Compte-rendu de TP3 TSA:

Partie 1:

Ex11: Le code pour les exercices de 1.1 a 1.3 sans la correction

```
clear all; close all;
Fs = 500:
B = 160;
v0 = 100:
Dnu = 16;
T = 100:
ordre= 6;
sigma= sqrt(5);
%% Exercice 1.1:
figure(1);
Xp = struct('sigma',sigma,'Fs',Fs,'B',B,'T',T);
[X,Xp] = CGN(Xp);
moyX = mean(X.data);
varianceX = (std(X.data))^2;
sig0 = varianceX/(2*B);
rep11 = sprintf('Rep1.1:\n La moyenne = %d \n La variance = %d \n sig0 =
%d',moyX,varianceX,sig0);
disp(rep11);
%% Exercice 1.2:
figure(2);
Fp = struct('Fs',Fs,'F0',v0,'Dnu',Dnu,'order',ordre,'class','BP filter');
[Y,Fp] = BPF(X,Fp);
moyY
        = mean(Y.data);
varianceY = (std(Y.data))^2;
densite = varianceY/(2*Dnu);
rep11 = sprintf('Rep1.2:\n La moyenne = %d \n La variance = %d \n Densite =
%d'.movY.varianceY.densite):
disp(rep11);
%% Exercice 1.3:
figure(3);
[Z] = SquareSig(Y);
prod = [2,20,100];
for i=1:length(prod)
 figure(3+i);
 RC = prod(i)/Dnu;
 RCFp = struct('Fs',Fs,'RC',RC);
 [W,RCFp] = RCF(Z,RCFp);
 moyW
          = mean(W.data);
 varianceW = (std(W.data))^2;
         = kurtosis(W.data);
 rep13 = sprintf('Rep1.3: \n Dnu x RC = %d, \n RC = %d \n La moyenne = %d \n La variance
```

```
= %d \n Kurtosis = %d',prod(i),RC,moyW,varianceW,kurt);
disp(rep13);
end
```

Figure 1:

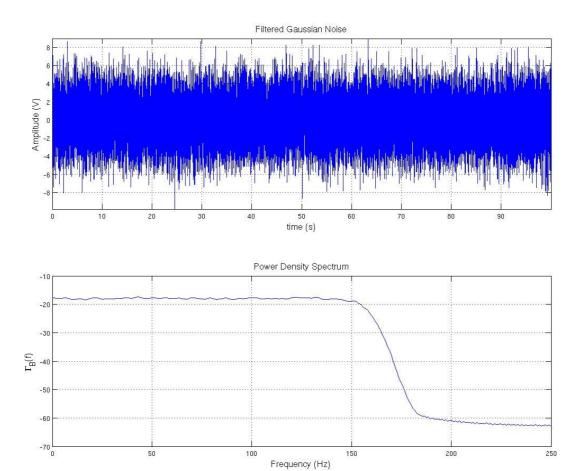
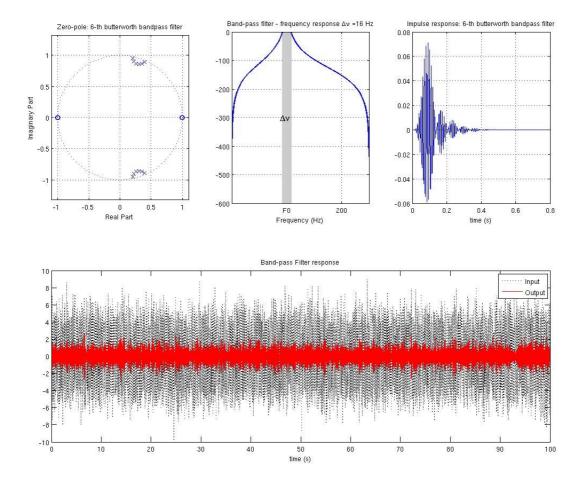


Figure 2:

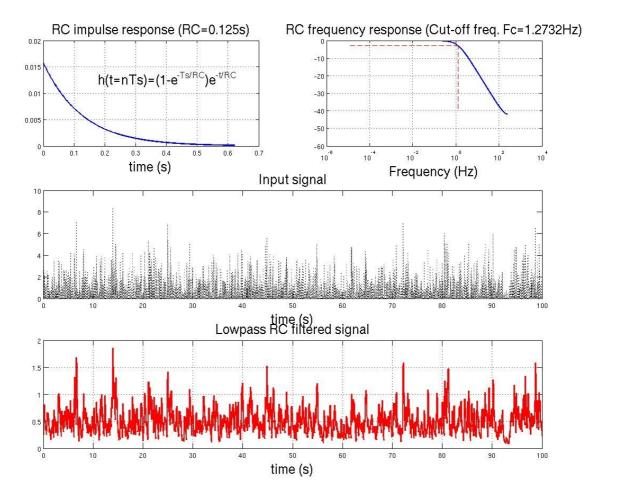


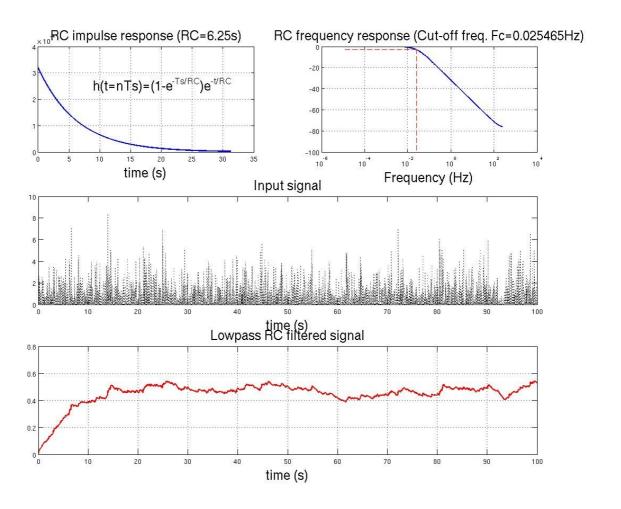
Ex11: Le code pour les exercices de 1.1 a 1.3 avec la correction

```
clear all; close all;
Fs = 500;
B = 160;
v0 = 100;
Dnu = 16;
T = 100:
ordre= 6;
sigma= sqrt(5);
%% Exercice 1.1:
figure(1);
Xp = struct('sigma',sigma,'Fs',Fs,'B',B,'T',T);
[X,Xp] = CGN(Xp);
moyX = mean(X.data);
varianceX = (std(X.data))^2;
sig0 = varianceX/(2*B);
rep11 = sprintf('Rep1.1:\n La moyenne = %d \n La variance = %d \n sig0 =
%d',moyX,varianceX,sig0);
disp(rep11);
%% Exercice 1.2:
figure(2);
Fp = struct('Fs',Fs,'F0',v0,'Dnu',Dnu,'order',ordre,'class','BP filter');
[Y,Fp] = BPF(X,Fp);
```

```
moyY = mean(Y.data);
varianceY = (std(Y.data))^2;
densite = varianceY/(2*Dnu);
rep11 = sprintf('Rep1.2:\n La moyenne = %d \n La variance = %d \n Densite =
%d',moyY,varianceY,densite);
disp(rep11);
%% Exercice 1.3:
[Z] = SquareSig(Y);
prod = [2,20,100];
for i=1:length(prod)
 figure(2+i);
 RC = prod(i)/Dnu;
 RCFp = struct('Fs',Fs,'RC',RC);
 [W,RCFp] = RCF(Z,RCFp);
 W_c = W.data(find(W.time > 5*RC));
 moyW
           = mean(W_c);
 varianceW = (std(W_c))^2;
       = kurtosis(W c);
 rep13 = sprintf('Rep1.3: \n Dnu x RC = %d, \n RC = %d \n La moyenne = %d \n La variance
= %d \n Kurtosis = %d',prod(i),RC,moyW,varianceW,kurt);
 disp(rep13);
end
```

Figure 3:





Partie 2:

ex21:

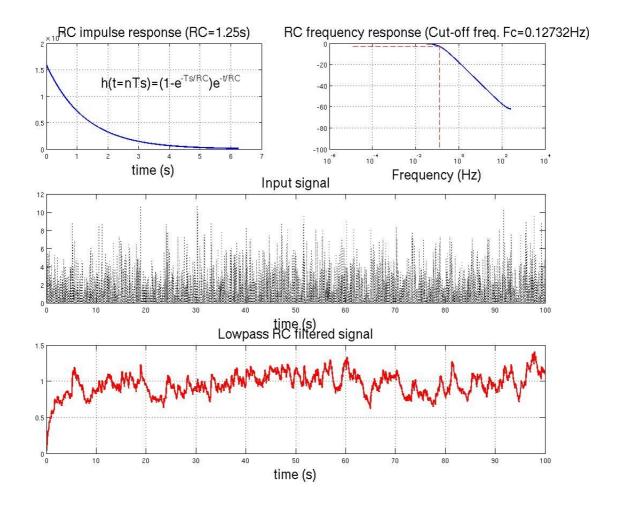
```
clear all; close all;
Fs = 500;
B = 160;
v0 = 100;
Dnu = 16;
T = 100;
ordre= 6;
sigma= sqrt(5);
A = 1;
%% Generation du signal sinusoidal 100Hz
figure(1);
Sp = struct('Fs',Fs,'A',A,'Fc',v0,'FM',0,'Phi',0,'T',100,'W',[]);
[S,Sp,M] = OOK(Sp);
%% Passage du signal par un filtre passe-bande
figure(2);
Fp = struct('Fs',Fs,'F0',v0,'Dnu',Dnu,'order',ordre,'class','BP filter');
[Y,Fp] = BPF(S,Fp);
moyY
        = mean(Y.data);
varianceY = (std(Y.data))^2;
densite = varianceY/(2*Dnu);
rep21 = sprintf('Rep21:\n La moyenne = %d \n La variance = %d \n Densite =
%d',moyY,varianceY,densite);
disp(rep21);
```

