# black hat ASIA 2025

APRIL 3-4, 2025
BRIEFINGS

# KernJC: Automated Vulnerable Environment Generation for Linux Kernel Vulnerabilities

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## ABOUT US



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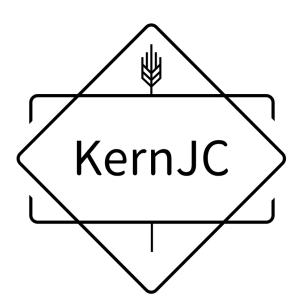


nus-curiosity.github.io



# ABOUT KERNJC

## github.com/NUS-Curiosity/KernJC





# ENDLESS KERNEL VULNERABILITIES!

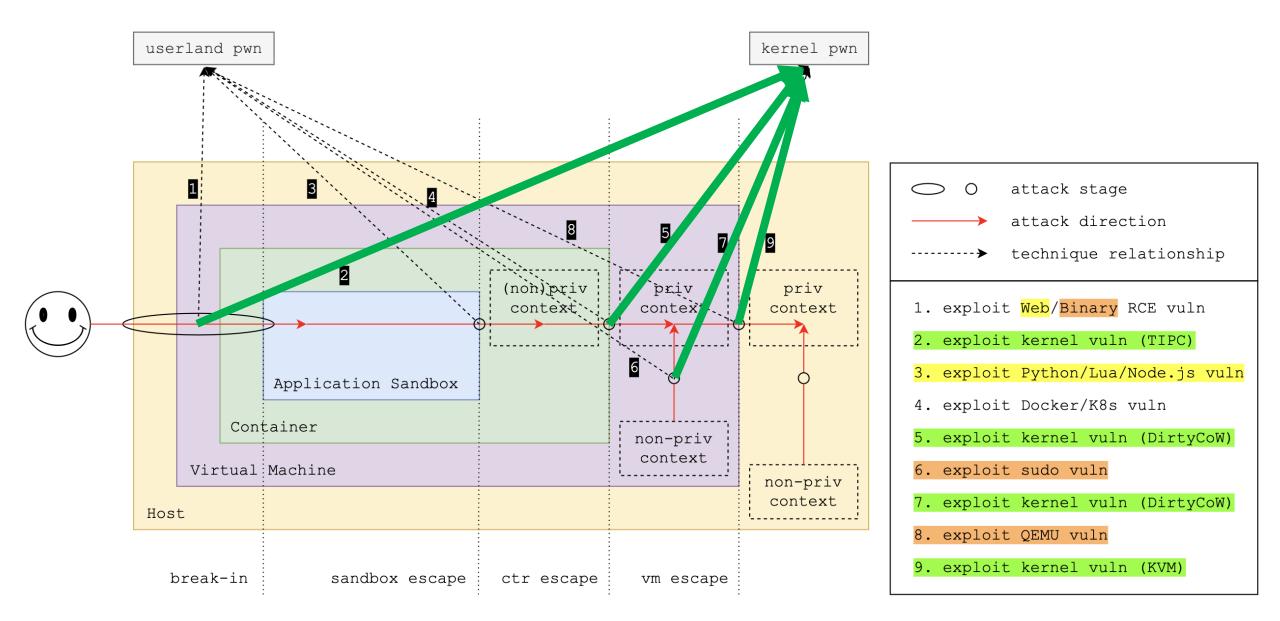
						Flag submission time	
						2025-03-18T12:25:41.453Z	
ublic k	CTF VRP / kernelCTF resp	ponses				2025-03-10T10:02:08.477Z	
_	TE KCTF VRP					2020 00 10110.02.00.4772	
_			0-day / 1-day	LTS slot	OS slot	Patch commit title	CVE
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-03-10T05:24:57.276Z	
			0-day	(duna)			i
			0-day 0-day	(dupe)			
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-03-10T05:23:23.919Z	
			0-day	(dupe)		2020 00 10100.20.20.0102	
			0-day	(dupe)			
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-03-10T05:21:36.795Z	
			0-day	(dupe)		2020 00 10100.21.00.7002	
ф2 <mark>1</mark> 6	2025-03-08T00:29:07.498Z	kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.436.33:1740495359}	1-day	(6	dupe)	109cdafb08fba004cb12ec netfilter: allow exp not to be removed in nf_ct_find	_expectation CVE-2023-52927
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-03-10T05:11:38.272Z	
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-05-10105.11.50.2722	
			0-day	(dupe)			
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-03-10T05:06:39.671Z	
			0-day	Its-6.6.80		2025-03-10105:06:39.6712	
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-105-17412.535.55:1741008705}			os-105-17412.535.5		
0269	2025-02-27T05:35:59.629Z	kern /CTF{v1:cos-105-17412.535.55:1740634203} kern /CTF{v1:cos-109-17800.436.33:1740550876}		(1	revoked in favor of e	2005 02 40704.55.57 2047	
268	2025-02-26T06:26:50.565Z			(6	dupe)	2025-03-10T04:55:57.284Z	i
p267	2025-02-25T15:22:04.926Z			c	os-109-17800.436.3		
ф266	2025-02-22T00:52:00.277Z	kernelCTF{v1.ks-6.6.77:1740185407}	0-day	(dupe)			i
ф265	2025-02-21T13:12:27.854Z	kernelCTF{v1:cos 105-17412.535.55:1740143473}	1-day	()	vuln dupe of exp248	2025-03-10T04:49:16.310Z e49af10427459c2de35f71 netern: Update sch->q, qlen before qdisc_tree_red	uce_backlog() CVE-2025-21703
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109 17800.436.33:1740143455}	1-day	(	vuln dupe of exp248	e49af10427459c2de35f71 netem: Update sch->q.qlen before qdisc_tree_red	uce_backlog() CVE-2025-21703
	2025-02-21T12:00:47.718Z		0-day	(dupe)			
			0-day	(dupe)		2025-03-08T00:29:07.498Z	
			0-day	Its-6.6.77		12000000007.550010000000210	
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-105-17412.535.34-1739464192}			vuln dupe of exp224	ec2b392fb5544f250fb6f net: sched: Disallow replacing of child qdisc from or	
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-105-17412.535.34:17, 9431609} kernelCTF{v1:mitigation-v3b-6.1.55:173926, 941}	1-day 1-day	0	vuln dupe of exp237	2025-03-07T12:00:28.657Z 441404315c245ae56322a vsock: Keep the binding until socket destruction pflfo_tail_enqueue: Drop new packet when sch->li	CVE-2025-21756 mit == 0 CVE-2025-21702
		,	0-day	(io_uring LTS promotic		K71eU Gada I Gadyschoczeg prino _cai _enqueue: _urop new pack wrens csrbi 31ac43365c2014(2486503 io _urina/blut; reallocate but lists on upgrade	CVE-2025-21702
