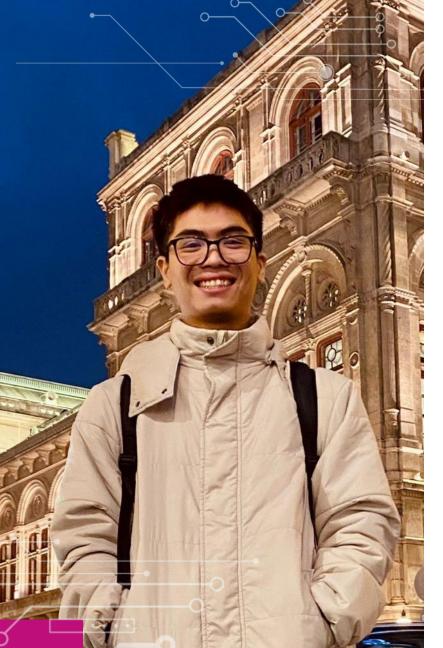




DATA MIGRATION Docs-As-Code



Mr. Nguyen Lam Thanh

Senior Software Engineer



Experiences at Bosch:

 2022-2023: Software Engineer / Senior Software Engineer



Area of Expertise: Tool development and scripting



Mr. Vu Cong Luat

Senior Software Engineer



Experiences at Bosch:

- 3 years experience in telecommunication domain as software engineer with roles such as analyzing requirement, designing, implementing and release products
- Professional Certificate: OCP11 (Oracle certificated professional, java se 11 developer).



Area of Expertise: Java software engineer (Full stack developer)

Data Migration - Technical Knowledge Training



Agenda

01.

What is Docs-As-Code?

04.

Test management with Docs-As-Code

02.

Why is Docs-As-Code needed?

05.

Documentation with Docs-As-Code example

03.

Requirement management with Docs-As-Code



1. What is Docs-As-Code?

- Stands for "Documentation as Code".
- Use the same tools & workflows as code.
- Easily Versioning/baselining with VCS as code.
- Easier to review the changes with pull-requests feature.
- Able to apply CI/CD for testing and deploying documentation.
- Better interface for documentation.



1. What is Docs-As-Code?

"Docs as Code"



Documentation is diff-ed and reviewed using pull-requests (just as with code)



Document is integrated, tested and deployed (just as with code)



Developers create documentation as plain-text using Markdown etc.





2. Why is Docs-As-Code needed?

- Documentation is done in various tools.
- Not easy to verify code, test, and documentation.
- Take time to release new requirements.



3. Manage requirements with Docs-As-Code

** Docs-as-code PS-EC Evaluation
Search docs

STAKEHOLDER REQUIREMENTS

Design Constraints

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

MO_EcuOperMngt

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

PartitionManager

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT ARTEFACTS

Software Requirements

DETAILED SOFTWARE DESIGN

FC-ARB_PartnMgr_Fifo_dSD

TEST CASES

MO_EcuOperMngt_TestCases

TEST EXECUTIONS

Test Runs

TEST SETS

MO_EcuOperMngt_TestSets

VISUALIZATION

Examples for Visualization

IMPORT

Import

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE SPECIFICATION

SAS for Partion Manager

MO_EcuOperMngt

System Requirement: The system shall support communication between the partitions by usage of shared memory 665572 (A)

status: ACCEPTED

tags: imported

delete: False

jinja content: False

safety level: ASIL D

artifact_type: MO_FUNC_REQ

cra: ALM178374

satisfies: 583715, 631764

satisfiedBy: 987591

The system shall support communication between the partitions by usage of shared memory.

CONSTRAIN

The introduction of new information must not lead to a change of the receiver layer.

NFO

The communication shall be done in a standardized way so that the binaries of the "virtual ECUs" has not to be changed. The binaries and its communication shall be independent from its location. This means the usage of protocols like

- CAN
- Ethernet

shall be used for the virtual communication.

Consider also communication to shared memory.

Verification Criteria

Flash software for each partition and check if the software functionalities can communicate with each other.

O Previous

Next 😜

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Built with Sphinx using a theme provided by Read the Docs.

4. Manage Tests with Docs-As-Code

♠ Docs-as-code PS-EC Evaluation

Search docs

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MO EcuOperMngt

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SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE SPECIFICATION

expected result: Check if multiple FIFOs are able to exchange data.

