NAME

rgbasm — Game Boy assembler

SYNOPSIS

```
rgbasm [-EHhLlVvw] [-b chars] [-D name[=value]] [-g chars] [-I path]
        [-M depend_file] [-MG] [-MP] [-MT target_file] [-MQ target_file]
        [-o out_file] [-P include_file] [-p pad_value] [-Q fix_precision]
        [-r recursion_depth] [-W warning] asmfile
```

DESCRIPTION

The **rgbasm** program creates an RGB object file from an assembly source file. The input asmfile can be a path to a file, or – to read from standard input.

Note that options can be abbreviated as long as the abbreviation is unambiguous: **--verb** is **--verbose**, but **--ver** is invalid because it could also be **--version**. The arguments are as follows:

-b chars, --binary-digits chars

Change the two characters used for binary constants. The defaults are 01.

-D name[=value], --define name[=value]

Add a string symbol to the compiled source code. This is equivalent to name **EQUS** "value" in code, or name **EQUS** "1" if value is not specified.

-E, --export-all

Export all labels, including unreferenced and local labels.

-g chars, --gfx-chars chars

Change the four characters used for gfx constants. The defaults are 0123.

-H, --nop-after-halt

By default, **rgbasm** inserts a **nop** instruction immediately after any **halt** instruction, but this has been deprecated and prints a warning message the first time it occurs. The **-H** option opts into this insertion, so no warning will be printed.

-h, --halt-without-nop

Disables inserting a **nop** instruction immediately after any **halt** instruction.

-I path, --include path

Add a new "include path; path" must point to a directory. When aINCLUDE (including the implicit one from -P) or INCBIN is attempted, rgbasm first looks up the pro vided path from its working directory; if this fails, it tries again from each of the "include path" directories, in the order they were provided.

-L, --preserve-ld

By default, rgbasm optimizes loads of the form LD [\$FF00+n8], A into the opcode LDH [\$FF00+n8], A, but this has been deprecated and prints a warning message the first time it occurs. The -L option disables this optimization.

-1, --auto-1dh

Optimize loads of the form LD [\$FF00+n8], A into the opcode LDH [\$FF00+n8], A.

```
-M depend_file, --dependfile depend_file
Print make(1) dependencies to depend_file.
```

-MG To be used in conjunction with -M. This makes rgbasm assume that missing files are auto-generated: when INCLUDE (including the implicit one from -P) or INCBIN is attempted on a non-existent file, it is added as a dependency, then rgbasm exits normally instead of erroring out. This feature is used in automatic updating of makefiles.

- **-MP** When enabled, this causes a phony target to be added for each dependency other than the main file. This prevents make(1) from erroring out when dependency files are deleted.
- **-MT** target_file

Add a target to the rules emitted by **-M**. The exact string provided will be written, including spaces and special characters.

-MT fileA -MT fileB

is equivalent to

-MT 'fileA fileB'.

If neither this nor **-MQ** is specified, the output file name is used.

- -MQ target_file
 - Same as **-MT**, but additionally escapes any special make(1) characters, essentially '\$'.
- -o out_file, --output out_file

Write an object file to the given filename.

-P include_file, --preinclude include_file

Pre-include a file. This acts as if a **INCLUDE** "include_file" was read before the input asmfile.

-p pad_value, --pad-value pad_value

When padding an image, pad with this value. The default is 0x00.

-Q fix_precision, --q-precision fix_precision

Use this as the precision of fixed-point numbers after the decimal point, unless they specify their own precision. The default is 16, so fixed-point numbers are Q16.16 (since they are 32-bit integers). The argument may start with a '.' to match the Q notation, for example, -Q .16.

-r recursion_depth, --recursion-depth recursion_depth

Specifies the recursion depth past which RGBASM will assume being in an infinite loop. The default is 64.

-V, --version

Print the version of the program and exit.

-v, --verbose

Be verbose.

-W warning, --warning warning

Set warning flag warning. A warning message will be printed if warning is an unknown warning flag. See the **DIAGNOSTICS** section for a list of warnings.

-w Disable all warning output, even when turned into errors.

DIAGNOSTICS

Warnings are diagnostic messages that indicate possibly erroneous behavior that does not necessarily compromise the assembling process. The following options alter the way warnings are processed.

-Werror

Make all warnings into errors.

-Werror=

Make the specified warning into an error. A warning's name is appended (example: **-Werror=obsolete**), and this warning is implicitly enabled and turned into an error. This is an error if used with a meta warning, such as **-Werror=all**.

The following warnings are "meta" warnings, that enable a collection of other warnings. If a specific warning is toggled via a meta flag and a specific one, the more specific one takes priority. The position on the command-line acts as a tie breaker, the last one taking effect.

-Wall

This enables warnings that are likely to indicate an error or undesired behavior, and that can easily be fixed.

-Wextra

This enables extra warnings that are less likely to pose a problem, but that may still be wanted.

-Weverything

Enables literally every warning.

The following warnings are actual warning flags; with each description, the corresponding warning flag is included. Note that each of these flag also has a negation (for example, **-Wcharmap-redef** enables the warning that **-Wno-charmap-redef** disables). Only the non-default flag is listed here. Ignoring the "no-" prefix, entries are listed alphabetically.

-Wno-assert

Warn when **WARN**-type assertions fail. (See "Aborting the assembly process" in rgbasm(5) for **ASSERT**).

-Wbackwards-for

Warn when **FOR** loops have their start and stop values switched according to the step value. This warning is enabled by **-wall**.

-Wbuiltin-args

Warn about incorrect arguments to built-in functions, such as **STRSUB**() with indexes outside of the string's bounds. This warning is enabled by **-wall**.

-Wcharmap-redef

Warn when re-defining a charmap mapping. This warning is enabled by **-Wall**.

-Wdiv

Warn when dividing the smallest negative integer (-2**31) by -1, which yields itself due to integer overflow.

-Wempty-macro-arg

Warn when a macro argument is empty. This warning is enabled by **-Wextra**.

-Wempty-strrpl

Warn when **STRRPL**() is called with an empty string as its second argument (the substring to replace). This warning is enabled by **-Wall**.

-Wlarge-constant

Warn when a constant too large to fit in a signed 32-bit integer is encountered. This warning is enabled by **-Wall**.

-Wlong-string

Warn when a string too long to fit in internal buffers is encountered. This warning is enabled by -wall.

-Wmacro-shift

Warn when shifting macro arguments past their limits. This warning is enabled by -Wextra.

-Wno-obsolete

Warn when obsolete constructs such as the _PI constant or PRINTT directive are encountered.

-Wnumeric-string=

Warn when a multi-character string is treated as a number. -Wnumeric-string=0 or -Wno-numeric-string disables this warning. -Wnumeric-string=1 or just -Wnumeric-string warns about strings longer than four characters, since four or fewer characters fit within a 32-bit integer. -Wnumeric-string=2 warns about any multi-character string.

-Wshift

Warn when shifting right a negative value. Use a division by 2**N instead.

-Wshift-amount

Warn when a shift's operand is negative or greater than 32.

-Wtruncation=

Warn when an implicit truncation (for example, **db** to an 8-bit value) loses some bits. **-Wtruncation=0** or **-Wno-truncation** disables this warning. **-Wtruncation=1** warns when an N-bit value's absolute value is 2**N or greater. **-Wtruncation=2** or just **-Wtruncation** also warns when an N-bit value is less than -2**(N-1), which will not fit in two's complement encoding.

-Wunmapped-char

Warn when a character goes through charmap conversion but has no defined mapping. This warning is always disabled if the active charmap is empty, and/or is the default charmap 'main'. This warning is enabled by **-wall**.

-Wno-user

Warn when the **WARN** built-in is executed. (See "Aborting the assembly process" in rgbasm(5) for **WARN**).

EXAMPLES

You can assemble a source file in two ways.

Straightforward way:

```
$ rgbasm -o bar.o foo.asm
```

Pipes way:

```
$ cat foo.asm | rgbasm -o bar.o -
$ rgbasm -o bar.o - < foo.asm</pre>
```

The resulting object file is not yet a usable ROM image—it must first be run through rgblink(1) and then rgbfix(1).

BUGS

Please report bugs on *GitHub:* https://github.com/gbdev/rgbds/issues.

SEE ALSO

```
rgbasm(5), rgbfix(1), rgblink(1), rgbds(5), rgbds(7), gbz80(7)
```

HISTORY

rgbasm was originally written by Carsten Sørensen as part of the ASMotor package, and was later packaged in RGBDS by Justin Lloyd. It is now maintained by a number of contributors at .: https://github.com/gbdev/rgbds