		kernelCTF(v2:lts-6.6.75:io_uring:1739151644)	Q-day	(revoked in favor of ex	-	o laurasouczu rizzeoutos no uningkout. Teanocate duri ists dir upgrade	CVE-2023-21630
		kernelCTF{v2:lts-6.6.66:io_uring:1738987489}	1-day	(io_uring LTS promotic		2025-03-07T12:00:30.295Z c27tc6a783c8a77c756dd5461b15e465020d075 io_uring/rw: split io_read() into a helper	CVE-2023-52926
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.436.14:1738932066}	1-day		dupe)	2025-03-07112.00.30.2952	012 2020 02020
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.436.14:1738929777}			dupe)		
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.436.14:1738929657}			os-109-17800.436.1	1677fd260af5a305316a1f net: avoid race between device unregistration and	ethnl ops CVE-2025-21701
p251	2025-02-07T12:01:38.535Z	kernelCTF{v1:lts-6.6.75:1738929615}	0-day	(dune)		2025-03-07T12:00:27.042Z	
			0-day	(dupe)			
ф249	2025-02-07T12:00:39.948Z	kernelCTF{v1:lts-6.6.75:1738929605}	1-day	Its-6.6.75		4e1404315c245ae56322a vsock: Keep the binding until socket destruction	CVE-2025-21756
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.372.99:1737720991}	,		dupe, but eligible be	2025-03-07T12:00:12.484Z	uce_backlog() CVE-2025-21703
			0-day	(dupe)			
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.372.99:1737720140}		(0	dupe)		<u> </u>
		kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.372.99:1737720030}		(4)	s-109-17800.372.9	2025-03-07T12:00:10.974Z	
			0-day	(dupe)		2020 00 07 1 12:00:10:07 72	
		kernelCTF{v1:lts-6.6.71:1737720008} kernelCTF{v1:lts-6.6.71:1737720005}	1-day 1-day	(dupe)		4e1404315c245ae56322a vsock: Keep the binding until socket destruction	CVE-2025-21756
			0-day	(dupe) Its-6.6.71		2025-03-03T13:40:05.909Z (461404315c245ae56322a vsock: Keep the binding until socket destruction net: avoid race between device unregistration and	
			0-day	100 0.0.7 1		i.e. avoid face between device unregistration and	- OVE-2020-21701
	2025-01-24T06:11:58.028Z		0-day		1		1
			0-day	(dupe)			1
			0-day	(dupe)			
p237	2025-01-17T08:54:30.881Z	kernelCTF{v1:cos-105-17412.495.75:1737102254}	1-day		os-105-17412.495.75	tttps://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=fcdd2242c0231032fc84e1404315c245ae56322a vsock: Keep the binding until socket destruction	CVE-2025-21756
n236	2025-01-17T05:42:43.856Z	kernelCTF{v2:cos-109-17800.372.84:io_uring:1737	0-day	(i	io_uring LTS promotion	tttps://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/stable/linux.git/commit/io_uring?h=linux-6.6.y&id=a94592ec30ff67dc366424327f1e0a9ceeeb9bd3 io_uring: fix io_req_prep_async with provided buffit	
PEGG							
p235		kernelCTF{v2:lts-6.6.69:io_uring:1737076911} kernelCTF{v1:cos-109-17800.372.84:1736510422}	0-day	(io_uring LTS promotic		https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/stable/linux.git/commit/o_uring?h=linux-6.6.y&id=a94592ec30ff67dc36c424327f1e0a9ceeeb9bd3 io_uring: fix io_req_prep_async with provided buffit titles/reinel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/borvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=647cet/20e649c576dff271e018d5d15d998b629d fiffo tail enqueue: Drop new packet when sch>linux/ernel/git/stable/linux.git/commit/?id=647cet/20e649c576dff271e018d5d15d998b629d	