↑ MO_EcuOperMngt_TestCases

View page source

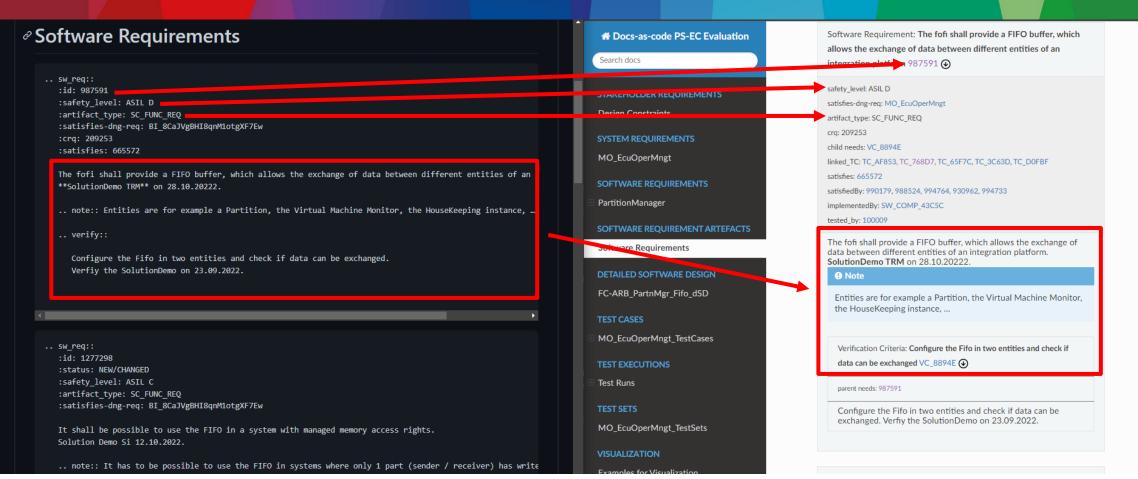
View page source

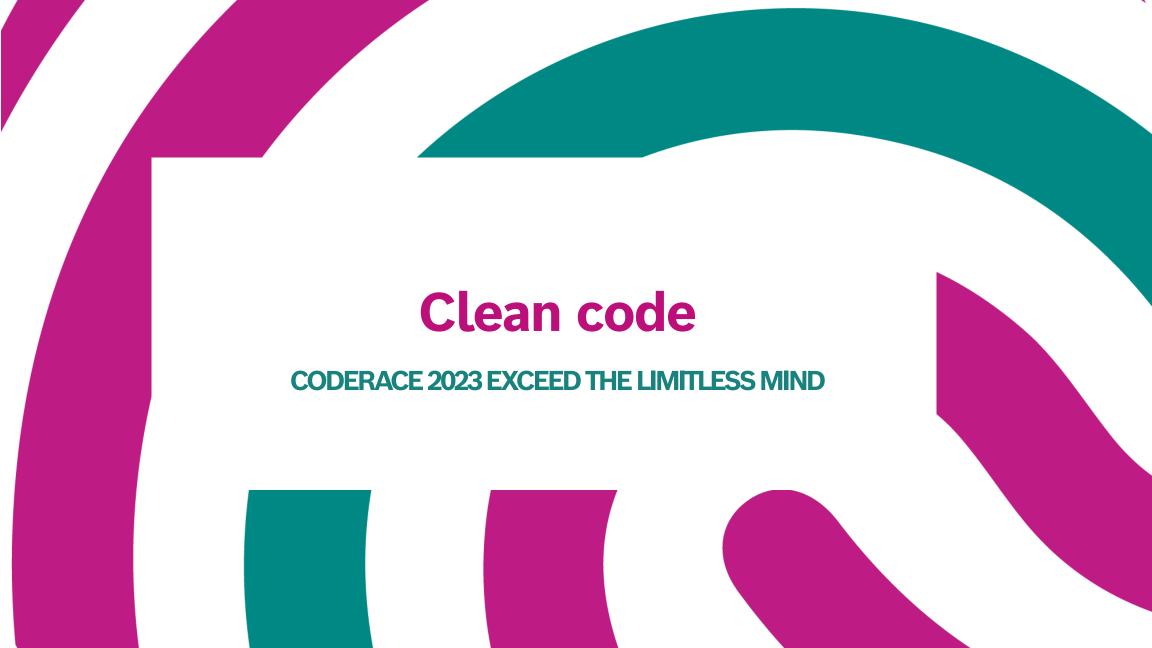
TestCases

**TestCases*

MO_EcuOperMngt_TestCases This is the example for a Test Case. This is just an example for a test case from Test management team. MO_EcuOperMnqt Test Case: MO_EcuOperMngt_1 TC_AF853 ◆ test environment: PIL applied test method: Combinatorial testing comments: This is the dummy test case to show full information execution_time: 1000 constants: N/A parameters: N/A variables: N/A test level: Detail testscript: MO_EcuOperMngt_1.pkg testgoal: N/A execution_type: Semi Automation creator: Huynh Gia Bao (MS/EET32) child needs: TS 9A984 linked reg: 987591 testsets: TS CEA1D tested by: TR 5F9AC Description Provide a brief Description of the test case Test Step: MO EcuOperMngt 1 Step 1 TS 9A984 (4) pre condition: Engine start action: Use more than one instance of the Fifo and exchange data.