Ex22:

```
clear all; close all;
Fs = 500;
B = 160:
v0 = 100;
Dnu = 16;
T = 100;
ordre= 6;
sigma= sqrt(5);
A = 1;
%% Generation de S(t):
figure(1);
Sp = struct('Fs',Fs,'A',A,'Fc',v0,'FM',0,'Phi',0,'T',100,'W',[]);
[S,Sp,M] = OOK(Sp);
%% Generation du bruit:
figure(2);
Xp = struct('sigma',sigma,'Fs',Fs,'B',B,'T',T);
[B,Xp] = CGN(Xp);
```

```
%% Addition des signaux:
[X] = AddSig(S,B);
%% Filtrage bande-passante
figure(3);
Fp = struct('Fs',Fs,'F0',v0,'Dnu',Dnu,'order',ordre,'class','BP filter');
[Y,Fp] = BPF(X,Fp);
%% Quadrateur + filtrage passe-bas
[Z] = SquareSig(Y);
prod = [2,20,100];
for i=1:length(prod)
 figure(3+i);
 RC = prod(i)/Dnu;
 RCFp = struct('Fs',Fs,'RC',RC);
 [W,RCFp] = RCF(Z,RCFp);
 W_c = W.data(find(W.time > 5*RC));
 moyW = mean(W_c);
 B_s = std(W_c);
 rep = sprintf('Rep: \n RC x Dnu = %d \n RC = %d \n Moyenne W_S+B = %d \n B_s =
%d',prod(i),RC, moyW, B s);
 disp(rep);
end
```

Figure 4:



Partie 3:

Ex31:

```
clear all; close all;
Fs = 500;
B = 160;
v0 = 100;
FM = 0.05;
Dnu = 16;
T = 100;
ordre= 6:
sigma= sqrt(5);
A = 1:
%% Generation de S(t):
figure(1);
Sp = struct(Fs',Fs,A',A,Fc',v0,FM',FM,Phi',0,T',100,W',[]);
[S,Sp,M] = OOK(Sp);
%% Generation du bruit:
figure(2);
Xp = struct('sigma',sigma,'Fs',Fs,'B',B,'T',T);
[B,Xp] = CGN(Xp);
%% Addition des signaux:
[X] = AddSig(S,B);
%% Filtrage bande-passante
figure(3);
Fp = struct('Fs',Fs,'F0',v0,'Dnu',Dnu,'order',ordre,'class','BP filter');
[Y,Fp] = BPF(X,Fp);
%% Quadrateur + filtrage passe-bas
[Z] = SquareSig(Y);
prod = [2,20,100];
for i=1:length(prod)
 figure(3+i);
 RC = prod(i)/Dnu;
 RCFp = struct('Fs',Fs,'RC',RC);
 [W,RCFp] = RCF(Z,RCFp);
 W_c = W.data(find(W.time > 5*RC));
 moyW = mean(W c);
 B s = std(W c);
 rep = sprintf(Rep: \n RC \times Dnu = \%d \n RC = \%d \n Moyenne W S+B = \%d \n B s =
%d',prod(i),RC, moyW, B s);
 disp(rep);
end
%% Comparaison
seuil= 0.7;
M = W.data>seuil;
figure(7);
```

```
subplot(4,1,1);
plot(S.time, S.data);
xlabel('time(s)');
title('Le signal original');
subplot(4,1,2);
plot(X.time,X.data);
xlabel('time(s)');
title('Le signal bruite')
subplot(4,1,3);
plot(W.time, W.data);
xlabel('time(s)');
title('L estimation du Puissance');
subplot(4,1,4);
area(W.time,M);
xlabel('time(s)');
title('L estimation seuillee');
```

Figure 5:

