University of Utah   Spring 2025

MATH 3210-001 PSet 11 Specification

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Subject to Change; Last Updated: 2025-04-11 09:15:04-06:00

1   Background

This problem set examines infinite series of real numbers as well as real valued functions. Recall that given a formal series, there are two fundamental questions:

1. Does the series converge?

2. If the series converges, what is the limit, or what type of properties does it have?

   Some problems in this problem set focus on the approximation and exact calculation of limits of numerical series, while others address various modes of convergence for function series and investigate whether properties of the series' terms are preserved in the limit.

2   What to Submit

Submit your detailed solutions to each of the problems below. While the prompts may seem lengthy, the additional text is intended to guide you by providing context and helpful details.

When tackling statements in MATH 3210, follow these four steps (in no particular order):

1. **Assess the truth of the statement:** Determine, either exactly or probabilistically, whether the statement is true.

2. **Build a case:** Come up with examples or begin drafting a proof to identify potential issues or areas where the argument may break down.

3. **Construct a proof:** Provide a formal argument to support your conclusion.

4. **Perturb the statement:** Experiment with logical variations of the statement. Can you prove a stronger/weaker result, or find alternative proofs?

In this problem set, and in later problem sets as well as exams, your work must address the third step (aka constructing a proof). While work regarding the remaining three items likely will help you write a formal proof, understand the material as well as identify connections between different concepts, you do not need to turn in generalizations or multiple proofs of the same statement, nor do you need to provide examples or counterexamples (unless you are specifically asked to). However, demonstrating these steps can contribute to partial credit when appropriate.

Statements in problems will typically be presented in neutral language. For example, a problem may simply state "P" (for P a well-defined statement) rather than "Show that P" or "Prove that P is false". Your task is to determine the truth of the statement and provide a formal proof or refutation.

If a statement is false, it is highly recommended to propose a corrected version of the statement and prove this corrected version.

This process, part of "perturbing the statement", will enhance your mathematical error detection and correction skills.

Unless explicitly stated otherwise, all problems require proofs. If you provide an example, you must also prove that the example satisfies the necessary conditions. If you make a calculation, you must prove that your calculation is correct. If an object is claimed to be a well-defined function (and in particular sequence) you need not prove this claim. However if an object is claimed to be a well-defined function and fails to be one really, a proof of this failure is required.

Make sure that each solution is properly enumerated and organized. Start the solution to each problem on a new page, and consider using headings or subheadings to structure your work clearly. This will not only aid in your thought process but also ensure that no part of your solution is overlooked during grading.

1. Let $f : [1, \infty[\to \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ be a nonincreasing function such that $\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = 0$. Define for $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$,

$$d_n = \sum_{k=1}^{n} f(k) - \int_1^n f(x)dx.$$

Then

(a) For any $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$, $0 \leq f(n) \leq d_n \leq 1$.

(b) $d_\bullet$ is nonincreasing.

(c) $d_\infty = \lim_{n \to \infty} d_n$ exists.

(d) The formal sum $\sum_{k=1}^{n} f(k)$ converges iff the improper integral $\int_1^\infty f(x)dx$ converges.

(e) For any $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$, $0 \leq d_n - d_\infty \leq f(n)$.

(f) $\sum_{k=1}^{n} f(k) = \int_1^n f(x)dx + d_\infty + O_{n \to \infty}(f(n))$.

2. Let $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$ be such that $p \geq q$ and define for any $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$,

$$x_{p,q,n} = \sum_{k=qn+1}^{pn} \frac{1}{k}.$$

Then

(a) $\lim_{n\to\infty} x_{p,q,n} = \log\left(\frac{p}{q}\right)$.

(b) For any $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$, $-x_{2,1,n} = \sum_{k=1}^{2n} \frac{(-1)^k}{k}$.

(c) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{2n} \frac{(-1)^k}{k} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{2n+1} \frac{(-1)^k}{k}$.

(d) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$.

3. Let X be a set, $f_\bullet : \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1} \to F(X; \mathbb{R})$ be a sequence of functions and consider the formal series of functions

$$f_1 + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty}(f_n - f_{n-1}). \qquad (\star)$$

Then

(a) $f_\bullet$ converges pointwise iff $(\star)$ converges pointwise.