5. Documents with Docs-As-Code example





Clean code What is it?



What

Code is clean if it can be understood easily – by everyone on the team. Clean code can be read and enhanced by a developer other than its original author. With understandability comes readability, changeability, extensibility and maintainability

How

Clean coding is not a skill that can be acquired overnight. It is a habit that needs to be developed by keeping these principles in mind and applying them whenever you write code





Clean codeClean code principle

Code Quality Measurement: WTFs/Minute Dude, WTF Code Review Code Review WTF is **Good Code Bad Code** http://commadot.com

Naming convention

Functions rules

Comments rules



Clean codeNaming convention

Should	Should not
Using long descriptive names that are easy to read	Avoid using ambiguous shorthand Do not use letters like x, y, a or b as variable names unless there is a good reason (loop variables are an exception)
Using pronounceable names	Avoid noise words



Naming convention

Using long descriptive names that are easy to read

```
# Not recommended

# The au variable is the number of active users

au = 105

# Recommended

total_active_users = 105
```



Clean code Naming convention

Avoid noise words

Noise word are the words that do not offer any addition information about the variable. They are redundant and should be removed

Some popular noise words are:

- The, Info, Data, Variable, Object, Manager, ...



Clean code Naming convention

Using pronounceable names

If you cannot pronounce a name, you can't discuss it without sounding silly

```
Bad:

const yyyymmdstr = moment().format("YYYY/MM/DD");

Good:

const currentDate = moment().format("YYYY/MM/DD");
```



Clean code Function rules

Should	Should not
Keep them small • Functions should be small, really small. They should rarely be 20 lines longs for python (70 lines for java)	Don't use flag arguments o A flag argument is a Boolean argument that is passed to a function. Two different actions are taken depending on the value of this argument
Make sure they just do one thing o If you follow this rule, it is guaranteed that they will be small	Don't repeat yourself Output Code repetition may be the root of all evil in software. Duplicate code means you need to change things in multiple places where there is a change in logic and it is very error prone
Fewer arguments • Functions should have two or fewer arguments, the fewer the better. Avoid three or more arguments where possible	

Function rules

Make sure they just do one thing

```
# Not recommended
def getTotalScore(board):
    print("Total score is: ", board.totalScore)
    return board.totalScore

# Recommended
def showResult(arg):
    print("Total score is: ", arg)

def getTotalScore(board):
    return board.totalScore
```



Clean code Function rules

Don't use flag arguments

```
text = "Python is a simple and elegant programming language."
# Not recommended
def transform_text(text, uppercase):
   if uppercase:
       return text.upper()
    else:
       return text.lower()
uppercase_text = transform_text(text, True)
lowercase_text = transform_text(text, False)
# Recommended
def transform_to_uppercase(text):
    return text.upper()
def transform_to_lowercase(text):
    return text.lower()
uppercase_text = transform_to_uppercase(text)
lowercase text = transform to lowercase(text)
```