CVE-2023-52927 CVE-2025-21703 CVE-2025-21700 CVE-2025-21756 CVE-2025-21702 CVE-2025-21836 CVE-2023-52926 CVE-2025-21701

Source: Google kernelCTF



## IMPACT OF KERNEL VULNERABILITIES

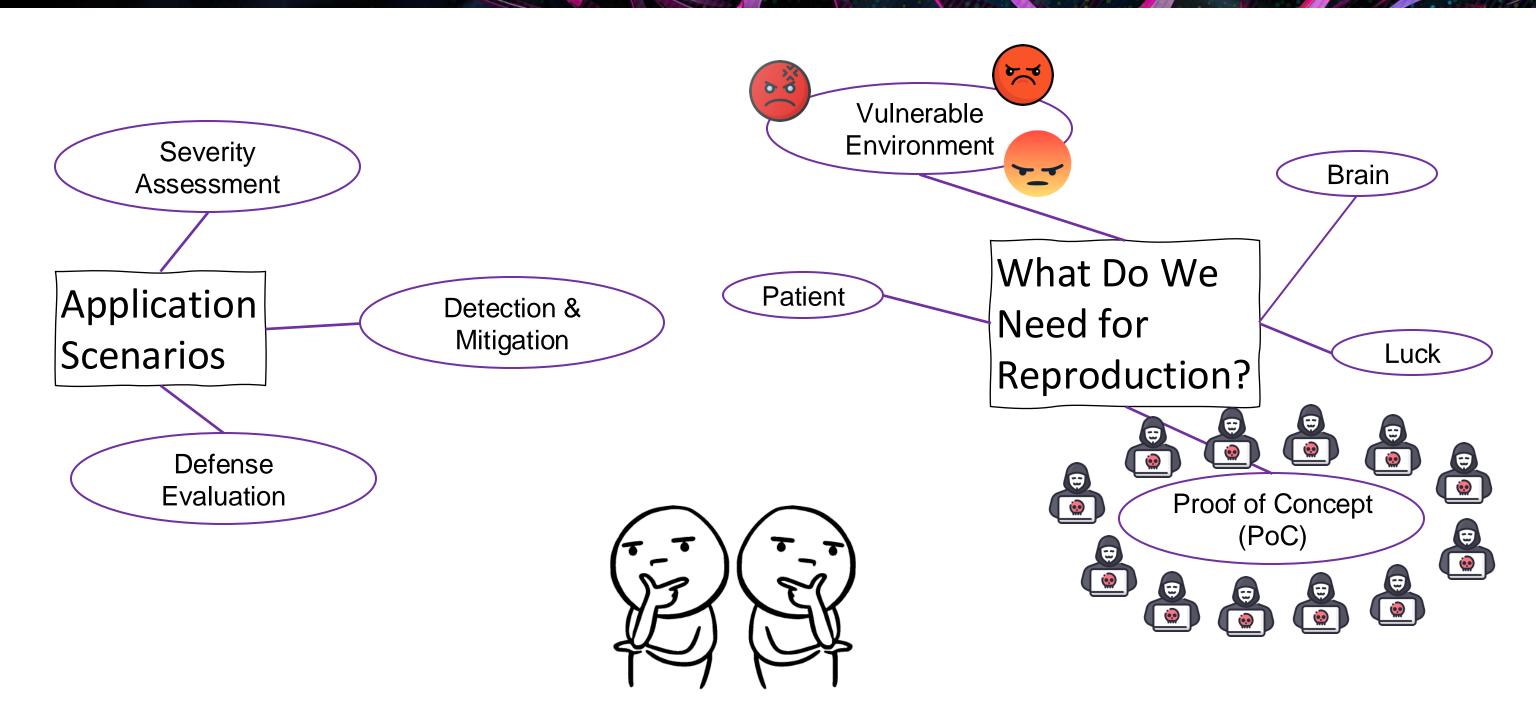


Source: Bonan's blog post

(https://blog.wohin.me/posts/thoughts-on-vuln-research-2)



# REPRODUCTION!



# blackhat DON'T TAKE SUCCESSFUL ENV FOR GRANTED!



Hello, when building the test environment, I followed the steps above to compile the kernel... It kept getting stuck... During the test, I didn't find any 'NFQUEUE' rule in the target...

At the time, I selected many configs, and it's possible that some configs were not included. First, check if it's an issue with the compilation options...





### **Description:**

A heap out-of-bounds write affecting Linux since v2.6.19-rc1 was discovered in net/netfilter/x\_tables.c. This allows an attacker to gain privileges or cause a DoS (via heap memory corruption) through user name space.

**CVSS:** 7.8 (High) **CWE:** CWE-787 (Out-of-bounds Write)

### **Vulnerable Version Ranges in NVD Database:**

[v2.6.19, v4.4.267) [v4.5, v4.9.267)

[v4.10, v4.14.231) [v4.15, v4.19.188)

[v4.20, v5.4.133) [v5.5, v5.10.31) [v5.11, v5.12)



#### Code Snippet (v5.11.22)

```
void xt_compat_target_from_user(struct xt_entry_target
*t, void **dstptr, unsigned int *size) {
    // ... omitted ...
        target->compat_from_user(t->data, ct->data);
    else
        memcpy(t->data, ct->data, tsize - sizeof(*ct));

    tsize += off;
    t->u.user.target_size = tsize;
```

#### Patch Snippet

### **NVD Version Ranges**

```
[v2.6.19, v4.4.267)

[v4.5, v4.9.267)

[v4.10, v4.14.231)

[v4.15, v4.19.188)

[v4.20, v5.4.133)

[v5.5, v5.10.31)

[v5.11, v5.12)
```

v5.11.22 seems to be vulnerable but already patched!