(b) $f_\bullet$ converges uniformly iff $(\star)$ converges uniformly.

4. Let $f_\bullet : \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \to F([0, 1]; \mathbb{R})$ be a sequence of functions. Then the following are equivalent:

(a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |f_n|_{C^0}$ converges.

(b) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |f_n|$ converges uniformly.

(c) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_n$ converges uniformly.

5. Let X be a metric space with finite diameter, $f_\bullet : \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1} \to F(X; \mathbb{R})$, $\theta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$. Suppose

   - For any $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}$, f_n is θ-Hölder, and
   - $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathrm{Lip}_\theta(f_n)$ converges, where

   $$\mathrm{Lip}_\theta(f_n) = \sup_{\substack{x_1, x_2 \in X \\ x_1 \neq x_2}} \frac{|f(x_1) - f(x_2)|}{d_X(x_1, x_2)^\theta}.$$

   Then

   (a) The following are equivalent:

      i. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |f_n|_{C^0}$ converges.
      ii. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n(x_*)$ converges absolutely for some $x_* \in X$.
      iii. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ converges absolutely pointwise.
      iv. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ converges absolutely uniformly.

   (b) The following are equivalent:

      i. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n(x_*)$ converges for some $x_* \in X$.
      ii. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ converges pointwise.
      iii. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ converges uniformly.

   (c) If $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ converges pointwise, then

      i. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n$ is θ-Hölder.
      ii. $\mathrm{Lip}_\theta \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n \right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathrm{Lip}_\theta(f_n)$.

3 Generative AI and Computer Algebra Systems Regulations

This section applies if you decide to use either a generative AI tool or a computer algebra system for this problem set. If not, you may skip

this section.

3.1 Providing Logs

If you use such tools, you are required to provide logs of your interactions. Here are some ways to submit them:

- If the tool generates a URL for the interaction (e.g. ChatGPT), list such URLs in the appropriate section of the form you will be filling as part of your submission.

- For tools without direct URL generation, use an appropriate external service to archive the session. An example of such a tool that might work is the Wayback Machine, see the documentation for the "Save Page Now" feature.

- If the tool allows PDF export of the interaction (e.g., Microsoft's Copilot), attach these PDFs to your Gradescope submission.

It is your responsibility to ensure that an archiving method is available for the tool you choose to use. If none of the archiving methods works, then that service is prohibited. If you use a service under the assumption that archiving is available, but it turns out not to be, you must report this in the submission form. Future assignments will be monitored accordingly.

3.2 Chat Guidelines; Prompt Engineering

For chatbot use, follow these guidelines:

- During the chat you may copy and paste parts of this specification document, as well as parts of the textbook or other sources.

- Directly asking the tool for complete problem solutions is prohibited.

- You are required to start any chat with a prompt that ideally would structure the chatbot's responses to you. This practice, known as prompt engineering, is your responsibility, and the staff will evaluate the reasonableness of your attempts. When in doubt, check with the course staff to ensure your guardrails prompt is appropriate.

  Here are some guides regarding prompt engineering:

    - https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/prompt-engineering

    - https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/resources/prompt-eng

    - https://www.ibm.com/topics/prompt-engineering

    - https://aws.amazon.com/what-is/prompt-engineering/

4   How to Submit

- **Step 1 of 2:** Submit the form at the following URL:

  https://forms.gle/uuK2armqmNyjgMPn7.

  You will receive a zero for this assignment if you skip this step, even if you submit your work on Gradescope on time.

- **Step 2 of 2:** Submit your work on Gradescope at the following URL:

https://www.gradescope.com/courses
/934441/assignments/5503412/,

see the Gradescope documentation for instructions.

5   When to Submit

This problem set is due on April 18, 2025 at 11:59 PM.

As per the course's syllabus, late submissions, up to 24 hours after this deadline, will be accepted with a 10% penalty. Submissions more than 24 hours late will not be accepted unless you contact the course staff with a valid excuse before the 24-hour extension expires.