Clean codeComments rules

Should	Should not
Always try to explain yourself	Don't leave code in comment

Comment rules

Don't leave code in comment

```
// case 3: Related have
   Note: At the present, this widget have not been able to check case Related Att & Mandatory att have link type yet.
else {
   // the block for Mandatory Attribute Checking - vlc1hc comment because, at the present not support
            var attToSearch = convertAttrToSearch(element);
           RM.Data.getLinkedArtifacts(artifact, attToSearch, function(linksResult){
               if (linksResult.code == RM.OperationResult.OPERATION OK){
                    var inlink = linksResult.data.artifactLinks;
                   var outlink = linksResult.data.externalLinks;
                   if(inlink.length == 0 && outlink.length == 0){
                   processLinkAttWithoutRecall(original, numSub);
   // the block for Related Attribute Checking
   if(valNumRow > 0 && relatedAtt.length > 0 && relatedRulesMap.size > 0){
       var index = [];
       for(var i = 1; i \leftarrow valNumRow; i++){
            index.push(i);
           var numLinkType =0;
           relatedAtt.forEach(function(element){
               if(relatedRulesMap.get(element+i) != undefined
                   && element.match(patternAtt) != null){
                   numLinkType++;
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    INP_SRC, OUT_SRC = init_argument()

# Reading an XML file specified by URL, parsing it into a Python dictionary using the `xmltodict` library data_dict = xmltodict.parse(open(INP_SRC).read())

json_data = json.dumps({
    "Module Name": find_name_module(data_dict),
    "Module Type": find_type_module(data_dict),
    "List Artifact Info": find_list_artifact_info(data_dict)
}, indent=4)

with open(OUT_SRC, "w") as_json_file:
    json_file.write(json_data)
```

```
artifact info = {}
                                                        Using noise words
type_ref = spec_object['TYPE']['SPEC-OBJECT---
type_object = find_type_spec(spec_type, type_ret)
artifact info.update(
    {"Attribute Type": type object.get(NAME TAG)})
for key in spec_object['VALUES'].keys():
    spec_attrs = type_object['SPEC-ATTRIBUTES']
    spec obj values = spec object['VALUES']
    for info in mapping attr_definition(spec_attrs, spec_obj_values, attr_key=key):
        artifact info.update(info)
return dict(sorted(artifact info.items()))
```

```
def extractKeysValues():
   list={}
                                                                          to short variable
   global def dictionary
                                                                                name
   for i in spec objects:
       obi={}
       b = reqif bundle.get spec object by ref(i.identifier)
       obj["Attribute Type"]=reqif_bundle.get_spec_object type_by ref(b.spec object type).long name#heading(i.spec object type)
       obj["Modified On"]=i.last change
       obj["Description"]=i.description if i.description else ""
       obj["ReqIF.Text"]=""
       for key in i.attribute map:
           def_ref = i.attribute_map.get(key).definition_ref
           obj[return key(def dictionary[def ref])]=process value(return key(def dictionary[def ref]),i.attribute map.get(key).value)
       obj.pop(None)
       list[i.identifier]=obj
   final = []
   for specification in reqif bundle.core content.req if content.specifications:
       for current hierarchy in regif bundle.iterate specification hierarchy(specification):
           final.append(list[current hierarchy.spec object])
   return final
```

```
too big function.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      There are 128
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      lines
                                                 General Data in higher date; there (they then an experiment replication and our properties above on page about the (they then as any month of the page about the control of the page about the page about
                                                    and only personnel of the property of the prop
file_gath = 'Mequirements.regif'
spec_objects = read_regif_file(file_gath)
```

Bosch Global Software Technologies alt_future

```
Rst Write Content Formatted (File, Header, Footer, Tab, Content, Prefix1, Prefix2, Empty):
File.write(Header)
List Line Content = Content.split("\n")
for Line in List_Line_Content:
    if Empty and Line.strip() == "":
        continue
                                                   too much arguments
    File.write(Tab)
    if len(List Line Content) > 1:
        File.write(Prefix1)
    Formatted Line = Limit Characters Per_Line(Line, 68)
    for i in range(len(Formatted_Line)):
        if i > 0:
            File.write(Tab)
            if len(List Line Content) > 1:
                File.write(Prefix2)
        File.write(Formatted Line[i] + '\n')
File.write(Footer)
```

```
regif bundle = RegIFParser.parse(input file path)
for specification in reqif bundle.core content.req if content.specifications:
   ModuleName = specification.long name
   ModuleType = specification.specification type
   ModuleType = reqif undle.lookup.spec types lookup[ModuleType].long name
   data["Module Name"] = ModuleName
   data["Module Type"] = ModuleType
   reqIFtext = None
   Identifier = None
                                             2 nested for loops
   CreatedOn = None
   Description = None
   Type = None
   ModifiedOn = None
   Contributor = None
   Title = None
   Creator = None
   hierachy = regif bundle iterate spec fication hierarchy(specification)
   InfoList = []
   for h2 in hierachy:
       obj = reqif bundle.get spec object)
       Type = reqif bundle.get spec object type by ref(obj.spec object type)
       InfoDict = {}
       Type = Type.long name #Attribute Type
       for attribute in obj.attributes:
           ref = attribute.definition ref
           name = reqif bundle.lookup.spec types lookup[obj.spec object type].attribute map[ref].long name
           if name == "ReqIF.Description": #Description
```

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
    from regif.parser import RegIFParser
    import json
    import sys
6
    input file path = sys.argv[1]
    data = {}
   regif bundle = RegIFParser.parse(input file path)
        specification in regif bundle.core content.reg if content.specifications:
        ModuleName = specification.long name
       ModuleType = specification.specification type
       ModuleType = reqif bundle.lookup.spec types lookup[ModuleType].long name
       data["Module Name"] = ModuleName
        data["Module Type"] = ModuleType
       reqIFtext = None
        Identifier = None
       CreatedOn = None
       Description = None
        Type = None
       ModifiedOn = None
        Contributor = None
        Title = None
        Creator = None
        hierachy = reqif bundle.iterate specification hierarchy(specification)
        InfoList = []
        for h2 in hierachy:
            obj = reqif bundle.get spec object by ref(h2.spec object)
            Type = reqif bundle.get spec object type by ref(obj.spec object type)
            InfoDict = {}
            Type = Type.long name #Attribute Type
            for attribute in obj.attributes:
```

THANK YOU