

Supplement to Shaping a Swarm With a Shared Control Input Using Boundary Walls and Wall Friction

Paper-ID [add your ID here]

Abstract—Includes algorithms and equations too lengthy for main paper, but potentially useful for the community.

- I. CALCULATIONS FOR MODELING SWARM AS FLUID IN A SIMPLE PLANAR WORKSPACE
- II. ALGORITHM FOR GENERATING DESIRED y SPACING BETWEEN TWO ROBOTS USING WALL FRICTION

Algorithm 1 GenerateDesired y -spacing(s_1, s_2, e_1, e_2, L)

Require: Knowledge of starting (s_1, s_2) and ending (e_1, e_2) positions of two robots. $(0,0)$ is bottom corner, s_1 is rightmost robot, L is length of the walls. Current position of the robots are (r_1, r_2) .

Ensure: $r_{1x} - r_{2x} \equiv s_{1x} - s_{2x}$

```
1:  $\Delta s_y \leftarrow s_{1y} - s_{2y}$ 
2:  $\Delta e_y \leftarrow e_{1y} - e_{2y}$ 
3:  $r_1 \leftarrow s_1, r_2 \leftarrow s_2$ 
4: if  $\Delta e_y < 0$  then
5:    $m \leftarrow (L - \max(r_{1y}, r_{2y}), 0)$     ▷ Move to top wall
6: else
7:    $m \leftarrow (-\min(r_{1y}, r_{2y}), 0)$     ▷ Move to bottom wall
8: end if
9:  $m \leftarrow m + (0, -\min(r_{1x}, r_{2x}))$     ▷ Move to left
10:  $r_1 \leftarrow r_1 + m, r_2 \leftarrow r_2 + m$     ▷ Apply move
11: if  $\Delta e_y - (r_{1y} - r_{2y}) > 0$  then
12:    $m \leftarrow (\min(|\Delta e_y - \Delta s_y|, L - r_{1y}), 0)$     ▷ Move top
13: else
14:    $m \leftarrow (-\min(|\Delta e_y - \Delta s_y|, r_{1y}), 0)$     ▷ Move bottom
15: end if
16:  $m \leftarrow m + (0, \epsilon)$     ▷ Move right
17:  $r_1 \leftarrow r_1 + m, r_2 \leftarrow r_2 + m$     ▷ Apply move
18:  $\Delta r_y \leftarrow r_{1y} - r_{2y}$ 
19: if  $\Delta r_y \equiv \Delta e_y$  then
20:    $m \leftarrow (e_{1x} - r_{1x}, e_{1y} - r_{1y})$ 
21:    $r_1 \leftarrow r_1 + m, r_2 \leftarrow r_2 + m$     ▷ Apply move
22:   return  $(r_1, r_2)$ 
23: else
24:   return GenerateDesired $y$ -spacing( $r_1, r_2, e_1, e_2, L$ )
25: end if
```