You can't wake a person who is pretending to be asleep.

### You can't trigger a vulnerability which has been patched.





#### **Patch Snippet**

#### **Vulnerable Code Snippet**

#### **Related Makefiles**

```
obj-$(CONFIG_NETFILTER) += netfilter/
obj-$(CONFIG_NETFILTER_XTABLES) += x_tables.o
```



#### **Temporary Results**

CONFIG\_COMPAT
CONFIG\_NETFILTER\_XTABLES
CONFIG\_NETFILTER









#### **Temporary Results**

CONFIG\_COMPAT
CONFIG\_NETFILTER\_XTABLES
CONFIG\_NETFILTER



#### **Related Kconfig Files**

[net/netfilter/Kconfig]
menu "Core Netfilter Configuration"
 depends on NET && INET && NETFILTER
... omitted ...
config NETFILTER\_XTABLES

[net/Kconfig]
if NET
config INET
... omitted ...
menuconfig NETFILTER



#### **Heuristic Analysis Result of Configs**

CONFIG_COMPAT	CONFIG_NETFILTER_XTABLES CONFIG_NETFILTER
CONFIG_NET	CONFIG_NETFILTER_FAMILY_ARP CONFIG_NETFILTER_ADVANCED
CONFIG_INET	CONFIG_IP_NF_IPTABLES CONFIG_NLATTR
CONFIG_IPV6	CONFIG_IP_NF_ARPTABLES CONFIG_GENERIC_NET_UTILS
CONFIG_BPF	CONFIG_IP6_NF_IPTABLES

Is it Enough?





#### **Heuristic Analysis Result of Configs**

CONFIG_COMPAT	CONFIG_NETFILTER_XTABLES CONFIG_NETFILTER
CONFIG_NET	CONFIG_NETFILTER_FAMILY_ARP CONFIG_NETFILTER_ADVANCED
CONFIG_INET	CONFIG_IP_NF_IPTABLES CONFIG_NLATTR
CONFIG_IPV6	CONFIG_IP_NF_ARPTABLES CONFIG_GENERIC_NET_UTILS
CONFIG_BPF	CONFIG_IP6_NF_IPTABLES

CONFIG\_NETFILTER\_XT\_TARGET\_NFQUEUE



#### **PoC Snippet**

```
data.match.u.user.match_size = (sizeof(cata.match) + sizeof(data.pad));
strcpy(data.match.u.user.name, "icmp6");
data.match.u.user.revision = 0;
data.target.u.user.target_size = sizeof(data.target);
strcpy(data.target.u.user.name, "NFQUEUE");
data.target.u.user.revision = 1;
```







You can't trigger a vulnerability which has been patched.

You can't trigger a vulnerability which doesn't exist or is inaccessible.





# Bingo!



The presence of patch implies the absence of vulnerability.

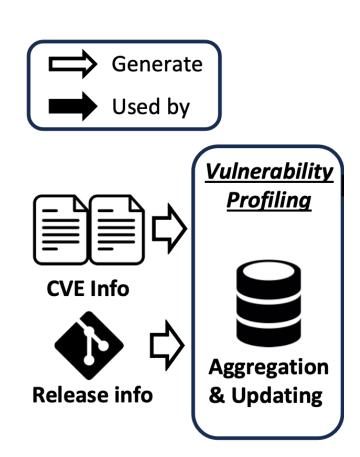
Kernel configs can be regarded as a graph.

Kconfig and Kbuild mechanisms work in tandem to tailor the kernel.



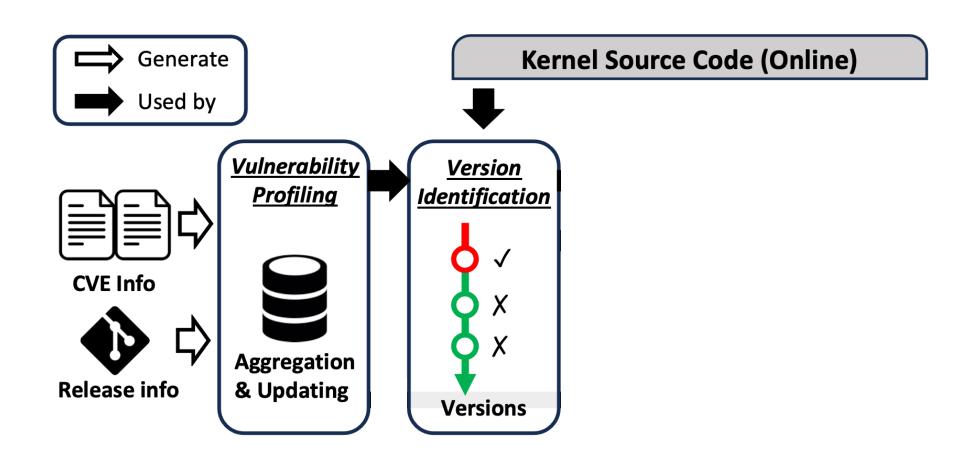






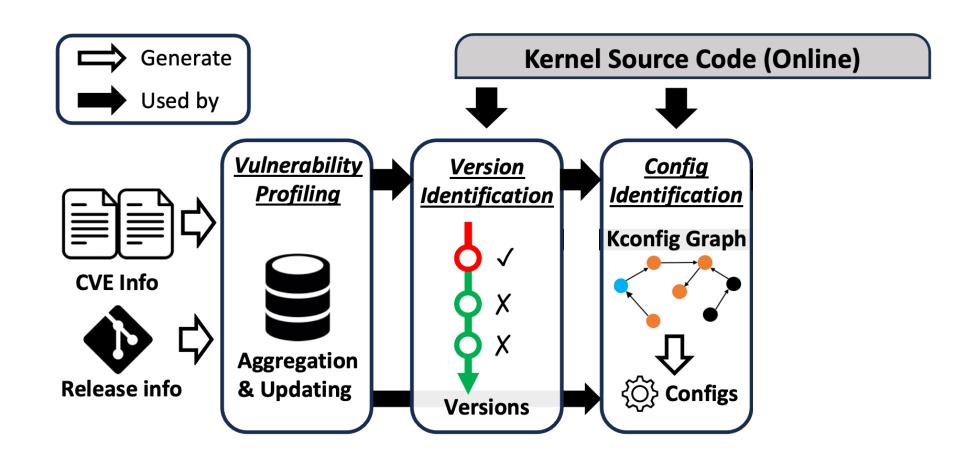
• Vulnerability Profiling: Collect vulnerability information for later usage.





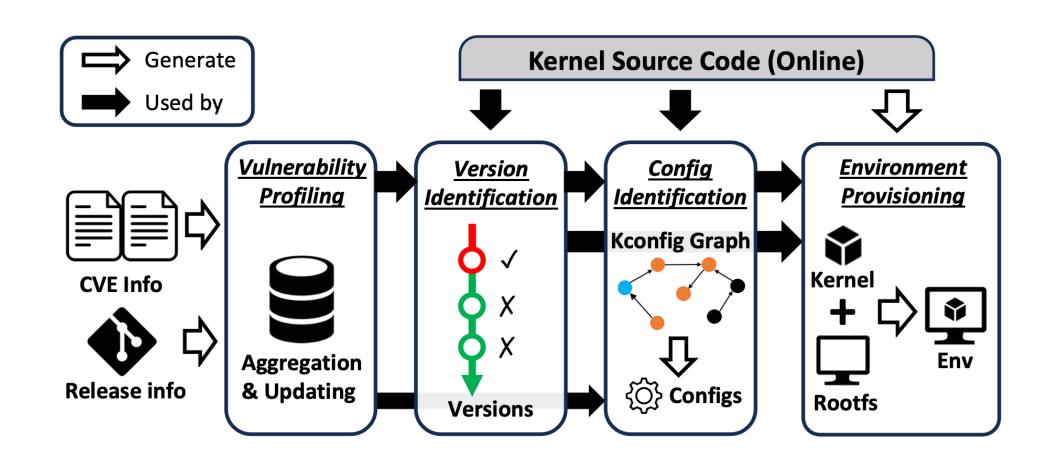
- Vulnerability Profiling: Collect vulnerability information for later usage.
- Version Identification: Perform patch operation to detect patch presence.





- Vulnerability Profiling: Collect vulnerability information for later usage.
- Version Identification: Perform patch operation to detect patch presence.
- Config Identification: Build Kconfig graph and mine reachable configs.

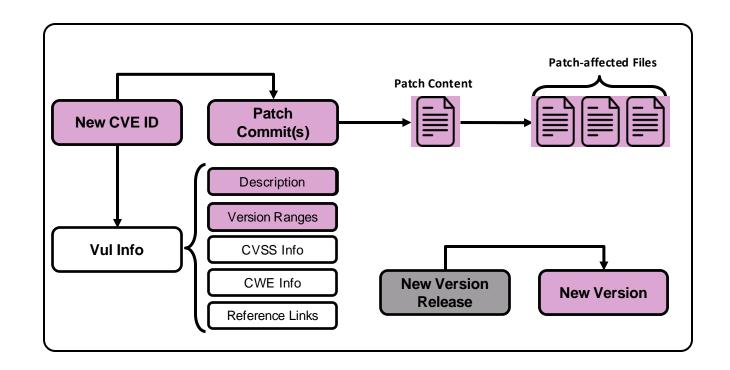




- Vulnerability Profiling: Collect vulnerability information for later usage.
- Version Identification: Perform patch operation to detect patch presence.
- Config Identification: Build Kconfig graph and mine reachable configs.
- Environment Provisioning: Build the kernel and provision the virtual machine.



## VULNERABILITY PROFILING



```
cve: CVE-2022-0847
patch:
    - 9d2231c5d74e13b2a0546fee6737ee4446017903

diff --git a/lib/iov_iter.c b/lib/iov_iter.c
index b0e0acdf96c15e..6dd5330f7a9957 100644
    --- a/lib/iov_iter.c
    +++ b/lib/iov_iter.c
    @@ -414,6 +414,7 @@ static size_t
    copy_page_to_iter_pipe(struct page *page,
    size_t offset, size_t by
        return 0;
    buf->ops = &page_cache_pipe_buf_ops;
    + buf->flags = 0;
    ...

file: lib/iov_iter.c
```

