

# Introduction to Cryptography, Fall 2021

## Homework 2

Due: 5pm, 10/19/2021 (Wed)

### Part 1: Written Problems

1. For polynomial arithmetic with specified coefficient fields, perform the following calculation:
  - a.  $(x^2 + 7x + 9)(2x^3 + 9x^2 + 5)$  over  $\text{GF}(11)$   
 $2x^5 + x^4 + 4x^3 + 9x^2 + 2x + 1$
  - b.  $(2x^5 + 3x + 2) \bmod (5x^3 + 4)$  over  $\text{GF}(7)$   
 $4x^3 + 3x + 2$
  - c.  $\gcd(x^4 + 8x^3 + 7x + 8, 2x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 1)$  over  $\text{GF}(11)$   
 $x^4 + 8x^3 + 7x + 8 = (6x + 10)(2x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 1) + (4x^2 + 9)$   
 $2x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 1 = (6x + 5)(4x^2 + 9) + 0$   
So,  $\gcd[(x^4 + 8x^3 + 7x + 8), (2x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 1)] = 4x^2 + 9$
  - d.  $(x^3 + x + 1)^{-1} \bmod x^4 + x + 1$  over  $\text{GF}(2)$   
 $1 = x^3 + x + 1 - (x^2 + 1)(x)$   
 $= (x^2 + 1)(x^3 + x + 1) + (x)(x^4 + x + 1)$   
 $(x^2 + 1)(x^3 + x + 1) \equiv 1 \pmod{x^4 + x + 1}$   
So,  $(x^3 + x + 1)^{-1} \bmod x^4 + x + 1 = x^2 + 1$
2. Determine which of the following polynomials are reducible over  $\text{GF}(2)$ .
  - a.  $x^3 + x + 1$   
irreducible, because there is no linear factor of the form  $x$  or  $(x+1)$
  - b.  $x^4 + x^2 + x + 1$   
reducible, since  $x^4 + x^3 + x + 1 = (x + 1)(x^3 + x^2 + 1)$
3. In the discussion of MixColumns and InvMixColumns in AES, it is stated that  $b(x) = a^{-1}(y) \bmod (y^4 + 1)$ , where  $a(y) = \{03\}y^3 + \{01\}y^2 + \{01\}y + \{02\}$  and  $b(y) = \{0B\}y^3 + \{0D\}y^2 + \{09\}y + \{0E\}$ . Show that this is true.

Show that  $d(x) = a(x)b(x) \bmod (x^4 + 1) = 1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d_0 \\ d_1 \\ d_2 \\ d_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 & a_3 & a_2 & a_1 \\ a_1 & a_0 & a_3 & a_2 \\ a_2 & a_1 & a_0 & a_3 \\ a_3 & a_2 & a_1 & a_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 02 & 03 & 01 & 01 \\ 01 & 02 & 03 & 01 \\ 01 & 01 & 02 & 03 \\ 03 & 01 & 01 & 02 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0E \\ 09 \\ 0D \\ 0B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\{0E\} \cdot \{02\} \oplus \{09\} \cdot \{03\} \oplus \{0D\} \cdot \{01\} \oplus \{0B\} \cdot \{01\}) = \{01\}$$

$$(\{0E\} \cdot \{01\} \oplus \{09\} \cdot \{02\} \oplus \{0D\} \cdot \{03\} \oplus \{0B\} \cdot \{01\}) = \{00\}$$

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$$(\{0E\} \cdot \{03\} \oplus \{09\} \cdot \{01\} \oplus \{0D\} \cdot \{01\} \oplus \{0B\} \cdot \{02\}) = \{00\}$$