x_1, l)f_{l2}(x_2, l)$$

#### *Elinination of* $x_4$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_3, x_4) = f_4(x_3, x_4) \propto p(x_4|x_3) \cdot f_{3-new}(x_3)$$

After the elimination of  $x_4$  we get:

 $p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_4|x_3) \cdot f_{3-new}(x_3) f_0(x_0) f_1(x_0, x_1) f_2(x_1, x_2) f_3(x_2, x_3) f_{l1}(x_1, l) f_{l2}(x_2, l)$ 

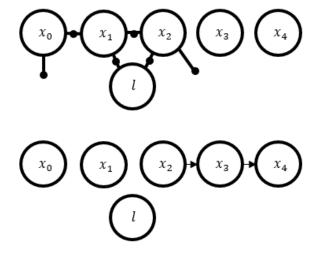


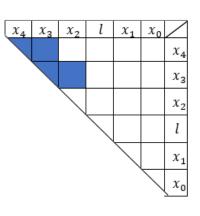
#### *Elinination of* $x_3$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_2, x_3) = f_{3-new}(x_3) f_3(x_2, x_3) \propto p(x_3 | x_2) \cdot f_{2-new}(x_2)$$

After the elimination of  $x_3$  we get:

 $p(x_{0:4},l|u_{0:3},z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_4|x_3)p(x_3|x_2) \cdot f_{2-new}(x_2)f_0(x_0)f_1(x_0,x_1)f_2(x_1,x_2)f_{l1}(x_1,l)f_{l2}(x_2,l)$ 





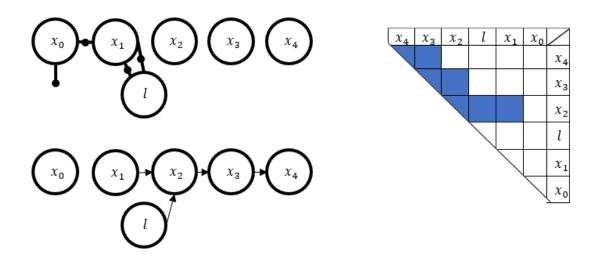
 $x_2$ 

#### Elinination of $x_2$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_1,x_2,l) = f_{2-new}(x_2)f_2(x_1,x_2)f_{l2}(x_2,l) \propto p(x_2|x_1,l) \cdot f_{l-new}(x_1,l)$$

After the elimination of  $x_2$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_4|x_3)p(x_3|x_2)p(x_2|x_1, l) \cdot f_{l-new}(x_1, l)f_0(x_0)f_1(x_0, x_1)f_{l1}(x_1, l)$$

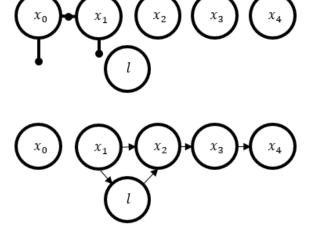


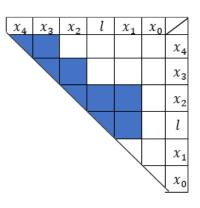
#### Elinination of 1:

$$f_{joint}(x_1, l) = f_{l-new}(x_1, l) f_{l1}(x_1, l) \propto p(l|x_1) \cdot f_{1-new}(x_1)$$

After the elimination of  $x_3$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_4|x_3)p(x_3|x_2)p(l|x_1) \cdot f_{1-new}(x_1)f_0(x_0)f_1(x_0, x_1)$$



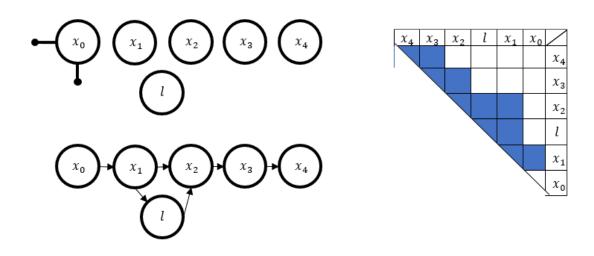


#### *Elinination of* $x_1$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_0,x_1) = f_{1-new}(x_1)f_1(x_0,x_1) \propto p(x_1|x_0) \cdot f_{0-new}(x_0)$$

After the elimination of  $x_1$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_4|x_3) p(x_3|x_2) p(l|x_1) p(x_1|x_0) \cdot f_{0-new}(x_0) f_0(x_0)$$

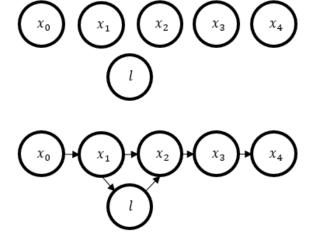


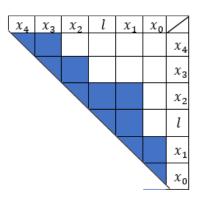
## *Elinination of* $x_0$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_0) = f_{0-new}(x_0) f_0(x_0) \propto p(x_0)$$

After the elimination of  $x_0$  we get:

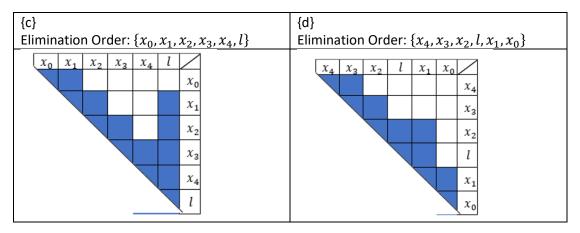
$$p(x_{0:4},l|u_{0:3},z_{1:2}) \propto p(x_4|x_3)p(x_3|x_2)p(l|x_1)p(x_1|x_0)p(x_0)$$





e: Which of the two elimination orders you would prefer in terms of estimation accuracy and computational aspects?