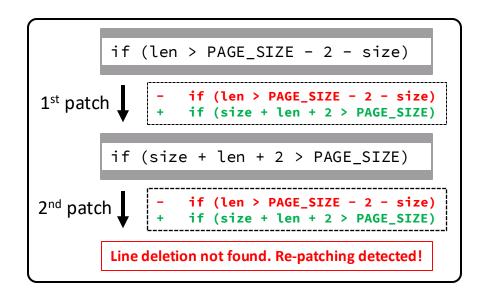
A flaw was found in the way the "flags" member of the new pipe buffer structure was lacking proper initialization in copy\_page\_to\_iter\_pipe and push\_pipe functions in the Linux kernel and could thus contain stale values. An unprivileged local user could use this flaw to write to pages in the page cache backed by read only files and as such escalate their privileges on the system.

```
[v5.8, v5.10.102)
[v5.15, v5.15.25)
[v5.16, v5.16.11)
```

v6.9.1 v6.9.2 v6.9.3 + v6.9.4 + v6.9.5 + v6.9.6

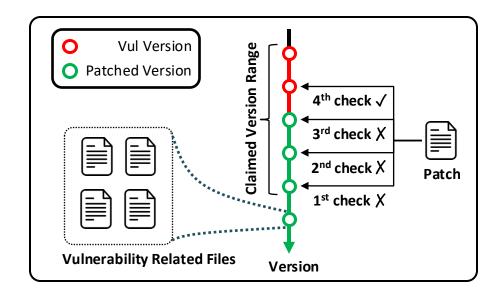


# VUL VERSION IDENTIFICATION



### Re-patching Operation

- 1. Apply the patch on vulnerable file
- >>> The vulnerability is patched successfully
- 2. Apply the patch once again
- >>> Fail to locate the vulnerable site

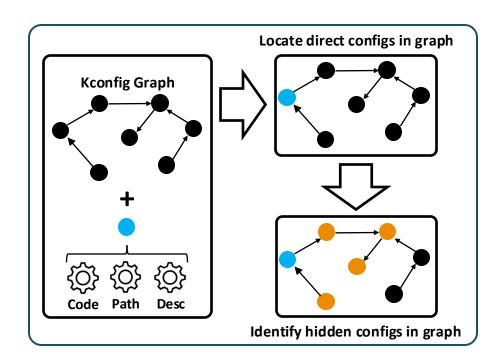


#### **Identification Process**

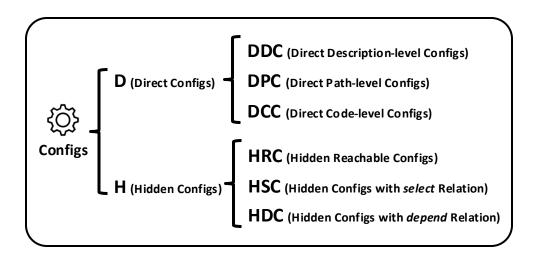
- 1. Locate the latest vulnerable version v claimed by NVD
- 2. Start from *v* and move downwards along the kernel version list
  - \* Apply the patch on vulnerability related files of each version
  - \* Stop when no re-patching occurs



# VUL CONFIG IDENTIFICATION







#### Identification Process

- 1. Build the Kconfig graph for target kernel
- 2. Gather direct configs (D = DDC UDPC UDCC)
- 3. For each config c in D
  - \* Locate c in the Kconfig graph
  - \* Discover hidden configs for c ( $H_c = HRC \ UHSC \ UHDC$ )
- 4. Collect all hidden configs



## VUL CONFIG IDENTIFICATION

#### CVE-2017-18344

The timer\_create syscall implementation in kernel/time/posix-timers.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.8 doesn't properly validate the sigevent->sigev\_notify field, which leads to out-of-bounds access in the show\_timer function (called when /proc/\$PID/timers is read). This allows userspace applications to read arbitrary kernel memory (on a kernel built with CONFIG\_POSIX\_TIMERS and CONFIG\_CHECKPOINT\_RESTORE).

#### CVE-2021-22555

diff --git a/net/netfilter/x\_tables.c b/net/netfilter/x\_tables.c
index 6bd31a7a27fc58..92e9d4ebc5e8d7 100644
--- a/net/netfilter/x\_tables.c
+++ b/net/netfilter/x\_tables.c

```
net/Makefile: obj-$(CONFIG_NETFILTER) += netfilter/
net/netfilter/Makefile: obj-$(CONFIG_NETFILTER_XTABLES) += x_tables.o
```

### Direct Config Examples

- 1. Description-level configs from CVE description of CVE-2017-18344
- 2. Path-level configs from patches for CVE-2021-22555
- 3. Code-level configs from vulnerable source code of CVE-2021-22555



