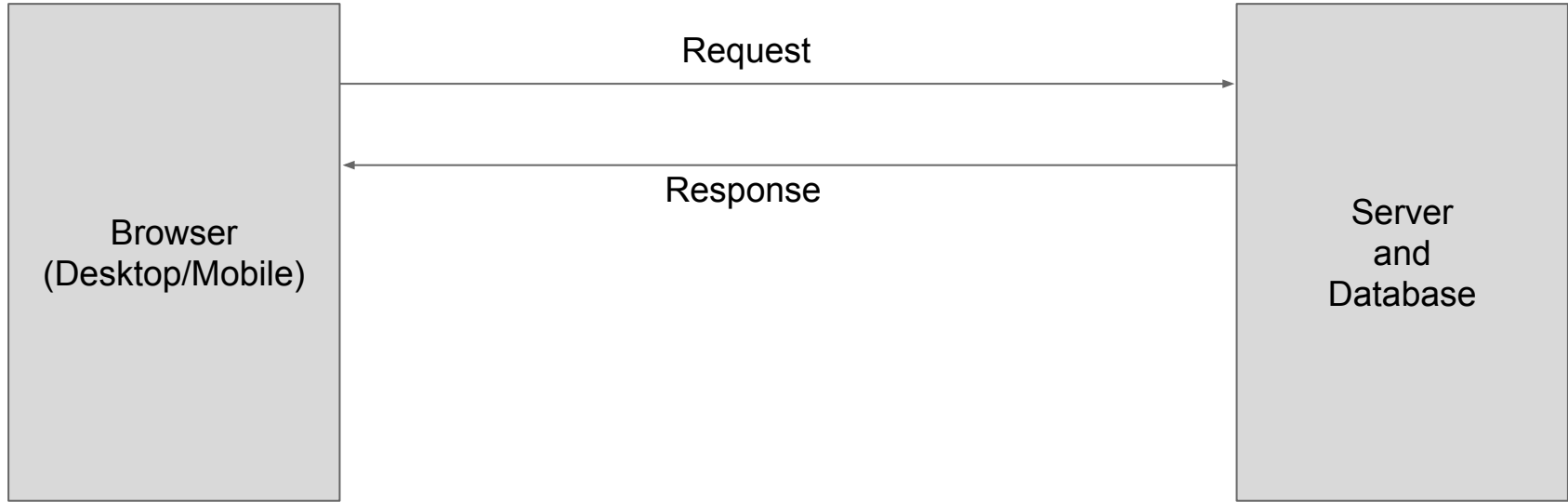


# How the Web Works?



# Basic Model



# HTTP

- HTTP is an application-level protocol for distributed, collaborative, hypermedia information systems
- HTTP is a request/response standard of a client and server
- Typically, an HTTP client (such as a browser) initiates a request
- Resources to be accessed by HTTP are identified using Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs)

# Request message

The request consists of:

1. Request line
2. Headers
3. Optional message

```
GET /index.html HTTP/1.1  
Host: www.example.com
```

# Request methods

HTTP defines eight methods/verbs indicating the desired action to be performed on the identified **resource**

This is the basis for REST APIs

- HEAD
- GET
- POST
- PUT

- DELETE
- TRACE
- OPTIONS
- CONNECT

# Status codes

First line of the HTTP response is called status line

- Success: 2xx
- Redirection: 3xx
- Client-Side Error: 4xx
- Server-Side Error: 5xx

## Example request

```
GET /index.html HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.com
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Mon, 23 May 2005 22:38:34 GMT
Server: Apache/1.3.3.7 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux)
Last-Modified: Wed, 08 Jan 2003 23:11:55 GMT
Etag: "3f80f-1b6-3e1cb03b"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 438
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
```

# HTTP is STATELESS

- HTTP is a stateless protocol
- Hosts do not retain information between requests
- When a host need to customize the content for a user, he uses:
  - Cookies
  - Sessions
  - Hidden variables (forms)
  - URL encoded parameters (?param=someString&otherParam=otherString)



# Cookies

- Cookie is a small piece of text stored on a user's computer by a web browser
- A cookie consists of one or more name-value pairs containing bits of information
- It is sent as an HTTP header by a web server to a web browser and then sent back unchanged by the browser each time it access the server
- Cookies can also be managed by the javascript
- Usage example:
  - Session tracking
  - User preferences
  - Shopping cart
  - And more..

# Cookie example (server)

1.

```
GET /index.html HTTP/1.1  
Host: www.example.org
```

browser



server

2.

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
Content-type: text/html  
Set-Cookie: name=value  
  
(content of page)
```

browser



server

3.

```
GET /spec.html HTTP/1.1  
Host: www.example.org  
Cookie: name=value  
Accept: */*
```

browser



server

# Sessions

## Problem

Cookies and URL parameters are not good in case you don't want that data to be readable/editable on client side.

## Solution

Store that data on the server side, give it an "id", and let the client only know (and pass back at every http request) that id.

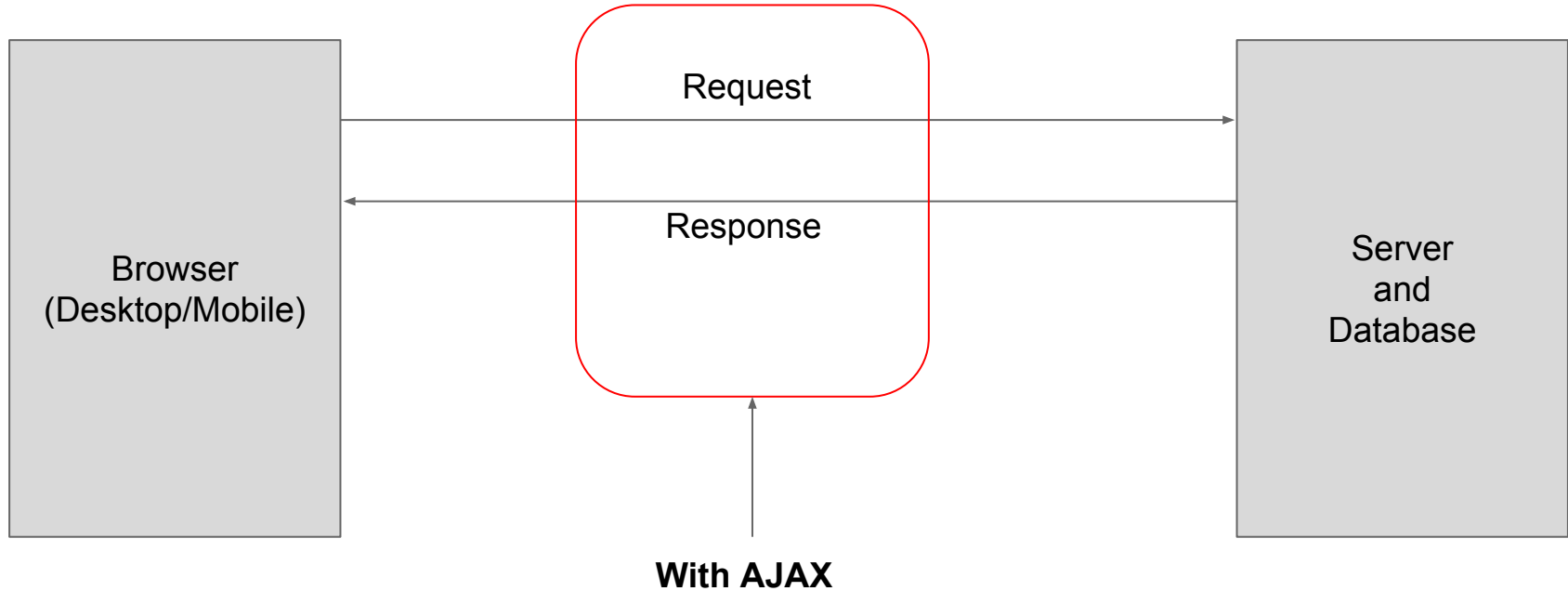
# Javascript

“JavaScript is a scripting language designed for creating dynamic, interactive Web applications that link together objects and resources on both clients and servers”

# AJAX

“Asynchronous JavaScript and XML”

# Basic Model + AJAX



# XML

## eXtensible Markup Language

- XML is a universally agreed markup language primarily used for information exchange.
- The two primary building blocks of XML are elements and attributes
- Elements are tags and have values
- Elements are structured as a tree
- Alternatively, elements may have both attributes as well as data
- Attributes help you to give more meaning and describe your element more efficiently and clearly.

# XML Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

```
<person>
```

```
  <id type="integer">1111</id>
```

```
  <last_name>Smith</last_name>
```

```
  <first_name>John</first_name>
```

```
  <address>
```

```
    <city>New York</city>
```

```
    <street>21 2nd Street</street>
```

```
    <postal_code type="integer">10021</postal_code>
```

```
    <state>NY</state>
```

```
  </address>
```

```
</person>
```



# JSON

## JavaScript Object Notation

- JSON is a lightweight computer data interchange format
- JSON is based on a subset of the JavaScript programming language
- It is considered to be a language-independent data format
- It serves as an alternative to the use of the XML format

# JSON Example

```
[  
  {  
    "id": 1111,  
    "last_name": "Smith",  
    "first_name": "John",  
    "address": {  
      "city": "New York",  
      "street": "21 2nd Street",  
      "postal_code": 10021,  
      "state": "NY"  
    }  
  }  
]
```

**API**

“**A**pplication **P**rogram **I**nterface”

# DEMO

Postman