We show the elimination order and resulting R matrix for each section below.



Regarding computation efficiency: We would prefer the elimination order in  $\{d\}$ , as it produces a sparser R matrix (12 non-zero elements vs 14), and with more structure – all rows but one contains two elements at the start of the row.

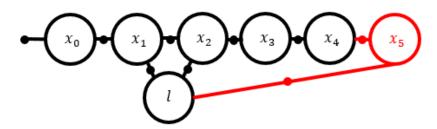
Regarding Accuracy: Both matrices contain the same information. As such, the solution of the LMS problem is independent of the elimination order, or which  $\it R$  matrix we choose to use.

$$R_d^T R_d = R_c^T R_c = A^T A$$

Question 2: Incremental factorization.

Consider now the robot, from question 1, executes command  $u_4$  and moves to a new location; denote its new pose by  $x_5$ . Assume the robot observes again the landmark l from the new location.

a: Draw the factor graph of the problem and indicate the new factors and variable nodes.



b: Consider the Bayes net from question 1(c) with elimination order  $x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, l$ . Perform incremental factorization by updating this Bayes net with the new information using the elimination order:

$$x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, l, x_5$$

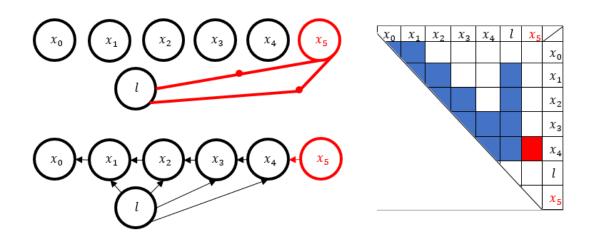
$$\begin{split} p(x_{0:4}, x_5, l | u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}, \mathbf{z_3}) &= \eta \cdot p(x_0) p(x_1 | x_0, u_0) p(x_2 | x_1, u_1) p(x_3 | x_2, u_2) p(x_4 | x_3, u_3) p(x_5 | x_4, u_4) p(z_1 | x_1, l) p(z_2 | x_2, l) \; p(\mathbf{z_3} | \mathbf{x_5}, l) \\ p(x_{0:4}, \mathbf{x_5}, l | u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}, \mathbf{z_3}) &\propto f_0(x_0) f_1(x_0, x_1) f_2(x_1, x_2) f_3(x_2, x_3) f_4(x_3, x_4) f_5(\mathbf{x_4}, \mathbf{x_5}) f_{l1}(x_1, l) f_{l2}(\mathbf{x_2}, l) f_{l3}(\mathbf{x_5}, l) \\ We \; need \; to \; reeliminat \; the \; factors \; x_4, l \; beacose \; they \; involve \; the \; changes. \end{split}$$

#### Back to Elimination of $x_A$ :

$$f_{ioint}(x_4, x_5, l) = f_{4-new}(x_4, l) f_5(x_4, x_5) \propto p(x_4 | x_5, l) \cdot f_{l-new}(x_5, l)$$

After the elimination of  $x_4$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, x_5, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}, z_3) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2, l)p(x_2|x_3, l)p(x_4|x_5, l) \cdot f_{l3}(x_5, l)f_{l-new}(x_5, l)$$

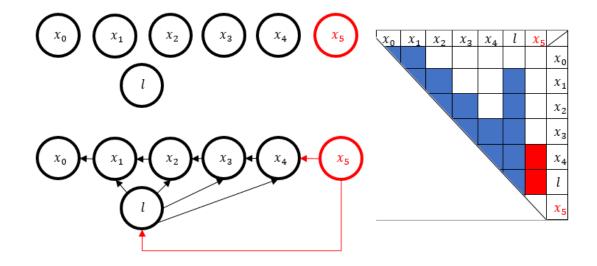


#### Elinination of 1:

$$f_{joint}(x_5, l) = f_{l-new}(x_5, l) f_{l3}(x_5, l) \propto p(l|x_5) \cdot f_{5-new}(x_5)$$

*After the elimination of l we get:* 

$$p(x_{0:4}, x_5, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}, z_3) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2, l)p(x_3|x_4, l)p(l|x_5) \cdot f_{5-new}(x_5)$$

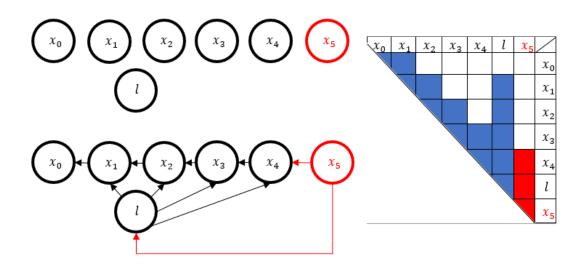


#### *Elinination of* $x_5$ :

$$f_{joint}(x_5) = f_{5-new}(x_5) \propto p(x_5)$$

After the elimination of  $x_5$  we get:

$$p(x_{0:4}, \mathbf{x_5}, l|u_{0:3}, z_{1:2}, \mathbf{z_3}) \propto p(x_0|x_1)p(x_1|x_2, l)p(x_3|x_4, l)p(l|\mathbf{x_5})p(\mathbf{x_5})$$



# c: Show the corresponding updated square root information matrix R