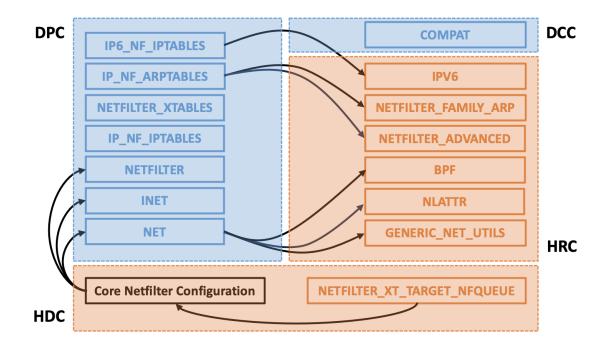
# VUL CONFIG IDENTIFICATION

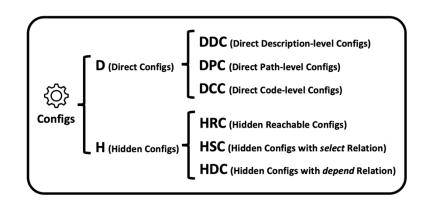
### Manual Identification

CONFIG_COMPAT CONFIG_NET CONFIG_INET CONFIG_IPV6	CONFIG_NETFILTER_XTABLES CONFIG_NETFILTER_FAMILY_ARP CONFIG_IP_NF_IPTABLES CONFIG_IP_NF_ARPTABLES	CONFIG_NETFILTER CONFIG_NETFILTER_ADVANCED CONFIG_NLATTR CONFIG_GENERIC_NET_UTILS
CONFIG_BPF	CONFIG_IP_NF_ARFTABLES CONFIG_IP6_NF_IPTABLES	CONFIG_GENERIC_NET_OTTES

CONFIG\_NETFILTER\_XT\_TARGET\_NFQUEUE

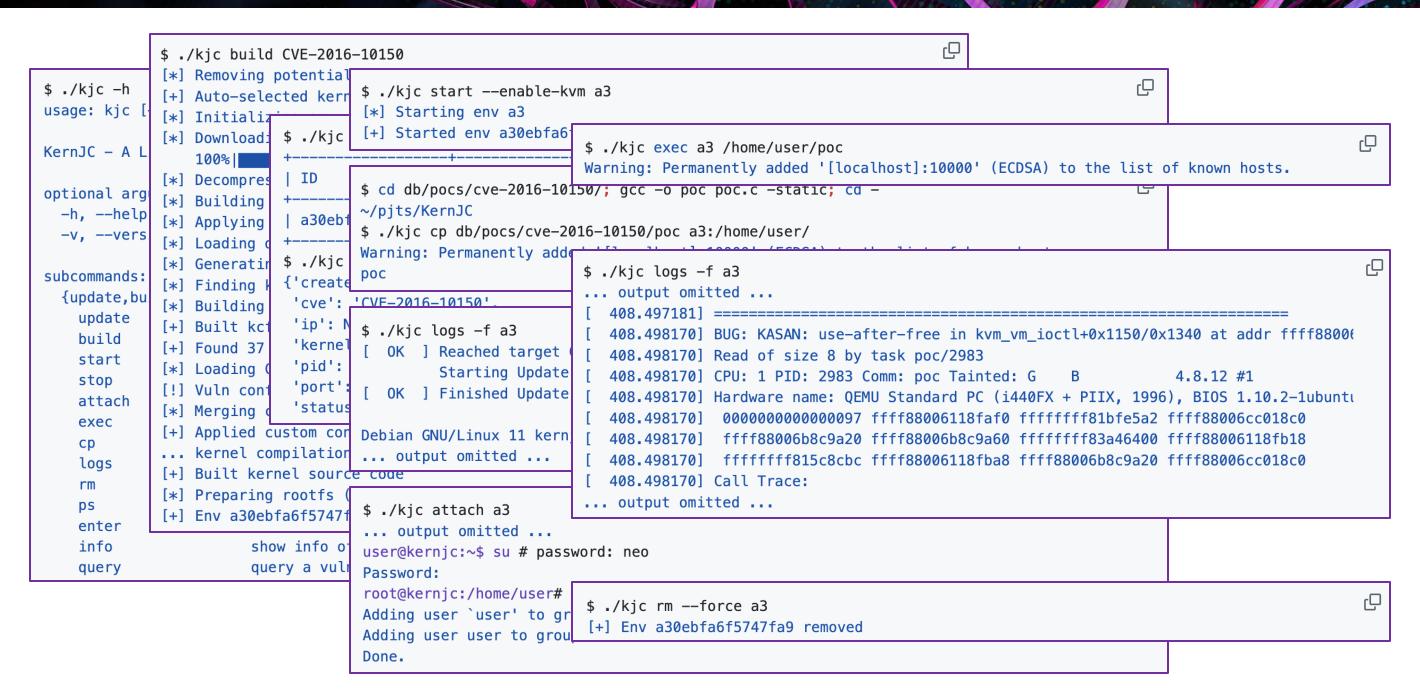
### KernJC's Identification







## DOCKER-LIKE INTERACTION!





## DEMO

iTerm2 Shell Edit View Session Scripts Profiles Toolbelt Window Help

(venv)  $\rightarrow$  KernJC git:(main) x ./kjc build CVE-2021-22555

[\*] Building environment for CVE-2021-22555

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# EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

### Reproduction Performance

RwKC: Reproducibility with KernJC-identified Configs

RwDC: Reproducibility with Default Configs FPV: False Positive Version claims in NVD

CVE	RwKC?	RwDC?	FPV?
2016-10150	✓	Χ	Х
2016-4557	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2016-6187	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2017-16995	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2017-18344	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2017-2636	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2017-6704	✓	Χ	Х
2017-8824	<b>✓</b>	X	X

CVE	RwKC?	RwDC?	FPV?
2018-12233	<b>✓</b>	Х	X
2018-5333	<b>✓</b>	X	Χ
2018-6555	<b>✓</b>	X	Χ
2019-6974	✓	Χ	Χ
2020-14381	✓	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>~</b>
2020-16119	<b>*</b>	X	Χ
2020-25656	✓	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>~</b>
2020-25669	✓	Х	Χ
2022-34918	✓	Χ	Χ

CVE	RwKC?	RwDC?	FPV?
2020-27194	✓	Χ	Х
2020-27830	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2020-28941	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Х
2020-8835	<b>✓</b>	Χ	X
2021-22555	✓	Χ	✓
2021-26708	<b>*</b>	Χ	Х
2021-27365	✓	Χ	Χ
2021-34866	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Χ
2023-32233	✓	Х	Х

CVE	RwKC?	RwDC?	FPV?
2021-3490	<b>✓</b>	✓	Х
2021-3573	✓	Χ	✓
2021-42008	<b>&gt;</b>	Χ	Χ
2021-43267	>	Χ	Χ
2022-0995	<b>&gt;</b>	Х	Χ
2022-1015	<b>✓</b>	Χ	Χ
2022-25636	<b>✓</b>	Х	Χ
2022-32250	<b>*</b>	Х	Х
	2021-3490 2021-3573 2021-42008 2021-43267 2022-0995 2022-1015 2022-25636	2021-3490	2021-3490

- > KernJC successfully builds reproduction environments for all 66 vulnerabilities.
- > 4 of 66 are detected to have incorrect (FP) version claims in NVD.
- > 32 of 66 need non-default configs identified by KernJC to be activated.



# EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

### Vulnerability Config Identification Statistics

CVE	Subsystem	DDC	DPC	DCC	HRC	HSC	HDC	CVE	Subsystem	DDC	DPC	DCC	HRC	HSC	HDC
CVE-2016-10150	KVM	0	1	0	39	0	4	CVE-2020-28941	Accessibility	0	2	0	19	0	0
CVE-2016-4557	eBPF	0	1	0	0	2	0	CVE-2020-8835	eBPF	0	1	0	0	2	1
CVE-2016-6187	AppArmor	0	1	0	14	0	2	CVE-2021-22555	Netfilter	0	7	1	10	3	406
CVE-2017-16995	eBPF	0	1	0	0	2	0	CVE-2021-26708	VSOCK	0	1	0	4	0	6
CVE-2017-18344	Time	2	0	0	3	0	3	CVE-2021-27365	SCSI	0	2	0	22	8	0
CVE-2017-2636	TTY	0	1	0	17	0	0	CVE-2021-34866	eBPF	0	1	0	0	2	3
CVE-2017-6074	DCCP	0	1	0	9	0	0	CVE-2021-3490	eBPF	0	1	0	0	2	2
CVE-2017-8824	DCCP	0	1	0	9	0	0	CVE-2021-3573	Bluetooth	0	1	0	32	0	45
CVE-2018-12233	JFS	0	1	0	4	0	4	CVE-2021-42008	NET	0	2	0	18	0	14
CVE-2018-5333	RDS	0	1	0	9	0	3	CVE-2021-43267	TIPC	0	1	0	5	0	4
CVE-2018-6555	IRDA	0	2	1	7	0	37	CVE-2022-0995	WQ	0	1	1	0	0	1
CVE-2019-6974	KVM	0	1	0	42	0	4	CVE-2022-1015	Netfilter	0	1	0	4	0	241
CVE-2020-16119	DCCP	0	1	0	5	0	0	CVE-2022-25636	Netfilter	0	4	0	19	2	241
CVE-2020-25669	Input	0	3	0	3	37	3	CVE-2022-32250	Netfilter	0	1	0	4	0	238
CVE-2020-27194	eBPF	0	1	0	0	2	1	CVE-2022-34918	Netfilter	0	1	0	4	0	238
CVE-2020-27830	Accessibility	0	2	0	19	0	0	CVE-2023-32233	Netfilter	0	2	0	5	0	317



# EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

### Vulnerabilities with FP Version Range Claims in NVD (TOP 10)

We identify 128 vulnerabilities with incorrect version claims in NVD.

The aggregate count of incorrect (FP) versions is 3,042.

Averaging 24 incorrect versions per identified vulnerability.

CVE	cvss	FP Version Range	Vulnerable Version	FP Count
CVE-2017-1000407	7.4	v4.14.6 – v4.14.325	v4.14.5	320
CVE-2017-18216	5.5	v4.14.57 – v4.14.325	v4.14.56	269
CVE-2017-18224	4.7	v4.14.57 – v4.14.325	v4.14.56	269
CVE-2020-35508	4.5	v5.9.7 – v5.11.22	v5.9.6	229
CVE-2021-4002	4.4	v5.15.5 – v5.15.132	v5.15.4	128
CVE-2021-4090	7.1	v5.15.5 – v5.15.132	v5.15.4	128
CVE-2022-0264	5.5	v5.15.11 – v5.15.132	v5.15.10	122
CVE-2021-4155	5.5	v5.15.14 – v5.15.132	v5.15.13	119
CVE-2016-10906	7.0	v4.4.191 – v4.4.302	v4.4.190	112
CVE-2015-4170	4.7	v3.12.7 – v3.13.3	v3.12.6	72



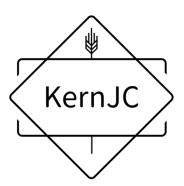
## KERNJC



Source: ChatGPT

KernJC = Kernel *JiaoChang* 

JiaoChang, in ancient China, referred to a site dedicated to military training and competition.



Jiao Chang /dʒaʊ tʃɑ:ŋ/

https://github.com/NUS-CURIOSITY/KernJC